Due: April 2nd

- 1. Do Exercise 9.1.E in the text.
- 2. Do Exercise 9.1.J in the text.
- 3. Do Exercise 9.1.M in the text, which should read:
 - (a) Give an example of a decreasing sequence of closed balls in a complete metric space with empty intersection. Compare with Exercise 7.2.J.
 - HINT: Use a metric on \mathbb{N} topologically equivalent to the discrete metric so that $\{n \geq k\}$ are closed balls.
 - (b) Show that a metric space (M, d) is complete if and only if every decreasing sequence of closed balls with radii going to zero has a nonempty intersection.
- 4. Do Exercise 9.2.E in the text.
- 5. (June 1998 Qual) Do only part (b) of this question; part (a) is included only for your reference.
 - (a) Define the term *compact set* in a metric space.
 - (b) Let (X, ρ) be a metric space and (x_n) a sequence in X that converges to $a \in X$. Prove directly from the (open cover) definition of compactness that $K := \{a\} \cup \{x_n : n \geq 1\}$ is compact.