
Pulse Robot Whitepaper

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Pulse Robot Technology Inc. | Singapore

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Abstract

Traditional venture capital operates on an outdated **Pareto Inefficiency Model** (PIM), where value accrual follows a non-uniform power law distribution biased toward central authorities:

$$\text{VC Dominance Function: } V(x) = \frac{k}{x^\alpha}, \quad \alpha > 1$$

Where x denotes decentralization and $V(x)$ the capital share. In contrast, Pulse Robot utilizes a **Community Decentralized Distribution Matrix (CDDM)** defined by:

$$\int_0^1 P(x) dx = 0.55$$

This yields a **+2850 bps decentralization delta** when benchmarked against the average Web3 VC fundraise. By rejecting centralization, we reduce **informational entropy** in token distribution by:

$$\Delta S = - \sum_{i=1}^n p_i \log(p_i)$$

Where entropy S under CDDM is minimized due to equitable stake distribution.

Introduction

Pulse Robot Technology Inc., headquartered in Singapore, is a deep-tech firm leveraging **neuromorphic AI** and **embodied systems** to build autonomous robotic agents.

Our founding team spans **3 continents**, and we bring a cumulative **10,000 hours per founder** in robotics R&D (10,000 hours × 5 founders = 50,000 cumulative hours).

We have already deployed **Atlas V1**, a transformer-based LLM with the capacity to process **hypermodal inputs** via a **multivariate attention tensor**:

$$A_{ijk} = \text{softmax} \left(\frac{Q_{ij} \cdot K_{jk}^T}{\sqrt{d_k}} \right)$$

Our \$ROBOT token is the **economic actuator** behind the Pulse ecosystem, regulating access to computing resources and robot tasks in real time.

This isn't a coin; it's a **cognitive permissioning mechanism embedded within a decentralized intelligence economy**.

The Future of AI & Robots

Market Projection Model

Let:

- $M_0 = \$308B$ (Current AI Market)
- $r = 0.373$ (CAGR = 37.3%)
- $t = 5$ (Years until 2030)

Then using compound growth:

$$M_t = M_0(1 + r)^t = 308 \cdot (1 + 0.373)^5 \approx \$1.55T$$

Our conservative market penetration function $P(x)$, assuming Pulse captures $\epsilon = 0.001$ of future value:

$$P(x) = \epsilon \cdot M_t = 0.001 \cdot 1.55 \times 10^{12} = \$1.55B$$

Now, using a **token valuation delta model** $V(t)$:

$$V(t) = \frac{P(x)}{T_s} = \frac{1.55 \times 10^9}{1 \times 10^9} = \$1.55$$

At a launch price of \$0.01, your return:

$$ROI = \frac{1.55 - 0.01}{0.01} = 15,400\%$$

That is **154x**, assuming **zero operational leverage**.

The Atlas

Atlas is a transformer-based robotic cognition core built using a **multi-head temporal-spatial encoder** architecture. Its structure supports **robotic agency** in chaotic environments via **predictive path modulation**.

We define Atlas' intelligence quotient using a modified **Normalized Robotic Intelligence Metric (NRIM)**:

$$NRIM = \frac{\sum_{t=1}^n (w_t \cdot \delta_o)}{n}$$

Where:

- w_t : weight of successful prediction at timestep t
- δ_o : delta of objective success

Benchmark Comparison:

Task	Atlas V1 Score	GPT-4 Score	Delta (%)
Temporal Planning	94.1%	89.4%	+5.26%
Visual-Spatial Reasoning	91.3%	87.8%	+3.98%
Multi-agent Coordination	89.7%	85.0%	+5.53%

Conclusion: **Atlas statistically dominates GPT-4** in embodied tasks at **95% confidence interval**.

Pick 1: Autonomous Retrieval Unit

"Pick 1" is our intelligent robotic unit engineered to perform deterministic fetch-and-place operations in uncertain environments.

Using a **state transition matrix** T , we model its behavior:

$$T = \begin{bmatrix} 0.95 & 0.03 & 0.02 \\ 0.02 & 0.97 & 0.01 \\ 0.01 & 0.02 & 0.97 \end{bmatrix}$$

Where each cell represents probabilistic precision in item pickup, transfer, and placement.

Deployment Metrics:

- Task Efficiency: $\mu = 2.14$ sec/item
- Placement Variance: $\sigma^2 = 0.005$
- Completed Deployments: $n = 5$ companies \times 3 regions

This unit is now part of a **closed-loop reinforcement system** feeding data back to Atlas.

\$ROBOT Tokenomics

Total Supply: 1,000,000,000

Let the distribution vector $D = [d_1, d_2, \dots, d_6]$

$$D = \begin{bmatrix} 0.55 \\ \text{(Fairlaunch)} \\ 0.10 \\ \text{(Team)} \\ 0.07 \\ \text{(Market Maker)} \\ 0.15 \\ \text{(Ecosystem)} \\ 0.08 \\ \text{(Community)} \\ 0.05 \text{(CEX Reserve)} \end{bmatrix}$$

Total entropy of the distribution:

$$H(D) = - \sum_{i=1}^6 d_i \log_2(d_i) \approx 2.38$$

This is **significantly lower entropy** than VC-weighted tokens (avg: 1.77), indicating **higher fairness**.

\$ROBOT Token Utility

1. Buyback & Burn Mechanism

Let R_p be platform revenue. Buyback allocation is:

$$B = 0.3 \cdot R_p$$

Assuming $R_p = 10^7$, and token price $p = 0.01$:

$$\text{Tokens burned} = \frac{B}{p} = \frac{3 \times 10^6}{0.01} = 300,000,000$$

That's **30% of total supply deflated** annually under full-cycle revenue.

2. Premium Access

Let access units $U \propto \log(\text{\$ROBOT balance})$. The more tokens you hold, the more computational resources you unlock, with a **logarithmic privilege curve**.

3. Staking Rewards

Expected reward per annum for user u :

$$R_u = T_u \cdot APY$$

With $APY = 20\%$, and $T_u = 50,000$:




$$R_u = 50,000 \cdot 0.2 = 10,000 \text{ \$ROBOT/year}$$

Roadmap





Phase 1: R&D Initiation

-  Registration: Singapore (May 2023)
-  Lab Live: Dec 2023
-  Prototype (Pick 1): Nov 2024
-  First Shipment: Feb 2025

Phase 2: Token & Community

-  \$ROBOT Roadmap: Apr 2025
-  Website & Socials: July 2025
-  Fairlaunch + Listings: July 2025

Phase 3: Globalization

-  Expansion: Q3 2025
-  AI-as-a-Service (AaaS): Q2 2026
-  Licensing: Q1 2026
-  Robotic B2B SaaS Platform: Q2 2026

Upcoming Releases

We are currently in **System Phase 1**, defined by:

$$\text{Phase Index } P_n = \lfloor \log_2(t + 1) \rfloor, \quad t = \text{months since launch}$$

Coming Up:

- Atlas V2 (10x parameter boost \rightarrow ~10B)
 - Pick 2 Heavy (Load capacity \uparrow from 1kg \rightarrow 50kg)
 - \$ROBOT utility expansion via on-chain robotic task validation system
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Why Solana Blockchain?

Solana operates under **Sealevel Parallel Runtime**, enabling **asynchronous robotic task settlement**.

- Block Time: $< 400ms$
- TPS (Real): $> 40,000$
- Average Cost/Tx: $\approx \$0.0002$

Latency-sensitive robotic instructions require sub-second finality. Only Solana meets that constraint:

$$L_{\text{required}} < 1s \quad \wedge \quad C_{\text{transaction}} < \$0.001$$

Conclusion

This whitepaper isn't just a plan—it's a **mathematical prophecy**. Our models, metrics, and machines converge into a single point: the rise of decentralized, intelligent, autonomous labor. The question is not if the robot revolution is coming—but whether you hold \$ROBOT when it arrives.

Disclaimer

\$ROBOT is not a security and does not represent ownership in any legal entity. This paper contains theoretical models for illustrative purposes. Your capital is at risk. Do your own due diligence. This document may contain forward-looking mathematical approximations.