

a ranked alphabet

arity 2



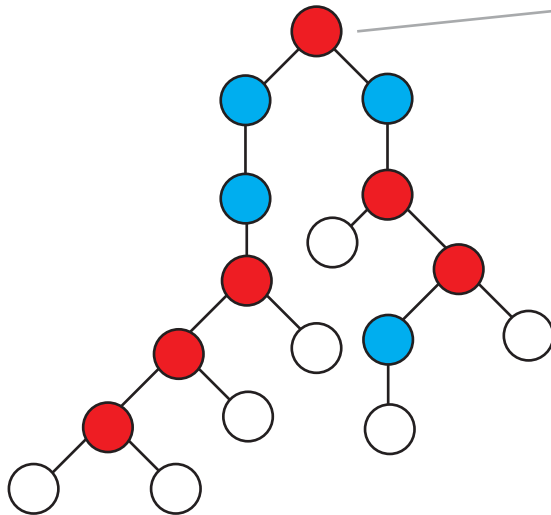
arity 1



arity 0



a tree



this node has a  
label of arity 2,  
and therefore it has  
2 children

this node is  
child 2  
(children are  
ordered)



A tree  $t$  over  $\Sigma^{[2]}$



$\text{unfold}_1(t)$



$\text{unfold}_2(t)$





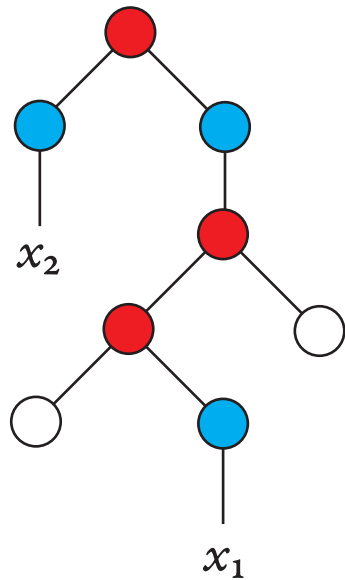
$t$



substitute( $t$ )

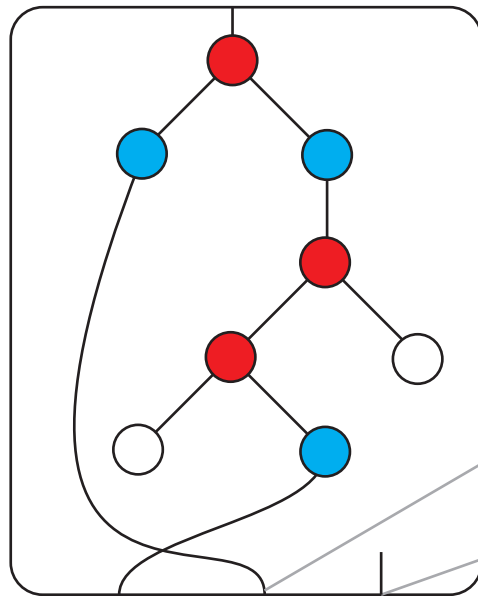






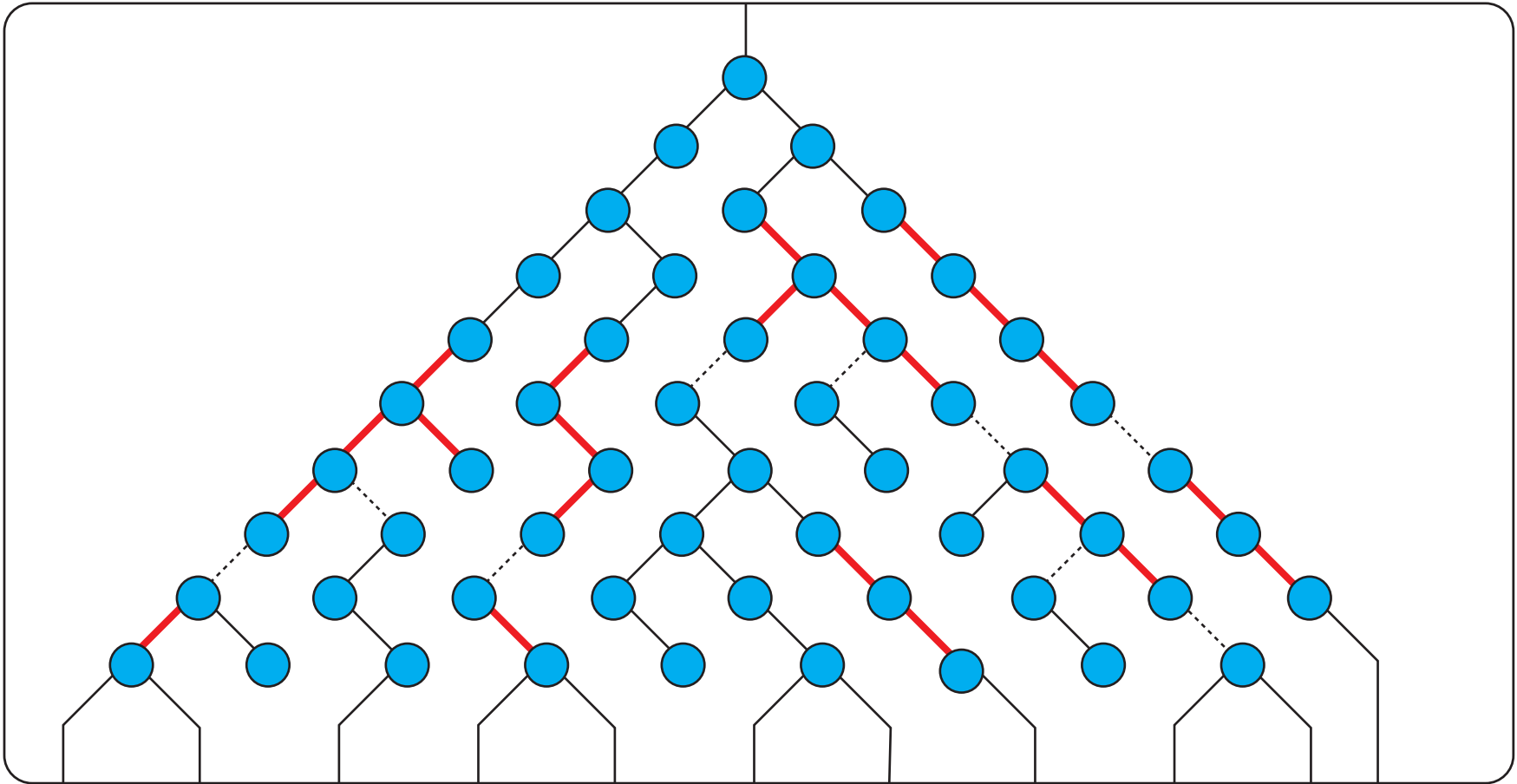
=




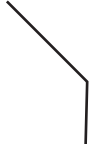
a term of arity 3



lines leaving at the bottom of the box  
represent variables

dangling edges represent unused variables

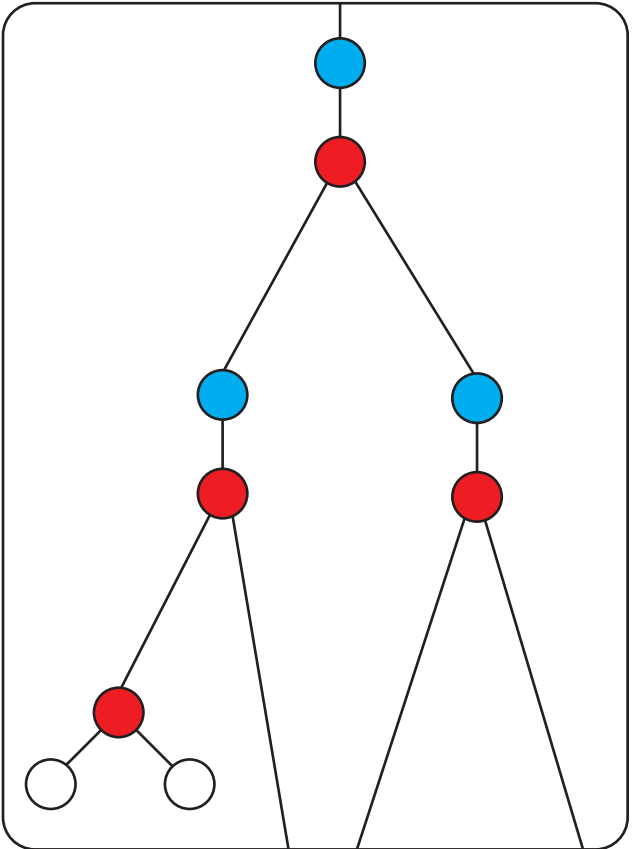


-  sensitive internal edge
-  post-sensitive internal edge
-  internal edge that is neither sensitive nor post-sensitive
-  external edge





$\mapsto$





a term



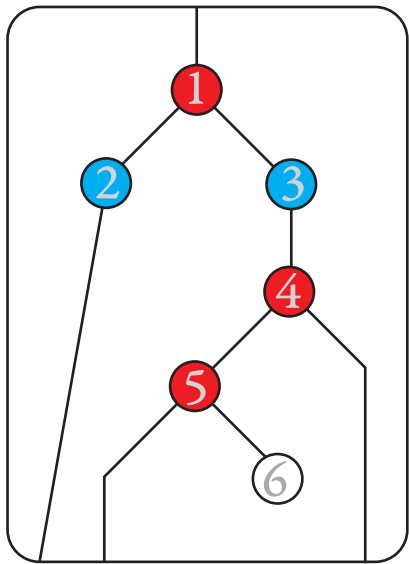
ancestor equivalence



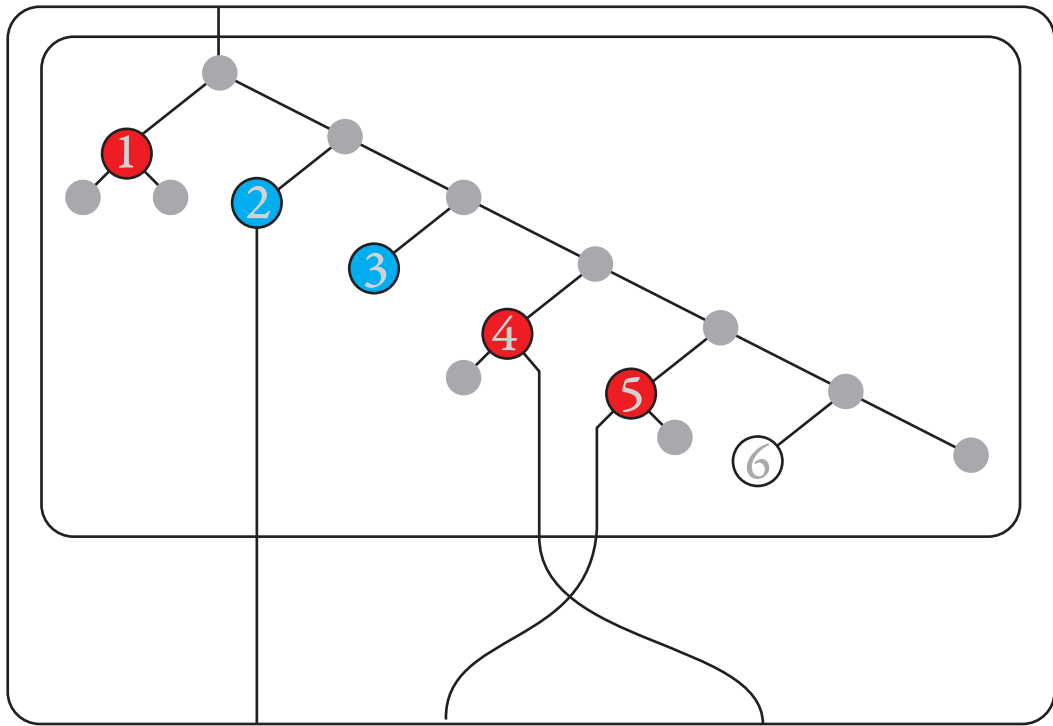
descendant equivalence



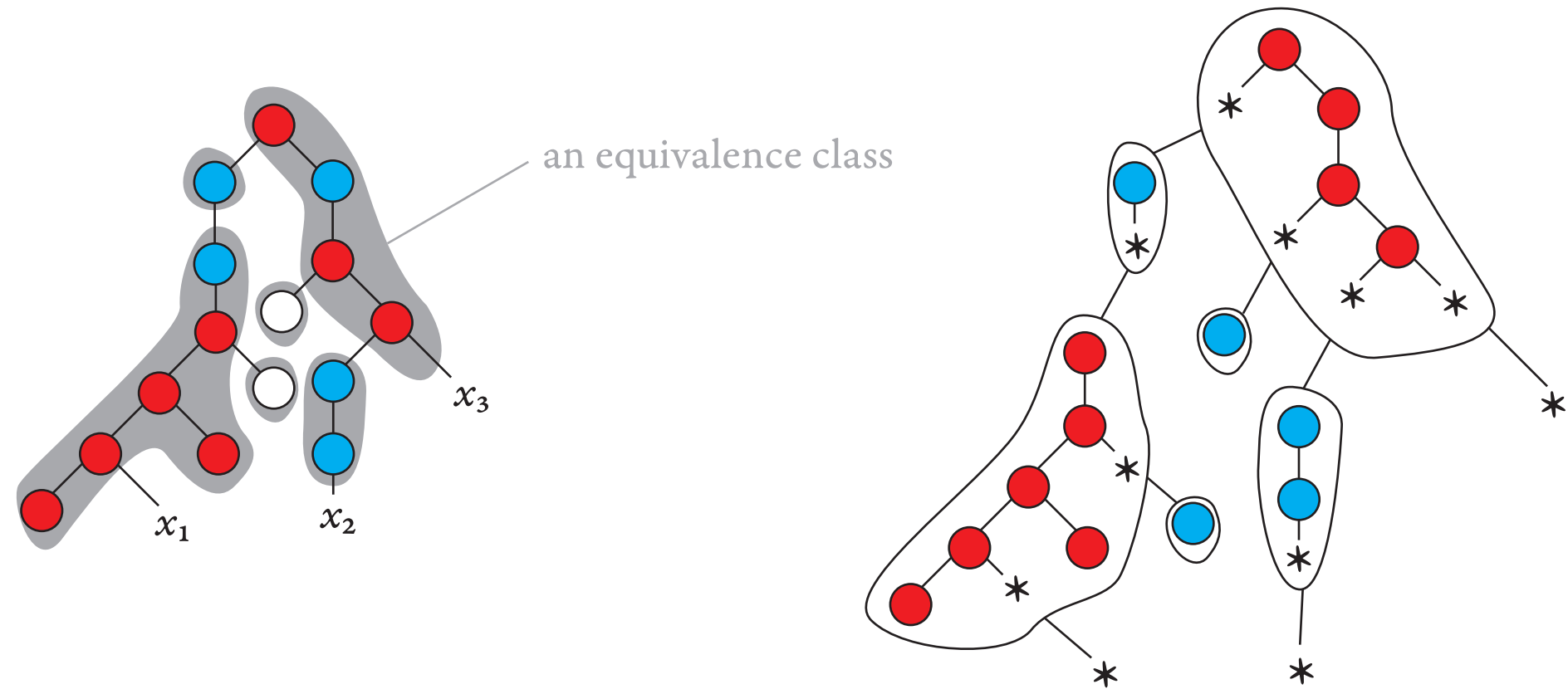




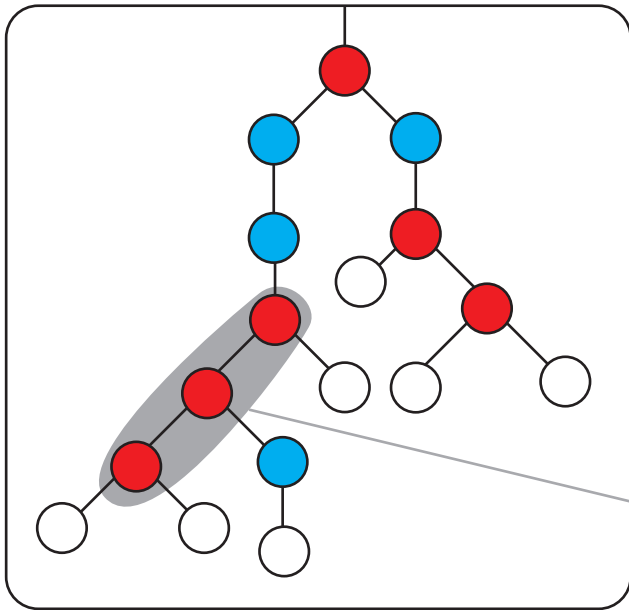
$\mapsto$



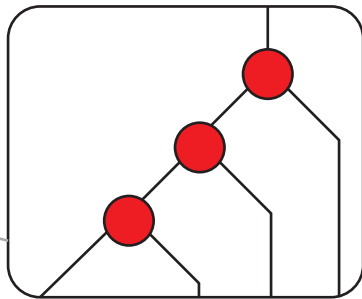
a factorisation equivalence



a tree



a term with  
4 ports that  
represents  
part of the  
tree







input alphabet

arity 2



arity 1



arity 0



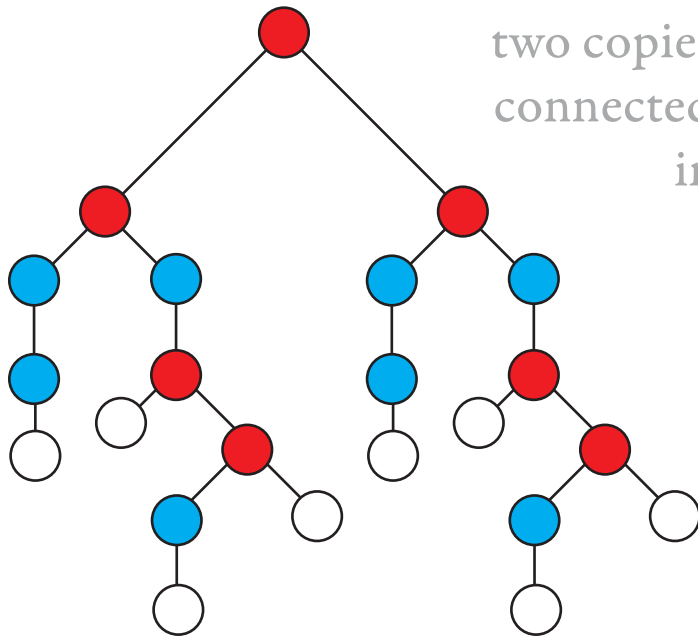
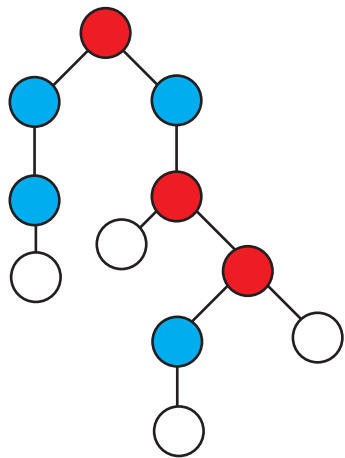
output alphabet

arity 2

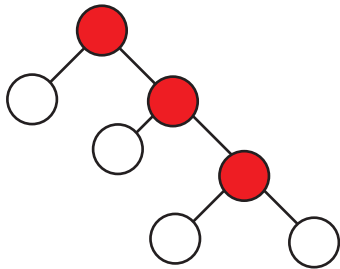
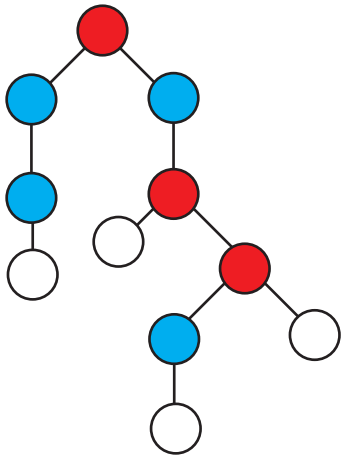


arity 0





two copies of the input tree,  
connected by a binary node  
in the root





input alphabet

arity 2



arity 1



arity 0



output alphabet

arity 2



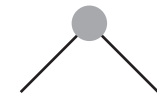
arity 1



arity 0

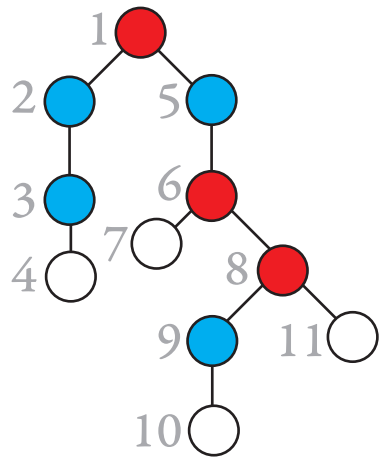


arity 2

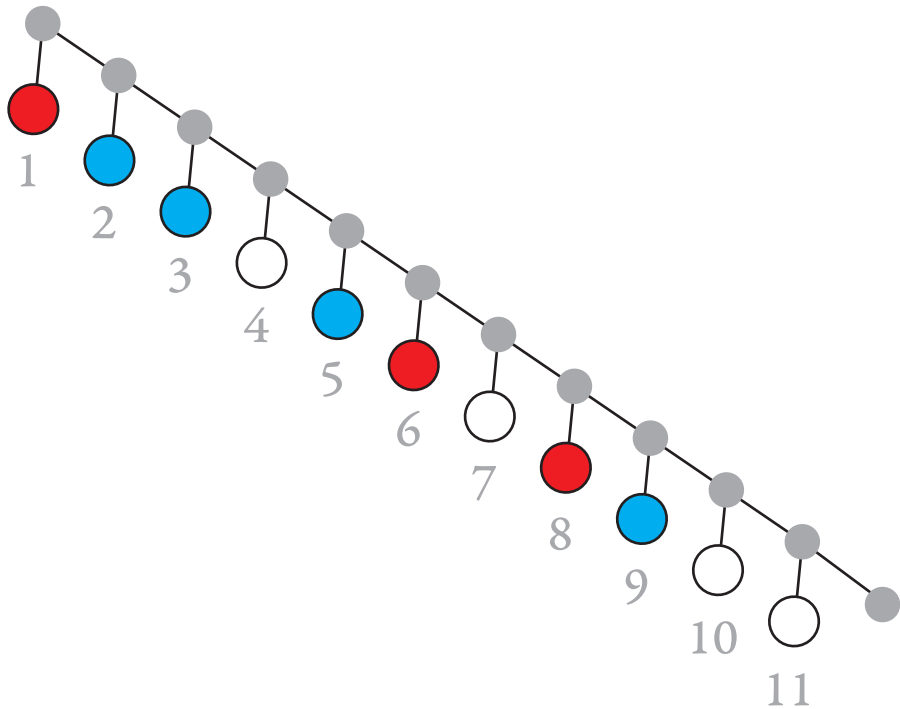


arity 0





$\mapsto$







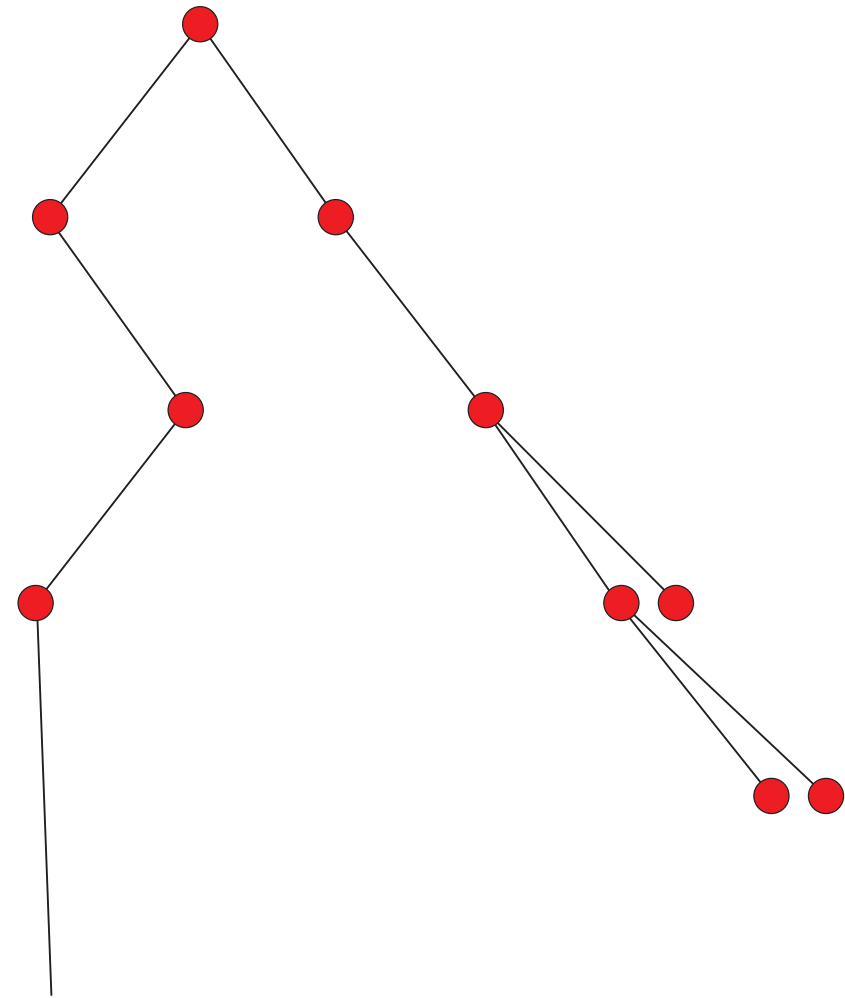
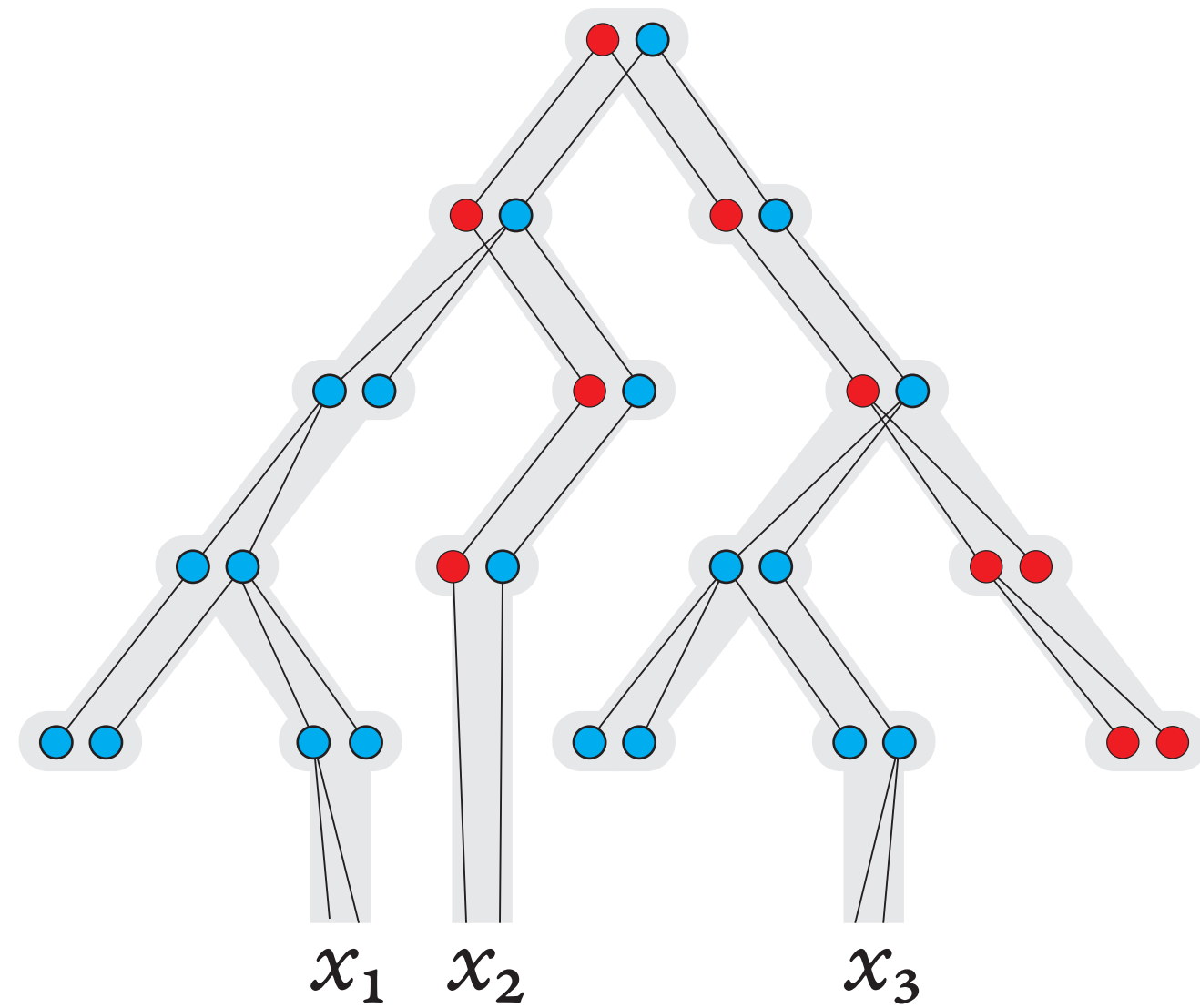


a term of arity 4

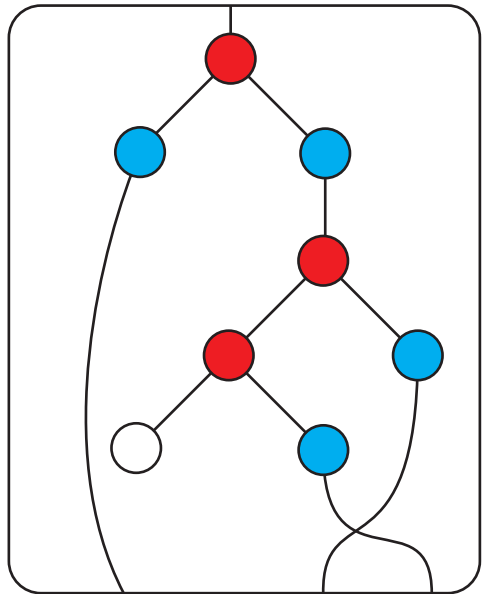


a term of arity 0





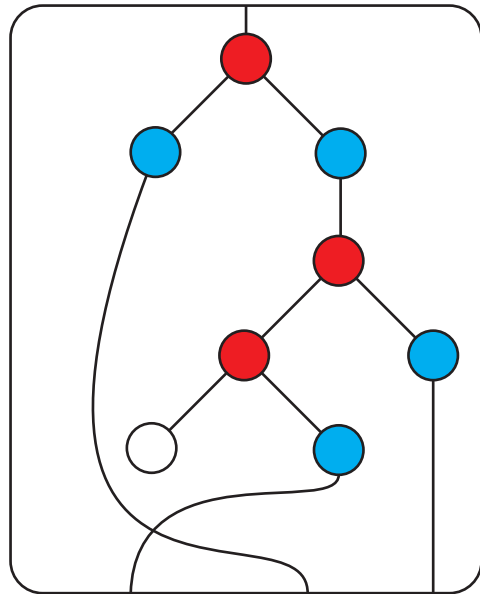




satisfies (\*)

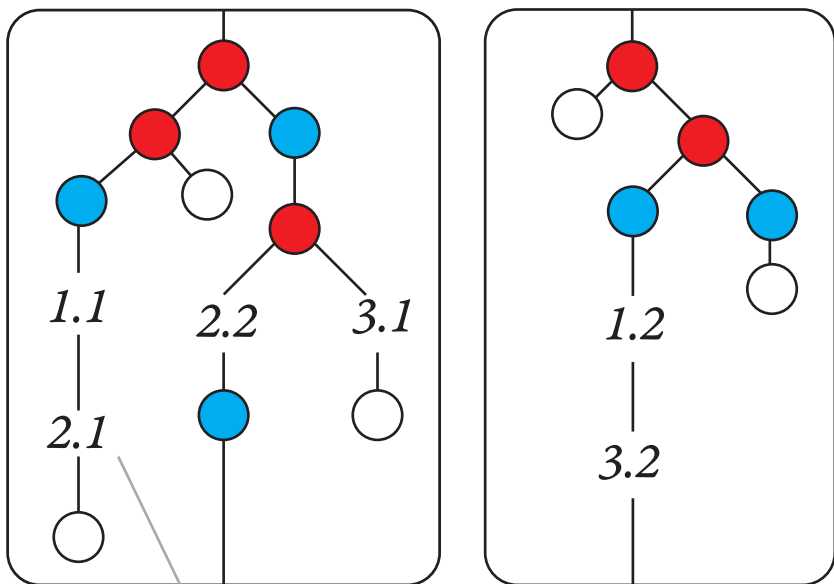
(\*)

If the root has arity  $n$ ,  
and  $1 \leq i < j \leq n$ , then  
all ports of the  $j$ -th  
subterm of the root are  
after all ports of the  
 $i$ -th subterm of the root



violates (\*)

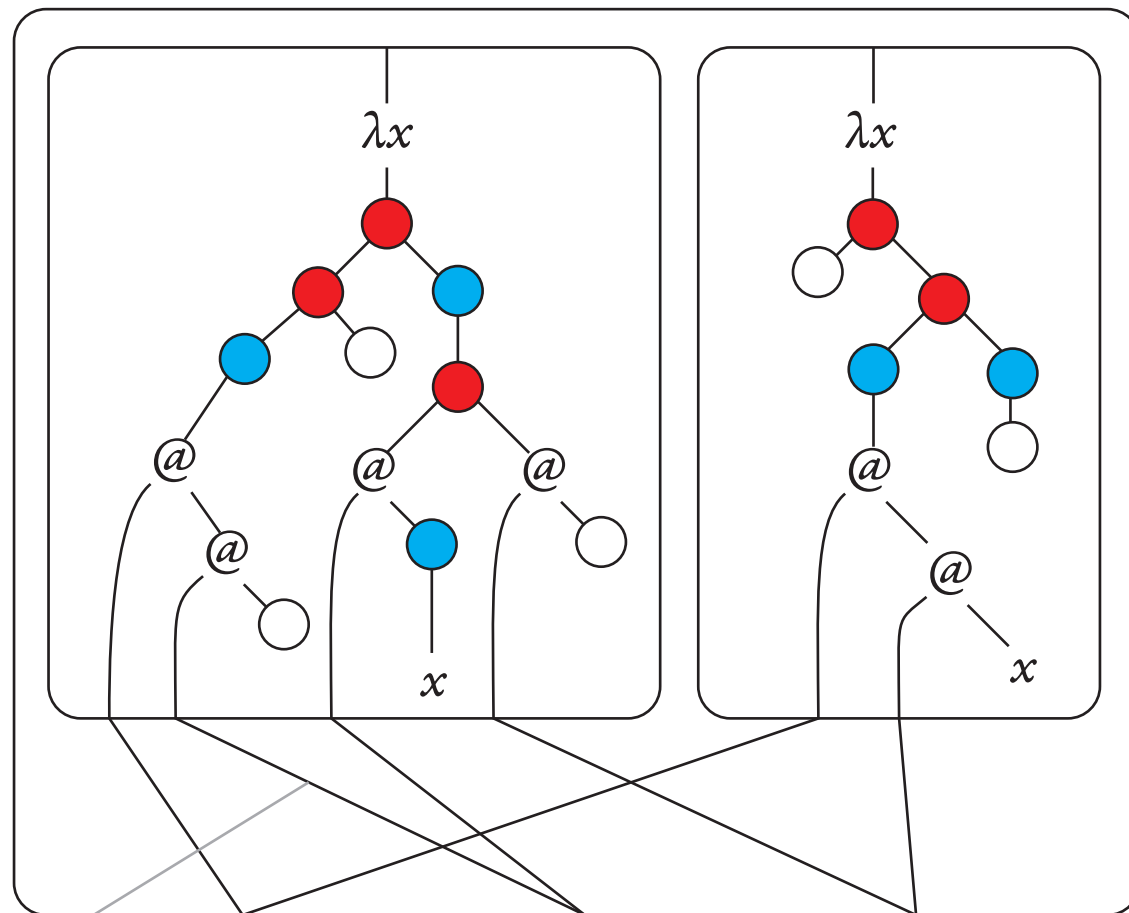
a register update



Variable  $i.j$  represents register  $i$  in the  $j$ -th argument of the register update.

In the dual, this variable is mapped to the  $i$ -th edge which enters the  $j$ -th port of the reducer.

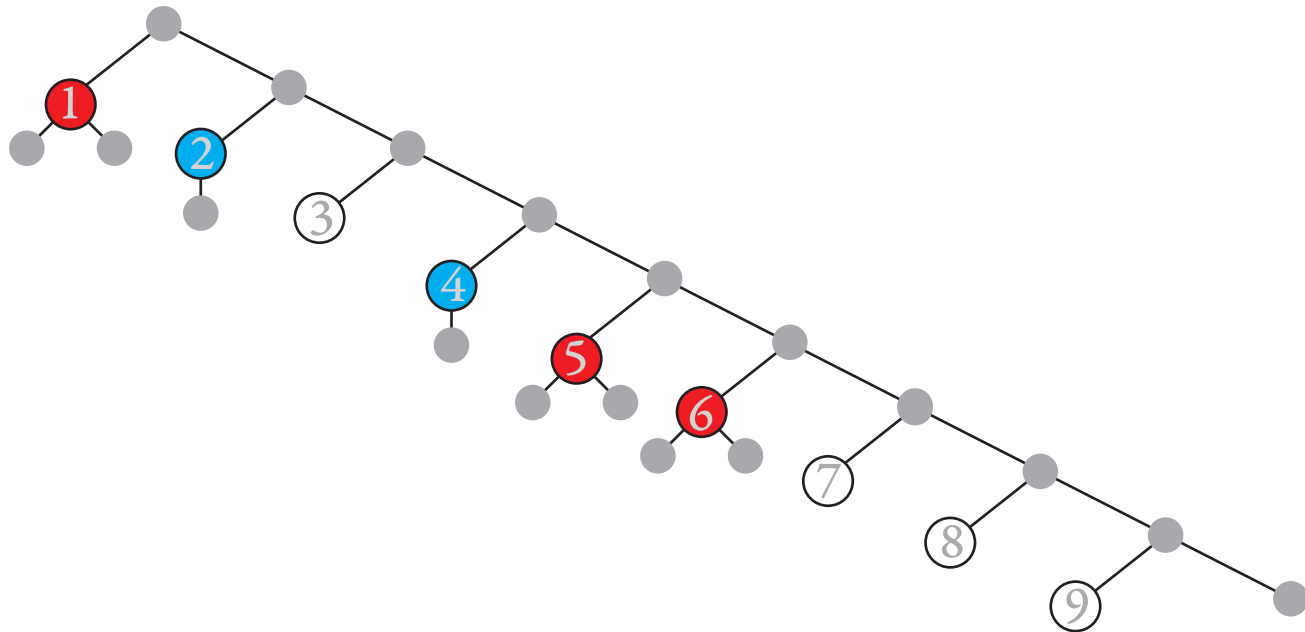
its dual



input

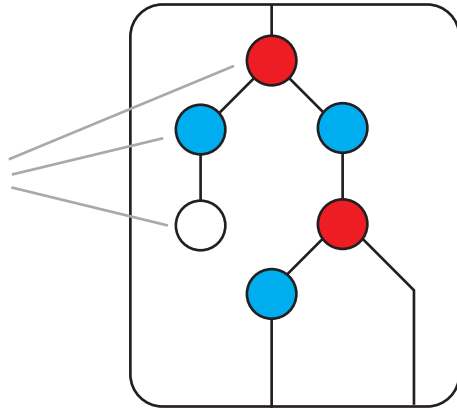


output

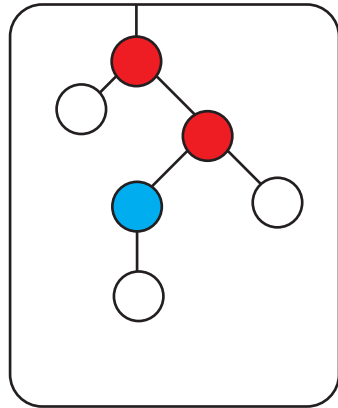


register  $r$  of arity 2

letters of the  
output alphabet



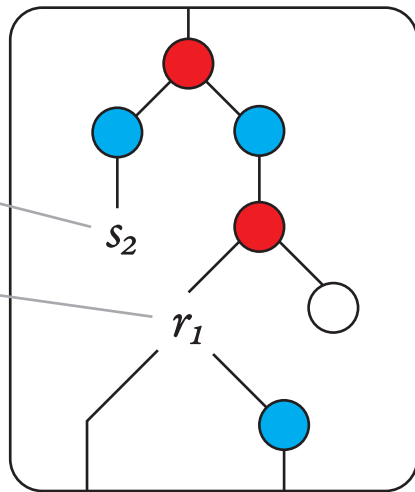
register  $s$  of arity 0



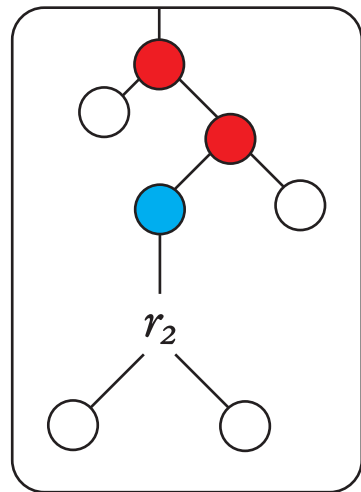
register  $r$  of arity 2

copy 2 of register  $s$

copy 1 of register  $r$



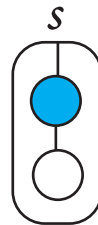
register  $s$  of arity 0











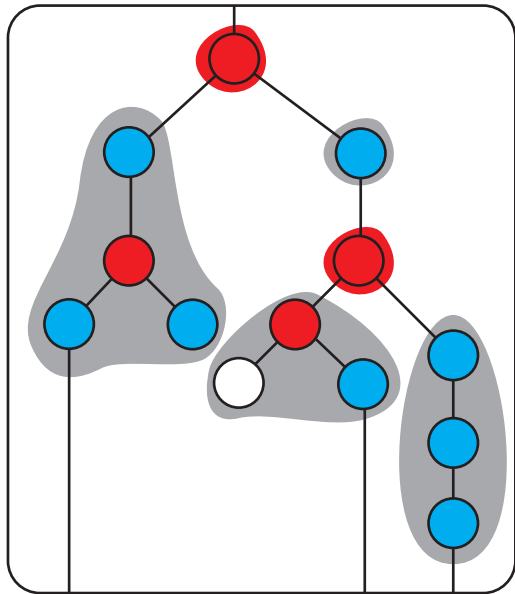




factors without  
branching nodes

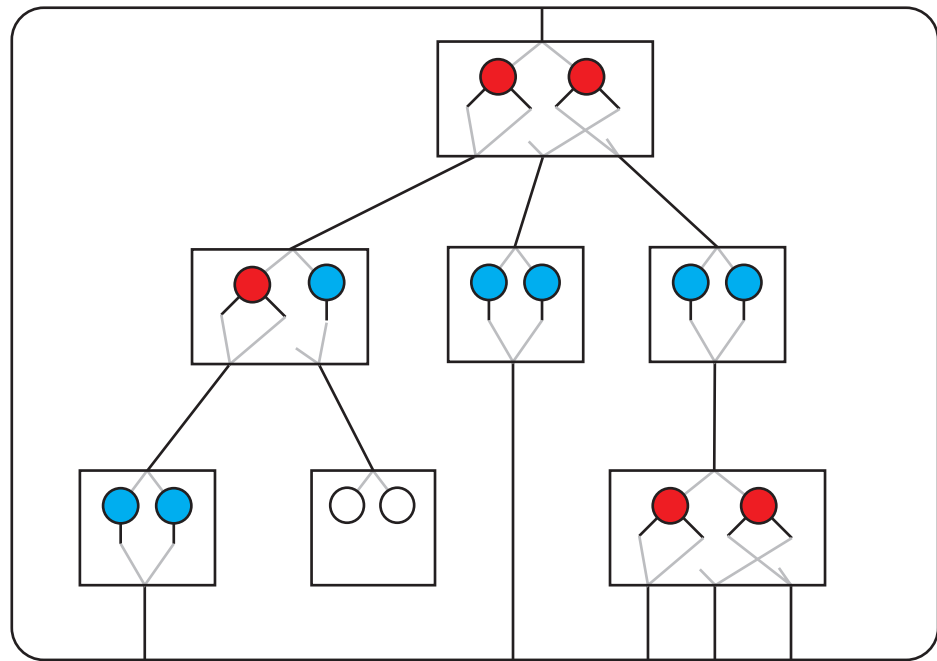


factors with  
branching nodes

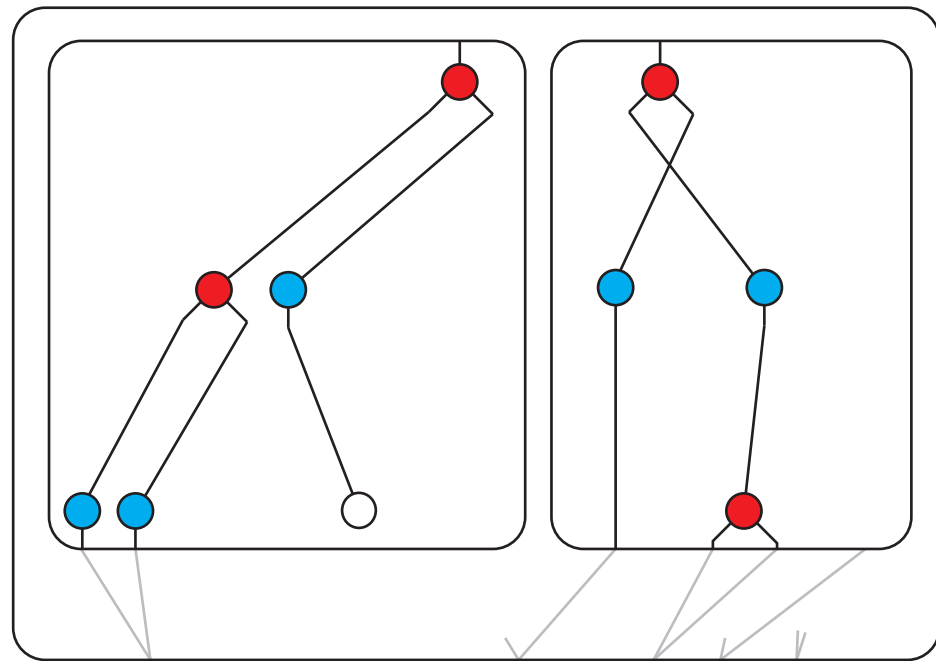


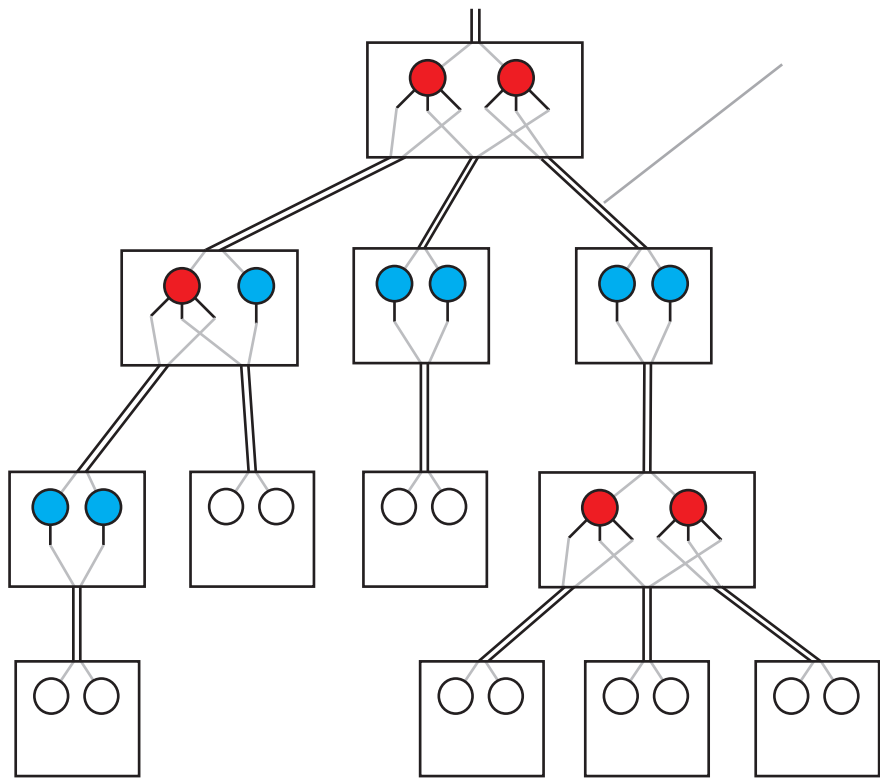


a term of matrix powers

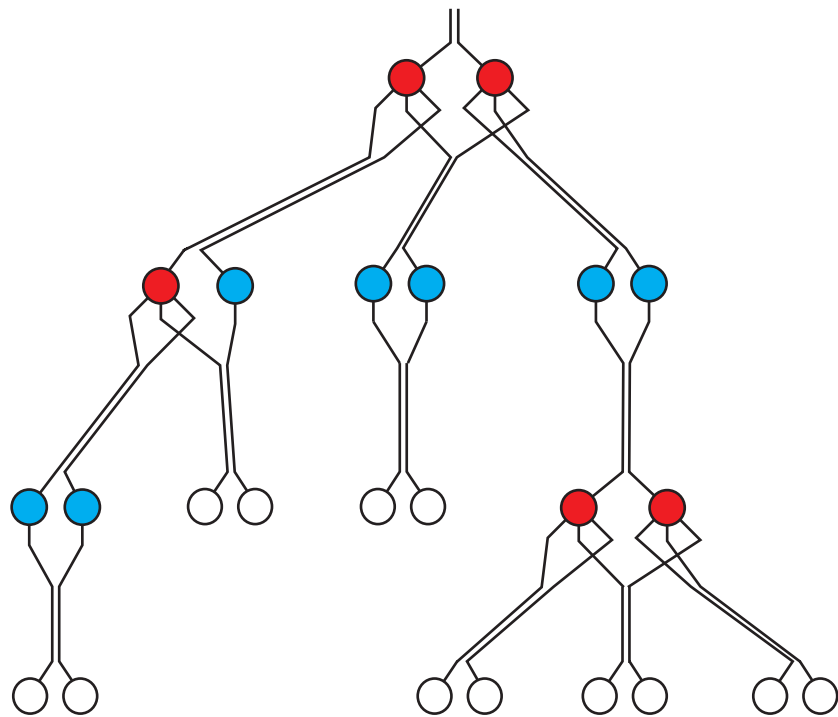


its term unfolding



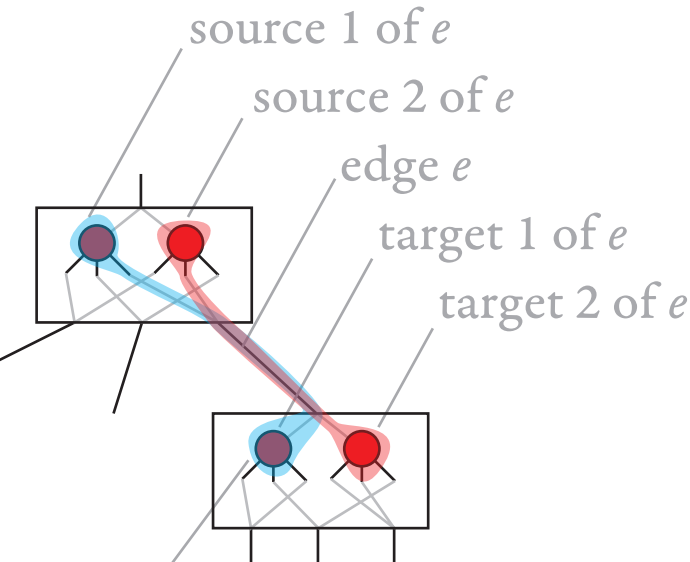


$\mapsto$









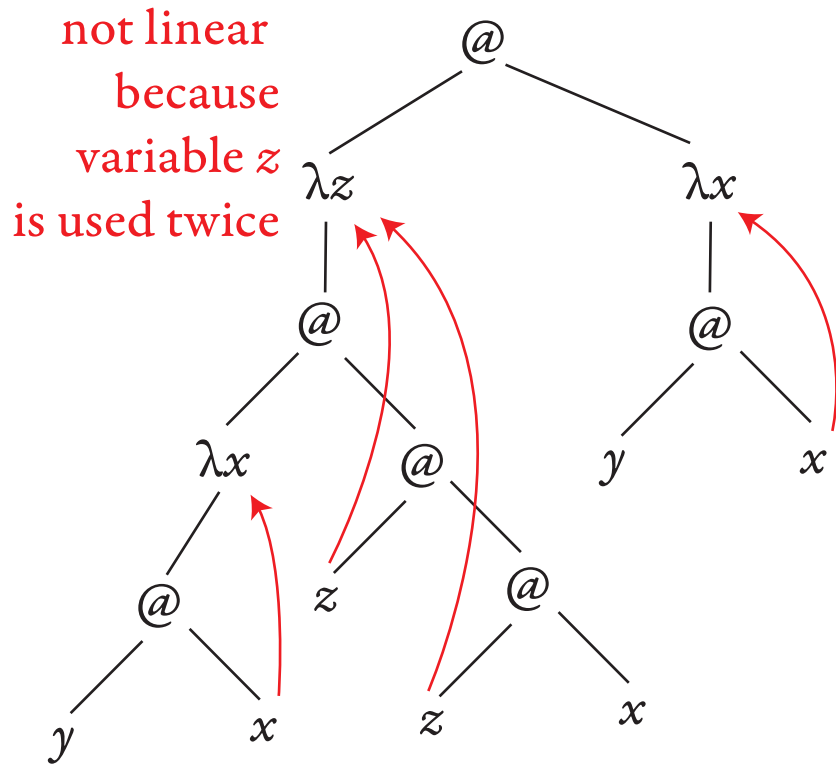
linear



we only count  
variables used  
in their scope

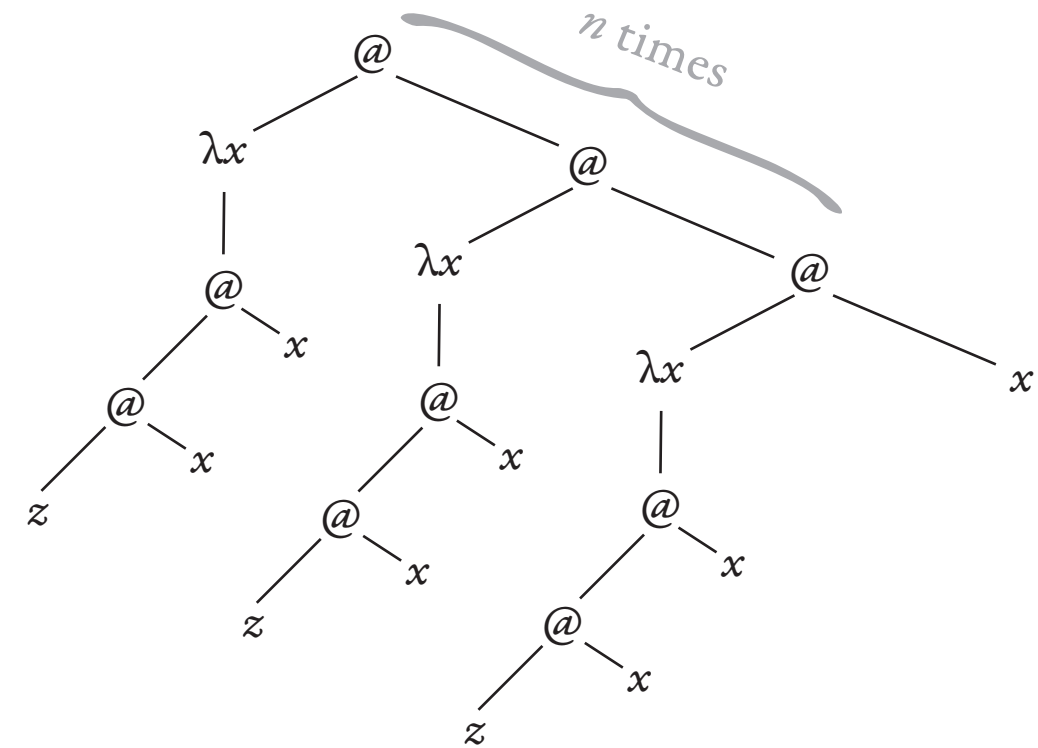
variable  $z$  can be used twice because it is free

not linear

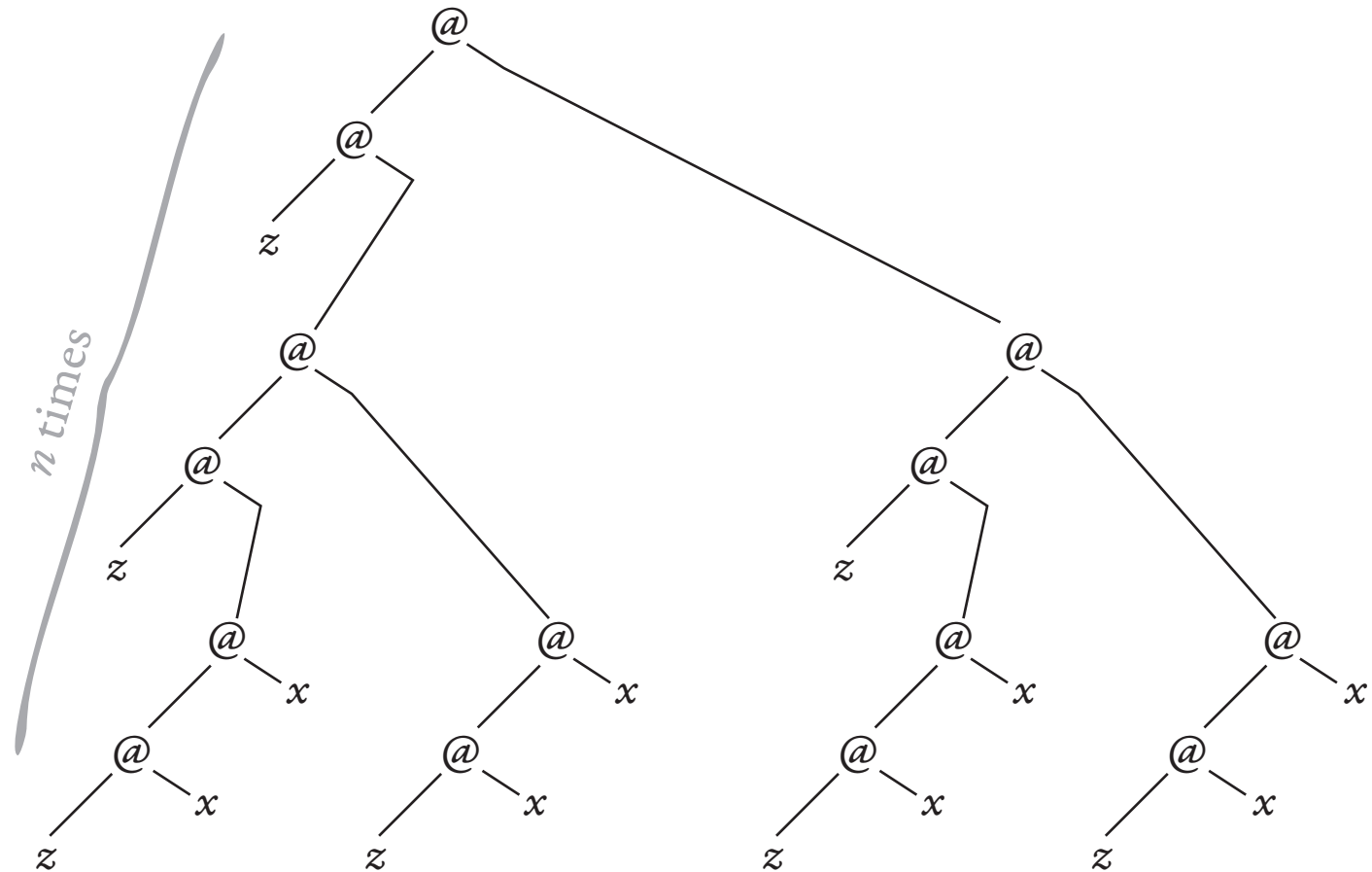


not linear  
because  
variable  $z$   
is used twice

a  $\lambda$ -term of size  $O(n)$



its normal form of size  $O(2^n)$

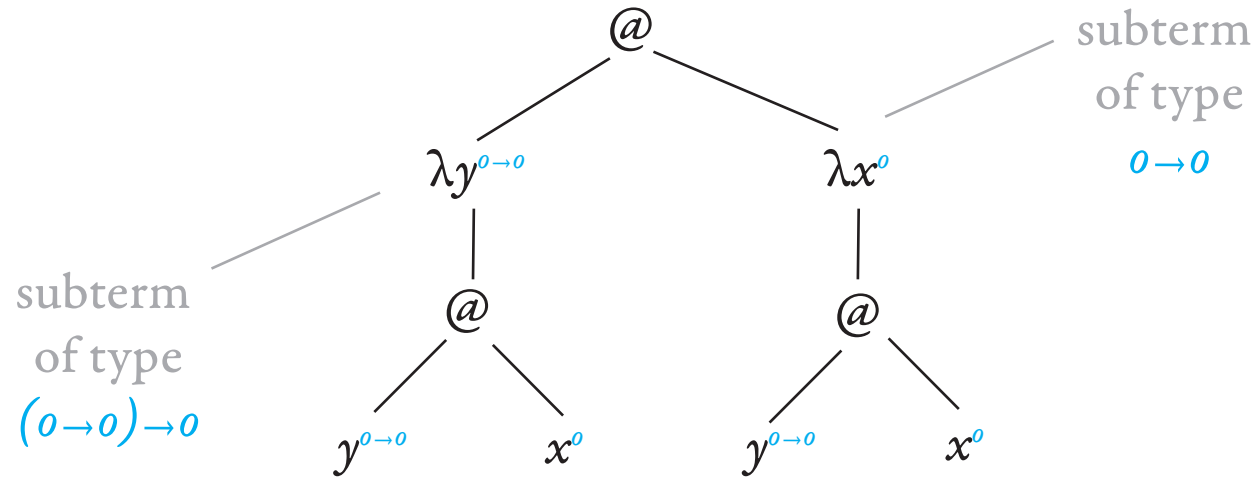


variables

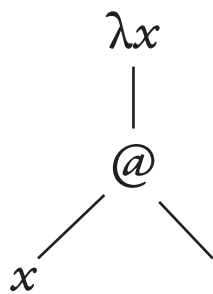
types of variables in superscript

$x^o$     $y^{o \rightarrow o}$

$\lambda$ -term of type  $o$



@



$\lambda x.$



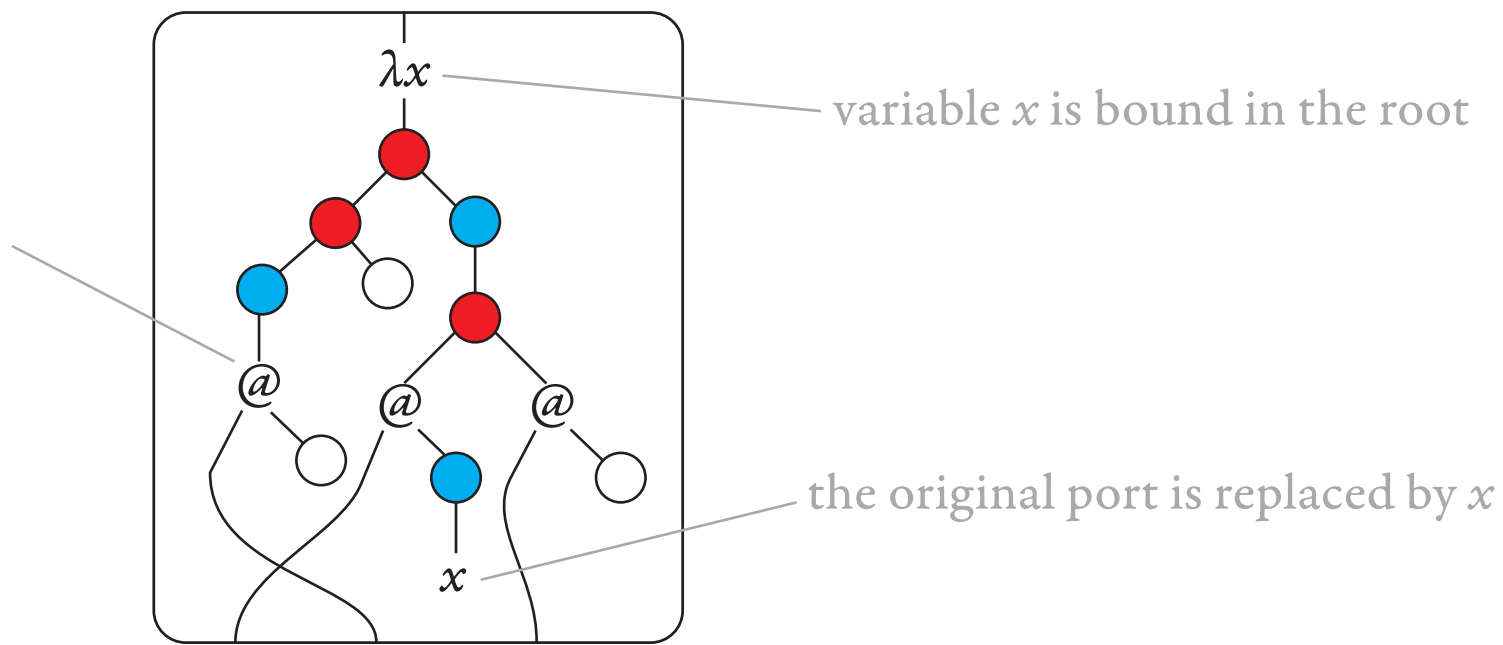
*r*

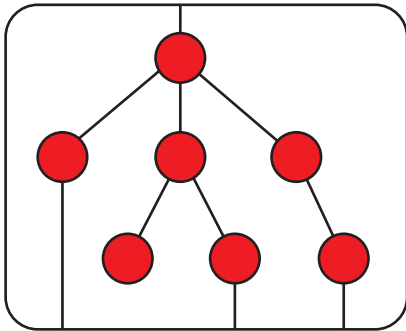




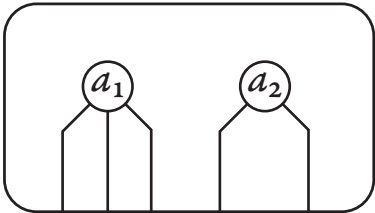
placeholder for the term  
stored in the unique register  
of the 2nd child

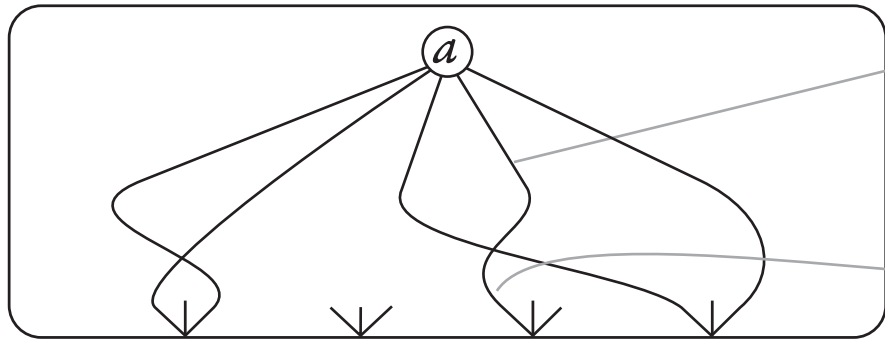






dangling edges  
represent ports





port 4

$\Downarrow f$

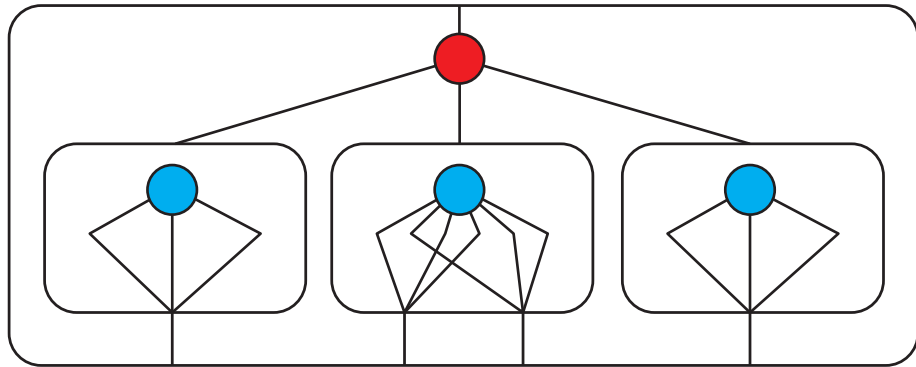
position 1, group 3

the root is from  $\Sigma$

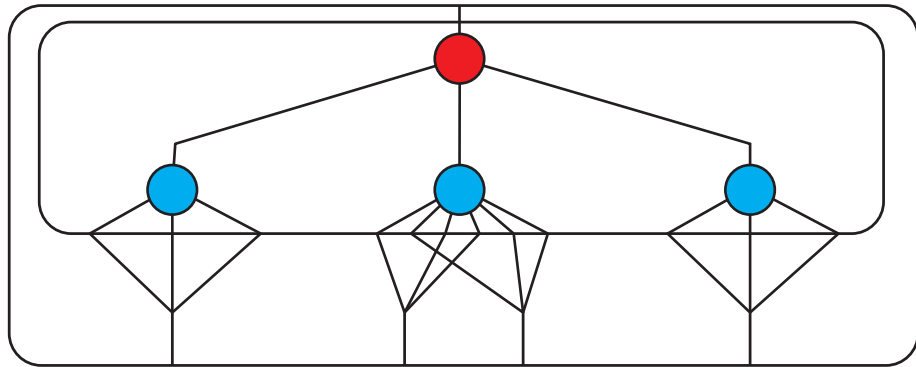
all children are from  $\Gamma$

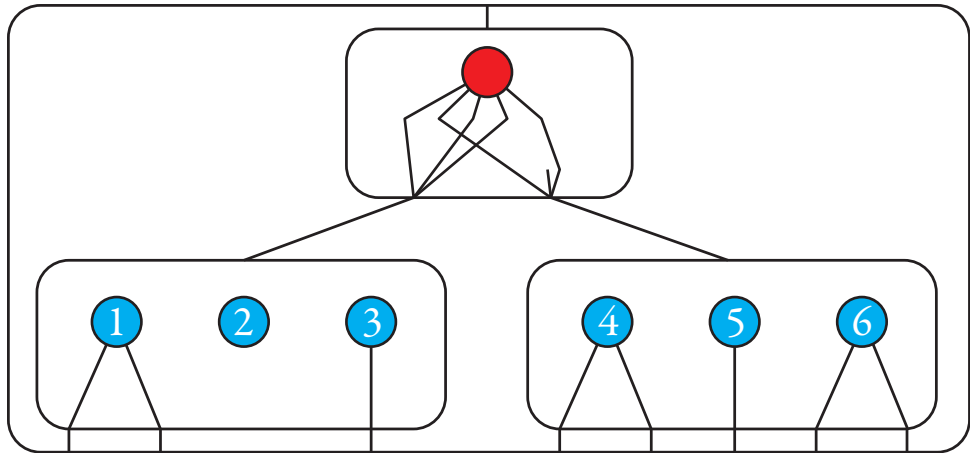


input

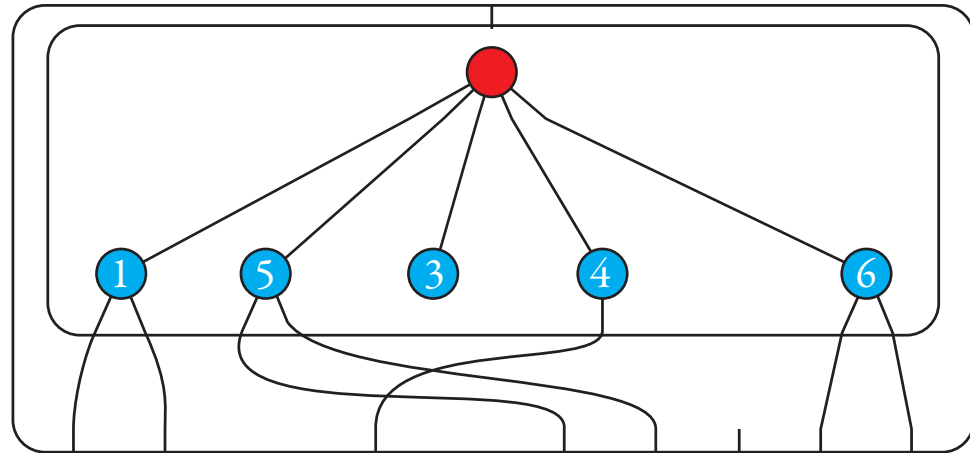


output



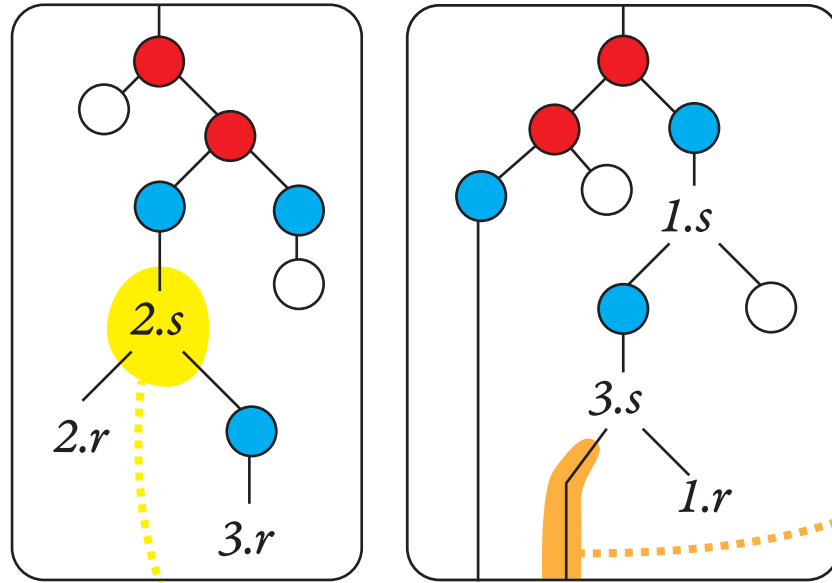


$\mapsto$

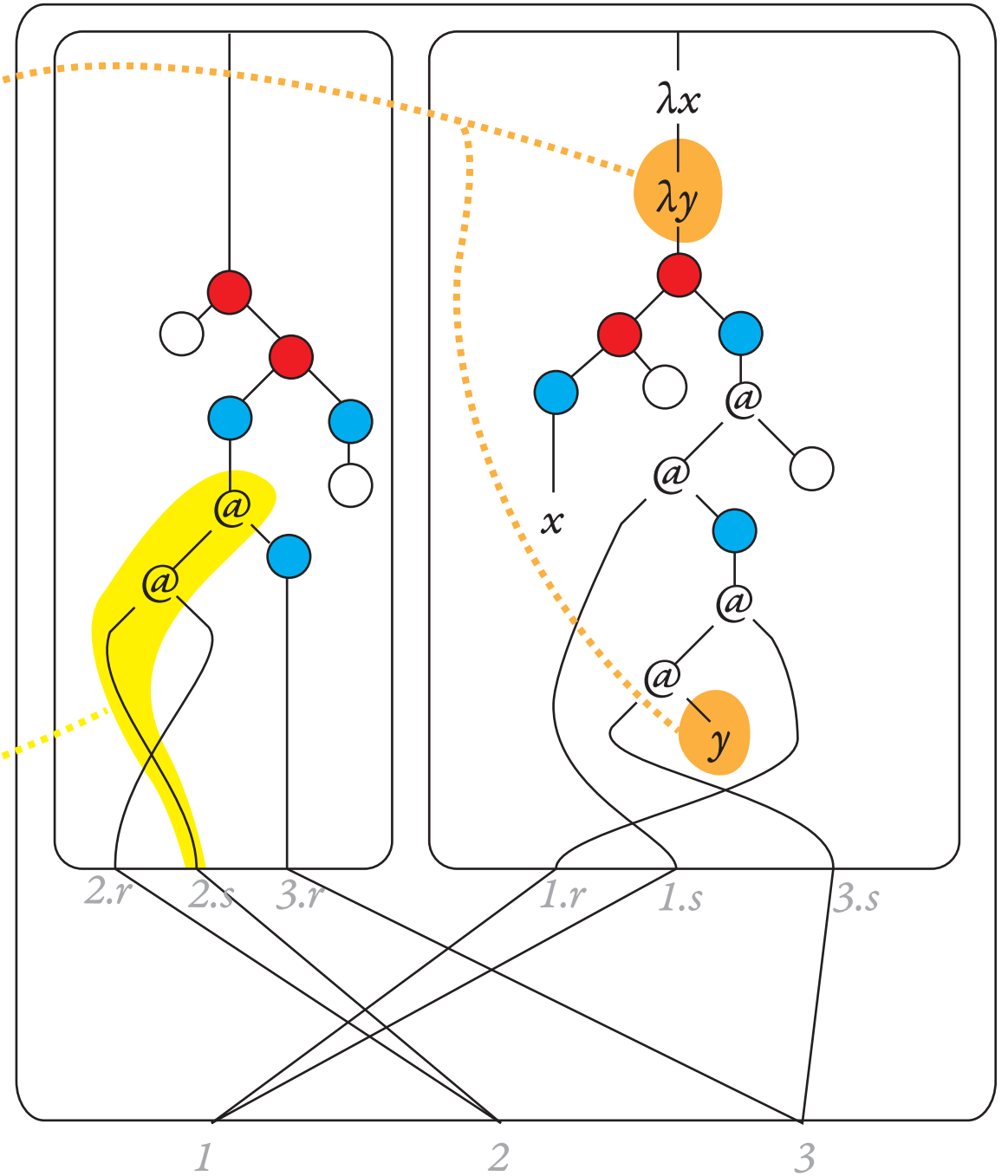




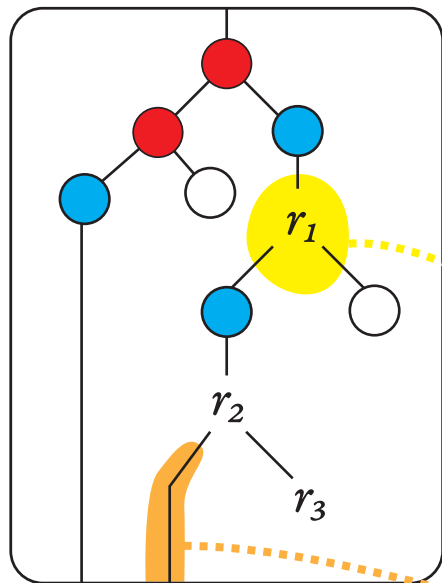
a register update



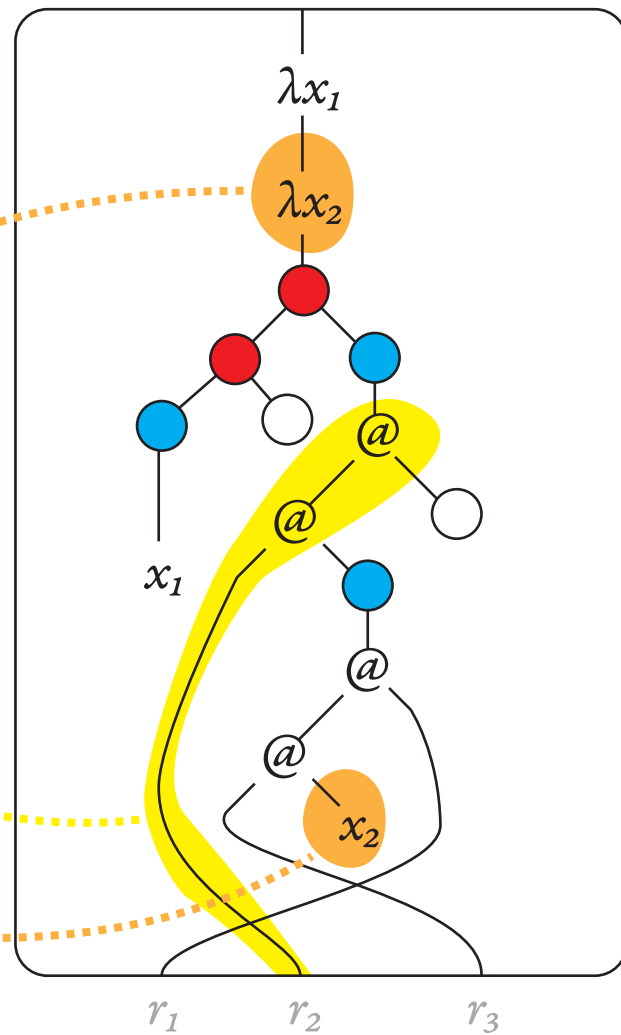
its dual



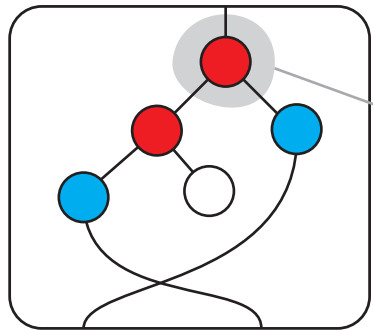
a term with variables



its dual

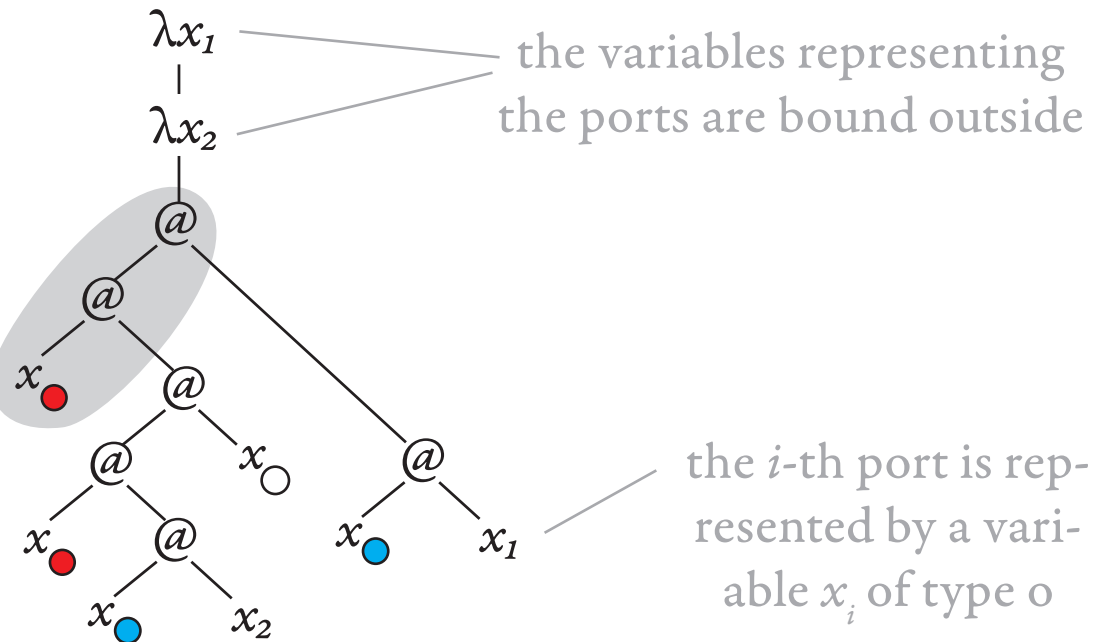


a term of arity 2

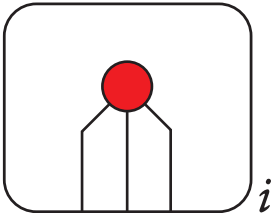


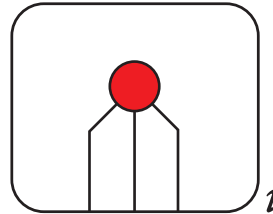
a non-port node is represented by a variable, corresponding to the label, applied to the children of the node

its representation as a  $\lambda$ -term

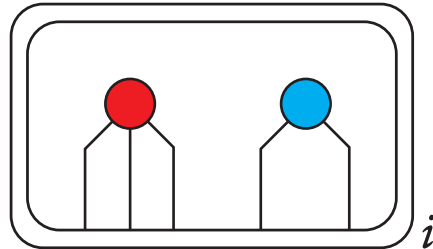
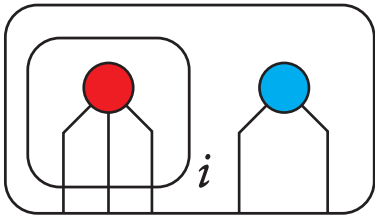




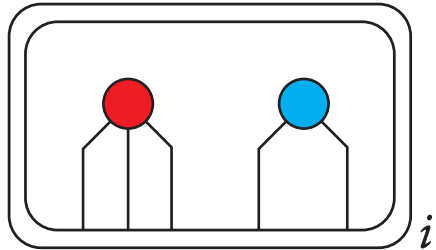
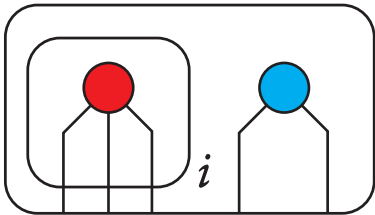


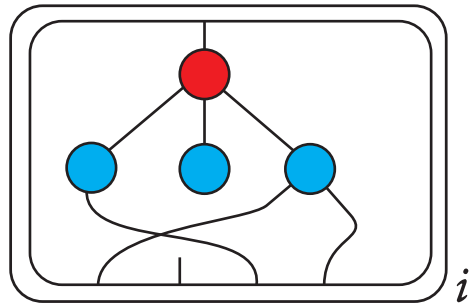
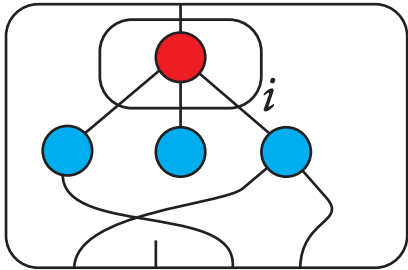


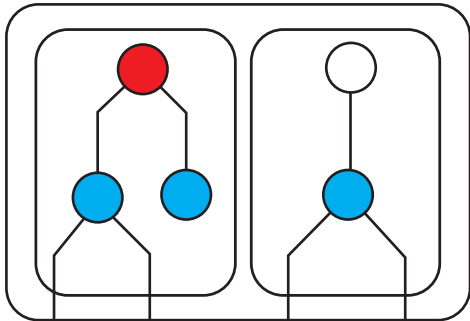
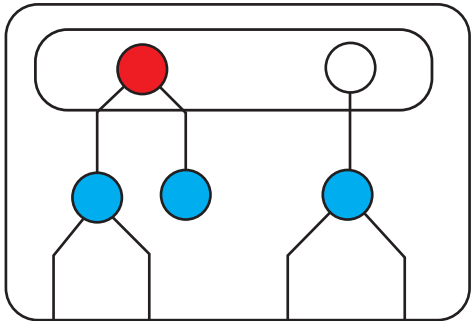


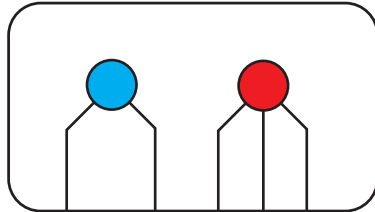




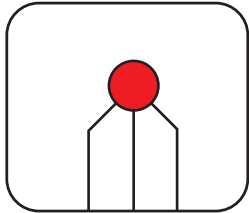


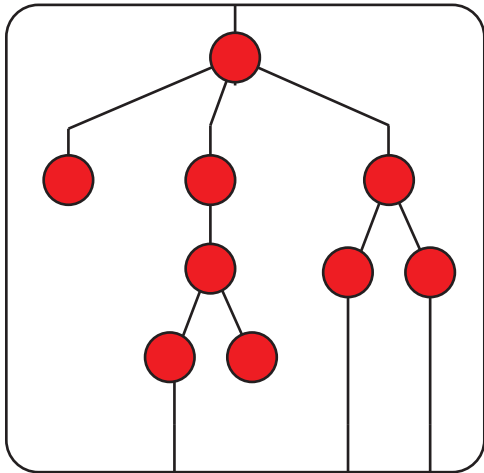
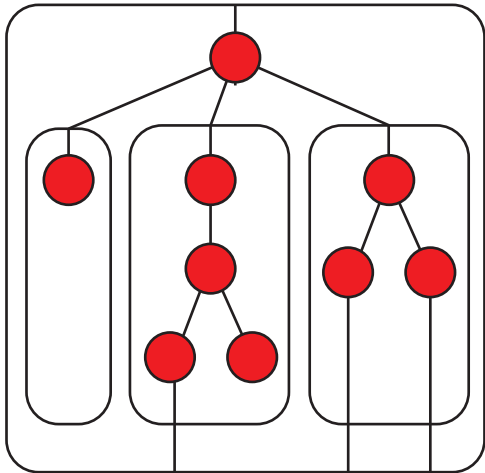


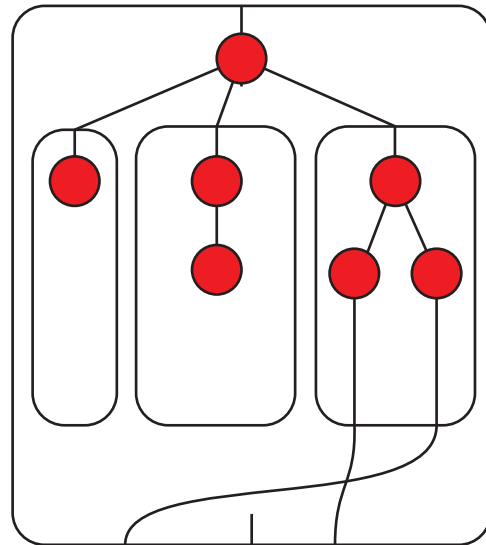
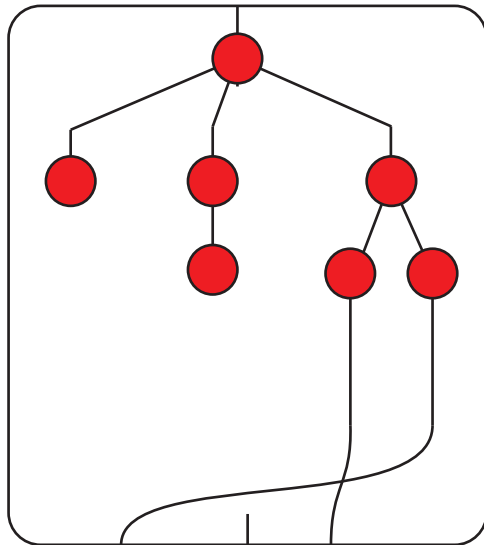




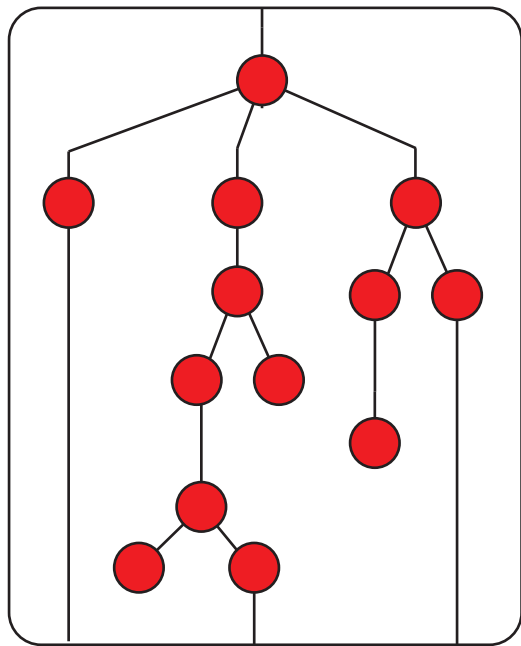


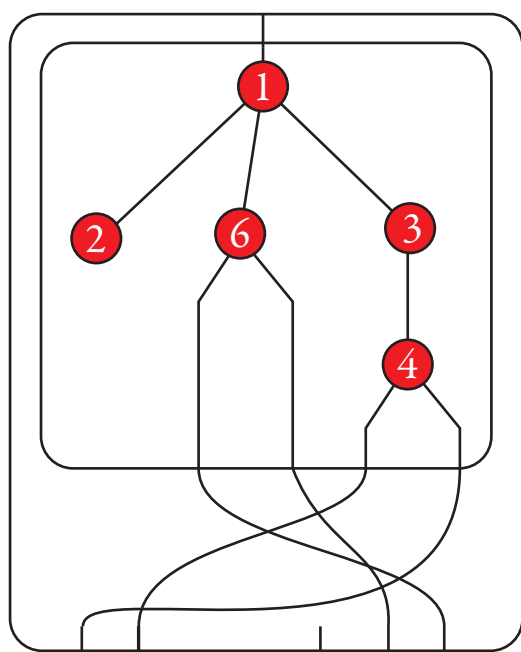


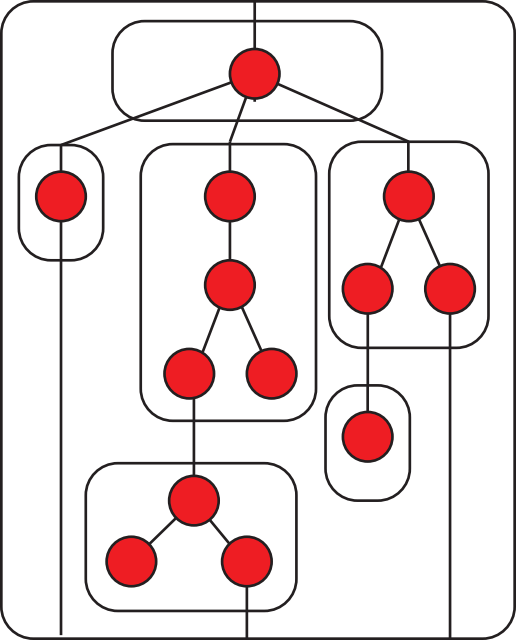




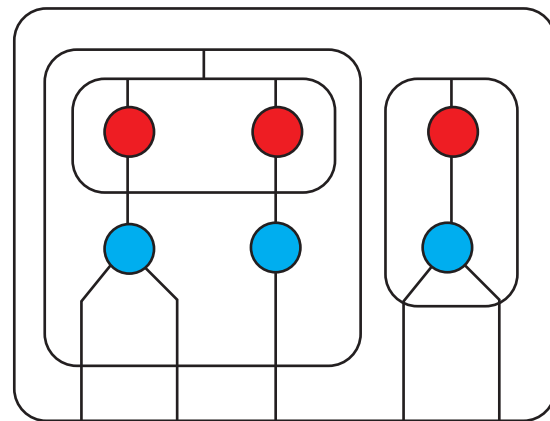
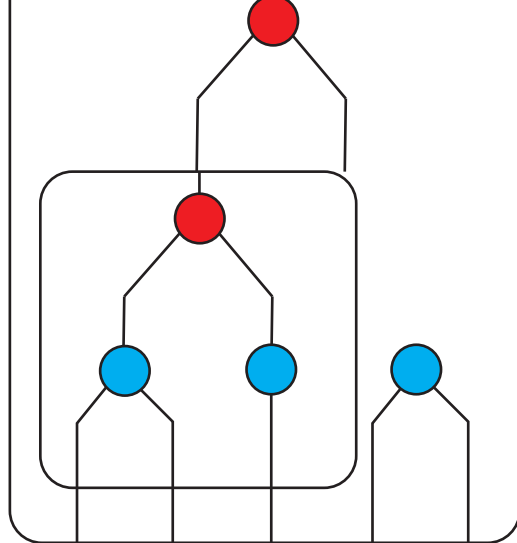
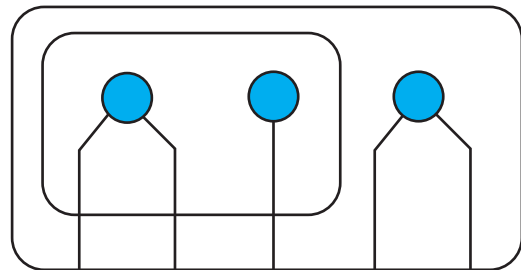


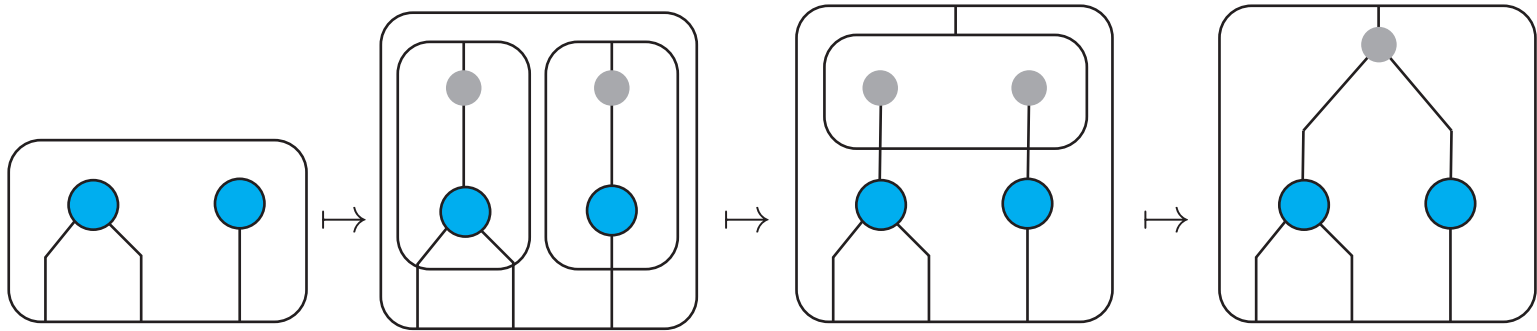






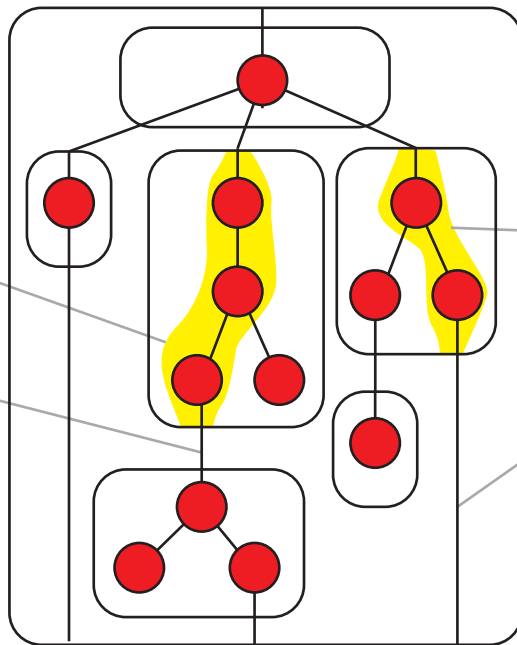






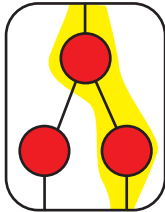


the subbranch  
corresponding to  
an internal edge



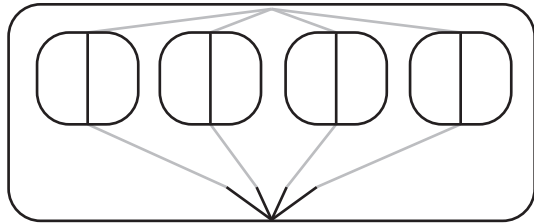
the subbranch  
corresponding to  
an external edge





a branch can be visualised as  
a term with a distinguished  
root-to-port path

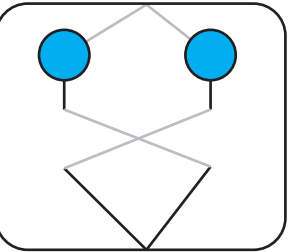




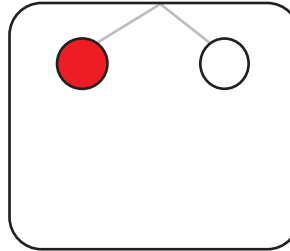
a tuple of  $k$  identity terms  
with all their ports folded  
into one

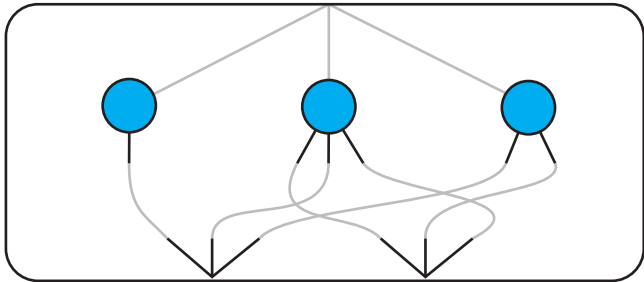
$$\Sigma = \{ \text{blue circle with stem}, \text{red circle}, \text{white circle} \}$$

$$a \in \Sigma^{[2]}$$

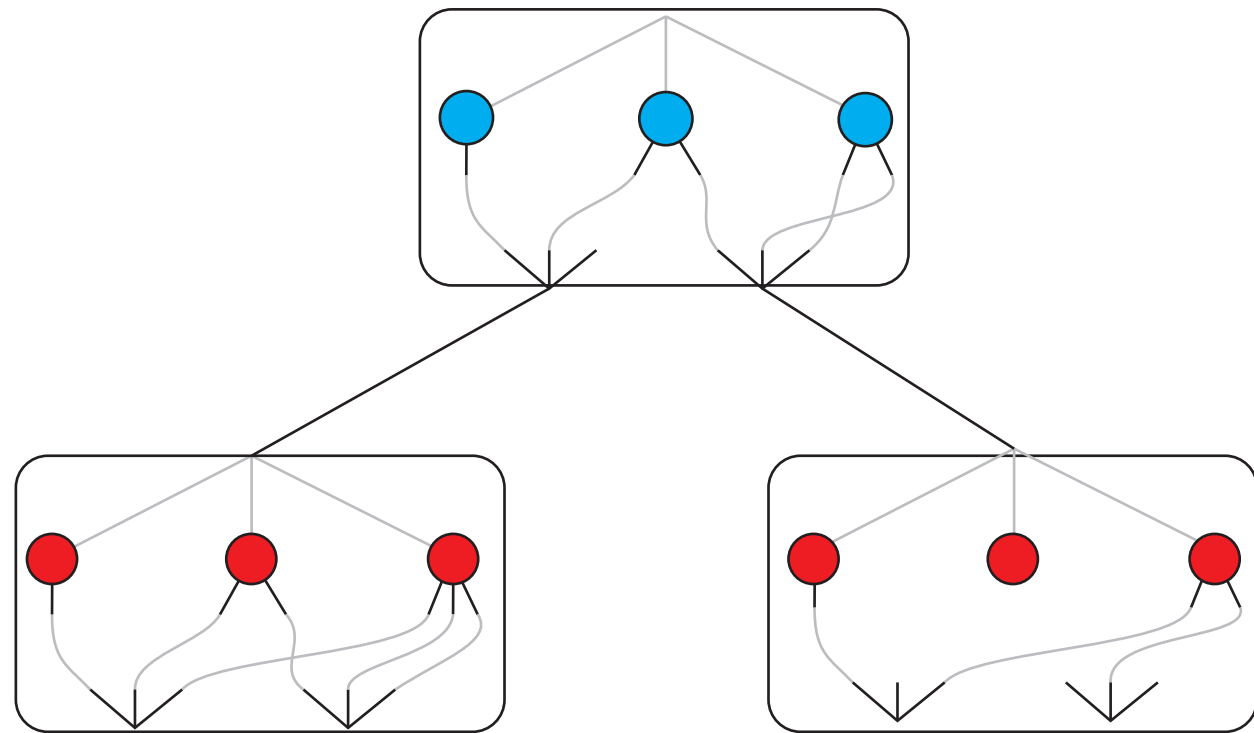


$$b \in \Sigma^{[2]}$$

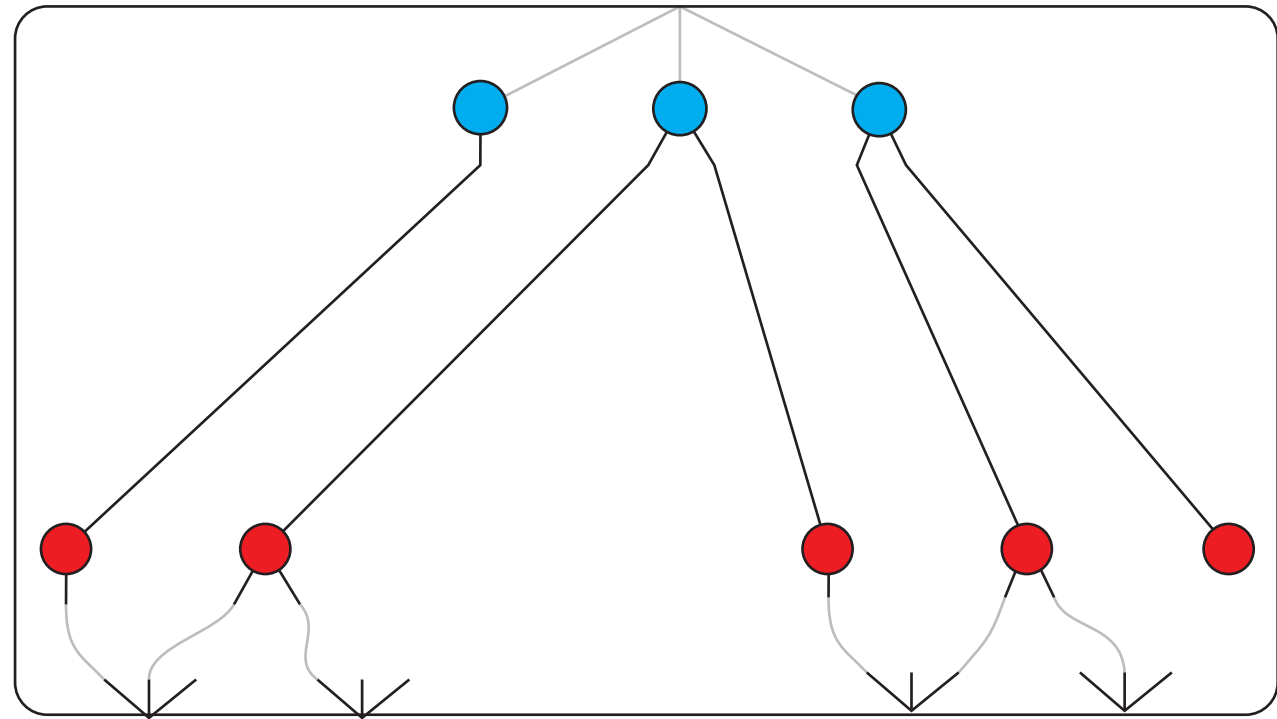


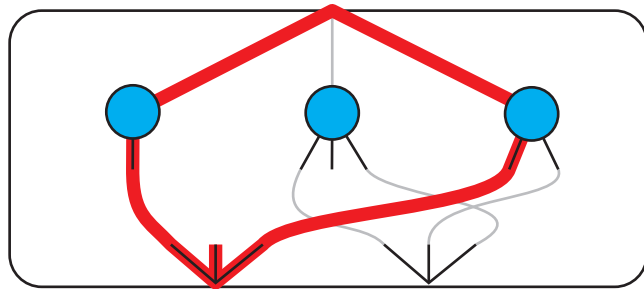


a shallow term of matrix powers



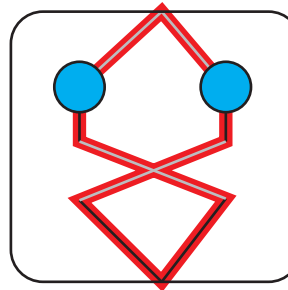
its shallow unfolding





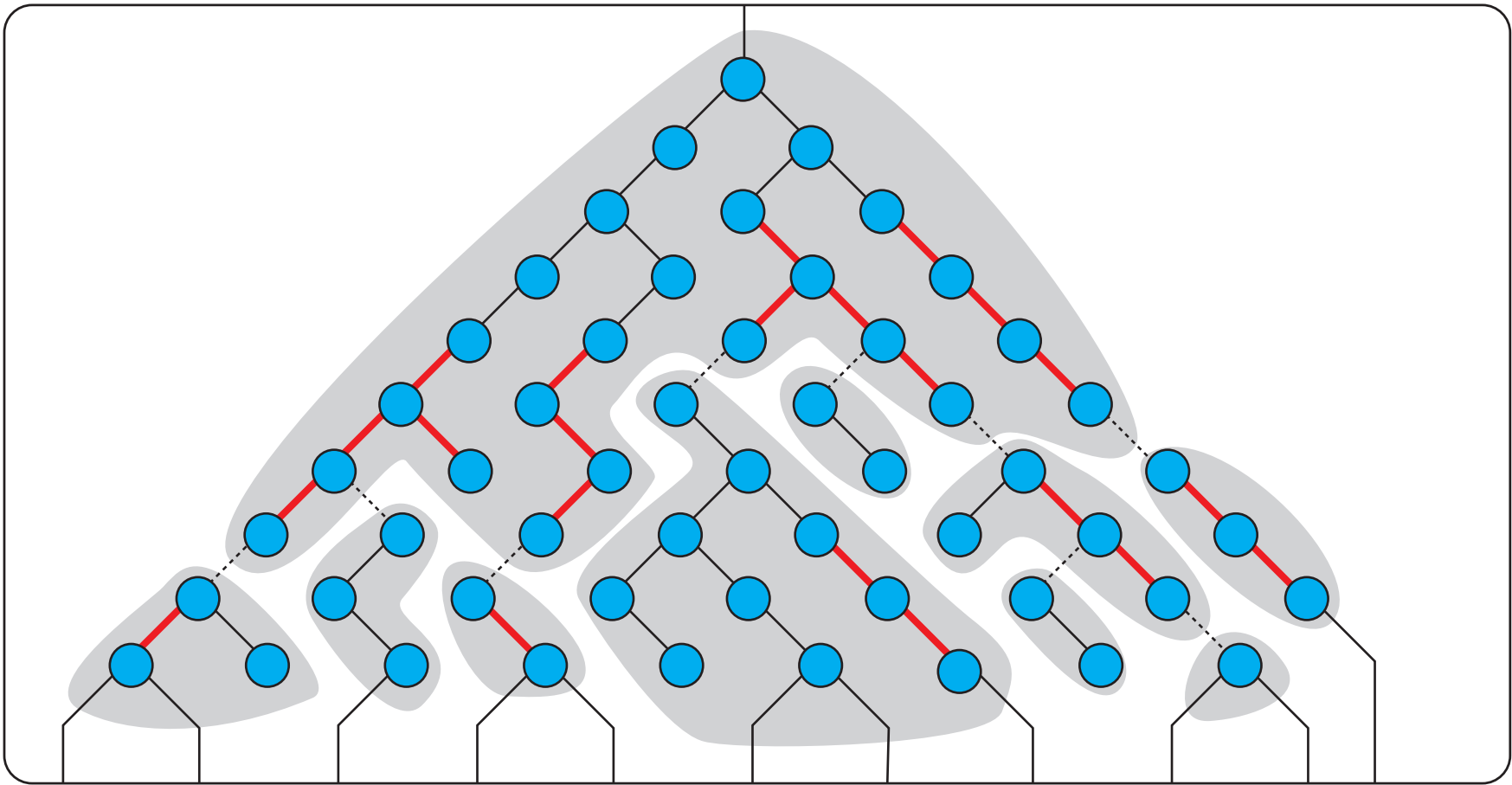
twist of port 1

1	2	3
↑		↑
1	2	3

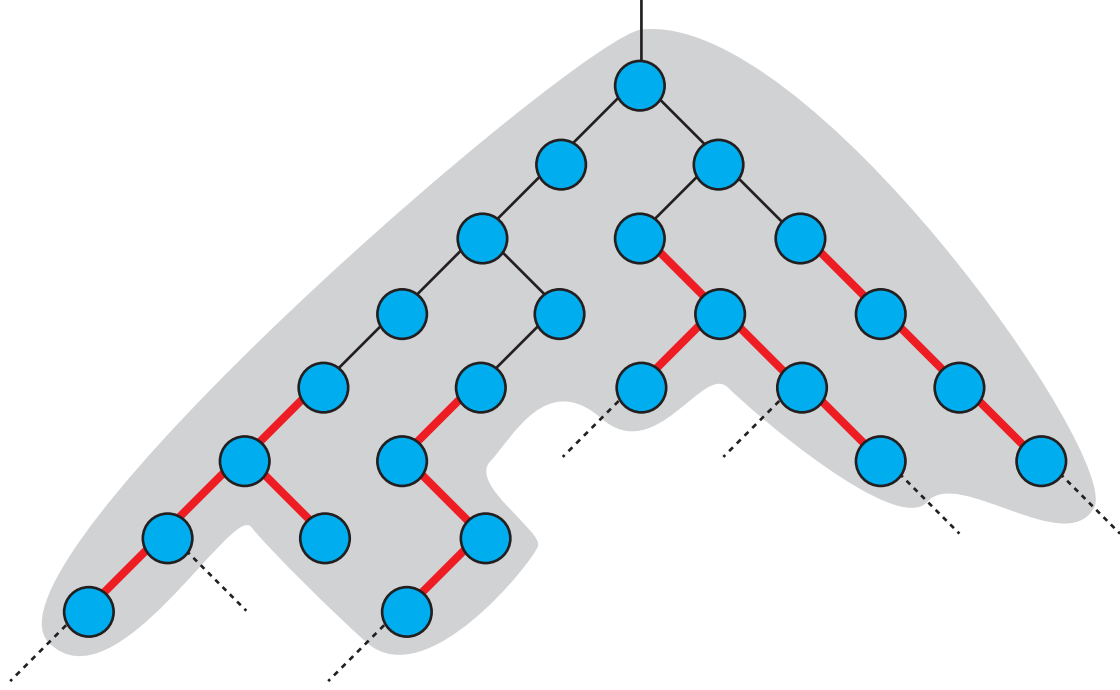


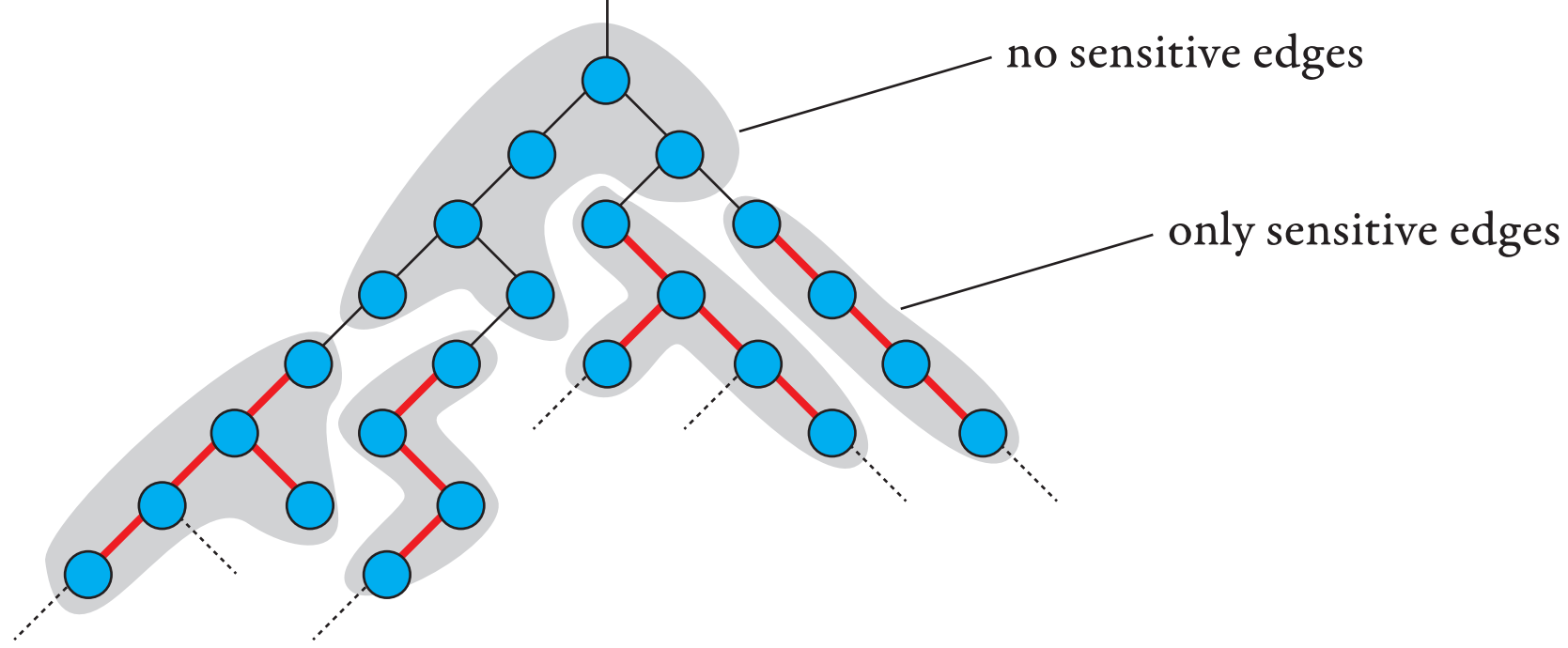
twist of port 1

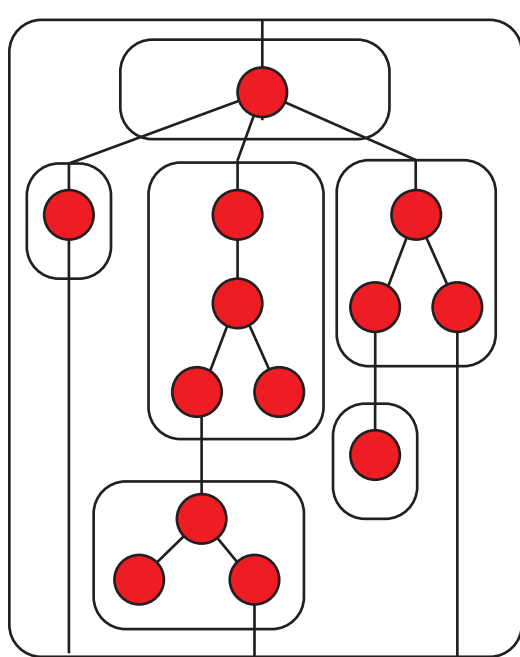
1	2
↗	↖
1	2



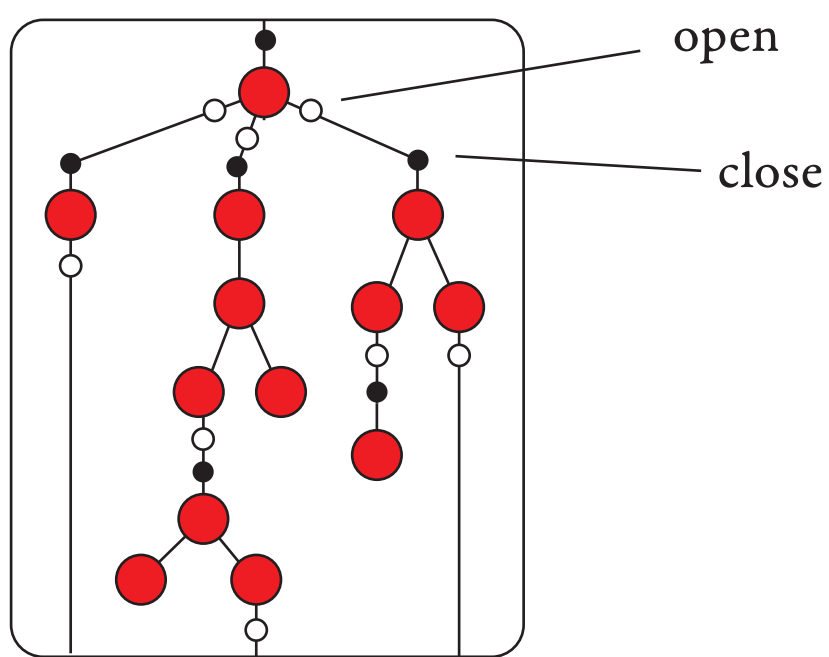






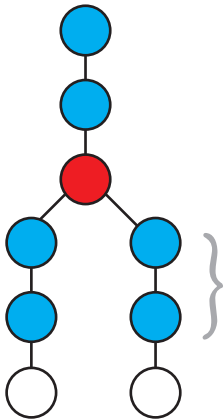
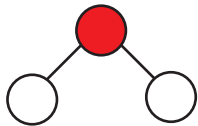


$\mapsto$







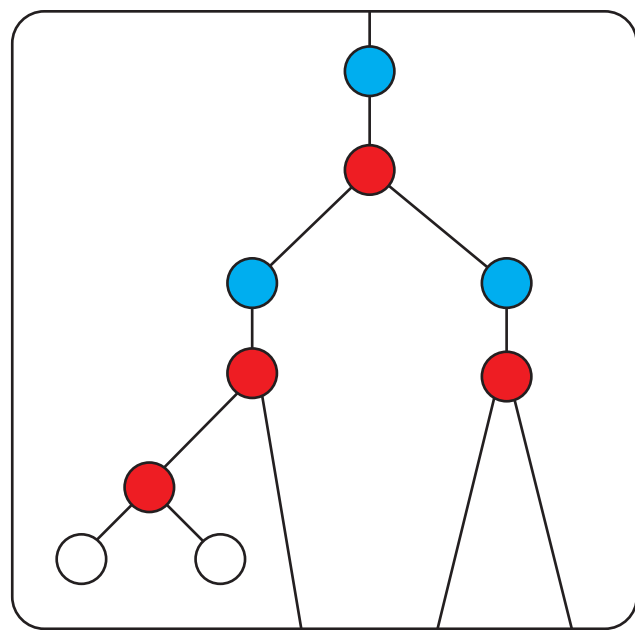
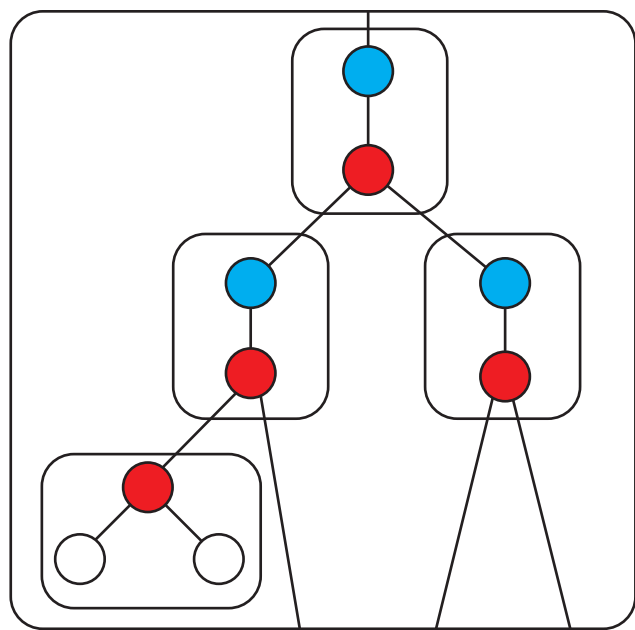


$$k - 1 = 2$$



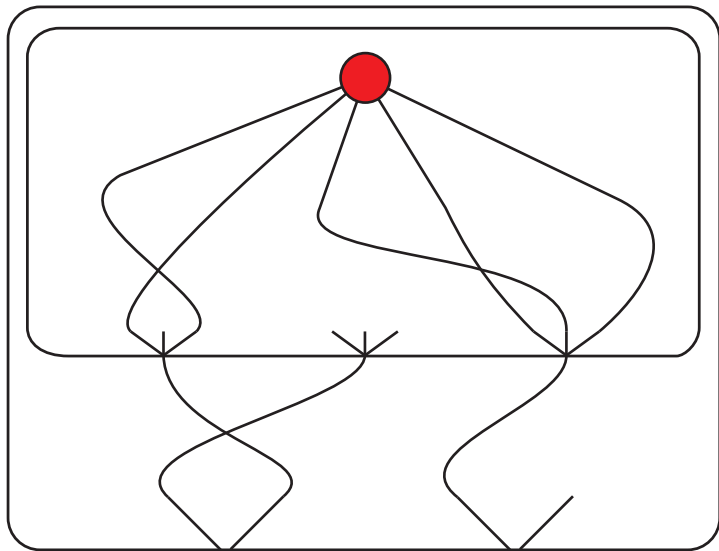




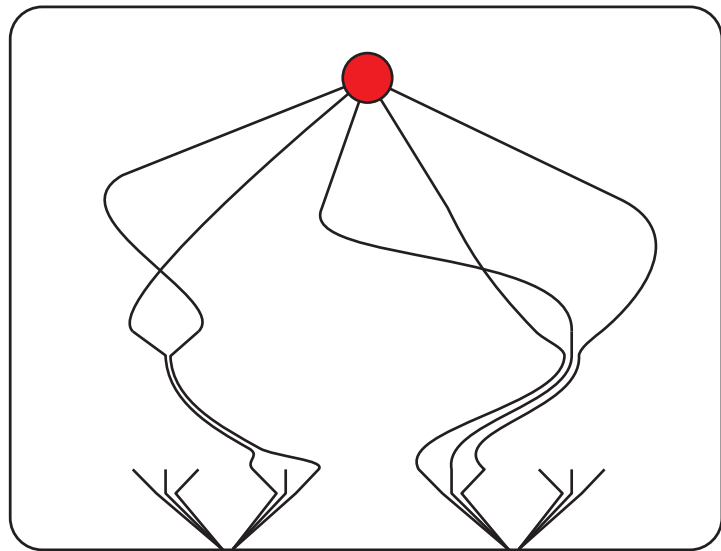


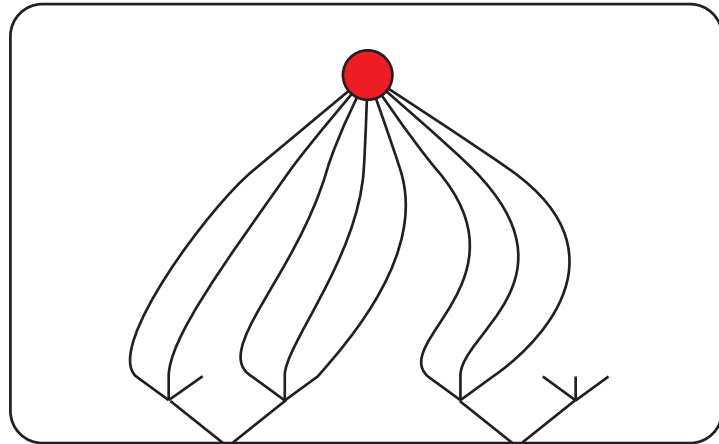
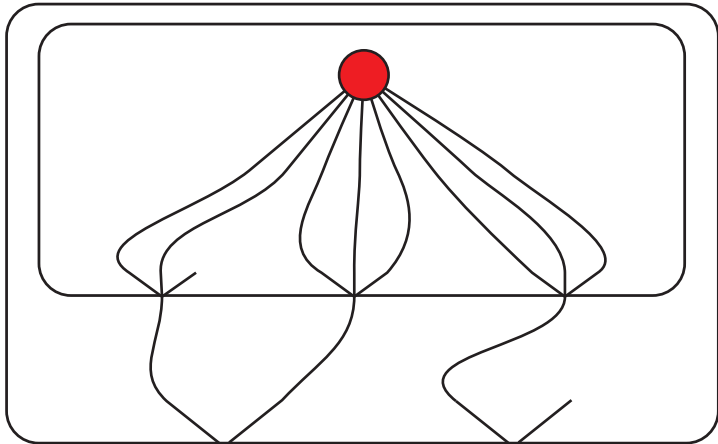


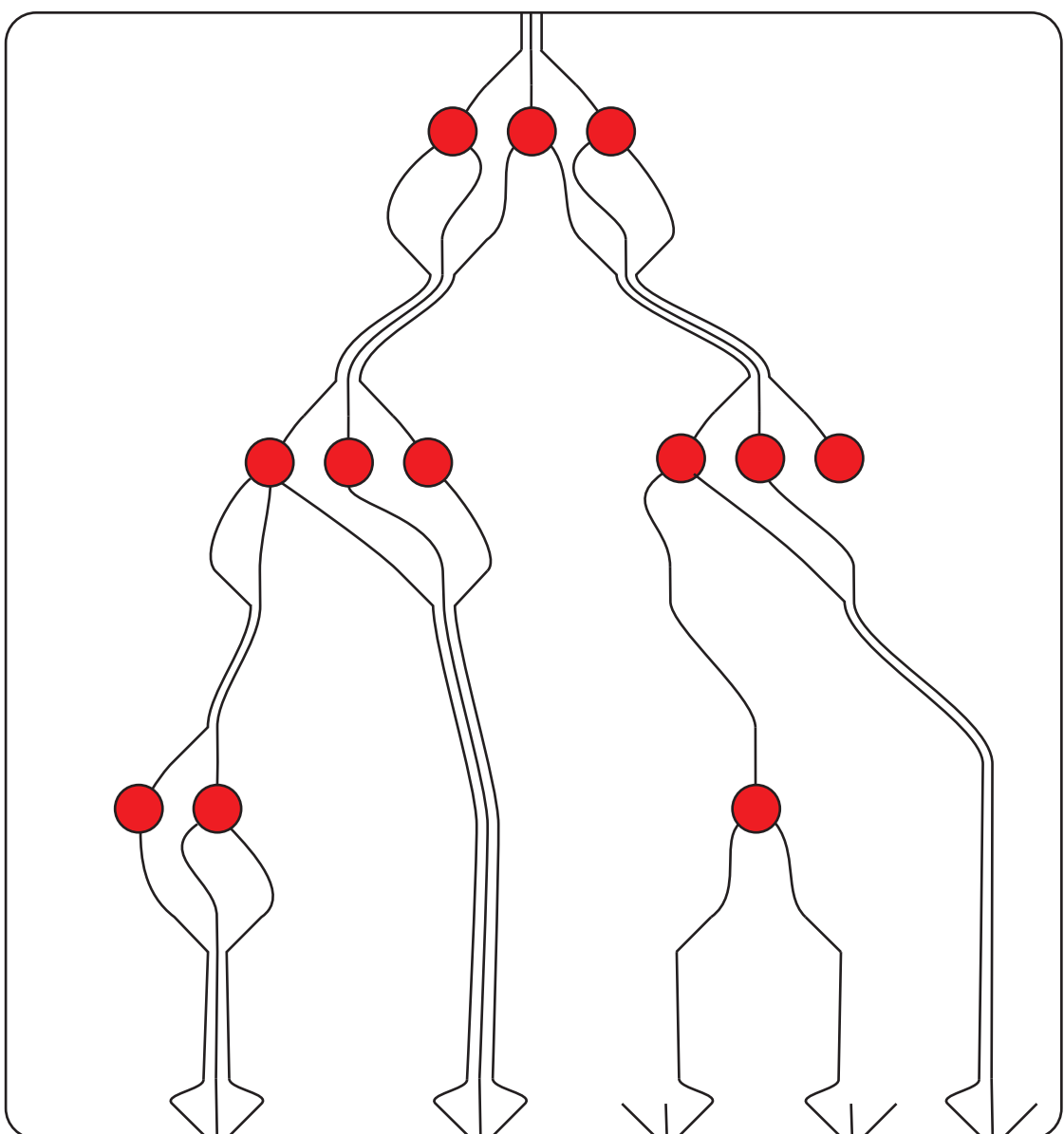
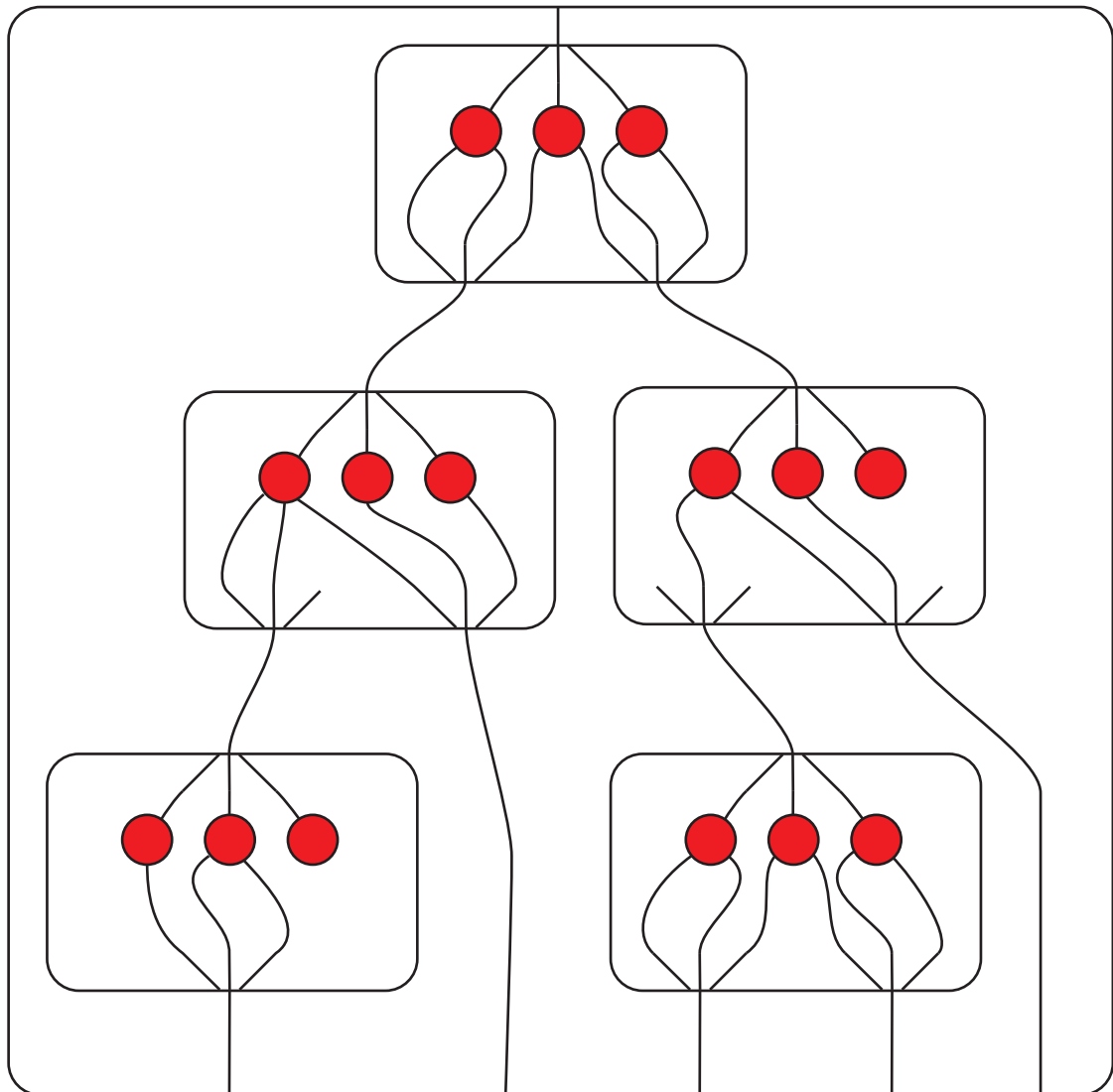
$F_2 F_3 \Sigma$



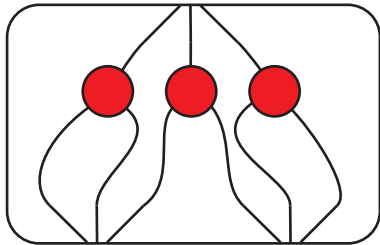
$F_6 \Sigma$



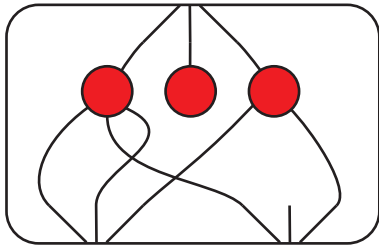




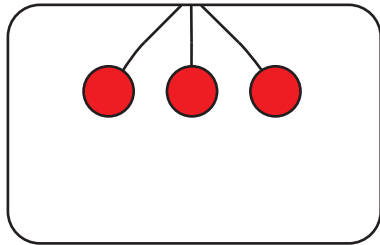
arity 2

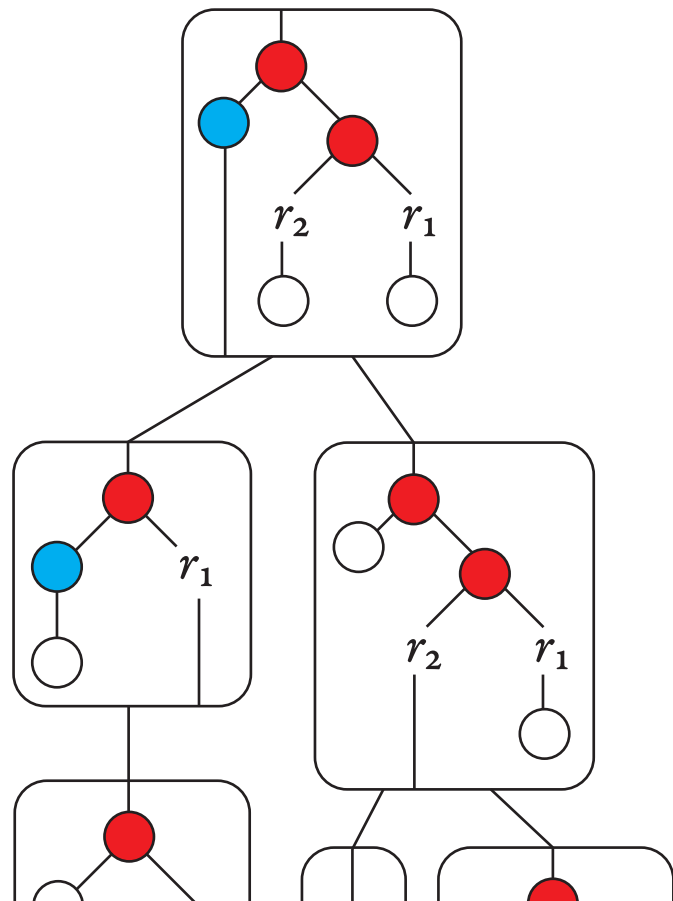


arity 2



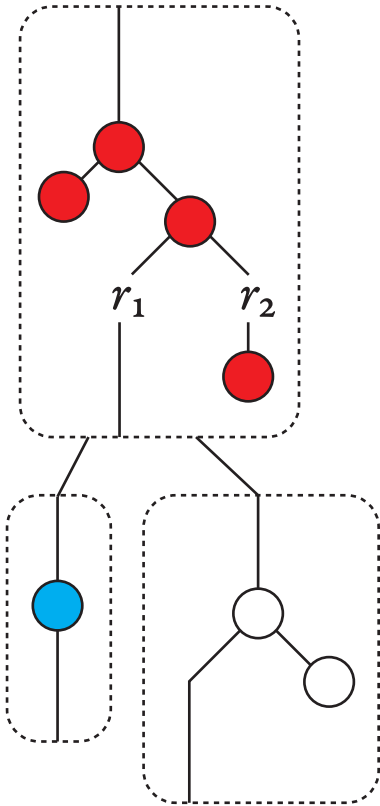
arity 0





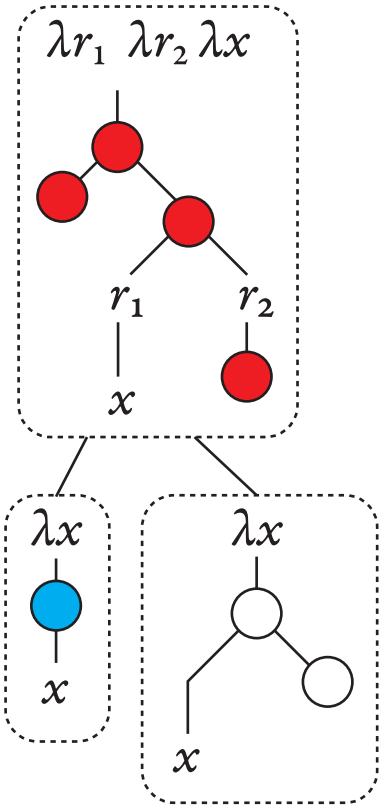
tree of register updates

$\lambda$ -term



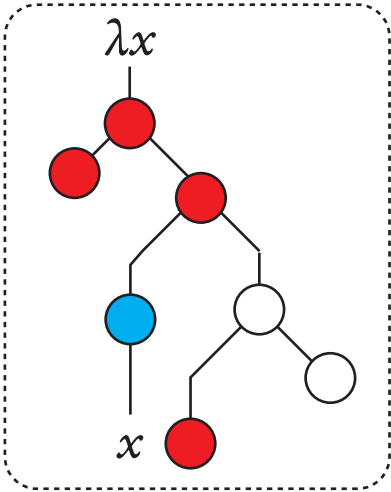
represent  
as a  $\lambda$ -term

$\mapsto$



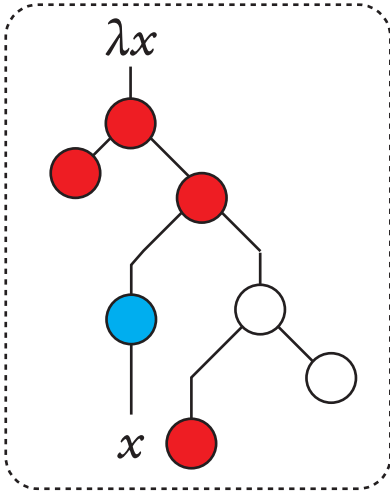
evaluate  $\Downarrow$

$\Downarrow$  evaluate



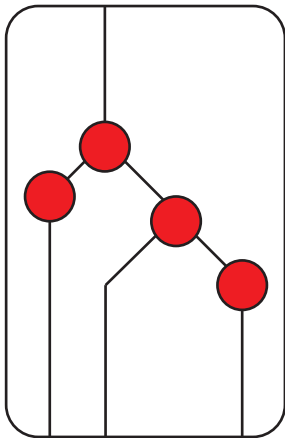
represent  
as a  $\lambda$ -term

$\mapsto$

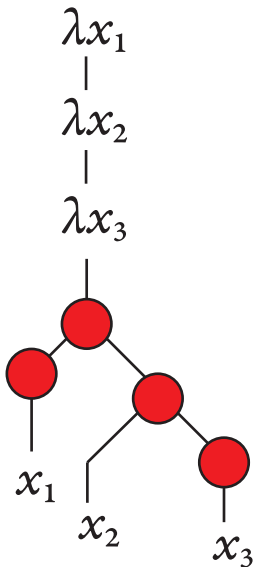


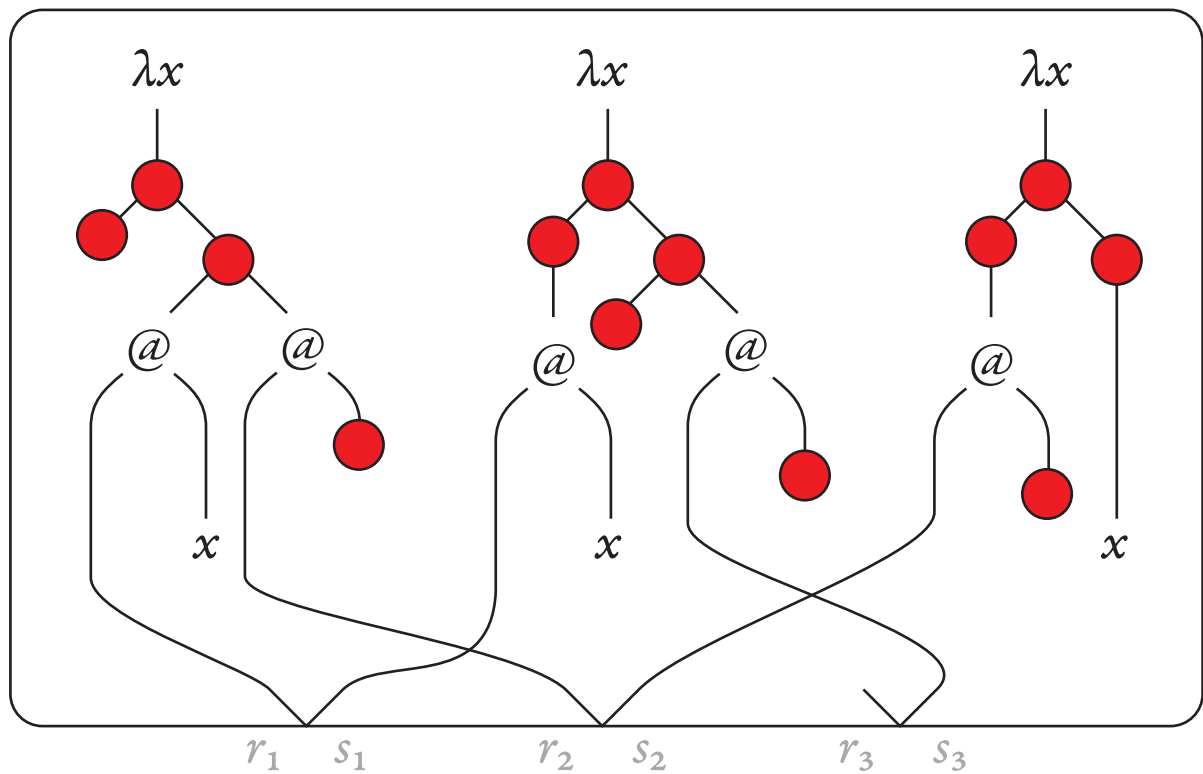
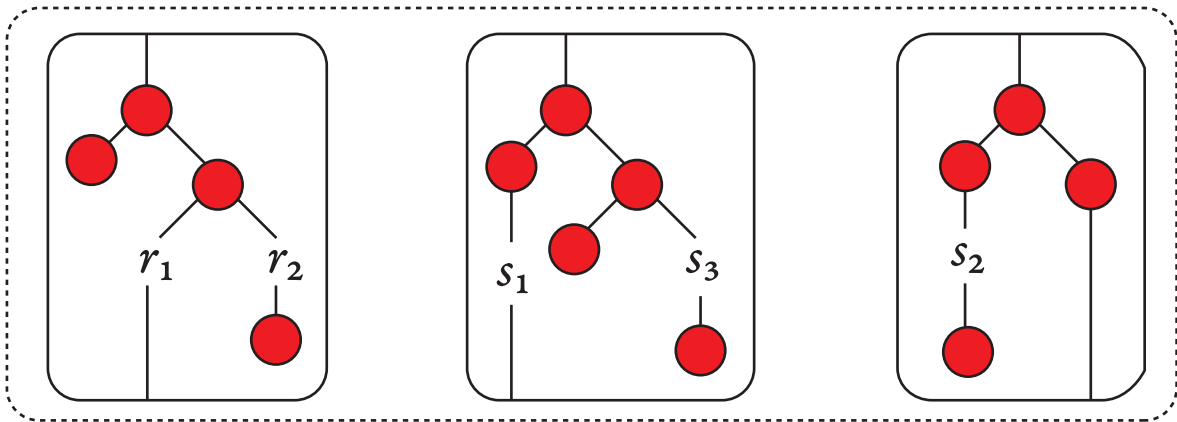


a term

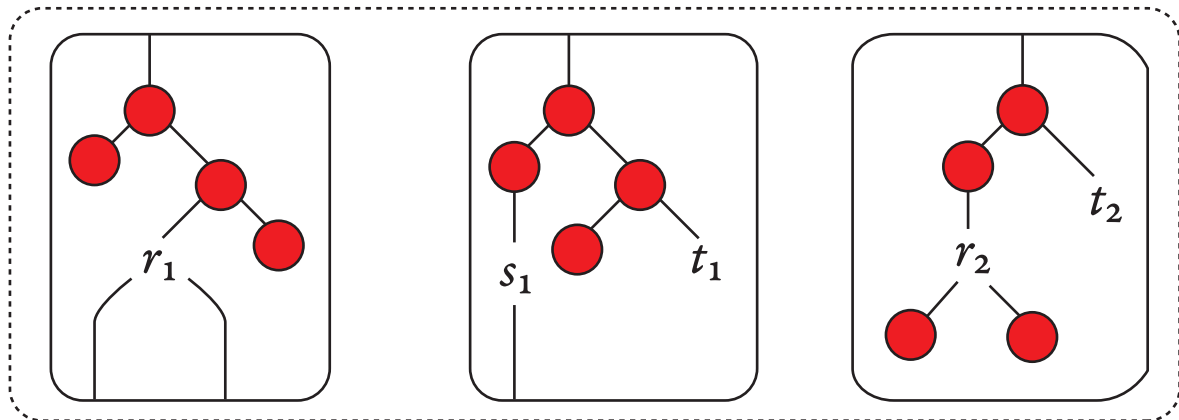


its  $\lambda$ -representation

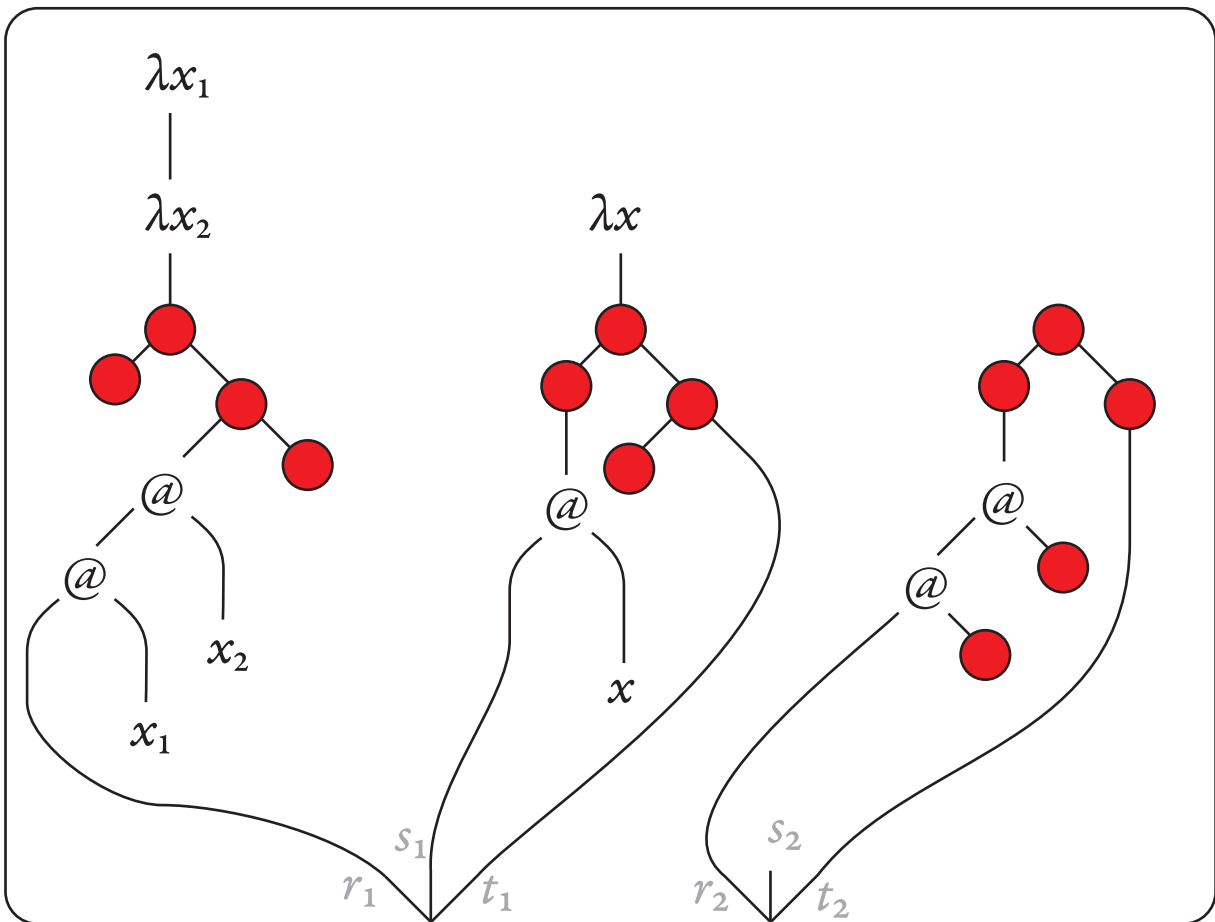


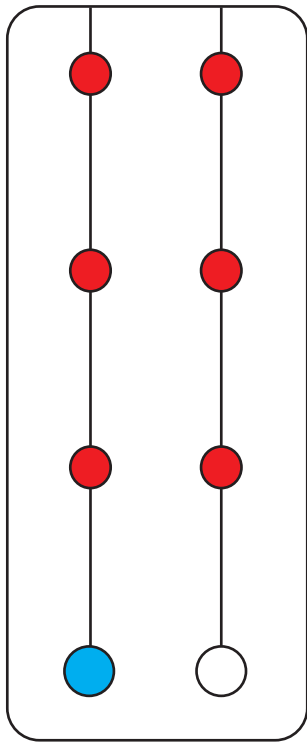
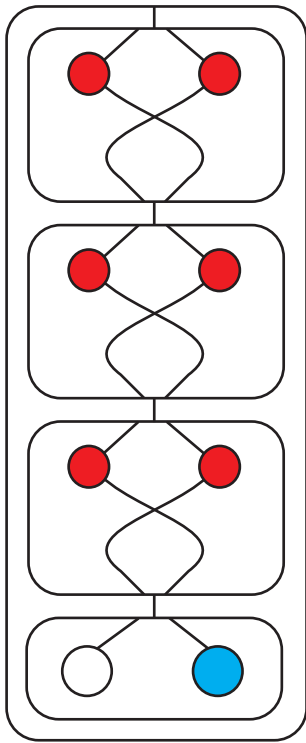


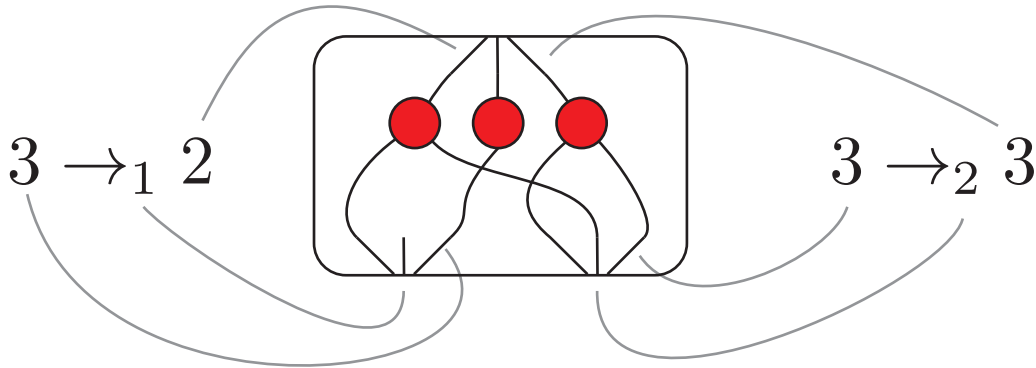
a register update

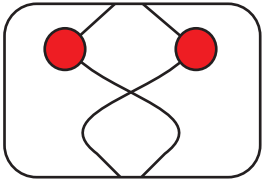


its  $\lambda$ -representation

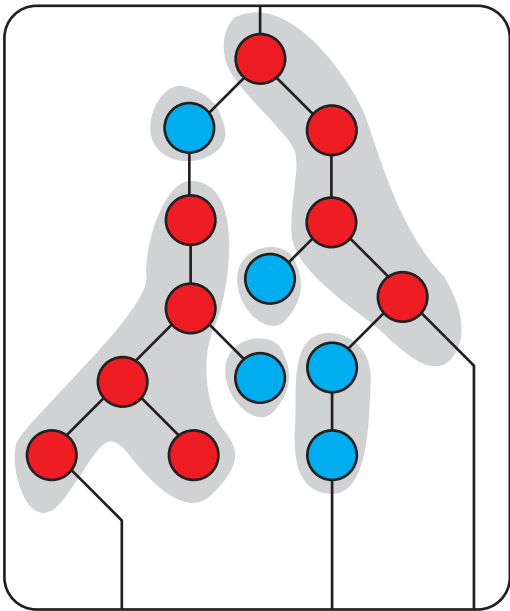








↑-equivalence



↓-equivalence

