21	Student Name: Adonay Reson CS 3516 (B17) – Quiz 1 – November 3, 2017 WPI Username: azreson Gradev: Yu Liu. Please answer the following questions, which are on both sides of the paper. This quiz is closed book/notes/cheat-sheet. We will scan the quiz and return it electronically. To ensure it is properly scanned, please avoid wrinkling, folding, or otherwise distorting the paper.
COLUMN TO THE PARTY OF THE PART	1. Aren't Time Domain Multiplexing (TDM) and packet switching the same thing? Why or why not? (4 points) Facket switching to depend on the numbers of packets They are not the same
Azupungupundi	2. Consider a packet-switching scenario with N users sharing a 200 Mbps link, where each user again requires 50 Mbps when transmitting, but only needs to transmit 20% of the time. Then: a. How many users can be supported under circuit switching? (1 point) b. If N = 4 (u1, u2, u3, and u4), what is the probability that u1, u2, and u3 are currently for whole transmitting, while the u4 is not? (2 points) c. What is the probability if instead u1, u3, and u4 are currently transmitting and u2 is not? (1 needs it point) Please show the steps. Don't just write down the answers. A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A
	3. Consider 1 client and 1 server with \underline{M} paths between them. No two paths intersect anywhere. Each path k ($k = 1, 2,, M$) consists of \underline{N} links with transmission rates R_1^K , R_2^K , R_N^K . If the server can use only one path to send data to the client, what is the maximum throughput the server can achieve? (2 points) $MNN \in M^{1} \setminus \{R_1^{1}, R_2^{1},, R_N^{1}\}, M^{1} \in \{R_1^{2}, R_2^{3},, R_N^{2}\}, M^{1} \in \{R_1^{1}, R_2^{1},, R_N^{2}\}, M^{1} \in \{R_1^{1}, R_2^$
	4. Alice optimistically un-chokes Bob and provides file chunks to him for a 30 seconds interval. Will Bob necessarily return the favor and provide chunks to Alice in this same interval? Yes or No? Give reasons. (2 points) Lee world Because with have been recieve thinks for others and with have could have

5. Suppose you can access the cache of your local DNS server in the CS department at WPI. Can you roughly determine the web servers (outside your department) that are most popular among users in the CS department? Explain. (3 points)

we can be cause the DNS contains the op addresses of websites that accessed.

- · Peniordically access to the eache.
 · most frequent => most popular.