

1. The first step in the process of the investigation is to identify the problem. This is done by the investigator who is assigned to the case. The investigator will then gather information about the problem and the people involved. This information will be used to develop a plan of action.

2. The second step is to develop a plan of action. This plan will outline the steps that will be taken to solve the problem. It will also identify the people who will be responsible for each step.

3. The third step is to implement the plan of action. This is done by the investigator who is assigned to the case. The investigator will follow the steps outlined in the plan and will report back to the supervisor.

4. The fourth step is to evaluate the results of the investigation. This is done by the supervisor who will review the investigator's report and will determine if the problem has been solved.

5. The fifth step is to document the results of the investigation. This is done by the investigator who will write a report about the investigation and will submit it to the supervisor.

6. The sixth step is to close the case. This is done by the supervisor who will determine if the case has been solved and will close it.

7. The seventh step is to review the case. This is done by the supervisor who will review the investigator's report and will determine if the case has been solved.

8. The eighth step is to provide feedback to the investigator. This is done by the supervisor who will provide feedback to the investigator about the investigation.

9. The ninth step is to provide feedback to the people involved in the investigation. This is done by the supervisor who will provide feedback to the people involved in the investigation.

10. The tenth step is to provide feedback to the community. This is done by the supervisor who will provide feedback to the community about the investigation.