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In [56]: from scipy.stats import binom
import numpy as np
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In [57]: def incorrect_pred_prob(n, p):
          k = np.floor(n/2)
          return binom.sf(k, n, p)
```

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In [58]: #The ensemble contains 11 independent models, all of which have an error rate of 0.2.
ensemble_02 = incorrect_pred_prob(11,0.2)
ensemble_02
```

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Out[58]: 0.011654205440000008
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In [59]: #The ensemble contains 11 independent models, all of which have an error rate of 0.49.
ensemble_49 = incorrect_pred_prob(11,0.49)
ensemble_49
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Out[59]: 0.47294772571497473
```

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In [60]: #The ensemble contains 21 independent models, all of which have an error rate of 0.49.
ensemble_21_49 = incorrect_pred_prob(21,0.49)
ensemble_21_49
```

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Out[60]: 0.4630479010127354
```

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In [61]: """Using the binom library from scipy created a function to find the probability of the
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Out[61]: 'Using the binom library from scipy created a function to find the probability of the en
semble being incorrect and numpy to achieve my results. It seems the probability has a g
reater impact that the number of takes if we have the same probability based off of the
size of 21 and size 11 with both having 49 percent.'
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In [ ]:
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