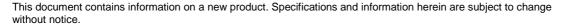
# SSD1963

# Advance Information

## 1215KB Embedded Display SRAM **LCD Display Controller**





## Appendix: IC Revision history of SSD1963 Specification

Version	Change Items	Effective Date
0.10	1 <sup>st</sup> Release	24-Nov-08
21-Nov-08		
0.10 08-Dec-08	<ol> <li>Changed the set_pll_mnk to set_pll_mn in section 7.2</li> <li>Change register name in section 8</li> <li>Removed ABC</li> <li>Revised description for REG 0x00, 0x01, 0x0C, 0x0D, 0x0E, 0x10, 0x11, 0x21, 0x26, 0x28, 0x2A, 0x2B, 0x2C, 0x2E, 0x33, 0x34, 0x35, 0x36, 0x37, 0x3A, 0x3C, 0x3E, 0x44, 0x45, 0xA1, 0xB0, 0xB1, 0xB4, 0xB5, 0xB6, 0xB7, 0xB8, 0xB9, 0xBE, 0xBF, 0xD0, 0xD1, 0xD4, 0xE5.</li> <li>Added max VIH in Table 12-1</li> <li>Added Table 9-1</li> <li>Added Table 11-1</li> <li>Revised Figure 9-19</li> <li>Revised Figure 13-5</li> <li>Corrected typo for Table 7-2</li> </ol>	10-Dec-08
1.0 07-May-09	<ol> <li>Revised test condition for 12 and 13</li> <li>Changed status to Advance Information</li> <li>Update min/max rating of VDDD and VDDPLL in Table 11-1</li> <li>Added tape and reel drawing of 128-pin LQFP package in Section 15.3</li> <li>Revised Section 13.2 5.</li> <li>Added 12 bits for Table 7-1</li> <li>Removed TTL interface</li> <li>Revised section 7.1.5</li> <li>Change the title of section 7.2</li> <li>Revised command description in section 8</li> <li>Removed the command 0x0C and 0x3A</li> <li>Added figures in section 13.4</li> <li>Revised figures in section 13.3</li> <li>Revise Table 6-1</li> </ol>	18-May-09
1.1 23-Dec-09	<ol> <li>Update Table 7-1</li> <li>Revised section 9.72</li> </ol>	18-Jan-10

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#### 1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

SSD1963 is a display controller of 1215K byte frame buffer to support up to 864 x 480 x 24bit graphics content. It also equips parallel MCU interfaces in different bus width to receive graphics data and command from MCU. Its display interface supports common RAM-less LCD driver of color depth up to 24 bit-per-pixel.

#### 2 FEATURES

- Display feature
  - Built-in 1215K bytes frame buffer. Support up to 864 x 480 at 24bpp display
  - Support TFT 18/24-bit generic RGB interface panel
  - Support 8-bit serial RGB interface
  - Hardware rotation of 0, 90, 180, 270 degree
  - Hardware display mirroring
  - Hardware windowing
  - Programmable brightness, contrast and saturation control
  - Dynamic Backlight Control (DBC) via PWM signal
- MCU connectivity
  - 8/9/16/18/24-bit MCU interface
  - Tearing effect signal
- I/O Connectivity
  - 4 GPIO pins
- Built-in clock generator
- Deep sleep mode for power saving
- Core supply power (V<sub>DDPLL</sub> and V<sub>DDD</sub>): 1.2V±0.1V
- I/O supply power(V<sub>DDIO</sub>): 1.65V to 3.6V
- LCD interface supply power (V<sub>DDLCD</sub>): 1.65V to 3.6V

#### 3 ORDERING INFORMATION

**Table 3-1: Ordering Information** 

Ordering Part Number	Package Form
SSD1963G41	TFBGA-80 (Tray)
SSD1963QL9	LQFP-128 (Tray)
SSD1963QL9R	LQFP-128 (Tape & Reel)

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#### 4 BLOCK DIAGRAM

CS# Registers **→** LFRAME D/C# E(RD#) MCU LLINE R/W#(WR#) Interface D[23:0] LSHIFT LCD Interface TE **∢** LCD CONF LDATA[23:0] Controller Frame Buffer LDEN System Clock RESET# · and Reset Mgr - GPIO[3:0] Rotation/ Mirror GAMAS[1:0] Clock DBC **▶** PWM Generator

Figure 4-1: SSD1963 Block Diagram

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#### 5 PIN ARRANGEMENT

#### 5.1 80 balls TFBGA

Figure 5-1: Pinout Diagram –TFBGA (Topview)

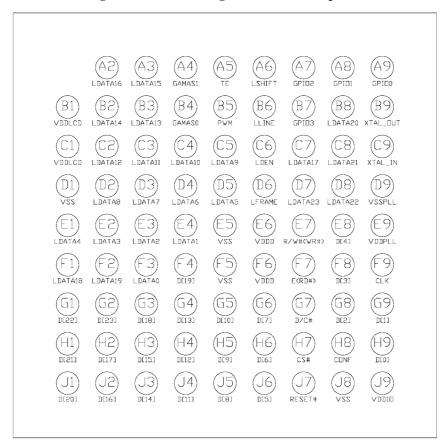


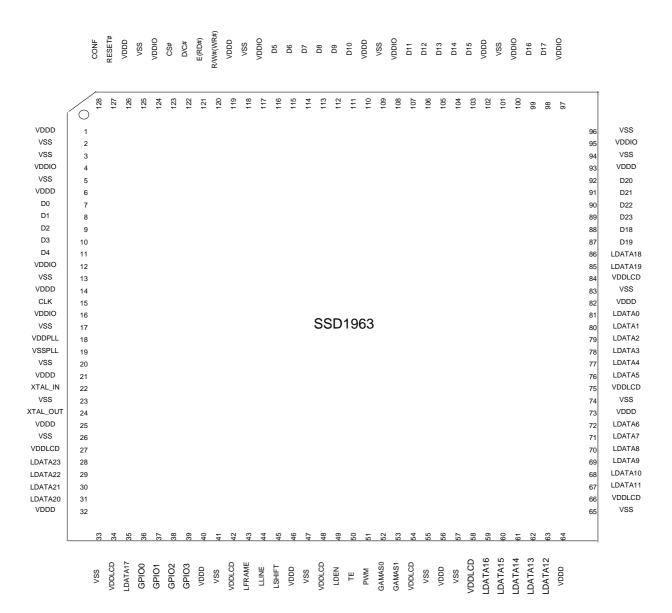
Table 5-1: TFBGA Pin Assignment Table

Pin#	Signal Name								
A1	-	C1	VDDLCD	E1	LDATA4	G1	D[22]	J1	D[20]
A2	LDATA16	C2	LDATA12	E2	LDATA3	G2	D[23]	J2	D[16]
A3	LDATA15	C3	LDATA11	E3	LDATA2	G3	D[18]	Ј3	D[14]
A4	GAMAS1	C4	LDATA10	E4	LDATA1	G4	D[13]	J4	D[11]
A5	TE	C5	LDATA9	E5	VSS	G5	D[10]	J5	D[8]
A6	LSHIFT	C6	LDEN	E6	VDDD	G6	D[7]	J6	D[5]
A7	GPIO2	C7	LDATA17	E7	R/W# (WR#)	G7	D/C#	J7	RESET#
A8	GPIO1	C8	LDATA21	E8	D[4]	G8	D[2]	Ј8	VSS
A9	GPIO0	C9	XTAL_IN	E9	VDDPLL	G9	D[1]	J9	VDDIO
B1	VDDLCD	D1	VSS	F1	LDATA18	H1	D[21]		
B2	LDATA14	D2	LDATA8	F2	LDATA19	H2	D[17]		
В3	LDATA13	D3	LDATA7	F3	LDATA0	Н3	D[15]		
B4	GAMAS0	D4	LDATA6	F4	D[19]	H4	D[12]		
В5	PWM	D5	LDATA5	F5	VSS	H5	D[9]		
В6	LLINE	D6	LFRAME	F6	VDDD	Н6	D[6]		
В7	GPIO3	D7	LDATA23	F7	E(RD#)	Н7	CS#		
В8	LDATA20	D8	LDATA22	F8	D[3]	Н8	CONF		
В9	XTAL_OUT	D9	VSSPLL	F9	CLK	Н9	D[0]		

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## **5.2 128 pins LQFP**

Figure 5-2: Pinout Diagram – LQFP (Topview)



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**Table 5-2: LQFP Pin Assignment Table** 

Pin#	Signal Name						
1	VDDD	33	VSS	65	VSS	97	VDDIO
2	VSS	34	VDDLCD	66	VDDLCD	98	D17
3	VSS	35	LDATA17	67	LDATA11	99	D16
4	VDDIO	36	GPIO0	68	LDATA10	100	VDDIO
5	VSS	37	GPIO1	69	LDATA9	101	VSS
6	VDDD	38	GPIO2	70	LDATA8	102	VDDD
7	D0	39	GPIO3	71	LDATA7	103	D15
8	D1	40	VDDD	72	LDATA6	104	D14
9	D2	41	VSS	73	VDDD	105	D13
10	D3	42	VDDLCD	74	VSS	106	D12
11	D4	43	LFRAME	75	VDDLCD	107	D11
12	VDDIO	44	LLINE	76	LDATA5	108	VDDIO
13	VSS	45	LSHIFT	77	LDATA4	109	VSS
14	VDDD	46	VDDD	78	LDATA3	110	VDDD
15	CLK	47	VSS	79	LDATA2	111	D10
16	VDDIO	48	VDDLCD	80	LDATA1	112	D9
17	VSS	49	LDEN	81	LDATA0	113	D8
18	VDDPLL	50	TE	82	VDDD	114	D7
19	VSSPLL	51	PWM	83	VSS	115	D6
20	VSS	52	GAMAS0	84	VDDLCD	116	D5
21	VDDD	53	GAMAS1	85	LDATA19	117	VDDIO
22	XTAL_IN	54	VDDLCD	86	LDATA18	118	VSS
23	VSS	55	VSS	87	D19	119	VDDD
24	XTAL_OUT	56	VDDD	88	D18	120	R/W#(WR#)
25	VDDD	57	VSS	89	D23	121	E(RD#)
26	VSS	58	VDDLCD	90	D22	122	D/C#
27	VDDLCD	59	LDATA16	91	D21	123	CS#
28	LDATA23	60	LDATA15	92	D20	124	VDDIO
29	LDATA22	61	LDATA14	93	VDDD	125	VSS
30	LDATA21	62	LDATA13	94	VSS	126	VDDD
31	LDATA20	63	LDATA12	95	VDDIO	127	RESET#
32	VDDD	64	VDDD	96	VSS	128	CONF

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## PIN DESCRIPTIONS

**Key:** 

I = InputO =Output

IO = Bi-directional (input/output)

P = Power pin Hi-Z = High impedance

**Table 6-1: MCU Interface Pin Mapping** 

Pin Name	Туре	Reference Voltage Level	TFBGA Pin #	LQFP Pin #	Description
CLK	I	VDDIO	F9	15	TTL clock input. This pin should be tied to VSS if TTL clock input is not used
XTAL_IN	I	-	C9	22	Crystal oscillator input. This pin should be tied to VSS if not used
XTAL_OUT	О	-	В9	24	Crystal oscillator output. This pin should be floating if not used
CS#	I	VDDIO	H7	123	Chip select
D/C#	I	VDDIO	G7	122	Data/Command select
E(RD#)	I	VDDIO	F7	121	6800 mode: E (enable signal) 8080 mode: RD# (read strobe signal)
R/W#(WR#)	I	VDDIO	E7	120	6800 mode: R/W#  0: Write cycle 1: Read cycle 8080 mode: WR# (write strobe signal)
D[23:0]	Ю	VDDIO	E8, F4, F8, G1, G2, G3, G4, G5, G6, G8, G9, H1, H2, H3, H4, H5, H6, H9, J1, J2,J3, J4, J5, J6	7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 98, 99, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116	Data bus. Pins not used should be floating
TE	О	VDDLCD	A5	50	Tearing effect

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**Table 6-2: LCD Interface Pin Mapping** 

Pin Name	Type	Reference Voltage Level	TFBGA Pin #	LQFP Pin#	Description
LFRAME	О	VDDLCD	D6	43	Vertical sync (Frame pulse)
LLINE	О	VDDLCD	B6	44	Horizontal sync (Line pulse)
LSHIFT	О	VDDLCD	A6	45	Pixel clock (Pixel shift signal)
LDEN	О	VDDLCD	C6	49	Data valid
LDATA[23:0]	О	VDDLCD	A2, A3, B2, B3, B8, C2, C3, C4, C5, C7, C8, D2, D3, D4, D5, D7, D8, E1, E2, E3, E4, F1, F2, F3		RGB data
GPIO[3:0]	Ю	VDDLCD	A7, A8, A9, B7	36, 37, 38, 39	These pins can be configured for display miscellaneous signals or as general purpose I/O. Default as input
GAMAS [1:0]	О	VDDLCD	A4, B4	52, 53	Gamma selection for panel
PWM	O	VDDLCD	B5	51	PWM output for backlight driver

#### **Table 6-3: Control Signal Pin Mapping**

Pin Name	Type	Reference Voltage Level	TFBGA Pin#	LQFP Pin#	Description
RESET#	I	VDDIO	J7	127	Master synchronize reset
CONF	I	VDDIO	Н8	128	MCU interface configuration 0: 6800 Interface 1: 8080 Interface

## **Table 6-4: Power Pin Mapping**

Pin Name	Туре	TFBGA Pin #	LQFP Pin#	Description
VDDD	P	E6, F6	1, 6, 14, 21, 25, 32, 40, 46, 56, 64, 73, 82, 93, 102, 110, 119, 126	Power supply for internal digital circuit
VDDLCD	P	B1, C1	27, 34, 42, 48, 54, 58, 66, 75, 84	Power supply for LCD interface related pads
VDDPLL	P	E9	18	Power supply for internal analog circuit and analog I/O pads
VDDIO	P	<b>J</b> 9	4, 12, 16, 95, 97, 100, 108, 117, 124	Power supply for digital I/O pads
VSS	P	D1, E5, F5, J8	2, 3, 5, 13, 17, 20, 23, 26, 33, 41, 47, 55, 57, 65, 74, 83, 94, 96, 101, 109, 118, 125	Ground for internal digital circuit
VSSPLL	P	D9	19	Ground for internal analog circuit and analog I/O pads

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**Table 6-5: LCD Interface Pin Mapping** 

Pin Names	24-bit	18-bit	8-bit serial
LFRAME		FRAME	
LLINE		LINE	
LSHIFT		SHIFT	
LDEN		DEN	
LDATA23	R7	Drive 0	Drive 0
LDATA22	R6	Drive 0	Drive 0
LDATA21	R5	Drive 0	Drive 0
LDATA20	R4	Drive 0	Drive 0
LDATA19	R3	Drive 0	Drive 0
LDATA18	R2	Drive 0	Drive 0
LDATA17	R1	R5	Drive 0
LDATA16	R0	R4	Drive 0
LDATA15	G7	R3	Drive 0
LDATA14	G6	R2	Drive 0
LDATA13	G5	R1	Drive 0
LDATA12	G4	R0	Drive 0
LDATA11	G3	G5	Drive 0
LDATA10	G2	G4	Drive 0
LDATA9	G1	G3	Drive 0
LDATA8	G0	G2	Drive 0
LDATA7	B7	G1	D7
LDATA6	B6	G0	D6
LDATA5	B5	B5	D5
LDATA4	B4	B4	D4
LDATA3	В3	В3	D3
LDATA2	B2	B2	D2
LDATA1	B1	B1	D1
LDATA0	B0	B0	D0

#### Note

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<sup>(1)</sup> These pin mappings use signal names commonly used for each panel type, however signal names may differ between panel manufacturers.

#### 7 FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DESCRIPTIONS

#### 7.1 MCU Interface

The MCU interface connects the MCU and SSD1963 graphics controller. The MCU interface can be configured as 6800 mode and 8080 mode by the CONF pin. By pulling the CONF pin to VSSIO, the MCU interface will be configured as 6800 mode interface. If the CONF pin is connected to VDDIO, the MCU interface will be configure in 8080 mode.

#### 7.1.1 6800 Mode

The 6800 mode MCU interface consist of CS#, D/C#, E, R/W#, D[23:0], and TE signals (Please refer to Table 6-1 for pin multiplexed with 8080 mode). This interface supports both fixed E and clock E scheme to define a read/write cycle. If the E signal is kept high and used as enable signal, the CS# signal acts as a bus clock, the data or command will be latched into the system at the rising edge of CS#. If the user wants to use the E pin as the clock pin, the CS# pin then need to be fixed to logic 0 to select the chip. Then the falling edge of the E signal will latch the data or command. For details, please refer to the timing diagram in chapter 13.2.1.

#### 7.1.2 8080 Mode

The 8080 mode MCU interface consist of CS#, D/C#, RD#, WR#, D[23:0] and TE signals (Please refer to Table 6-1 for pin multiplexed with 6800 mode). This interface use WR# to define a write cycle and RD# for read cycle. If the WR# goes low when the CS# signal is low, the data or command will be latched into the system at the rising edge of WR#. Similarly, the read cycle will start when RD# goes low and end at the rising edge of RD#. The detailed timing will show in the chapter 13.2.2.

#### 7.1.3 Register Pin Mapping

When user access the registers via the parallel MCU interface, only D[7:0] will be used regardless the width of the pixel data is. Therefore, D[23:8] will only be used to address the display data only. This provided the possibility that the pixel data format as shown in Table 7-1 can be configured by command 0xF0.

#### 7.1.4 Pixel Data Format

Both 6800 and 8080 support 8-bit, 9-bit, 16-bit, 18-bit and 24-bit data bus. Depending on the width of the data bus, the display data are packed into the data bus in different ways.

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**Table 7-1: Pixel Data Format** 

Interface	Cycle	D[23]	D[22]	D[21]	D[20]	D[19]	D[18]	D[17]	D[16]	D[15]	D[14]	D[13]	D[12]	D[11]	D[10]	D[9]	D[8]	D[7]	D[6]	D[5]	D[4]	D[3]	D[2]	D[1]	D[0]
24 bits	1 <sup>st</sup>	R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В7	В6	B5	В4	В3	B2	В1	В0
18 bits	1 <sup>st</sup>							R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B5	В4	В3	B2	B1	В0
16 bits (565 format)	1 <sup>st</sup>									R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B5	В4	В3	B2	В1
	1 <sup>st</sup>									R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0
16 bits	2 <sup>nd</sup>									В7	В6	B5	В4	В3	B2	B1	В0	R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0
	3 <sup>rd</sup>									G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В7	В6	B5	В4	В3	B2	B1	В0
12 bits	1 <sup>st</sup>													R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4
12 Dits	2 <sup>nd</sup>													G3	G2	G1	G0	В7	В6	B5	В4	В3	B2	B1	В0
9 bits	1 <sup>st</sup>																R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G5	G4	G3
9 DILS	2 <sup>nd</sup>																G2	G1	G0	B5	В4	В3	B2	B1	В0
	1 <sup>st</sup>																	R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0
8 bits	2 <sup>nd</sup>																	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0
	3 <sup>rd</sup>																	В7	В6	B5	В4	В3	B2	B1	В0

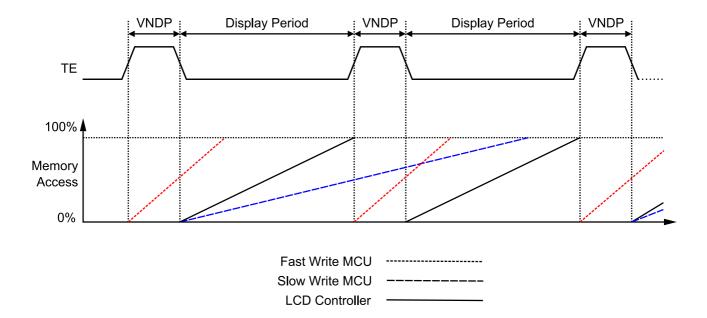
### 7.1.5 Tearing Effect Signal (TE)

The Tearing Effect Signal (TE) is a feedback signal from the LCD Controller to MCU. This signal reveals the display status of LCD controller. In the non-display period, the TE signal will go high. Therefore, this signal enables the MCU to send data by observing the non-display period to avoid tearing.

Figure 7-1 shows how the TE signal helps to avoid tearing. If the MCU writing speed is slower than the display speed, the display data should be updated after the LCD controller start to scan the frame buffer. Then the LCD controller will always display the old memory content until the next frame. However, if the MCU is faster than the LCD controller, it should start updating the display content in the vertical non-display period (VNDP) to enable the LCD controller will always get the newly updated data.

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Figure 7-1: Relationship between Tearing Effect Signal and MCU Memory Writing



In SSD1963, users can configure the TE signal to reflect the vertical non-display period only or reflect both vertical and horizontal non-display period. With the additional horizontal non-display period information, the MCU can control the refresh action in more accurately by counting the horizontal line scanned by the LCD controller. Usually, a fast MCU will not need horizontal non-display period. But a slow MCU will need it to ensure the frame buffer update process always lags behind the LCD controller.

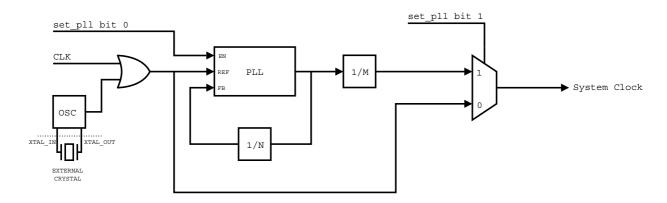
#### 7.2 System Clock Generation

The system clock of SSD1963 is generated by the built-in PLL. The reference clock of the PLL can come from either the CLK pin or the external crystal oscillator. Since the CLK pin and the output of the oscillator was connected to PLL with an "OR" gate, the unused clock must be tied to VSS.

Before the PLL output is configured as the system clock by the bit 1 of "set\_pll" command 0xE0, the system will be clocked by the reference clock. This enables the user to send the "set\_pll\_mm" command 0xE2 to the PLL for frequency configuration. When the PLL frequency is configured and the PLL was enabled with the bit 0 of "set\_pll" command 0xE0, the user should still wait for 100ms for the PLL to lock. Then the PLL is ready and can be configured as system clock with the bit 1 of "set\_pll" command 0xE0.

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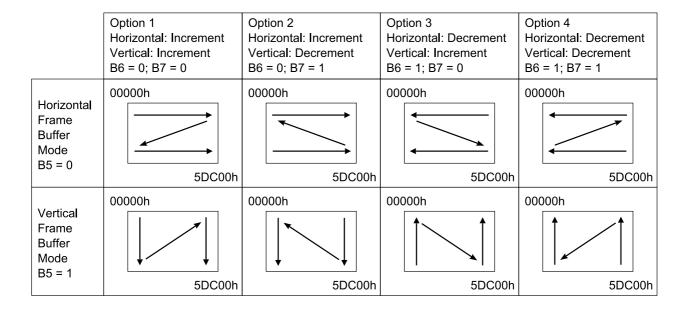
Figure 7-2: Clock Control Diagram



#### 7.3 Frame Buffer

There are 1215K bytes built-in SRAM inside SSD1963 to use as frame buffer. When the frame buffer is written or read, the "address counter" will automatically increase by one or decrease by one depends on the frame buffer settings.

Table 7-2: Frame Buffer Settings regarding to set\_address\_mode command 0x36

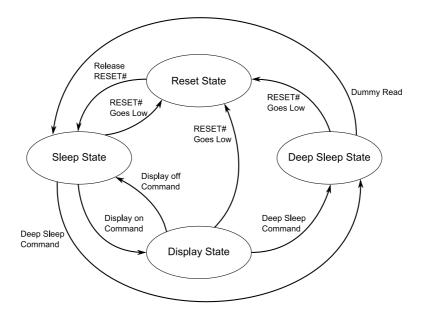


### 7.4 System Clock and Reset Manager

The "System Clock and Reset Manager" distributes the reset signal and clock signal to the entire system. It controls the Clock Generator and contains clock gating circuitry to turn on and off the clock of each functional module. Also, it divides the root clock from Clock Generator to operation clocks for different module. The System Clock and Reset Manager also manage the reset signals to ensure all the module are reset to appropriate status when the system are in reset state, deep sleep state, sleep state and display state. Figure 7-3 shows a state diagram of four operation states of SSD1963.

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Figure 7-3: State Diagram of SSD1963



Reset State: Clock Generator Stop Unable to Receive Command Unable to Update Frame Buffer Unable to Update Frame Buffer Display Off All Settings Reset

Deep Sleep State: Clock Generator Stop Unable to Receive Command Display Off All Settings Retain

Sleep State: Clock Generator On Able to Receive Command Able to Update Frame Buffer Display Off All Settings Retain

Display State: Clock Generator On Able to Receive Command Able to Update Frame Buffer Display On All Settings Retain

#### 7.5 **LCD Controller**

#### 7.5.1 Display Format

The LCD controller reads the frame buffer and generates display signals according to the selected display panel format. SSD1963 supports common RAM-less TFT driver using generic RGB data format.

#### 7.5.2 **General Purpose Input/Output (GPIO)**

The GPIO pins can operate in 2 modes, GPIO mode and miscellaneous display signal mode. When the pins are configured as GPIOs, these pins can be controlled directly by MCU. Therefore, user can use these pins to emulate other interface such as SPI or I2C. If these pins are configured as display signals, they will toggle with display periodically according to the signal settings. They can be set to toggle once a frame, once a line or in arbitrary period. Therefore they can be configured as some common signal needed for different panels such as STH or LP.

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## **8 COMMAND TABLE**

Hex Code	Command	Description
0x00	nop	No operation
0x01	soft_reset	Software Reset
0x0A	get_power_mode	Get the current power mode
0x0B	get_address_mode	Get the frame buffer to the display panel read order
0x0C	Reserved	Reserved
0x0D	get_display_mode	The SSD1963 returns the Display Image Mode.
0x0E	get_tear_effect_status	Get the Tear Effect status
0x0F	Reserved	Reserved
0x10	enter_sleep_mode	Turn off the panel. This command will pull low the GPIO0. If GPIO0 is configured as normal GPIO or LCD miscellaneous signal with command set_gpio_conf, this command will be ignored.
0x11	exit_sleep_mode	Turn on the panel. This command will pull high the GPIO0. If GPIO0 is configured as normal GPIO or LCD miscellaneous signal with command set_gpio_conf, this command will be ignored.
0x12	enter_partial_mode	Part of the display area is used for image display.
0x13	enter_normal_mode	The whole display area is used for image display.
0x20	exit_invert_mode	Displayed image colors are not inverted.
0x21	enter_invert_mode	Displayed image colors are inverted.
0x26	set_gamma_curve	Selects the gamma curve used by the display panel.
0x28	set_display_off	Blanks the display panel
0x29	set_display_on	Show the image on the display panel
0x2A	set_column_address	Set the column address
0x2B	set_page_address	Set the page address
0x2C	write_memory_start	Transfer image information from the host processor interface to the SSD1963 starting at the location provided by set_column_address and set_page_address
0x2E	read_memory_start	Transfer image data from the SSD1963 to the host processor interface starting at the location provided by set_column_address and set_page_address
0x30	set_partial_area	Defines the partial display area on the display panel
0x33	set_scroll_area	Defines the vertical scrolling and fixed area on display area
0x34	set_tear_off	Synchronization information is not sent from the SSD1963 to the host processor
0x35	set_tear_on	Synchronization information is sent from the SSD1963 to the host processor at the start of VFP
0x36	set_address_mode	Set the read order from frame buffer to the display panel
0x37	set_scroll_start	Defines the vertical scrolling starting point
0x38	exit_idle_mode	Full color depth is used for the display panel
0x39	enter_idle_mode	Reduce color depth is used on the display panel.
0x3A	Reserved	Reserved
0x3C	write_memory_continue	Transfer image information from the host processor interface to the SSD1963 from the last written location
0x3E	read_memory_continue	Read image data from the SSD1963 continuing after the last read_memory_continue or read_memory_start

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Synchronization information is sent from the SSD1963 to the host processor when the display panel refresh reaches the provided scanline  0x45 get_scanline  0x48 Reserved  0x80 set_led_mode  0x81 get_led_mode  0x81 get_led_mode  0x81 get_led_mode  0x82 set_hori_period  0x83 get_hori_period  0x85 get_hori_period  0x86 set_vert_period  0x86 set_vert_period  0x87 get_vert_period  0x87 get_vert_period  0x88 set_gpio_conf  0x88 set_gpio_conf  0x88 set_gpio_conf  0x89 get_gpio_status  0x80 get_gpio_status  0x80 set_post_proc  0x80 set_led_gen0  0x80 set_post_proc  0x80 set_led_gen0  0x80 set_post_proc  0x80 set_post_pr	Hex Code	Command	Description
Dost processor when the display panel refresh reaches the provided scanline			
OxA1 read_ddb Read the DDB from the provided location OxA8 Reserved Reserved OxB0 set_lcd_mode_ Get the current LCD panel mode, pad strength and resolution OxB1 get_lcd_mode Get the current LCD panel mode, pad strength and resolution OxB1 set_hori_period Get from the provided location OxB2 set_hori_period Get the current LCD panel mode, pad strength and resolution OxB3 get_hori_period Get current front porch settings OxB6 set_vert_period next_LFRAME pulse OxB7 get_vert_period Set the vertical blanking interval between last scan line and next_LFRAME pulse OxB8 set_gpio_conf Set the vertical blanking interval between last scan line and next_LFRAME pulse OxB8 set_gpio_conf Get the current GPIO configuration. If the GPIO is not used for LCD, set the direction. Otherwise, they are toggled with LCD signals. OxB9 get_gpio_status Set GPIO value for GPIO configuration OxBA set_gpio_value Set GPIO value for GPIO configuration OxBB get_gpio_status configured as input, the value is the status of the corresponding pin. Otherwise, it is the programmed value. OxBC set_post_proc Set the image post processor OxBB get_pwm_conf Set the image post processor OxBB set_pwm_conf Set the image post processor OxBC set_lcd_gen0 Set the image post processor OxC0 set_lcd_gen0 Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 0 OxC1 get_lcd_gen0 Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 1 OxC2 set_lcd_gen1 Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 1 OxC3 get_lcd_gen2 Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 1 OxC4 set_lcd_gen2 Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 2 OxC5 get_lcd_gen3 Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 2 OxC6 set_lcd_gen3 Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 3 OxC7 get_lcd_gen3 Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 3 Set the GPIO with respect to the LCD signal generator susing ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO1 is configured as general GPIO. OxC8 get_gpio1_rop Get the GPIO0 properties with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effe	0x44	set_tear_scanline	
0xA1         read_ddb         Read the DDB from the provided location           0xA8         Reserved         Reserved           0xB0         Set_lod_mode         Set the LCD panel mode, pad strength and resolution           0xB1         get_lori_period         Get the current LCD panel mode, pad strength and resolution           0xB4         set_hori_period         Get tourrent front porch settings           0xB6         set_vert_period         Get current front porch settings           0xB7         get_vert_period         Set the vertical blanking interval between last scan line and next LFRAME pulse           0xB8         set_gpio_conf         Set the GPIO configuration. If the GPIO is not used for LCD, set the direction. Otherwise, they are toggled with LCD signals.           0xB8         set_gpio_conf         Get the current GPIO configuration           0xBA         set_gpio_status         Set GPIO value for GPIO configuration           0xBB         get_gpio_status         Read current GPIO status. If the individual GPIO was configured as input, the value is the status of the corresponding pin. Otherwise, it is the programmed value.           0xBB         get_post_proc         Set the image post processor           0xBB         get_post_proc         Set the image post processor           0xBB         get_post_proc         Set the image post processor           0xBB         <			provided scanline
0xA8         Reserved         Reserved           0xB0         set_led_mode	0x45	get_scanline	Get the current scan line
0xB0         set_led_mode_ 0xB1         Set the LCD panel mode and resolution 0xB4 set_hori_period         Set the current LCD panel mode, pad strength and resolution 0xB5         get_lori_period         Set front porch 0xB5         Set front porch 0xB5         Set front porch 0xB6         Set_hori_period 0xB6         Set front porch 0xB7         Set front porch 0xB6	0xA1	read_ddb	Read the DDB from the provided location
0xB1         get_led_mode         Get the current LCD panel mode, pad strength and resolution           0xB4         set_hori_period         Set fron porch           0xB5         get_hori_period         Get current front porch settings           0xB6         set_vert_period         Set the vertical blanking interval between last scan line and next LFRAME pulse           0xB7         get_vert_period         Set the vertical blanking interval between last scan line and next LFRAME pulse           0xB8         set_gpio_conf         Set the GPIO configuration. If the GPIO is not used for LCD, set the direction. Otherwise, they are toggled with LCD signals.           0xB9         get_gpio_conf         Get the current GPIO configuration           0xBA         set gpio_value         Set GPIO value for GPIO configured as output           0xBB         get_gpio_status         Set GPIO value for GPIO configured as output           0xBB         get_post_proc         Set the image post processor           0xBD         get_post_proc         Set the image post processor           0xBD         get_post_proc         Set the image post processor           0xBF         get_led_gen0         Set the image post processor           0xC0         set_led_gen0         Set the image post processor           0xC1         get_led_gen1         Set the current settings of LCD signal generator 0 <td>0xA8</td> <td>Reserved</td> <td>Reserved</td>	0xA8	Reserved	Reserved
0xB4         set_hori_period         Set front porch           0xB5         get_hori_period         Get current front porch settings           0xB6         set_vert_period         Set the vertical blanking interval between last scan line and next LFRAME pulse           0xB7         get_vert_period         Set the vertical blanking interval between last scan line and next LFRAME pulse           0xB8         set_gpio_conf         Set the GPIO configuration. If the GPIO is not used for LCD, set the direction. Otherwise, they are toggled with LCD signals.           0xB9         get_gpio_conf         Get the current GPIO configured as output           0xBA         set_gpio_value         Set GPIO value for GPIO configured as output           0xBB         get_gpio_status         Set GPIO value for GPIO configured as output           0xBB         get_gpio_status         Set GPIO value for GPIO configured as output           0xBB         get_gpio_status         Set GPIO value for GPIO configured as output           0xBB         get_gpio_status         Set GPIO value for GPIO configured as output           0xBB         get_gpio_status         Set GPIO value for GPIO configured as output           0xBB         get_gpio_status         Set GPIO value for GPIO configured as output           0xBB         get_gpio_status         Set GPIO value for GPIO configured as output           0xBB	0xB0	set_lcd_mode_	Set the LCD panel mode and resolution
0xB5         get_hori_period         Get current front porch settings           0xB6         set_vert_period         Set the vertical blanking interval between last scan line and next LFRAME pulse           0xB7         get_vert_period         Set the vertical blanking interval between last scan line and next LFRAME pulse           0xB8         set_gpio_conf         Set the GPIO configuration. If the GPIO is not used for LCD, set the direction. Otherwise, they are toggled with LCD signals.           0xB9         get_gpio_conf         Get the current GPIO configured as output           0xBA         set_gpio_value         Set GPIO value for GPIO configured as output           0xBB         get_gpio_status         Read current GPIO status. If the individual GPIO was configured as input, the value is the status of the corresponding pin. Otherwise, it is the programmed value.           0xBC         set_post_proc         Set the image post processor           0xBB         get_post_proc         Set the image post processor           0xBB         get_post_proc         Set the image post processor           0xBB         get_post_pornof         Set the image post processor           0xBB         get_post_pornof         Set the image post processor           0xBB         get_post_pornof         Set the image post processor           0xBB         get_post_post_pornof         Set the image post processor	0xB1	get_lcd_mode	
0xB6         set_vert_period         Set the vertical blanking interval between last scan line and next LFRAME pulse           0xB7         get_vert_period         Set the vertical blanking interval between last scan line and next LFRAME pulse           0xB8         set_gpio_conf         Set the GPIO configuration. If the GPIO is not used for LCD, set the direction. Otherwise, they are toggled with LCD signals.           0xB9         get_gpio_conf         Get the current GPIO configured as output           0xBA         set_gpio_value         Set GPIO value for GPIO configured as output           0xBB         get_gpio_status         Read current GPIO status. If the individual GPIO was configured as input, the value is the status of the corresponding pin. Otherwise, it is the programmed value.           0xBB         set_post_proc         Set the image post processor           0xBB         set_post_proc         Set the image post processor           0xBF         get_pmm_conf         Set the image post processor           0xBF         get_pmm_conf         Set the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 0           0xC1         get_lcd_gen0         Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 1           0xC2         set_lcd_gen1         Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 1           0xC3         get_lcd_gen1         Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 2           0xC4		*	
0xB7         set_vert_period         next LFRAME pulse           0xB7         get_vert_period         Set the vertical blanking interval between last scan line and next LFRAME pulse           0xB8         set_gpio_conf         Set the GPIO configuration. If the GPIO is not used for LCD, set the direction. Otherwise, they are toggled with LCD signal generators using ROP operation.           0xB9         get_gpio_conf         Get the current GPIO configuration           0xBA         set_gpio_value         Set GPIO value for GPIO configured as output           0xBB         get_gpio_status         Set GPIO value for GPIO configured as output           0xBB         get_gpio_status         configured as input, the value is the status of the corresponding pin. Otherwise, it is the programmed value.           0xBC         set_post_proc         Set the image post processor           0xBB         get_post_proc         Set the image post processor           0xBB         get_post_post_proc         Set the image post processor           0xBB         get_get_lod_gen0         Set the inse, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 1           0xC1 <t< td=""><td>0xB5</td><td>get_hori_period</td><td></td></t<>	0xB5	get_hori_period	
Set the vertical blanking interval between last scan line and next LFRAME pulse     Set the vertical blanking interval between last scan line and next LFRAME pulse     Set the GPIO configuration. If the GPIO is not used for LCD, set the direction. Otherwise, they are toggled with LCD signals.     OxB9	0xB6	set vert period	
next LFRAME pulse			-
Set the GPIO configuration. If the GPIO is not used for LCD, set the direction. Otherwise, they are toggled with LCD signals.    OxB9	0xB7	get vert period	
0xB8         set_gpio_conf         set the direction. Otherwise, they are toggled with LCD signals.           0xB9         get_gpio_conf         Get the current GPIO configuration           0xBA         set_gpio_value         Set GPIO value for GPIO configured as output           0xBB         get_gpio_status         Read current GPIO status. If the individual GPIO was configured as input, the value is the status of the corresponding pin. Otherwise, it is the programmed value.           0xBC         set_post_proc         Set the image post processor           0xBB         get_post_proc         Set the image post processor           0xBE         set_pwm_conf         Set the image post processor           0xC0         set_led_gen0         Set the image post processor           0xC1         get_led_gen0         Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 0           0xC2         set_led_gen0         Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 0           0xC3         get_led_gen1         Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 1           0xC3         get_led_gen1         Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 1           0xC4         set_led_gen2         Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 2           0xC5         get_led_gen3         Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 3           0xC6         set_led_gen3			*
Signals   Set gpio_conf   Get the current GPIO configuration	0.00		
0xB9         get_gpio_conf         Get the current GPIO configuration           0xBA         set_gpio_value         Set GPIO value for GPIO configured as output           0xBB         get_gpio_status         Read current GPIO status. If the individual GPIO was configured as input, the value is the status of the corresponding pin. Otherwise, it is the programmed value.           0xBC         set_post_proc         Set the image post processor           0xBD         get_post_proc         Set the image post processor           0xBE         set_pwm_conf         Set the image post processor           0xC0         set_lcd_gen0         Set the image post processor           0xC1         get_led_gen0         Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 0           0xC2         set_lcd_gen1         Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 1           0xC3         get_lcd_gen1         Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 1           0xC4         set_lcd_gen2         Set the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 2           0xC5         get_lcd_gen3         Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 2           0xC6         set_lcd_gen3         Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 3           0xC7         get_get_dea         Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 3           0xC8         set_gpio0_rop	UXB8	set_gp1o_conf	
0xBA         set_gpio_value         Set GPIO value for GPIO configured as output           0xBB         get_gpio_status         Read current GPIO status. If the individual GPIO was configured as input, the value is the status of the corresponding pin. Otherwise, it is the programmed value.           0xBC         set_post_proc         Set the image post processor           0xBD         get_post_proc         Set the image post processor           0xBF         get_pwm_conf         Set the image post processor           0xC0         set_lcd_gen0         Set the irise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 0           0xC1         get_lcd_gen0         Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 0           0xC2         set_lcd_gen1         Set the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 1           0xC3         get_lcd_gen1         Set the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 2           0xC4         set_lcd_gen2         Set the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 2           0xC5         get_lcd_gen2         Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 2           0xC6         set_lcd_gen3         Set the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 3           0xC7         get_lcd_gen3         Set the GPIO with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO0 is configured as general G	OvBO	get gnio conf	
Read current GPIO status. If the individual GPIO was configured as input, the value is the status of the corresponding pin. Otherwise, it is the programmed value.    OxBC			· ·
0xBB         get_gpio_status         configured as input, the value is the status of the corresponding pin. Otherwise, it is the programmed value.           0xBC         set_post_proc         Set the image post processor           0xBD         get_post_proc         Set the image post processor           0xBE         set_pwm_conf         Set the image post processor           0xBF         get_pwm_conf         Set the image post processor           0xC0         set_lcd_gen0         Set the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 0           0xC1         get_lcd_gen1         Set the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 1           0xC3         get_lcd_gen1         Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 1           0xC4         set_lcd_gen2         Set the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 2           0xC5         get_lcd_gen3         Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 2           0xC6         set_lcd_gen3         Get the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 3           0xC7         get_lcd_gen3         Get the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 3           0xC8         set_gpio0_rop         Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 3           0xC8         get_gpio0_rop         Get the GPIO0 properties with respect to the LCD signal	UNDA	sct_gpio_varue	9 1
corresponding pin. Otherwise, it is the programmed value.  0xBC set_post_proc Set the image post processor  0xBD get_post_proc Set the image post processor  0xBE set_pwm_conf Set the image post processor  0xBF get_pwm_conf Set the image post processor  0xC0 set_lcd_gen0 Set the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 0  0xC1 get_lcd_gen0 Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 0  0xC2 set_lcd_gen1 Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 1  0xC3 get_lcd_gen1 Get the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 1  0xC4 set_lcd_gen2 Get the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 2  0xC5 get_lcd_gen2 Get the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 2  0xC6 set_lcd_gen3 Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 2  0xC6 set_lcd_gen3 Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 3  0xC7 get_lcd_gen3 Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 3  0xC8 set_gpio0_rop Get the GPIO0 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO0 is configured as general GPIO.  0xCB get_gpio1_rop Get the GPIO1 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO1 is configured as general GPIO.  0xCB get_gpio1_rop Get the GPIO1 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO1 is configured as general GPIO.  0xCB get_gpio1_rop Get the GPIO2 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO1 is configured as general GPIO.  0xCB set_gpio2_rop Set the GPIO2 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO2 is configured as general GPIO.	0xBB	get gnio status	
0xBC         set_post_proc         Set the image post processor           0xBD         get_post_proc         Set the image post processor           0xBE         set_pwm_conf         Set the image post processor           0xBF         get_pwm_conf         Set the image post processor           0xC0         set_lcd_gen0         Set the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 0           0xC1         get_lcd_gen1         Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 1           0xC3         get_lcd_gen1         Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 1           0xC4         set_lcd_gen2         Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 1           0xC5         get_lcd_gen2         Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 2           0xC6         set_lcd_gen3         Set the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 3           0xC7         get_lcd_gen3         Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 3           0xC8         set_gpio0_gen3         Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 3           0xC8         set_gpio0_rop         Get the GPIO0 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO0 is configured as general GPIO.           0xCA         get_gpio1_rop         Get the GPIO1 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO1 is configured	OADD	get_spro_status	
0xBD         get_post_proc         Set the image post processor           0xBE         set_pwm_conf         Set the image post processor           0xBF         get_pwm_conf         Set the image post processor           0xC0         set_lcd_gen0         Set the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 0           0xC1         get_lcd_gen1         Set the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 1           0xC3         get_lcd_gen1         Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 1           0xC4         set_lcd_gen2         Set the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 2           0xC5         get_lcd_gen2         Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 2           0xC6         set_lcd_gen3         Set the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 3           0xC7         get_lcd_gen3         Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 3           0xC8         set_gpio0_rop         Set the GPIO0 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO0 is configured as general GPIO.           0xC9         get_gpio1_rop         Get the GPIO1 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO1 is configured as general GPIO.           0xCB         get_gpio1_rop         Get the GPIO2 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO2 i	0xBC	set post proc	
0xBE         set_pwm_conf         Set the image post processor           0xBF         get_pwm_conf         Set the image post processor           0xC0         set_lcd_gen0         Set the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 0           0xC1         get_lcd_gen0         Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 0           0xC2         set_lcd_gen1         Set the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 1           0xC3         get_lcd_gen1         Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 1           0xC4         set_lcd_gen2         Set the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 2           0xC5         get_lcd_gen3         Set the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 3           0xC6         set_lcd_gen3         Set the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 3           0xC7         get_lcd_gen3         Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 3           0xC8         set_gpio0_rop         Set the GPIO0 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO0 is configured as general GPIO.           0xC9         get_gpio1_rop         Get the GPIO1 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO1 is configured as general GPIO.           0xCB         get_gpio1_rop         Get the GPIO2 with respect to the LCD signal generator			
0xBF         get_pwm_conf         Set the image post processor           0xC0         set_lcd_gen0         Set the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 0           0xC1         get_lcd_gen0         Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 0           0xC2         set_lcd_gen1         Set the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 1           0xC3         get_lcd_gen1         Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 1           0xC4         set_lcd_gen2         Set the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 2           0xC5         get_lcd_gen3         Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 2           0xC6         set_lcd_gen3         Set the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 3           0xC7         get_lcd_gen3         Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 3           0xC8         set_gpio0_rop         Set the GPIO0 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO0 is configured as general GPIO.           0xCA         set_gpio1_rop         Set the GPIO1 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO1 is configured as general GPIO.           0xCB         get_gpio1_rop         Get the GPIO1 properties with respect to the LCD signal generators.           0xCC         set_gpio2_rop         Set the GPIO2 with respect to the LCD si		i	
0xC0         set_lcd_gen0         Set the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 0           0xC1         get_lcd_gen0         Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 0           0xC2         set_lcd_gen1         Set the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 1           0xC3         get_lcd_gen1         Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 1           0xC4         set_lcd_gen2         Set the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 2           0xC5         get_lcd_gen2         Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 2           0xC6         set_lcd_gen3         Set the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 3           0xC7         get_lcd_gen3         Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 3           0xC8         set_gpio0_gen         Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 3           0xC8         set_gpio0_rop         Set the GPIO0 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO0 is configured as general GPIO.           0xCA         set_gpio1_rop         Get the GPIO1 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO1 is configured as general GPIO.           0xCB         get_gpio1_rop         Get the GPIO1 properties with respect to the LCD signal generators.           0xCC         set_gpio2_rop         Set the GPIO2 wit		•	<u> </u>
0xC0         set_lcd_gen0         Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 0           0xC2         set_lcd_gen1         Set the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 1           0xC3         get_lcd_gen1         Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 1           0xC4         set_lcd_gen2         Set the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 2           0xC5         get_lcd_gen2         Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 2           0xC6         set_lcd_gen3         Set the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 3           0xC7         get_lcd_gen3         Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 3           0xC8         set_gpio0_rop         Set the GPIO0 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO0 is configured as general GPIO.           0xC9         get_gpio1_rop         Get the GPIO1 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO1 is configured as general GPIO.           0xCB         get_gpio1_rop         Get the GPIO1 properties with respect to the LCD signal generators.           0xCB         get_gpio2_rop         Get the GPIO2 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO2 is configured as generators.			
0xC2       set_lcd_gen1       Set the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 1         0xC3       get_lcd_gen1       Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 1         0xC4       set_lcd_gen2       Set the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 2         0xC5       get_lcd_gen2       Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 2         0xC6       set_lcd_gen3       Set the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 3         0xC7       get_lcd_gen3       Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 3         0xC8       set_gpio0_rop       Set the GPIO0 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO0 is configured as general GPIO.         0xC9       get_gpio1_rop       Get the GPIO1 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO1 is configured as general GPIO.         0xCB       get_gpio1_rop       Get the GPIO1 properties with respect to the LCD signal generators.         0xCB       get_gpio1_rop       Get the GPIO1 properties with respect to the LCD signal generators.         0xCC       set_gpio2_rop       Set the GPIO2 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO2 is configured as generators.	0xC0	set_lcd_gen0	
0xC2       set_lcd_gen1       generator 1         0xC3       get_lcd_gen1       Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 1         0xC4       set_lcd_gen2       Set the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 2         0xC5       get_lcd_gen2       Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 2         0xC6       set_lcd_gen3       Set the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 3         0xC7       get_lcd_gen3       Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 3         0xC8       set_gpio0_rop       Set the GPIO0 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO0 is configured as general GPIO.         0xC9       get_gpio1_rop       Get the GPIO1 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO1 is configured as general GPIO.         0xCB       get_gpio1_rop       Get the GPIO1 properties with respect to the LCD signal generators.         0xCB       get_gpio2_rop       Get the GPIO2 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO2 is configured as generators.	0xC1	get_lcd_gen0	Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 0
OxC3 get_lcd_gen1 Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 1  OxC4 set_lcd_gen2 Set the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 2  OxC5 get_lcd_gen2 Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 2  OxC6 set_lcd_gen3 Set the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 3  OxC7 get_lcd_gen3 Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 3  OxC8 set_gpio0_rop Set_gpio0_rop Set_gpio0_rop Set_gpio0_rop Set_gpio0_rop Set_gpio1_rop Set_gpio2_rop S	OvC2	set led gen1	Set the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal
0xC4       set_lcd_gen2       Set the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 2         0xC5       get_lcd_gen2       Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 2         0xC6       set_lcd_gen3       Set the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 3         0xC7       get_lcd_gen3       Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 3         0xC8       set_gpio0_rop       Set the GPIO0 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO0 is configured as general GPIO.         0xC9       get_gpio0_rop       Get the GPIO0 properties with respect to the LCD signal generators.         0xCA       set_gpio1_rop       Set the GPIO1 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO1 is configured as general GPIO.         0xCB       get_gpio1_rop       Get the GPIO1 properties with respect to the LCD signal generators.         0xCC       set_gpio2_rop       Set the GPIO2 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO2 is configured as generators.	UACZ	sct_icu_gciii	generator 1
0xC4       set_lcd_gen2       generator 2         0xC5       get_lcd_gen2       Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 2         0xC6       set_lcd_gen3       Set the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 3         0xC7       get_lcd_gen3       Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 3         0xC8       set_gpio0_rop       Set the GPIO0 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO0 is configured as general GPIO.         0xC9       get_gpio1_rop       Set the GPIO1 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO1 is configured as general GPIO.         0xCB       get_gpio1_rop       Get the GPIO1 properties with respect to the LCD signal generators.         0xCC       set_gpio2_rop       Set the GPIO2 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO2 is configured as using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO2 is configured as using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO2 is configured as	0xC3	get_lcd_gen1	Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 1
OxC5 get_lcd_gen2 Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 2  OxC6 set_lcd_gen3 Set the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 3  OxC7 get_lcd_gen3 Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 3  Set the GPIO0 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO0 is configured as general GPIO.  OxC9 get_gpio0_rop Get the GPIO0 properties with respect to the LCD signal generators.  Set the GPIO1 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO1 is configured as general GPIO.  OxCB get_gpio1_rop Get the GPIO1 properties with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO1 is configured as general GPIO.  OxCB get_gpio1_rop Get the GPIO1 properties with respect to the LCD signal generators.  Set the GPIO2 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO2 is configured as using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO2 is configured as	0xC4	set 1cd gen2	
0xC6       set_lcd_gen3       Set the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 3         0xC7       get_lcd_gen3       Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 3         0xC8       set_gpio0_rop       Set the GPIO0 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO0 is configured as general GPIO.         0xC9       get_gpio0_rop       Get the GPIO0 properties with respect to the LCD signal generators.         0xCA       set_gpio1_rop       Set the GPIO1 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO1 is configured as general GPIO.         0xCB       get_gpio1_rop       Get the GPIO1 properties with respect to the LCD signal generators.         0xCC       set_gpio2_rop       Set the GPIO2 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO2 is configured as using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO2 is configured as		-	· ·
0xC6       set_lcd_gen3       generator 3         0xC7       get_lcd_gen3       Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 3         0xC8       set_gpio0_rop       Set the GPIO0 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO0 is configured as general GPIO.         0xC9       get_gpio0_rop       Get the GPIO0 properties with respect to the LCD signal generators.         0xCA       set_gpio1_rop       Set the GPIO1 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO1 is configured as general GPIO.         0xCB       get_gpio1_rop       Get the GPIO1 properties with respect to the LCD signal generators.         0xCC       set_gpio2_rop       Set the GPIO2 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO2 is configured as	0xC5	get_lcd_gen2	
0xC7       get_lcd_gen3       Get the current settings of LCD signal generator 3         0xC8       set_gpio0_rop       Set the GPIO0 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO0 is configured as general GPIO.         0xC9       get_gpio0_rop       Get the GPIO0 properties with respect to the LCD signal generators.         0xCA       set_gpio1_rop       Set the GPIO1 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO1 is configured as general GPIO.         0xCB       get_gpio1_rop       Get the GPIO1 properties with respect to the LCD signal generators.         0xCC       set_gpio2_rop       Set the GPIO2 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO2 is configured as	0xC6	set lcd gen3	
Set the GPIO0 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO0 is configured as general GPIO.  OxC9 get_gpio0_rop Get the GPIO0 properties with respect to the LCD signal generators.  Set the GPIO1 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO1 is configured as general GPIO.  OxCB get_gpio1_rop Get the GPIO1 properties with respect to the LCD signal generators.  Set the GPIO1 properties with respect to the LCD signal generators.  Set the GPIO2 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO2 is configured as			
0xC8       set_gpio0_rop       using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO0 is configured as general GPIO.         0xC9       get_gpio0_rop       Get the GPIO0 properties with respect to the LCD signal generators.         0xCA       set_gpio1_rop       Set the GPIO1 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO1 is configured as general GPIO.         0xCB       get_gpio1_rop       Get the GPIO1 properties with respect to the LCD signal generators.         0xCC       set_gpio2_rop       Set the GPIO2 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO2 is configured as	0xC/	get_lcd_gen3	
general GPIO.  OxC9  get_gpio0_rop  Get the GPIO0 properties with respect to the LCD signal generators.  Set the GPIO1 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO1 is configured as general GPIO.  OxCB  get_gpio1_rop  Get the GPIO1 properties with respect to the LCD signal generators.  Get the GPIO1 properties with respect to the LCD signal generators.  Set the GPIO2 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO2 is configured as	0	set anion ren	
0xC9       get_gpio0_rop       Get the GPIO0 properties with respect to the LCD signal generators.         0xCA       set_gpio1_rop       Set the GPIO1 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO1 is configured as general GPIO.         0xCB       get_gpio1_rop       Get the GPIO1 properties with respect to the LCD signal generators.         0xCC       set_gpio2_rop       Set the GPIO2 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO2 is configured as	UXCo	set_gpioo_top	
0xC9       get_gpio0_rop       generators.         0xCA       set_gpio1_rop       Set the GPIO1 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO1 is configured as general GPIO.         0xCB       get_gpio1_rop       Get the GPIO1 properties with respect to the LCD signal generators.         0xCC       set_gpio2_rop       Set the GPIO2 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO2 is configured as			
OxCA set_gpio1_rop Set the GPIO1 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO1 is configured as general GPIO.  OxCB get_gpio1_rop Get the GPIO1 properties with respect to the LCD signal generators.  Set the GPIO2 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO2 is configured as	0xC9	get_gpio0_rop	* *
0xCA       set_gpio1_rop       using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO1 is configured as general GPIO.         0xCB       get_gpio1_rop       Get the GPIO1 properties with respect to the LCD signal generators.         0xCC       set_gpio2_rop       Set the GPIO2 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO2 is configured as			
general GPIO.  OxCB get_gpio1_rop Get the GPIO1 properties with respect to the LCD signal generators.  Set the GPIO2 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO2 is configured as	0xCA	set gpio1 rop	
9xCB get_gpio1_rop generators.  Set the GPIO2 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO2 is configured as			• •
9xCB get_gpio1_rop generators.  Set the GPIO2 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO2 is configured as	0.00		
0xCC set_gpio2_rop using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO2 is configured as	OXCB	get_gp101_rop	* *
0xCC set_gpio2_rop using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO2 is configured as			Set the GPIO2 with respect to the LCD signal generators
general GPIO.	0xCC	set_gpio2_rop	using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO2 is configured as
			general GPIO.

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Hex Code	Command	Description
0xCD	get_gpio2_rop	Get the GPIO2 properties with respect to the LCD signal generators.
0xCE	set_gpio3_rop	Set the GPIO3 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO3 is configured as general GPIO.
0xCF	get_gpio3_rop	Get the GPIO3 properties with respect to the LCD signal generators.
0xD0	set_dbc_conf	Set the dynamic back light configuration
0xD1	get_dbc_conf	Get the current dynamic back light configuration
0xD4	set_dbc_th	Set the threshold for each level of power saving
0xD5	get_dbc_th	Get the threshold for each level of power saving
0xE0	set_pll	Start the PLL. Before the start, the system was operated with the crystal oscillator or clock input
0xE2	set_pll_mn	Set the PLL
0xE3	get_pll_mn	Get the PLL settings
0xE4	get_pll_status	Get the current PLL status
0xE5	set_deep_sleep	Set deep sleep mode
0xE6	set_lshift_freq	Set the LSHIFT (pixel clock) frequency
0xE7	get_lshift_freq	Get current LSHIFT (pixel clock) frequency setting
0xE8	Reserved	Reserved
0xE9	Reserved	Reserved
0xF0	set_pixel_data_interface	Set the pixel data format of the parallel host processor interface
0xF1	get_pixel_data_interface	Get the current pixel data format settings
0xFF	Reserved	Reserved

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#### 9 COMMAND DESCRIPTIONS

#### 9.1 nop

**Command** 0x00 **Parameters** None

	D/C	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00

#### Description

No operation.

#### 9.2 soft\_reset

**Command** 0x01 **Parameters** None

	D/C	<b>D7</b>	<b>D</b> 6	<b>D5</b>	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	01

#### **Description**

The SSD1963 performs a software reset. All the configuration register will be reset except command 0xE0 to 0xE5.

Note:

The host processor must wait 5ms before sending any new commands to a SSD1963 following this command.

### 9.3 get\_power\_mode

**Command** 0x0A **Parameters** 1

	D/C	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0A
Parameter 1	1	0	$A_6$	$A_5$	$A_4$	$A_3$	$A_2$	0	0	XX

#### **Description**

Get the current power mode

A[6]: Idle mode on/off (POR = 0)

0 Idle mode off 1 Idle mode on

A[5]: Partial mode on/off (POR = 0)

0 Partial mode off1 Partial mode on

A[4]: Sleep mode on/off (POR = 0)

0 Sleep mode on1 Sleep mode off

A[3]: Display normal mode on/off (POR = 1)

O Display normal mode off

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1 Display normal mode on (partial mode and vertical scroll off)

A[2]: Display on/off (POR = 0)

0 Display is off 1 Display is on

#### 9.4 get\_address\_mode

**Command** 0x0B **Parameters** 1

	D/C	<b>D7</b>	<b>D</b> 6	<b>D5</b>	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0B
Parameter 1	1	$A_7$	$A_6$	$A_5$	$A_4$	$A_3$	$A_2$	0	0	XX

#### **Description**

Get the frame buffer to the display panel read order

A[7]: Page address order (POR = 0)

0 Top to bottom 1 Bottom to top

A[6]: Column address order (POR = 0)

0 Left to right1 Right to left

A[5]: Page / Column order (POR = 0)

0 Normal mode1 Reverse mode

A[4]: Line address order (POR = 0)

0 LCD refresh top to bottom1 LCD refresh bottom to top

A[3] : RGB / BGR order (POR = 0)

0 RGB 1 BGR

A[2]: Display data latch data (POR = 0)

0 LCD refresh left to right 1 LCD refresh right to left

### 9.5 get\_display\_mode

**Command** 0x0D **Parameters** 1

	D/C	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0D
Parameter 1	1	$A_7$	0	$A_5$	0	0	$A_2$	$A_1$	$A_0$	XX

#### **Description**

Get the Display Image Mode status.

A[7]: Vertical scrolling on/off (POR = 0) 0 Vertical scrolling is off

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1 Vertical scrolling is on

A[5]: Invert mode on/off (POR = 0)

0 Inversion is off 1 Inversion is on

A[2:0]: Gamma curve selection (POR = 011)

000 Gamma curve 0 001 Gamma curve 1

010 Gamma curve 2

011 Gamma curve 3

100 Reserved

101 Reserved

110 Reserved

111 Reserved

## 9.6 get\_tear\_effect\_status

**Command** 0x0E **Parameters** 1

	D/C	<b>D7</b>	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0E
Parameter 1	1	$A_7$	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	XX

#### **Description**

Get the current Tear Effect mode from the SSD1963

A[7]: Tearing effect line mode (POR = 0)

0 Tearing effect off

1 Tearing effect on

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#### 9.7 enter\_sleep\_mode

**Command** 0x10 **Parameters** None

	D/C	<b>D</b> 7	<b>D6</b>	<b>D5</b>	<b>D4</b>	<b>D3</b>	<b>D2</b>	D1	<b>D</b> 0	Hex
Command	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	10

#### **Description**

Turn off the panel. This command causes the SSD1963 to enter sleep mode and pull low the GPIO[0] if  $set_gpio_conf(0xB8) B0 = 0$ 

If GPIO[0] is configured as normal GPIO or LCD miscellaneous signal with command set\_gpio\_conf (0xB8), this command will not affect the GPIO[0].

#### Note:

The host processor must wait 5ms before sending any new commands to a SSD1963 following this command.

#### 9.8 exit\_sleep\_mode

**Command** 0x11 **Parameters** None

	D/C	<b>D</b> 7	<b>D</b> 6	D5	D4	D3	<b>D2</b>	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	11

#### Description

Turn on the panel. This command causes the SSD1963 to exit sleep mode and will pull high the GPIO[0] if  $set\_gpio\_conf$  (0xB8) B0 = 0.

If GPIO[0] is configured as normal GPIO or LCD miscellaneous signal with command set\_gpio\_conf (0xB8), this command will not affect the GPIO[0].

#### Note:

The host processor must wait 5ms after sending this command before sending another command.

## 9.9 enter\_partial\_mode

**Command** 0x12 **Parameters** None

	D/C	<b>D7</b>	<b>D6</b>	D5	D4	D3	<b>D2</b>	D1	<b>D</b> 0	Hex
Command	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	12

#### **Description**

Once enter\_partial\_mode is triggered, the Partial Display Mode window is described by the set\_partial\_area (0x30). Once enter\_normal\_mode (0x13) is triggered, partial display mode will end.

#### 9.10 enter\_normal\_mode

**Command** 0x13 **Parameters** None

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<sup>\*\*</sup>This command will automatic trigger set\_display\_on (0x29)

	D/C	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	13

#### **Description**

This command causes the SSD1963 to enter the normal mode. Normal mode is defined as partial display and vertical scroll mode are off. That means the whole display area is used for image display.

#### 9.11 exit\_invert\_mode

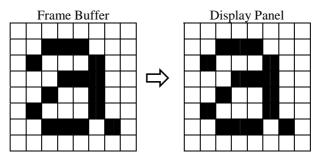
**Command** 0x20 **Parameters** None

	D/C	D7	<b>D</b> 6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	20

#### **Description**

This command causes the SSD1963 to stop inverting the image data on the display panel. The frame buffer contents remain unchanged.

Figure 9-1: Exit Invert mode example



#### 9.12 enter\_invert\_mode

**Command** 0x21 **Parameters** None

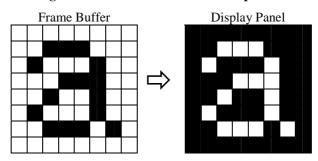
	D/C	D7	<b>D6</b>	<b>D5</b>	D4	D3	<b>D2</b>	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	21

#### **Description**

This command causes the SSD1963 to invert the image data only on the display panel. The frame buffer contents remain unchanged.

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Figure 9-2: Enter Invert mode example



#### 9.13 set\_gamma\_curve

**Command** 0x26 **Parameters** 1

	D/C	<b>D7</b>	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	26
Parameter 1	1	0	0	0	0	$A_3$	$A_2$	$A_1$	$A_0$	XX

#### **Description**

Selects the gamma curve used by the display panel.

A[3:0]	Gamma curve selection (POR = 1000)	GAMAS[1]	GAMAS[0]
0000	No gamma curve selected (Same as 0001b)	0	0
0001	Gamma curve 0	0	0
0010	Gamma curve 1	0	1
0100	Gamma curve 2	1	0
1000	Gamma curve 3	1	1
Others	Reserved		

## 9.14 set\_display\_off

**Command** 0x28 **Parameters** None

	D/C	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	28

#### **Description**

Blanks the display panel. The frame buffer contents remain unchanged.

## 9.15 set\_display\_on

**Command** 0x29 **Parameters** None

	D/C	<b>D7</b>	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	29

#### **Description**

Show the image on the display panel

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#### 9.16 set\_column\_address

**Command** 0x2A **Parameters** 4

	D/C	<b>D7</b>	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	<b>D</b> 0	Hex
Command	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	2A
Parameter 1	1	SC <sub>15</sub>	$SC_{14}$	SC <sub>13</sub>	SC <sub>12</sub>	$SC_{11}$	$SC_{10}$	SC <sub>9</sub>	$SC_8$	XX
Parameter 2	1	SC <sub>7</sub>	$SC_6$	$SC_5$	$SC_4$	$SC_3$	$SC_2$	$SC_1$	$SC_0$	XX
Parameter 3	1	EC <sub>15</sub>	$EC_{14}$	EC <sub>13</sub>	EC <sub>12</sub>	EC <sub>11</sub>	$EC_{10}$	EC <sub>9</sub>	EC <sub>8</sub>	XX
Parameter 4	1	EC <sub>7</sub>	EC <sub>6</sub>	EC <sub>5</sub>	EC <sub>4</sub>	EC <sub>3</sub>	$EC_2$	EC <sub>1</sub>	$EC_0$	XX

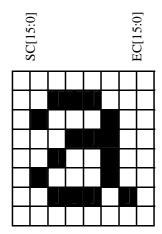
#### **Description**

Set the column address of frame buffer accessed by the host processor with the read\_memory\_continue (0x3E) and write\_memorty\_continue (0x3C)..

SC[15:8]: Start column number high byte (POR = 00000000) SC[7:0]: Start column number low byte (POR = 00000000) EC[15:8]: End column number high byte (POR = 00000000) EC[7:0]: End column number low byte (POR = 00000000)

Note: SC[15:0] must always be equal to or less than EC[15:0]

Figure 9-3: Set Column Address example



#### 9.17 set\_page\_address

**Command** 0x2B **Parameters** 4

	D/C	<b>D7</b>	<b>D6</b>	<b>D5</b>	<b>D4</b>	<b>D3</b>	<b>D2</b>	D1	<b>D</b> 0	Hex
Command	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	2B
Parameter 1	1	SP <sub>15</sub>	SP <sub>14</sub>	SP <sub>13</sub>	SP <sub>12</sub>	SP <sub>11</sub>	SP <sub>10</sub>	SP <sub>9</sub>	$SP_8$	XX
Parameter 2	1	SP <sub>7</sub>	$SP_6$	SP <sub>5</sub>	$SP_4$	$SP_3$	$SP_2$	$SP_1$	$SP_0$	XX
Parameter 3	1	EP <sub>15</sub>	$EP_{14}$	EP <sub>13</sub>	$EP_{12}$	$EP_{11}$	EP <sub>10</sub>	$EP_9$	$EP_8$	XX
Parameter 4	1	EP <sub>7</sub>	$EP_6$	EP <sub>5</sub>	$EP_4$	$EP_3$	$EP_2$	$EP_1$	$EP_0$	XX

#### **Description**

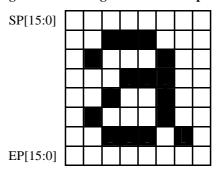
Set the page address of the frame buffer accessed by the host processor with the read\_memory\_start (0x2C), write\_memory\_start (0x2E), read\_memory\_continue (0x3E) and write\_memory\_continue (0x3C)..

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SP[15:8]: Start page (row) number high byte (POR = 00000000) SP[7:0]: Start page (row) number low byte (POR = 00000000) EP[15:8]: End page (row) number high byte (POR = 00000000) EP[7:0]: End page (row) number low byte (POR = 00000000)

Note: SP[15:0] must always be equal to or less than EP[15:0]

Figure 9-4: Set Page Address example



#### 9.18 write\_memory\_start

**Command** 0x2C **Parameters** None

	D/C	<b>D</b> 7	<b>D6</b>	<b>D</b> 5	D4	D3	D2	D1	<b>D</b> 0	Hex
Command	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	2C

#### **Description**

Transfer image information from the host processor interface to the SSD1963 starting at the location provided by  $set\_column\_address\ (0x2A)$  and  $set\_page\_address\ (0x2B)$ .

If set\_address\_mdoe (0x36) A[5] = 0:

The column and page address are reset to the Start Column (SC) and Start Page (SP), respectively.

Pixel Data 1 is stored in frame buffer at (SC, SP). The column address is then incremented and pixels are written to the frame buffer until the column address equals the End Column (EC) value. The column address is then reset to SC and the page address is incremented. Pixels are written to the frame buffer until the page address equals the End Page (EP) value and the column address equals the EC value, or the host processor sends another command. If the number of pixels exceeds (EC - SC + 1) \* (EP - SP + 1) the extra pixels are ignored.

If set\_address\_mode (0x36) A[5] = 1:

The column and page address are reset to the Start Column (SC) and Start Page (SP), respectively.

Pixel Data 1 is stored in frame buffer at (SC, SP). The page address is then incremented and pixels are written to the frame buffer until the page address equals the End Page (EP) value. The page address is then reset to SP and the column address is incremented. Pixels are written to the frame buffer until the column address equals the End column (EC) value and the page address equals the EP value, or the host processor sends another command. If the number of pixels exceeds (EC - SC + 1) \* (EP - SP + 1) the extra pixels are ignored.

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#### 9.19 read\_memory\_start

**Command** 0x2E **Parameters** None

	D/C	D7	<b>D6</b>	<b>D5</b>	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	2E

#### **Description**

Transfer image data from the SSD1963 to the host processor interface starting at the location provided by  $set\_column\_address$  (0x2A) and  $set\_page\_address$  (0x2B).

If set\_address\_mode A[5] = 0:

The column and page address are reset to the Start Column (SC) and Start Page (SP), respectively.

Pixels Data 1 are read from frame buffer at (SC, SP). The column address is then incremented and pixels read from the frame buffer until the column address equals the End Column (EC) value. The column address is then reset to SC and the page address is incremented. Pixels are read from the frame buffer until the page address equals the End Page (EP) value and the column address equals the EC value, or the host processor sends another command.

If  $set_address_mode(0x36) A[5] = 1$ :

The column and page address are reset to the Start Column (SC) and Start Page (SP), respectively.

Pixels Data 1 are read from frame buffer at (SC, SP). The page address is then incremented and pixels read from the frame buffer until the page address equals the End Page (EP) value. The page address is then reset to SP and the column address is incremented. Pixels are read from the frame buffer until the column address equals the End Column (EC) value and the page address equals the EP value, or the host processor sends another command.

#### 9.20 set\_partial\_area

Command 0x30 Parameters 4

	D/C	<b>D7</b>	<b>D6</b>	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	30
Parameter 1	1	SR <sub>15</sub>	SR <sub>14</sub>	SR <sub>13</sub>	SR <sub>12</sub>	SR <sub>11</sub>	SR <sub>10</sub>	SR <sub>9</sub>	$SR_8$	XX
Parameter 2	1	SR <sub>7</sub>	$SR_6$	$SR_5$	$SR_4$	$SR_3$	$SR_2$	$SR_1$	$SR_0$	XX
Parameter 3	1	ER <sub>15</sub>	ER <sub>14</sub>	ER <sub>13</sub>	ER <sub>12</sub>	ER <sub>11</sub>	ER <sub>10</sub>	ER <sub>9</sub>	$ER_8$	XX
Parameter 4	1	ER <sub>7</sub>	$ER_6$	ER <sub>5</sub>	$ER_4$	$ER_3$	$ER_2$	$ER_1$	$ER_0$	XX

#### **Description**

This command defines the Partial Display mode's display area. There are two parameters associated with this command, the first defines the Start Row (SR) and the second the End Row (ER). SR and ER refer to the Frame Buffer Line Pointer.

SR[15:8]: Start display row number high byte (POR = 00000000) SR[7:0]: Start display row number low byte (POR = 00000000)

ER[15:8]: End display row number high byte (POR = 00000000) ER[7:0]: End display row number low byte (POR = 00000000)

Note: SR[15:0] and ER[15:0] cannot be 0000h nor exceed the last vertical line number.

If End Row > Start Row

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Figure 9-5: Set Partial Area with set\_address\_mode (0x36) A[4] = 0 when End Row > Start Row

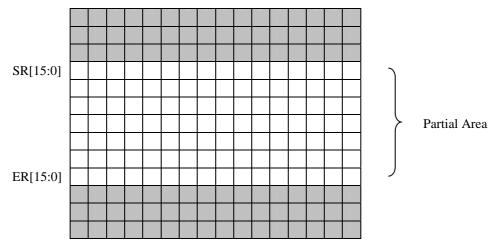
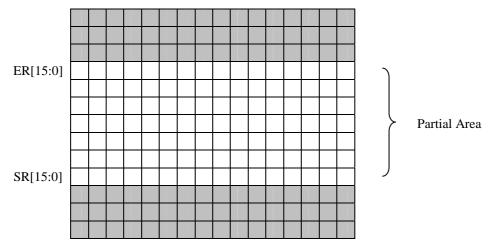


Figure 9-6: Set Partial Area with set\_address\_mode (0x36) A[4] = 1 when End Row > Start Row



If Start Row > End Row

Figure 9-7: Set Partial Area with set\_address\_mode (0x36) A[4] = 0 when Start Row > End Row

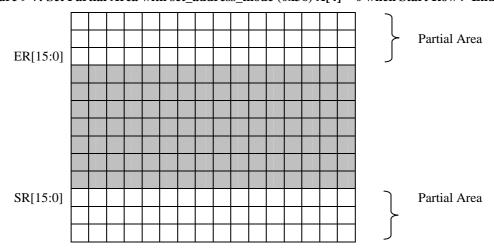
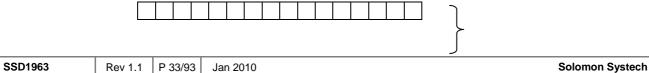
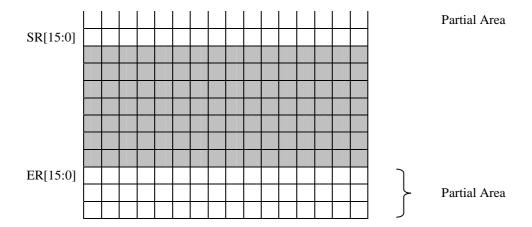


Figure 9-8: Set Partial Area with set\_address\_mode (0x36) A[4] = 1 when Start Row > End Row





#### 9.21 set scroll area

**Command** 0x33 **Parameters** 6

	D/C	<b>D7</b>	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	33
Parameter 1	1	TFA <sub>15</sub>	TFA <sub>14</sub>	TFA <sub>13</sub>	TFA <sub>12</sub>	TFA <sub>11</sub>	TFA <sub>10</sub>	TFA <sub>9</sub>	TFA <sub>8</sub>	XX
Parameter 2	1	TFA <sub>7</sub>	TFA <sub>6</sub>	TFA <sub>5</sub>	TFA <sub>4</sub>	TFA <sub>3</sub>	$TFA_2$	$TFA_1$	$TFA_0$	XX
Parameter 3	1	VSA <sub>15</sub>	VSA <sub>14</sub>	VSA <sub>13</sub>	VSA <sub>12</sub>	VSA <sub>11</sub>	VSA <sub>10</sub>	VSA <sub>9</sub>	VSA <sub>8</sub>	XX
Parameter 4	1	VSA <sub>7</sub>	VSA <sub>6</sub>	$VSA_5$	$VSA_4$	$VSA_3$	$VSA_2$	$VSA_1$	$VSA_0$	XX
Parameter 5	1	BFA <sub>15</sub>	BFA <sub>14</sub>	BFA <sub>13</sub>	BFA <sub>12</sub>	BFA <sub>11</sub>	BFA <sub>10</sub>	BFA <sub>9</sub>	BFA <sub>8</sub>	XX
Parameter 6	1	BFA <sub>7</sub>	BFA <sub>6</sub>	BFA <sub>5</sub>	BFA <sub>4</sub>	BFA <sub>3</sub>	$BFA_2$	$BFA_1$	$BFA_0$	XX

#### **Description**

Defines the vertical scrolling and fixed area on display area

TFA[15:8]: High byte of Top Fixed Area number in lines from the top of the frame buffer (POR = 00000000) TFA[7:0]: Low byte of Top Fixed Area number in lines from the top of the frame buffer (POR = 00000000)

VSA[15:8]: High byte of Vertical scrolling area in number of lines of the frame buffer (POR = 00000000) VSA[7:0]: Low byte of Vertical scrolling area in number of lines of the frame buffer (POR = 00000000)

BFA[15:8]: High byte of Bottom Fixed Area in number of lines from the bottom of the frame buffer (POR = 00000000) BFA[7:0]: Low byte of Bottom Fixed Area in number of lines from the bottom of the frame buffer (POR = 00000000)

If  $set_address_mode(0x36) A[4] = 0$ :

The TFA[15:0] describes the Top Fixed Area in number of lines from the top of the frame buffer. The top of the frame buffer and top of the display panel are aligned.

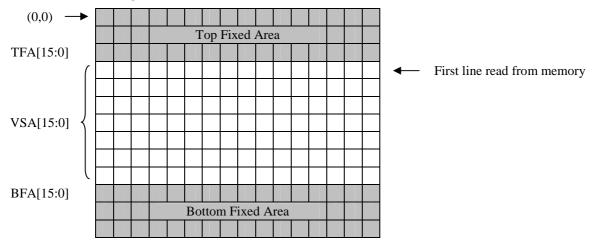
The VSA[15:0] describes the height of the Vertical Scrolling Area in number of lines of frame buffer from the Vertical Scrolling Start Address. The first line of the Vertical Scrolling Area starts immediately after the bottom most line of the Top Fixed Area. The last line of the Vertical Scrolling Area ends immediately before the top most line of the Bottom Fixed Area.

The BFA[15:0] describes the Bottom Fixed Area in number of lines from the bottom of the frame buffer. The bottom of the frame buffer and bottom of the display panel are aligned.

TFA, VSA and BFA refer to the Frame Buffer Line Pointer.

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Figure 9-9: Set Scroll Area with set\_address\_mode (0x36) A[4] = 0



If set address mode (0x36) A[4] = 1:

The TFA[15:0], describes the Top Fixed Area in number of lines from the bottom of the frame buffer. The bottom of the frame buffer and bottom of the display panel are aligned.

The VSA[15:0] describes the height of the Vertical Scrolling Area in number of lines of frame buffer from the Vertical Scrolling Start Address. The first line of the Vertical Scrolling Area starts immediately after the top most line of the Top Fixed Area. The last line of the Vertical Scrolling Area ends immediately before the bottom most line of the Bottom Fixed Area.

The BFA[15:0] describes the Bottom Fixed Area in number of lines from the top of the frame buffer. The top of the frame buffer and top of the display panel are aligned.

TFA, VSA and BFA refer to the Frame Buffer Line Pointer.

(0,0)

Bottom Fixed Area

BFA[15:0]

VSA[15:0]

Top Fixed Area

First line read from memory

Figure 9-10: Set Scroll Area with set address mode (0x36) A[4] = 1

#### Note:

The sum of TFA, VSA and BFA must equal the number of the display panel's horizontal lines (pages), otherwise Scrolling mode is undefined.

In Vertical Scroll Mode, set\_address\_mode (0x36) A[5] should be set to '0' - this only affects the Frame Buffer Write.

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#### 9.22 set\_tear\_off

**Command** 0x34 **Parameters** None

	D/C	<b>D7</b>	<b>D6</b>	D5	<b>D4</b>	D3	<b>D2</b>	D1	<b>D</b> 0	Hex
Command	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	34

#### Description

TE signal is not sent from the SSD1963 to the host processor.

#### 9.23 set\_tear\_on

**Command** 0x35 **Parameters** 1

	D/C	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	35
Parameter 1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	$A_0$	XX

#### **Description**

TE signal is sent from the SSD1963 to the host processor at the start of VFP.

A[0]: Tearing effect line mode (POR = 0)

The tearing effect output line consists of V-blanking information only.

The tearing effect output line consists of both V-blanking and H-blanking information by set\_tear\_scanline (0x44).

The TE signal shall be active low when the display panel is in Sleep mode.

## 9.24 set\_address\_mode

**Command** 0x36 **Parameters** 1

	D/C	<b>D7</b>	<b>D6</b>	<b>D5</b>	D4	D3	<b>D2</b>	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	36
Parameter 1	1	$A_7$	$A_6$	$A_5$	$A_4$	$A_3$	$A_2$	$A_1$	$A_0$	XX

#### **Description**

Set the read order from host processor to frame buffer by A[7:5] and A[3] and from frame buffer to the display panel by A[2:0] and A[4].

A[7]: Page address order (POR = 0)

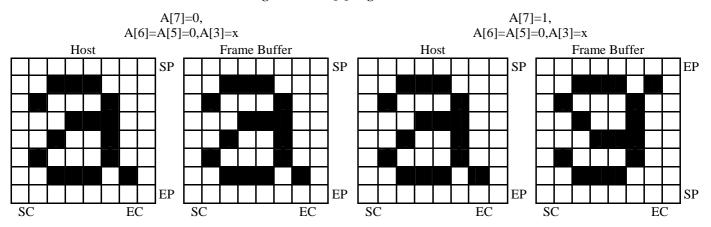
This bit controls the order that pages of data are transferred from the host processor to the SSD1963's frame buffer.

Top to bottom, pages transferred from SP (Start Page) to EP (End Page).

Bottom to top, pages transferred from EP (End Page) to SP (Start Page).

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Figure 9-11: A[7] Page Address Order

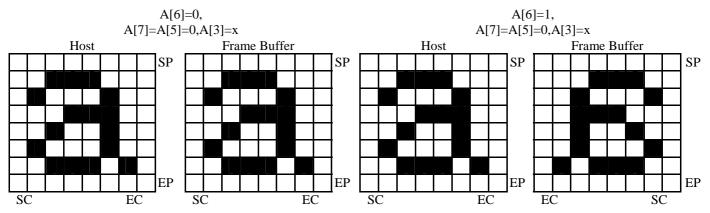


A[6]: Column address order (POR = 0)

This bit controls the order that columns of data are transferred from the host processor to the SSD1963's frame buffer.

- 0 Left to right, columns transferred from SC (Start Column) to EC (End Column).
- 1 Right to left, columns transferred from EC (End Column) to SC (Start Column).

Figure 9-12: A[6] Column Address Order

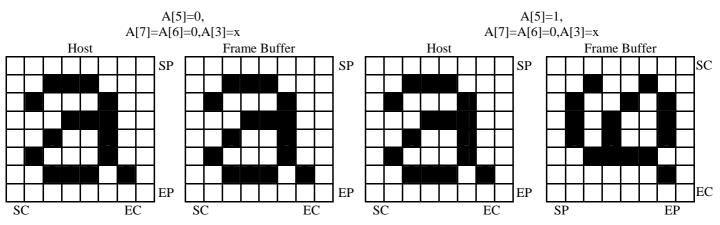


A[5]: Page / Column order (POR = 0)

This bit controls the order that columns of data are transferred from the host processor to the SSD1963's frame buffer.

- 0 Normal mode
- 1 Reverse mode

Figure 9-13: A[5] Page / Column Address Order



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### A[4]: Line address order (POR = 0)

This bit controls the display panel's horizontal line refresh order. The image shown on the display panel is unaffected, regardless of the bit setting.

- 0 LCD refresh from top line to bottom line.
- 1 LCD refresh from bottom line to top line.

### A[3] : RGB / BGR order (POR = 0)

This bit controls the RGB data order transferred from the SSD1963's frame buffer to the display panel.

- 0 RGB
- 1 BGR

#### Figure 9-14: A[3] RGB Order



#### A[2]: Display data latch data (POR = 0)

This bit controls the display panel's vertical line data latch order. The image shown on the display panel is unaffected, regardless of the bit setting.

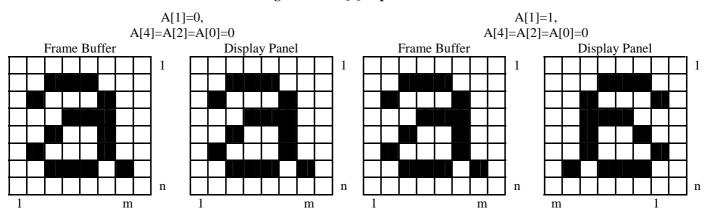
- 0 LCD refresh from left side to right side
- 1 LCD refresh from right side to left side

## A[1]: Flip Horizontal (POR = 0)

This bit flips the image shown on the display panel left to right. No change is made to the frame buffer.

- 0 Normal
- 1 Flipped

Figure 9-15: A[1] Flip Horizontal

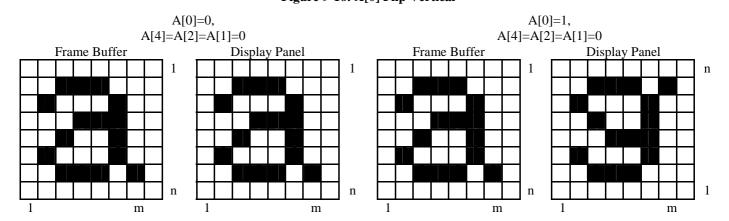


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A[0]: Flip Vertical (POR = 0)

This bit flips the image shown on the display panel top to bottom. No change is made to the frame buffer.

- 0 Normal1 Flipped
- Figure 9-16: A[0] Flip Vertical



## 9.25 set\_scroll\_start

**Command** 0x37 **Parameters** 2

	D/C	<b>D</b> 7	<b>D</b> 6	<b>D</b> 5	D4	D3	D2	D1	<b>D</b> 0	Hex
Command	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	37
Parameter 1	1	VSP <sub>15</sub>	VSP <sub>14</sub>	VSP <sub>13</sub>	VSP <sub>12</sub>	VSP <sub>11</sub>	VSP <sub>10</sub>	VSP <sub>9</sub>	VSP <sub>8</sub>	XX
Parameter 2	1	VSP <sub>7</sub>	VSP <sub>6</sub>	VSP <sub>5</sub>	VSP <sub>4</sub>	VSP <sub>3</sub>	VSP <sub>2</sub>	VSP <sub>1</sub>	$VSP_0$	XX

### Description

This command sets the start of the vertical scrolling area in the frame buffer. The vertical scrolling area is fully defined when this command is used with the set\_scroll\_area (0x33).

VSP[15:8]: High byte of the line number in frame buffer that is written to the display as the first line of the vertical scrolling area (POR = 00000000)

VSP[7:0]: Low byte of the line number in frame buffer that is written to the display as the first line of the vertical scrolling area (POR = 00000000)

If  $set_address_mode(0x36) A[4] = 0$ :

Example:

When Top Fixed Area = Bottom Fixed Area = 0, Vertical Scrolling Area = YY and VSP = 3.

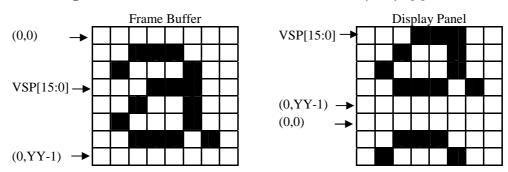


Figure 9-17: Set Scroll Start with set\_address\_mode (0x36) A[4] = 0

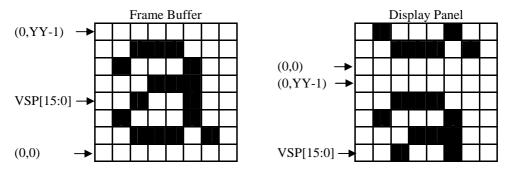
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If  $set_address_mode (0x36) A[4] = 1$ :

Example:

When Top Fixed Area = Bottom Fixed Area = 0, Vertical Scrolling Area = YY and VSP = 3.

Figure 9-18: Set Scroll Start with set\_address\_mode (0x36) A[4] = 1



#### Note:

If set\_address\_mode, (0x36) A[4] = 0, TFA[15:0] - 1 < VSP[15:0] < # of lines in frame buffer - BFA[15:0] If set\_address\_mode, (0x36) A[4] = 1, BFA[15:0] - 1 < VSP[15:0] < # of lines in frame buffer - TFA[15:0]

## 9.26 exit\_idle\_mode

**Command** 0x38 **Parameters** None

	D/C	<b>D7</b>	<b>D6</b>	<b>D5</b>	<b>D4</b>	<b>D3</b>	<b>D2</b>	D1	<b>D</b> 0	Hex
Command	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	38

#### **Description**

This command causes the SSD1963 to exit Idle Mode.

Full color depth is used for the display panel.

## 9.27 enter\_idle\_mode

**Command** 0x39 **Parameters** None

	D/C	<b>D7</b>	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	39

#### **Description**

This command causes the SSD1963 to enter Idle Mode.

In Idle Mode, color depth is reduced. Colors are shown on the display panel using the MSB of each of the R, G and B color components in the frame buffer.

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Table 9-1 Enter Idle Mode memory content vs display color

Color	R <sub>7</sub> R <sub>6</sub> R <sub>5</sub> R <sub>4</sub> R <sub>3</sub> R <sub>2</sub> R <sub>1</sub> R <sub>0</sub>	G <sub>7</sub> G <sub>6</sub> G <sub>5</sub> G <sub>4</sub> G <sub>3</sub> G <sub>2</sub> G <sub>1</sub> G <sub>0</sub>	B <sub>7</sub> B <sub>6</sub> B <sub>5</sub> B <sub>4</sub> B <sub>3</sub> B <sub>2</sub> B <sub>1</sub> B <sub>0</sub>
Black	0XXXXXX	0XXXXXX	0XXXXXX
Blue	0XXXXXX	0XXXXXX	1XXXXXXX
Red	1XXXXXXX	0XXXXXX	0XXXXXX
Magenta	1XXXXXXX	0XXXXXX	1XXXXXXX
Green	0XXXXXX	1XXXXXX	0XXXXXX
Cyan	0XXXXXX	1XXXXXXX	1XXXXXXX
Yellow	1XXXXXXX	1XXXXXXX	0XXXXXX
White	1XXXXXXX	1XXXXXXX	1XXXXXXX

## 9.28 write\_memory\_continue

**Command** 0x3C **Parameters** None

	D/C	D7	<b>D6</b>	<b>D5</b>	D4	<b>D3</b>	<b>D2</b>	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	3C

#### **Description**

Transfer image information from the host processor interface to the SSD1963 from the last write\_memory\_continue (0x3C) or write\_memory\_start (0x2C).

If  $set\_address\_mode\ (0x36)\ A[5] = 0$ :

Data is written continuing from the pixel location after the write range of the previous write\_memory\_start (0x2C) or write\_memory\_continue (0x3C). The column address is then incremented and pixels are written to the frame buffer until the column address equals the End Column (EC) value. The column address is then reset to SC and the page address is incremented. Pixels are written to the frame buffer until the page address equals the End Page (EP) value and the column address equals the EC value, or the host processor sends another command. If the number of pixels exceeds (EC – SC + 1) \* (EP – SP + 1) the extra pixels are ignored.

If set\_address\_mode (0x36) A[5] = 1:

Data is written continuing from the pixel location after the write range of the previous write\_memory\_start (0x2C) or write\_memory\_continue (0x3C). The page address is then incremented and pixels are written to the frame buffer until the page address equals the End Page (EP) value. The page address is then reset to SP and the column address is incremented. Pixels are written to the frame buffer until the column register equals the End column (EC) value and the page address equals the EP value, or the host processor sends another command. If the number of pixels exceeds (EC – SC + 1) \* (EP – SP + 1) the extra pixels are ignored.

### 9.29 read\_memory\_continue

**Command** 0x3E **Parameters** None

	D/C	D7	D6	<b>D</b> 5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	3E

#### **Description**

Read image data from the SSD1963 to host processor continuing after the last read\_memory\_continue (0x3E) or read\_memory\_start (0x2E).

If set\_address\_mode (0x36) A[5] = 0:

Pixels are read continuing from the pixel location after the read range of the previous read\_memory\_start (0x2E) or read\_memory\_continue (0x3E). The column address is then incremented and pixels are read from the frame buffer until the column address equals the End Column (EC) value. The column address is then reset to SC and the page address is incremented. Pixels are read from the frame buffer until the page address equals the End Page (EP) value and the column address equals the EC value, or the host processor sends another command.

If set\_address\_mode (0x36) A[5] = 1:

Pixels are read continuing from the pixel location after the read range of the previous read\_memory\_start (0x2E) or read\_memory\_continue (0x3E). The page address is then incremented and pixels are read from the frame buffer until the page address equals the End Page (EP) value. The page address is then reset to SP and the column address is incremented. Pixels are read from the frame buffer until the column address equals the End Column (EC) value and the page address equals the EP value, or the host processor sends another command.

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## 9.30 set\_tear\_scanline

**Command** 0x44 **Parameters** 2

	D/C	<b>D7</b>	<b>D6</b>	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	44
Parameter 1	1	N <sub>15</sub>	N <sub>14</sub>	N <sub>13</sub>	N <sub>12</sub>	N <sub>11</sub>	N <sub>10</sub>	$N_9$	$N_8$	XX
Parameter 2	1	$N_7$	$N_6$	$N_5$	$N_4$	$N_3$	$N_2$	$N_1$	$N_0$	XX

#### **Description**

TE signal is sent from the SSD1963 to the host processor when the display panel refresh reaches the provided scanline, N.

N[15:8]: High byte of the scanline (POR = 00000000) N[7:0]: Low byte of the scanline (POR = 00000000)

#### Note:

Set Tear Scanline with N = 0 is equivalent to set\_tear\_on (0x35) A[0] = 0.

This command takes affect on the frame following the current frame. Therefore, if the Tear Effect (TE) signal is already ON, the TE output shall continue to operate as programmed by the previous set\_tear\_on (0x35) or set\_tear\_scanline (0x44) until the end of the frame.

## 9.31 get\_scanline

**Command** 0x45 **Parameters** 2

	D/C	<b>D7</b>	<b>D6</b>	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	<b>D</b> 0	Hex
Command	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	45
Parameter 1	1	N <sub>15</sub>	$N_{14}$	N <sub>13</sub>	N <sub>12</sub>	N <sub>11</sub>	N <sub>10</sub>	$N_9$	$N_8$	XX
Parameter 2	1	N <sub>7</sub>	$N_6$	$N_5$	$N_4$	$N_3$	$N_2$	$N_1$	$N_0$	XX

### **Description**

Get the current scan line, N.

N[15:8]: High byte of the current scanline (POR = 00000000) N[7:0]: Low byte of the current scanline (POR = 00000000)

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### 9.32 read\_ddb

**Command** 0xA1 **Parameters** 5

	D/C	D7	<b>D</b> 6	<b>D5</b>	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	A1
Parameter 1	1	SSL <sub>15</sub>	$SSL_{14}$	$SSL_{13}$	$SSL_{12}$	$SSL_{11}$	$SSL_{10}$	SSL <sub>9</sub>	$SSL_8$	XX
Parameter 2	1	SSL <sub>7</sub>	$SSL_6$	$SSL_5$	SSL <sub>4</sub>	$SSL_3$	$\mathrm{SSL}_2$	$SSL_1$	$SSL_0$	XX
Parameter 3	1	PROD <sub>7</sub>	$PROD_6$	PROD <sub>5</sub>	$PROD_4$	$PROD_3$	$PROD_2$	$PROD_1$	$PROD_0$	XX
Parameter 4	1	0	0	0	0	0	$REV_2$	REV <sub>1</sub>	REV <sub>0</sub>	XX
Parameter 5	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	FF

#### **Description**

Read the DDB (Device Descriptor Block) information of SSD1963.

SSL[15:8] : Supplier ID of Solomon Systech Limited high byte, always 01h (POR = 00000001) SSL[7:0] : Supplier ID of Solomon Systech Limited low byte, always 57h (POR = 010101110)

PROD[7:0] : Product ID, always 61h (POR = 01100001) REV[2:0] : Revision code, always 01h (POR = 001)

Exit code, always FFh (POR = 11111111)

## 9.33 set\_lcd\_mode

**Command** 0xB0 **Parameters** 7

	D/C	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	В0
Parameter 1	1	0	0	$A_5$	$A_4$	$A_3$	$A_2$	$A_1$	$A_0$	XX
Parameter 2	1	0	$B_6$	$B_5$	0	0	0	0	0	XX
Parameter 3	1	0	0	0	0	0	HDP <sub>10</sub>	HDP <sub>9</sub>	$HDP_8$	XX
Parameter 4	1	HDP <sub>7</sub>	$HDP_6$	HDP <sub>5</sub>	$HDP_4$	$HDP_3$	$HDP_2$	$HDP_1$	$HDP_0$	XX
Parameter 5	1	0	0	0	0	0	VDP <sub>10</sub>	VDP <sub>9</sub>	$VDP_8$	XX
Parameter 6	1	VDP <sub>7</sub>	VDP <sub>6</sub>	VDP <sub>5</sub>	$VDP_4$	VDP <sub>3</sub>	$VDP_2$	$VDP_1$	$VDP_0$	XX
Parameter 7	1	0	0	$G_5$	$G_4$	$G_3$	$G_2$	$G_1$	$G_0$	XX

#### **Description**

Set the LCD panel mode and resolution

A[5]: TFT panel data width (POR = 0)

0 18-bit 1 24-bit

A[4]: TFT color depth enhancement enable (POR = 0)

0 Disable FRC or dithering

1 Enable FRC or dithering for color depth enhancement

If the panel data width was set to 24-bit, FRC and dithering feature will be disabled automatic regardless the value of this register.

A[3]: TFT FRC enable (POR = 0)

0 TFT dithering enable

1 TFT FRC enable

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A[5]	A[4]	A[3]	TFT FRC	TFT dithering
0	0	X	Disable	Disable
0	1	0	Disable	Enable
0	1	1	Enable	Disable
1	X	X	Disable	Disable

A[2] : LSHIFT polarity (POR = 0)

Set the dot clock pulse polarity.

- O Data latch in falling edge
- 1 Data latch in rising edge

A[1]: LLINE polarity (POR = 0)

Set the horizontal sync pulse polarity.

- 0 Active low
- 1 Active high

A[0]: LFRAME polarity (POR = 0)

Set the vertical sync pulse polarity.

- 0 Active low
- 1 Active high

B[6:5] : TFT type (POR = 01)

- 00, 01 TFT mode
- 10 Serial RGB mode
- 11 Serial RGB+dummy mode

HDP [10:8]: High byte of the horizontal panel size (POR = 010)

HDP [7:0] : Low byte of the horizontal panel size (POR = 011111111)

Horizontal panel size = (HDP + 1) pixels

VDP [10:8] : High byte of the vertical panel size (POR = 001)

VDP [7:0]: Low byte of the vertical panel size (POR = 11011111)

Vertical panel size = (VDP + 1) lines

G[5:3]: Even line RGB sequence for serial TFT interface (POR = 000)

- 000 RGB
- 001 RBG
- 010 GRB
- 011 GBR
- 100 BRG
- 101 BGR
- 11x Reserved

G[2:0] : Odd line RGB sequence for serial TFT interface (POR = 000)

- 000 RGB
- 001 RBG
- 010 GRB
- 011 GBR
- 100 BRG
- 101 BGR
- 11x Reserved

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## 9.34 get\_lcd\_mode

**Command** 0xB1 **Parameters** 7

	D/C	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	B1
Parameter 1	1	0	0	$A_5$	$A_4$	$A_3$	$A_2$	$A_1$	$A_0$	XX
Parameter 2	1	0	$B_6$	$B_5$	0	0	0	0	0	XX
Parameter 3	1	0	0	0	0	0	$HDP_{10}$	HDP <sub>9</sub>	$HDP_8$	XX
Parameter 4	1	HDP <sub>7</sub>	$HDP_6$	HDP <sub>5</sub>	$HDP_4$	HDP <sub>3</sub>	$HDP_2$	$HDP_1$	$HDP_0$	XX
Parameter 5	1	0	0	0	0	0	VDP <sub>10</sub>	VDP <sub>9</sub>	$VDP_8$	XX
Parameter 6	1	VDP <sub>7</sub>	VDP <sub>6</sub>	VDP <sub>5</sub>	$VDP_4$	VDP <sub>3</sub>	$VDP_2$	$VDP_1$	$VDP_0$	XX
Parameter 7	1	0	0	$G_5$	$G_4$	$G_3$	$G_2$	$G_1$	$G_0$	XX

### **Description**

Get the current LCD panel mode and resolution

A[5]: TFT panel data width(POR = 0)

0 18-bit 1 24-bit

A[4]: TFT color depth enhancement enable(POR = 0)

0 Disable FRC or dithering

1 Enable FRC or dithering for color depth enhancement

If the panel data width was set to 24-bit, FRC and dithering feature will be disabled automatic regardless the value of this register.

A[3]: TFT FRC enable (POR = 0)

0 TFT dithering enable

1 TFT FRC enable

A[2]: LSHIFT polarity (POR = 0)

The dot clock pulse polarity.

0 Data latch in falling edge

1 Data latch in rising edge

A[1]: LLINE polarity (POR = 0)

The horizontal sync pulse polarity.

0 Active low

1 Active high

A[0]: LFRAME polarity (POR = 0)

The vertical sync pulse polarity.

0 Active low

1 Active high

B[6:5]: TFT type(POR = 01)

00, 01 TFT mode

10 Serial RGB mode

11 Serial RGB+dummy mode

HDP[10:8]: High byte of the horizontal panel size (POR = 010) HDP[7:0]: Low byte of the horizontal panel size (POR = 01111111)

VDP[10:8]: High byte of the vertical panel size (POR = 001)

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VDP[7:0]: Low byte of the vertical panel size (POR = 11011111)

G[5:3]: Even line RGB sequence (POR = 000)

000 RGB 001 RBG 010 GRB 011 GBR

100 BRG
 101 BGR
 11x Reserved

G[2:0]: Odd line RGB sequence (POR = 000)

000 RGB 001 RBG 010 GRB 011 GBR 100 BRG 101 BGR 11x Reserved

### 9.35 set\_hori\_period

Command 0xB4
Parameters 8

	D/C	<b>D7</b>	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	B4
Parameter 1	1	0	0	0	0	0	$HT_{10}$	HT <sub>9</sub>	$HT_8$	XX
Parameter 2	1	$HT_7$	$HT_6$	$HT_5$	$HT_4$	$HT_3$	$HT_2$	$HT_1$	$HT_0$	XX
Parameter 3	1	0	0	0	0	0	HPS <sub>10</sub>	HPS <sub>9</sub>	HPS <sub>8</sub>	XX
Parameter 4	1	HPS <sub>7</sub>	$HPS_6$	HPS <sub>5</sub>	HPS <sub>4</sub>	HPS <sub>3</sub>	$HPS_2$	HPS <sub>1</sub>	$HPS_0$	XX
Parameter 5	1	0	$HPW_6$	$HPW_5$	$HPW_4$	$HPW_3$	$HPW_2$	$HPW_1$	$HPW_0$	XX
Parameter 6	1	0	0	0	0	0	LPS <sub>10</sub>	LPS <sub>9</sub>	LPS <sub>8</sub>	XX
Parameter 7	1	LPS <sub>7</sub>	LPS <sub>6</sub>	LPS <sub>5</sub>	LPS <sub>4</sub>	LPS <sub>3</sub>	$LPS_2$	LPS <sub>1</sub>	$LPS_0$	XX
Parameter 8	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	LPSPP <sub>1</sub>	LPSPP <sub>0</sub>	XX

#### **Description**

Set front porch and back porch

HT[10:8]: High byte of horizontal total period (display + non-display) in pixel clock (POR = 010)

HT[7:0]: Low byte of the horizontal total period (display + non-display) in pixel clock (POR = 10101111)

Horizontal total period = (HT + 1) pixels

HPS[10:8]: High byte of the non-display period between the start of the horizontal sync (LLINE) signal and the first

display data. (POR = 000)

HPS[7:0]: Low byte of the non-display period between the start of the horizontal sync (LLINE) signal and the first

display data. (POR = 00100000)

For TFT: Horizontal Sync Pulse Start Position = HPS pixels

For Serial TFT: Horizontal Sync Pulse Start Position = HPS pixels + LPSPP subpixels

HPW[6:0]: Set the horizontal sync pulse width (LLINE) in pixel clock. (POR = 0000111)

Horizontal Sync Pulse Width = (HPW + 1) pixels

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LPS[10:8]: Set the horizontal sync pulse (LLINE) start location in pixel clock. (POR = 000)

LPS[7:0]: Set the horizontal sync pulse width (LLINE) in start. (POR = 00000000)

Horizontal Display Period Start Position = LPS pixels

LPSPP[1:0]: Set the horizontal sync pulse subpixel start position for serial TFT interface (POR = 00)

Timing refer to Figure 13-5.

## 9.36 get\_hori\_period

**Command** 0xB5 **Parameters** 8

	D/C	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	B5
Parameter 1	1	0	0	0	0	0	$HT_{10}$	HT <sub>9</sub>	$HT_8$	XX
Parameter 2	1	$HT_7$	$HT_6$	$HT_5$	$HT_4$	$HT_3$	$HT_2$	$HT_1$	$HT_0$	XX
Parameter 3	1	0	0	0	0	0	HPS <sub>10</sub>	HPS <sub>9</sub>	HPS <sub>8</sub>	XX
Parameter 4	1	HPS <sub>7</sub>	HPS <sub>6</sub>	HPS <sub>5</sub>	$HPS_4$	$HPS_3$	$HPS_2$	$HPS_1$	$HPS_0$	XX
Parameter 5	1	0	$HPW_6$	HPW <sub>5</sub>	$HPW_4$	$HPW_3$	$HPW_2$	$HPW_1$	$HPW_0$	XX
Parameter 6	1	0	0	0	0	0	LPS <sub>10</sub>	LPS <sub>9</sub>	LPS <sub>8</sub>	XX
Parameter 7	1	LPS <sub>7</sub>	LPS <sub>6</sub>	LPS <sub>5</sub>	LPS <sub>4</sub>	LPS <sub>3</sub>	LPS <sub>2</sub>	LPS <sub>1</sub>	$LPS_0$	XX
Parameter 8	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	LPSPP <sub>1</sub>	LPSPP <sub>0</sub>	XX

#### **Description**

Get current front porch and back porch settings

HT[10:8]: High byte of the horizontal total period (display + non-display) in pixel clock (POR = 010)

HT[7:0]: Low byte of the horizontal total period (display + non-display) in pixel clock (POR = 10101111)

HPS[10:8]: High byte of the non-display period between the start of the horizontal sync (LLINE) signal and the first

display data. (POR = 000)

HPS[7:0]: Low byte of the non-display period between the start of the horizontal sync (LLINE) signal and the first

display data. (POR = 00100000)

HPW[6:0]: The horizontal sync pulse width (LLINE) in pixel clock. (POR = 0000111)

LPS[10:8]: High byte of the horizontal sync pulse (LLINE) start location in pixel clock. (POR = 000)

LPS[7:0]: Low byte of the horizontal sync pulse width (LLINE) in start. (POR = 00000000)

LPSPP[1:0]: The horizontal sync pulse subpixel start position (POR = 00)

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### 9.37 set\_vert\_period

**Command** 0xB6 **Parameters** 7

	D/C	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	B6
Parameter 1	1	0	0	0	0	0	VT <sub>10</sub>	VT <sub>9</sub>	VT <sub>8</sub>	XX
Parameter 2	1	$VT_7$	$VT_6$	$VT_5$	$VT_4$	VT <sub>3</sub>	$VT_2$	$VT_1$	$VT_0$	XX
Parameter 3	1	0	0	0	0	0	VPS <sub>10</sub>	VPS <sub>9</sub>	VPS <sub>8</sub>	XX
Parameter 4	1	VPS <sub>7</sub>	VPS <sub>6</sub>	VPS <sub>5</sub>	VPS <sub>4</sub>	VPS <sub>3</sub>	VPS <sub>2</sub>	$VPS_1$	$VPS_0$	XX
Parameter 5	1	0	VPW <sub>6</sub>	VPW <sub>5</sub>	$VPW_4$	VPW <sub>3</sub>	VPW <sub>2</sub>	$VPW_1$	$VPW_0$	XX
Parameter 6	1	0	0	0	0	0	FPS <sub>10</sub>	FPS <sub>9</sub>	FPS <sub>8</sub>	XX
Parameter 7	1	FPS <sub>7</sub>	FPS <sub>6</sub>	FPS <sub>5</sub>	FPS <sub>4</sub>	FPS <sub>3</sub>	FPS <sub>2</sub>	FPS <sub>1</sub>	$FPS_0$	XX

### **Description**

Set the vertical blanking interval between last scan line and next LFRAME pulse

VT[10:8]: High byte of the vertical total (display + non-display) period in lines (POR = 001)

VT[7:0]: Low byte of the vertical total (display + non-display) period in lines (POR = 11101111)

Vertical Total = (VT + 1) lines

VPS[10:8]: High byte the non-display period in lines between the start of the frame and the first display data in line.

(POR = 000)

VPS[7:0]: The non-display period in lines between the start of the frame and the first display data in line. (POR =

00000100)

Vertical Sync Pulse Start Position = VPS lines

VPW[6:0]: Set the vertical sync pulse width (LFRAME) in lines. (POR = 000001)

Vertical Sync Pulse Width = (VPW + 1) lines

FPS[10:8]: High byte of the vertical sync pulse (LFRAME) start location in lines. (POR = 000)

FPS[7:0]: Low byte of the vertical sync pulse (LFRAME) start location in lines. (POR = 00000000)

Vertical Display Period Start Position = FPS lines

Timing refer to Figure 13-5.

### 9.38 get\_vert\_period

**Command** 0xB7 **Parameters** 7

	D/C	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	<b>D</b> 0	Hex
Command	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	В7
Parameter 1	1	0	0	0	0	0	$VT_{10}$	$VT_9$	$VT_8$	XX
Parameter 2	1	$VT_7$	$VT_6$	$VT_5$	$VT_4$	$VT_3$	$VT_2$	$VT_1$	$VT_0$	XX
Parameter 3	1	0	0	0	0	0	VPS <sub>10</sub>	VPS <sub>9</sub>	VPS <sub>8</sub>	XX
Parameter 4	1	VPS <sub>7</sub>	VPS <sub>6</sub>	VPS <sub>5</sub>	VPS <sub>4</sub>	VPS <sub>3</sub>	VPS <sub>2</sub>	VPS <sub>1</sub>	$VPS_0$	XX
Parameter 5	1	0	VPW <sub>6</sub>	VPW <sub>5</sub>	$VPW_4$	VPW <sub>3</sub>	$VPW_2$	$VPW_1$	$VPW_0$	XX
Parameter 6	1	0	0	0	0	0	FPS <sub>10</sub>	FPS <sub>9</sub>	FPS <sub>8</sub>	XX
Parameter 7	1	FPS <sub>7</sub>	FPS <sub>6</sub>	FPS <sub>5</sub>	FPS <sub>4</sub>	FPS <sub>3</sub>	FPS <sub>2</sub>	FPS <sub>1</sub>	$FPS_0$	XX

#### **Description**

Get the vertical blanking interval between last scan line and next LFRAME pulse

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VT[10:8]: High byte of the vertical total (display + non-display) period in lines (POR = 001)

VT[7:0]: Low byte of the vertical total (display + non-display) period in lines (POR = 01111111)

VPS[10:8]: High byte of the non-display period in lines between the start of the frame and the first display data in line.

(POR = 000)

VPS[7:0]: Low byte of the non-display period in lines between the start of the frame and the first display data in line.

(POR = 00000100)

VPW[6:0]: The vertical sync pulse width (LFRAME) in lines. (POR = 000001)

FPS[10:8]: High byte of the vertical sync pulse (LFRAME) start location in lines. (POR = 000) FPS[7:0]: Low byte of the vertical sync pulse (LFRAME) start location in lines. (POR = 00000000)

## 9.39 set\_gpio\_conf

**Command** 0xB8 **Parameters** 2

	D/C	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	B8
Parameter 1	1	A <sub>7</sub>	$A_6$	$A_5$	$A_4$	$A_3$	$A_2$	$A_1$	$A_0$	XX
Parameter 2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	$\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{0}}$	XX

#### **Description**

Set the GPIOs configuration. If the GPIOs are not used for LCD, set the direction. Otherwise, they are toggled with LCD signals by 0xC0 - 0xCF.

A[7]: GPIO3 configuration (POR = 0)

0 GPIO3 is controlled by host

1 GPIO3 is controlled by LCDC

A[6]: GPIO2 configuration (POR = 0)

O GPIO2 is controlled by host

GPIO2 is controlled by LCDC

A[5]: GPIO1 configuration (POR = 0)

O GPIO1 is controlled by host

1 GPIO1 is controlled by LCDC

A[4]: GPIO0 configuration (POR = 0)

O GPIO0 is controlled by host

1 GPIO0 is controlled by LCDC

A[3]: GPIO3 direction (POR = 0)

0 GPIO3 is input

1 GPIO3 is output

A[2]: GPIO3 direction (POR = 0)

0 GPIO2 is input

1 GPIO2 is output

A[1]: GPIO1 direction (POR = 0)

0 GPIO1 is input

1 GPIO1 is output

A[0]: GPIO0 direction (POR = 0)

0 GPIO0 is input

1 GPIO0 is output

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B[0]: GPIO0 direction (POR = 0)

- GPIO0 is used to control the panel power with enter\_sleep\_mode (0x10) or exit\_sleep\_mode (0x11).
- 1 GPIO0 is used as normal GPIO

### 9.40 get gpio conf

**Command** 0xB9 **Parameters** 2

	D/C	<b>D7</b>	<b>D6</b>	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	<b>D</b> 0	Hex
Command	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	В9
Parameter 1	1	A <sub>7</sub>	$A_6$	$A_5$	$A_4$	$A_3$	$A_2$	$A_1$	$A_0$	XX
Parameter 2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	$\mathbf{B}_0$	XX

#### **Description**

Get the current GPIOs configuration

A[7]: GPIO3 configuration (POR = 0)

GPIO3 is controlled by hostGPIO3 is controlled by LCDC

A[6]: GPIO2 configuration (POR = 0)

GPIO2 is controlled by hostGPIO2 is controlled by LCDC

A[5]: GPIO1 configuration (POR = 0)

GPIO1 is controlled by hostGPIO1 is controlled by LCDC

A[4]: GPIO0 configuration (POR = 0)

GPIO0 is controlled by hostGPIO0 is controlled by LCDC

A[3]: GPIO3 direction (POR = 0)

0 GPIO3 is input1 GPIO3 is output

A[2]: GPIO3 direction (POR = 0)

GPIO2 is inputGPIO2 is output

A[1]: GPIO1 direction (POR = 0)

GPIO1 is inputGPIO1 is output

A[0]: GPIO0 direction (POR = 0)

0 GPIO0 is input1 GPIO0 is output

B[0]: GPIO0 direction (POR = 0)

GPIO0 is used to control the panel power with enter\_sleep\_mode (0x10) or exit\_sleep\_mode (0x11)

1 GPIO0 is used as normal GPIO

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## 9.41 set\_gpio\_value

**Command** 0xBA **Parameters** 1

	D/C	<b>D7</b>	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	BA
Parameter 1	1	0	0	0	0	$A_3$	$A_2$	$A_1$	$A_0$	XX

## Description

Set GPIO value for GPIO configured as output

A[3]: GPIO3 value (POR = 0)

0 GPIO3 outputs 0

1 GPIO3 outputs 1

A[2]: GPIO2 value (POR = 0)

0 GPIO2 outputs 0 1 GPIO2 outputs 1

A[1]: GPIO1 value (POR = 0)

0 GPIO1 outputs 0 1 GPIO1 outputs 1

A[0]: GPIO0 value (POR = 0)

0 GPIO0 outputs 0 1 GPIO0 outputs 1

## 9.42 get\_gpio\_status

Command 0xBB Parameters 1

	D/C	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	BB
Parameter 1	1	0	0	0	0	$A_3$	$A_2$	$A_1$	$A_0$	XX

#### **Description**

Read current GPIO status. If the individual GPIO was configured as input, the value is the status of the corresponding pin. Otherwise, it is the programmed value.

A[3]: GPIO3 value (POR: depends on pad value)

0 GPIO3 is pulled low1 GPIO3 is pulled high

A[2]: GPIO2 value (POR: depends on pad value)

GPIO2 is pulled lowGPIO2 is pulled high

A[1]: GPIO1 value (POR: depends on pad value)

0 GPIO1 is pulled low1 GPIO1 is pulled high

A[0]: GPIO0 value (POR: depends on pad value)

0 GPIO0 is pulled low1 GPIO0 is pulled high

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## 9.43 set\_post\_proc

**Command** 0xBC **Parameters** 4

	D/C	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	BC
Parameter 1	1	A <sub>7</sub>	$A_6$	$A_5$	$A_4$	$A_3$	$A_2$	$A_1$	$A_0$	XX
Parameter 2	1	$B_7$	$B_6$	$\mathbf{B}_{5}$	$\mathrm{B}_4$	$\mathbf{B}_3$	$B_2$	$B_1$	$\mathbf{B}_0$	XX
Parameter 3	1	C <sub>7</sub>	$C_6$	$C_5$	$C_4$	$C_3$	$C_2$	$C_1$	$C_0$	XX
Parameter 4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	$D_0$	XX

#### **Description**

Set the image post processor

A[7:0]: Set the contrast value (POR = 01000000)

B[7:0]: Set the brightness value (POR = 10000000)

C[7:0]: Set the saturation value (POR = 01000000)

D[0]: Post Processor Enable (POR = 0)

0 Disable the postprocessor1 Enable the postprocessor

# 9.44 get\_post\_proc

**Command** 0xBD **Parameters** 4

	D/C	<b>D7</b>	<b>D6</b>	<b>D5</b>	<b>D4</b>	D3	D2	<b>D</b> 1	D0	Hex
Command	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	BD
Parameter 1	1	$A_7$	$A_6$	$A_5$	$A_4$	$A_3$	$A_2$	$A_1$	$A_0$	XX
Parameter 2	1	$\mathbf{B}_7$	$B_6$	$\mathbf{B}_{5}$	$\mathrm{B}_4$	$B_3$	$B_2$	$B_1$	$\mathbf{B}_0$	XX
Parameter 3	1	$C_7$	$C_6$	$C_5$	$C_4$	$C_3$	$C_2$	$C_1$	$C_0$	XX
Parameter 4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	$D_0$	XX

### Description

Get the image post processor

A[7:0]: Get the contrast value (POR = 01000000)

B[7:0]: Get the brightness value (POR = 10000000)

C[7:0]: Get the saturation value (POR = 01000000)

D[0]: Post Processor Enable (POR = 0)

0 Disable the postprocessor1 Enable the postprocessor

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### 9.45 set\_pwm\_conf

**Command** 0xBE **Parameters** 6

	D/C	<b>D7</b>	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	BE
Parameter 1	1	PWMF <sub>7</sub>	PWMF <sub>6</sub>	PWMF <sub>5</sub>	PWMF <sub>4</sub>	PWMF <sub>3</sub>	PWMF <sub>2</sub>	PWMF <sub>1</sub>	$PWMF_0$	XX
Parameter 2	1	PWM <sub>7</sub>	PWM <sub>6</sub>	$PWM_5$	$PWM_4$	PWM <sub>3</sub>	$PWM_2$	$PWM_1$	$PWM_0$	XX
Parameter 3	1	0	0	0	0	$C_3$	0	0	$C_0$	XX
Parameter 4	1	$D_7$	$D_6$	$D_5$	$D_4$	$D_3$	$D_2$	$D_1$	$D_0$	XX
Parameter 5	1	$E_7$	$E_6$	$E_5$	$E_4$	$E_3$	$E_2$	$E_1$	$E_0$	XX
Parameter 6	1	0	0	0	0	$F_3$	$F_2$	$\mathbf{F}_{1}$	$F_0$	XX

#### **Description**

Set the PWM configuration

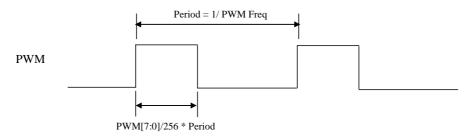
PWMF[7:0] : Set the PWM frequency in system clock (POR = 00000000) PWM signal frequency = PLL clock / (256 \* PWMF[7:0]) / 256

PWM[7:0]: Set the PWM duty cycle (POR = 00000000)

PWM duty cycle = PWM[7:0] / 256 for DBC disable (0xD0] A0 = 0 If DBC enable (0xD0] A0 = 1, these parameter will be ignored

Note: PWM always 0 if PWM[7:0] = 00h

Figure 9-19: PWM signal



C[3]: PWM configuration (POR = 0)

PWM controlled by hostPWM controlled by DBC

C[0]: PWM enable (POR = 0)

0 PWM disable1 PWM enable

D[7:0]:DBC manual brightness (POR = 00000000)

Set the manual brightness level. When Manual Brightness Mode (0xD0) A[6] is enabled, the final DBC duty cycle output will be multiplied by this value / 255.

PWM duty cycle = DBC output \* D[7:0] / 255

00 Dimmest FF brightest

E[7:0] : DBC minimum brightness (POR = 00000000)

Set the minimum brightness level. WhenManual Brightness Mode (0xD0) A[6] is enabled, DBC duty cycle output will be limited by this value. This will prevent from backlight being too dark or off.

00 Dimmest FF Brightest

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### F[3:0]: Brightness prescaler (POR = 0000)

Set the brightness prescaler to control how gradually the manual brightness is changed between different levels. There is a filter will undergo a number of iterations before the manual brightness saturated. This parameter is valid when Transition Effect enable (0xD0) A5 = 1

The iteration ration = system frequency / Divcode / 32768

F[3:0]	Divco
0000	off
0001	1
0010	2
0011	3
0100	4
0101	6
0110	8
0111	12
1000	16
1001	24
1010	32
1011	48
1100	64
1101	96
1110	128
1111	192

### 9.46 get\_pwm\_conf

**Command** 0xBF **Parameters** 7

	D/C	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	BF
Parameter 1	1	PWMF <sub>7</sub>	PWMF <sub>6</sub>	PWMF <sub>5</sub>	PWMF <sub>4</sub>	PWMF <sub>3</sub>	PWMF <sub>2</sub>	PWMF <sub>1</sub>	$PWMF_0$	XX
Parameter 2	1	PWM <sub>7</sub>	$PWM_6$	PWM <sub>5</sub>	$PWM_4$	PWM <sub>3</sub>	$PWM_2$	$PWM_1$	$PWM_0$	XX
Parameter 3	1	0	0	0	0	$C_3$	0	0	$C_0$	XX
Parameter 4	1	$D_7$	$D_6$	$D_5$	$D_4$	$D_3$	$D_2$	$D_1$	$D_0$	XX
Parameter 5	1	$E_7$	$E_6$	$E_5$	$E_4$	$E_3$	$E_2$	$\mathbf{E}_{1}$	$E_0$	XX
Parameter 6	1	0	0	0	0	$F_3$	$F_2$	$F_1$	$F_0$	XX
Parameter 7	1	$G_7$	$G_6$	$G_5$	$G_4$	$G_3$	$G_2$	$G_1$	$G_0$	XX

### **Description**

Get the PWM configuration

PWMF[7:0]: Get the PWM frequency in system clock (POR = 00000000)

PWM[7:0]: Get the PWM duty cycle (POR = 00000000)

C[3]: PWM configuration (POR = 0)

PWM controlled by hostPWM controlled by DBC

C[0]: PWM enable (POR = 0)

0 PWM disable1 PWM enable

D[7:0]: DBC manual brightness (POR = 00000000)

Get the brightness level

00 Dimmest FF brightest

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E[7:0]: DBC minimum brightness (POR = 00000000)

Get the minimum brightness level.

00 Dimmest FF Brightest

F[3:0]: Brightness prescaler (POR = 0000)

Get the brightness prescaler

G[7:0]: Dynamic backlight duty cycle: Get the current PWM duty cycle controlled by PWM (POR = 00000000)

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### 9.47 set\_lcd\_gen0

**Command** 0xC0 **Parameters** 7

	D/C	<b>D</b> 7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	C0
Parameter 1	1	$A_7$	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	XX
Parameter 2	1	0	0	0	0	0	GF0 <sub>10</sub>	GF0 <sub>9</sub>	GF0 <sub>8</sub>	XX
Parameter 3	1	GF0 <sub>7</sub>	$GF0_6$	$GF0_5$	$GF0_4$	$GF0_3$	GF0 <sub>2</sub>	$GF0_1$	$GF0_0$	XX
Parameter 4	1	0	0	0	0	0	GR0 <sub>10</sub>	GR0 <sub>9</sub>	$GR0_8$	XX
Parameter 5	1	$GR0_7$	$GR0_6$	$GR0_5$	$GR0_4$	$GR0_3$	$GR0_2$	$GR0_1$	$GR0_0$	XX
Parameter 6	1	$F_7$	$F_6$	$F_5$	$F_4$	$F_3$	GP0 <sub>10</sub>	GP0 <sub>9</sub>	$GP0_8$	XX
Parameter 7	1	GP0 <sub>7</sub>	$GP0_6$	GP0 <sub>5</sub>	GP0 <sub>4</sub>	$GP0_3$	$GP0_2$	$GP0_1$	$GP0_0$	XX

### **Description**

Set the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 0

A[7]: Reset LCD generator 0 at every frame start

0 The generator 0 will not reset in the starting point of a frame

1 The generator 0 will reset in the starting point of a frame

GF0[10:8]: The highest 3 bits of the generator 0 falling position (POR = 000) GF0[7:0]: The lower byte of the generator 0 falling position (POR = 00000001)

GR0[10:8]: The highest 3 bits of the generator 0 rising position (POR = 000) GR0[7:0]: The lower byte of the generator 0 rising position (POR = 00000000)

F[7]: Force the generator 0 output to 0 in non-display period

0 generator 0 is normal

generator 0 output is forced to 0 in non-display period

F[6:5]: Force the generator 0 output to 0 in odd or even lines

generator 0 is normal in both odd and even lines
generator 0 output is force to 0 in odd lines
generator 0 output is force to 0 in even lines
generator 0 is normal in both odd and even line

F[4:3]: Generator 0 toggle mode

00 Disable

01 Toggle by pixel clock (LSHIFT)

Toggle by Line (LLINE)

Toggle by Frame (LFRAME)

GP0[10:8]: The highest 3 bits of the generator 0 period (POR = 100) GP0[7:0]: The lower byte of the generator 0 period (POR = 00000000)

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## 9.48 get\_lcd\_gen0

**Command** 0xC1 **Parameters** 7

	D/C	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	C1
Parameter 1	1	A <sub>7</sub>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	XX
Parameter 2	1	0	0	0	0	0	GF0 <sub>10</sub>	GF0 <sub>9</sub>	GF0 <sub>8</sub>	XX
Parameter 3	1	GF0 <sub>7</sub>	$GF0_6$	GF0 <sub>5</sub>	$GF0_4$	GF0 <sub>3</sub>	GF0 <sub>2</sub>	$GF0_1$	$GF0_0$	XX
Parameter 4	1	0	0	0	0	0	GR0 <sub>10</sub>	GR0 <sub>9</sub>	$GR0_8$	XX
Parameter 5	1	GR0 <sub>7</sub>	$GR0_6$	GR0 <sub>5</sub>	$GR0_4$	GR0 <sub>3</sub>	$GR0_2$	$GR0_1$	$GR0_0$	XX
Parameter 6	1	$F_7$	$F_6$	F <sub>5</sub>	F <sub>4</sub>	$F_3$	GP0 <sub>10</sub>	GP0 <sub>9</sub>	$GP0_8$	XX
Parameter 7	1	GP0 <sub>7</sub>	$GP0_6$	GP0 <sub>5</sub>	$GP0_4$	$GP0_3$	$GP0_2$	$GP0_1$	$GP0_0$	XX

### **Description**

Get the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 0

A[7]: Reset LCD generator 0 at every frame start

0 The generator 0 will not reset in the starting point of a frame

1 The generator 0 will reset in the starting point of a frame

GF0[10:8]: The highest 3 bits of the generator 0 falling position (POR = 000) GF0[7:0]: The lower byte of the generator 0 falling position (POR = 00000001)

GR0[10:8]: The highest 3 bits of the generator 0 rising position (POR = 000) GR0[7:0]: The lower byte of the generator 0 rising position (POR = 00000000)

F[7]: Force the generator 0 output to 0 in non-display period

0 generator 0 is normal

generator 0 output is forced to 0 in non-display period

F[6:5]: Force the generator 0 output to 0 in odd or even lines

generator 0 is normal in both odd and even lines
generator 0 output is force to 0 in odd lines
generator 0 output is force to 0 in even lines
generator 0 is normal in both odd and even line

F[4:3]: Generator 0 toggle mode

00 Disable

01 Toggle by pixel clock (LSHIFT)

Toggle by Line (LLINE)

Toggle by Frame (LFRAME)

GP0[10:8] : The highest 3 bits of the generator 0 period (POR = 100) GP0[7:0] : The lower byte of the generator 0 period (POR = 00000000)

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### 9.49 set\_lcd\_gen1

**Command** 0xC2 **Parameters** 7

	D/C	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	C2
Parameter 1	1	$A_7$	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	XX
Parameter 2	1	0	0	0	0	0	GF1 <sub>10</sub>	GF1 <sub>9</sub>	GF1 <sub>8</sub>	XX
Parameter 3	1	GF1 <sub>7</sub>	GF1 <sub>6</sub>	GF1 <sub>5</sub>	GF1 <sub>4</sub>	GF1 <sub>3</sub>	GF1 <sub>2</sub>	GF1 <sub>1</sub>	GF1 <sub>0</sub>	XX
Parameter 4	1	0	0	0	0	0	GR1 <sub>10</sub>	GR1 <sub>9</sub>	GR1 <sub>8</sub>	XX
Parameter 5	1	GR1 <sub>7</sub>	GR1 <sub>6</sub>	GR1 <sub>5</sub>	GR1 <sub>4</sub>	GR1 <sub>3</sub>	GR1 <sub>2</sub>	GR1 <sub>1</sub>	GR1 <sub>0</sub>	XX
Parameter 6	1	$F_7$	$F_6$	$F_5$	$F_4$	$F_3$	GP1 <sub>10</sub>	GP1 <sub>9</sub>	GP1 <sub>8</sub>	XX
Parameter 7	1	GP1 <sub>7</sub>	GP1 <sub>6</sub>	GP1 <sub>5</sub>	GP1 <sub>4</sub>	GP1 <sub>3</sub>	GP1 <sub>2</sub>	GP1 <sub>1</sub>	GP1 <sub>0</sub>	XX

### **Description**

Set the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 1

A[7]: Reset LCD generator 1 at every frame start

The generator 1 will not reset in the starting point of a frame

1 The generator 1 will reset in the starting point of a frame

GF1[10:8]: The highest 3 bits of the generator 1 falling position (POR = 000)

GF1[7:0]: The lower byte of the generator 1 falling position (POR = 00000001)

GR1[10:8]: The highest 3 bits of the generator 1 rising position (POR = 000)

GR1[7:0]: The lower byte of the generator 1 rising position (POR = 00000000)

F[7]: Force the generator 1 output to 0 in non-display period

0 generator 1 is normal

generator 1 output is forced to 0 in non-display period

F[6:5]: Force the generator 1 output to 0 in odd or even lines

generator 1 is normal in both odd and even lines

01 generator 1 output is force to 0 in odd lines

generator 1 output is force to 0 in even lines

generator 1 is normal in both odd and even line

F[4:3]: Generator 1 toggle mode

00 Disable

01 Toggle by pixel clock (LSHIFT)

Toggle by Line (LLINE)

Toggle by Frame (LFRAME)

GP1[10:8]: The highest 3 bits of the generator 1 period (POR = 100) GP1[7:0]: The lower byte of the generator 1 period (POR = 00000000)

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## 9.50 get\_lcd\_gen1

**Command** 0xC3 **Parameters** 7

	D/C	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	C3
Parameter 1	1	$A_7$	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	XX
Parameter 2	1	0	0	0	0	0	GF1 <sub>10</sub>	GF1 <sub>9</sub>	GF1 <sub>8</sub>	XX
Parameter 3	1	GF1 <sub>7</sub>	GF1 <sub>6</sub>	GF1 <sub>5</sub>	GF1 <sub>4</sub>	GF1 <sub>3</sub>	GF1 <sub>2</sub>	GF1 <sub>1</sub>	GF1 <sub>0</sub>	XX
Parameter 4	1	0	0	0	0	0	GR1 <sub>10</sub>	GR1 <sub>9</sub>	GR1 <sub>8</sub>	XX
Parameter 5	1	GR1 <sub>7</sub>	GR1 <sub>6</sub>	GR1 <sub>5</sub>	GR1 <sub>4</sub>	GR1 <sub>3</sub>	GR1 <sub>2</sub>	GR1 <sub>1</sub>	GR1 <sub>0</sub>	XX
Parameter 6	1	$F_7$	$F_6$	$F_5$	$F_4$	$F_3$	GP1 <sub>10</sub>	GP1 <sub>9</sub>	GP1 <sub>8</sub>	XX
Parameter 7	1	GP1 <sub>7</sub>	GP1 <sub>6</sub>	GP1 <sub>5</sub>	GP1 <sub>4</sub>	GP1 <sub>3</sub>	GP1 <sub>2</sub>	GP1 <sub>1</sub>	GP1 <sub>0</sub>	XX

### **Description**

Get the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 1

A[7]: Reset LCD generator 1 at every frame start

The generator 1 will not reset in the starting point of a frame

1 The generator 1 will reset in the starting point of a frame

GF1[10:8]: The highest 3 bits of the generator 1 falling position (POR = 000)

GF1[7:0]: The lower byte of the generator 1 falling position (POR = 00000001)

GR1[10:8]: The highest 3 bits of the generator 1 rising position (POR = 000)

GR1[7:0]: The lower byte of the generator 1 rising position (POR = 00000000)

F[7]: Force the generator 1 output to 0 in non-display period

0 generator 1 is normal

generator 1 output is forced to 0 in non-display period

F[6:5]: Force the generator 1 output to 0 in odd or even lines

generator 1 is normal in both odd and even lines

01 generator 1 output is force to 0 in odd lines

generator 1 output is force to 0 in even lines

generator 1 is normal in both odd and even line

F[4:3]: Generator 1 toggle mode

00 Disable

01 Toggle by pixel clock (LSHIFT)

Toggle by Line (LLINE)

Toggle by Frame (LFRAME)

GP1[10:8]: The highest 3 bits of the generator 1 period (POR = 100) GP1[7:0]: The lower byte of the generator 1 period (POR = 00000000)

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## 9.51 set\_lcd\_gen2

**Command** 0xC4 **Parameters** 7

	D/C	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	C4
Parameter 1	1	$A_7$	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	XX
Parameter 2	1	0	0	0	0	0	GF2 <sub>10</sub>	GF2 <sub>9</sub>	GF2 <sub>8</sub>	XX
Parameter 3	1	GF2 <sub>7</sub>	GF2 <sub>6</sub>	GF2 <sub>5</sub>	GF2 <sub>4</sub>	GF2 <sub>3</sub>	GF2 <sub>2</sub>	GF2 <sub>1</sub>	GF2 <sub>0</sub>	XX
Parameter 4	1	0	0	0	0	0	GR2 <sub>10</sub>	GR2 <sub>9</sub>	GR2 <sub>8</sub>	XX
Parameter 5	1	GR2 <sub>7</sub>	GR2 <sub>6</sub>	GR2 <sub>5</sub>	GR2 <sub>4</sub>	GR2 <sub>3</sub>	GR2 <sub>2</sub>	GR2 <sub>1</sub>	GR2 <sub>0</sub>	XX
Parameter 6	1	$F_7$	$F_6$	$F_5$	$F_4$	$F_3$	GP2 <sub>10</sub>	GP2 <sub>9</sub>	GP2 <sub>8</sub>	XX
Parameter 7	1	GP2 <sub>7</sub>	GP2 <sub>6</sub>	GP2 <sub>5</sub>	GP2 <sub>4</sub>	GP2 <sub>3</sub>	GP2 <sub>2</sub>	GP2 <sub>1</sub>	GP2 <sub>0</sub>	XX

### **Description**

Set the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 2

A[7]: Reset LCD generator 2 at every frame start

The generator 2 will not reset in the starting point of a frame

1 The generator 2 will reset in the starting point of a frame

GF2[7:0]: The highest 3 bits of the generator 2 falling position (POR = 000)

GF2[7:0]: The lower byte of the generator 2 falling position (POR = 00000001)

GR2[10:8]: The highest 3 bits of the generator 2 rising position (POR = 000) GR2[7:0]: The lower byte of the generator 2 rising position (POR = 00000000)

F[7]: Force the generator 2 output to 0 in non-display period

0 generator 2 is normal 1 generator 2 output is f

generator 2 output is forced to 0 in non-display period

F[6:5]: Force the generator 2 output to 0 in odd or even lines

generator 2 is normal in both odd and even lines

01 generator 2 output is force to 0 in odd lines

generator 2 output is force to 0 in even lines

generator 2 is normal in both odd and even line

F[4:3]: Generator 2 toggle mode

00 Disable

01 Toggle by pixel clock (LSHIFT)

Toggle by Line (LLINE)

Toggle by Frame (LFRAME)

GP2[10:8]: The highest 3 bits of the generator 2 period (POR = 100) GP2[7:0]: The lower byte of the generator 2 period (POR = 00000000)

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## 9.52 get\_lcd\_gen2

**Command** 0xC5 **Parameters** 7

	D/C	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	C5
Parameter 1	1	$A_7$	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	XX
Parameter 2	1	0	0	0	0	0	GF2 <sub>10</sub>	GF2 <sub>9</sub>	GF2 <sub>8</sub>	XX
Parameter 3	1	GF2 <sub>7</sub>	GF2 <sub>6</sub>	GF2 <sub>5</sub>	GF2 <sub>4</sub>	GF2 <sub>3</sub>	GF2 <sub>2</sub>	GF2 <sub>1</sub>	GF2 <sub>0</sub>	XX
Parameter 4	1	0	0	0	0	0	GR2 <sub>10</sub>	GR2 <sub>9</sub>	GR2 <sub>8</sub>	XX
Parameter 5	1	GR2 <sub>7</sub>	GR2 <sub>6</sub>	GR2 <sub>5</sub>	GR2 <sub>4</sub>	GR2 <sub>3</sub>	GR2 <sub>2</sub>	GR2 <sub>1</sub>	GR2 <sub>0</sub>	XX
Parameter 6	1	$F_7$	$F_6$	F <sub>5</sub>	$F_4$	$F_3$	GP2 <sub>10</sub>	GP2 <sub>9</sub>	GP2 <sub>8</sub>	XX
Parameter 7	1	GP2 <sub>7</sub>	GP2 <sub>6</sub>	GP2 <sub>5</sub>	GP2 <sub>4</sub>	GP2 <sub>3</sub>	GP2 <sub>2</sub>	GP2 <sub>1</sub>	GP2 <sub>0</sub>	XX

### **Description**

Get the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 2

A[7]: Reset LCD generator 2 at every frame start

The generator 2 will not reset in the starting point of a frame

1 The generator 2 will reset in the starting point of a frame

GF2[10:8]: The highest 3 bits of the generator 2 falling position (POR = 000)

GF2[7:0]: The lower byte of the generator 2 falling position (POR = 00000001)

GR2[10:8]: The highest 3 bits of the generator 2 rising position (POR = 000)

GR2[7:0]: The lower byte of the generator 2 rising position (POR = 00000000)

F[7]: Force the generator 2 output to 0 in non-display period

0 generator 2 is normal

generator 2 output is forced to 0 in non-display period

F[6:5]: Force the generator 2 output to 0 in odd or even lines

generator 2 is normal in both odd and even lines

01 generator 2 output is force to 0 in odd lines

generator 2 output is force to 0 in even lines

generator 2 is normal in both odd and even line

F[4:3]: Generator 2 toggle mode

00 Disable

01 Toggle by pixel clock (LSHIFT)

Toggle by Line (LLINE)

Toggle by Frame (LFRAME)

GP2[10:8]: The highest 3 bits of the generator 2 period (POR = 100) GP2[7:0]: The lower byte of the generator 2 period (POR = 00000000)

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## 9.53 set\_lcd\_gen3

**Command** 0xC6 **Parameters** 7

	D/C	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	C6
Parameter 1	1	$A_7$	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	XX
Parameter 2	1	0	0	0	0	0	GF3 <sub>10</sub>	GF3 <sub>9</sub>	GF3 <sub>8</sub>	XX
Parameter 3	1	GF3 <sub>7</sub>	GF3 <sub>6</sub>	GF3 <sub>5</sub>	GF3 <sub>4</sub>	GF3 <sub>3</sub>	GF3 <sub>2</sub>	GF3 <sub>1</sub>	GF3 <sub>0</sub>	XX
Parameter 4	1	0	0	0	0	0	GR3 <sub>10</sub>	GR3 <sub>9</sub>	GR3 <sub>8</sub>	XX
Parameter 5	1	GR3 <sub>7</sub>	GR3 <sub>6</sub>	GR3 <sub>5</sub>	GR3 <sub>4</sub>	GR3 <sub>3</sub>	GR3 <sub>2</sub>	GR3 <sub>1</sub>	GR3 <sub>0</sub>	XX
Parameter 6	1	$F_7$	$F_6$	$F_5$	$F_4$	$F_3$	GP3 <sub>10</sub>	GP3 <sub>9</sub>	GP3 <sub>8</sub>	XX
Parameter 7	1	GP3 <sub>7</sub>	GP3 <sub>6</sub>	GP3 <sub>5</sub>	GP3 <sub>4</sub>	GP3 <sub>3</sub>	GP3 <sub>2</sub>	GP3 <sub>1</sub>	GP3 <sub>0</sub>	XX

### **Description**

Set the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 3

A[7]: Reset LCD generator 3 at every frame start

The generator 3 will not reset in the starting point of a frame

1 The generator 3 will reset in the starting point of a frame

GF3[10:8]: The highest 3 bits of the generator 3 falling position (POR = 000)

GF3[7:0] : The lower byte of the generator 3 falling position (POR = 00000001)

GR3[10:8]: The highest 3 bits of the generator 3 rising position (POR = 000) GR3[7:0]: The lower byte of the generator 3 rising position (POR = 00000000)

F[7]: Force the generator 3 output to 0 in non-display period

0 generator 3 is normal

generator 3 output is forced to 0 in non-display period

F[6:5]: Force the generator 3 output to 0 in odd or even lines

generator 3 is normal in both odd and even lines
generator 3 output is force to 0 in odd lines
generator 3 output is force to 0 in even lines
generator 3 is normal in both odd and even line

F[4:3]: Generator 3 toggle mode

00 Disable

01 Toggle by pixel clock (LSHIFT)

Toggle by Line (LLINE)

11 Toggle by Frame (LFRAME)

GP3[10:8]: The highest 3 bits of the generator 3 period (POR = 100) GP3[7:0]: The lower byte of the generator 3 period (POR = 00000000)

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## 9.54 get\_lcd\_gen3

**Command** 0xC7 **Parameters** 7

	D/C	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	C7
Parameter 1	1	$A_7$	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	XX
Parameter 2	1	0	0	0	0	0	GF3 <sub>10</sub>	GF3 <sub>9</sub>	GF3 <sub>8</sub>	XX
Parameter 3	1	GF3 <sub>7</sub>	GF3 <sub>6</sub>	GF3 <sub>5</sub>	GF3 <sub>4</sub>	GF3 <sub>3</sub>	GF3 <sub>2</sub>	GF3 <sub>1</sub>	GF3 <sub>0</sub>	XX
Parameter 4	1	0	0	0	0	0	GR3 <sub>10</sub>	GR3 <sub>9</sub>	GR3 <sub>8</sub>	XX
Parameter 5	1	GR3 <sub>7</sub>	GR3 <sub>6</sub>	GR3 <sub>5</sub>	GR3 <sub>4</sub>	GR3 <sub>3</sub>	GR3 <sub>2</sub>	GR3 <sub>1</sub>	GR3 <sub>0</sub>	XX
Parameter 6	1	$F_7$	$F_6$	$F_5$	$F_4$	$F_3$	GP3 <sub>10</sub>	GP3 <sub>9</sub>	GP3 <sub>8</sub>	XX
Parameter 7	1	GP3 <sub>7</sub>	GP3 <sub>6</sub>	GP3 <sub>5</sub>	GP3 <sub>4</sub>	GP3 <sub>3</sub>	GP3 <sub>2</sub>	GP3 <sub>1</sub>	GP3 <sub>0</sub>	XX

### **Description**

Get the rise, fall, period and toggling properties of LCD signal generator 3

A[7]: Reset LCD generator 3 at every frame start

The generator 3 will not reset in the starting point of a frame

1 The generator 3 will reset in the starting point of a frame

GF3[10:8] : The highest 3 bits of the generator 3 falling position (POR = 000)

GF3[7:0]: The lower byte of the generator 3 falling position (POR = 00000001)

GR3[10:8]: The highest 3 bits of the generator 3 rising position (POR = 000)

GR3[7:0]: The lower byte of the generator 3 rising position (POR = 00000000)

F[7]: Force the generator 3 output to 0 in non-display period

0 generator 3 is normal

generator 3 output is forced to 0 in non-display period

F[6:5]: Force the generator 3 output to 0 in odd or even lines

generator 3 is normal in both odd and even lines

01 generator 3 output is force to 0 in odd lines

generator 3 output is force to 0 in even lines

generator 3 is normal in both odd and even line

F[4:3]: Generator 3 toggle mode

00 Disable

01 Toggle by pixel clock (LSHIFT)

Toggle by Line (LLINE)

Toggle by Frame (LFRAME)

GP3[10:8]: The highest 3 bits of the generator 3 period (POR = 100) GP3[7:0]: The lower byte of the generator 3 period (POR = 00000000)

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## 9.55 set\_gpio0\_rop

**Command** 0xC8 **Parameters** 2

	D/C	<b>D</b> 7	<b>D6</b>	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	C8
Parameter 1	1	0	$A_6$	$A_5$	0	$A_3$	$A_2$	$A_1$	$A_0$	XX
Parameter 2	1	$\mathbf{B}_7$	$B_6$	$\mathbf{B}_{5}$	$B_4$	$B_3$	$B_2$	$B_1$	$B_0$	XX

#### **Description**

Set the GPIO0 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO0 is configured as general GPIO.

A[6:5]: Source 1 for GPIO0 when controlled by LCDC (POR = 00)

00 Generator 0 01 Generator 1 10 Generator 2 11 Generator 3

A[3:2]: Source 2 for GPIO0 when controlled by LCDC (POR = 00)

00 Generator 0 01 Generator 1 10 Generator 2 11 Generator 3

A[1:0]: Source 3 for GPIO0 when controlled by LCDC (POR = 00)

00 Generator 0
01 Generator 1
10 Generator 2
11 Generator 3

B[7:0]: ROP operation to mux the source 1, 2 and 3 for GPIO0 (POR = 00000000) Please refer to the Application note for the ROP operation

# 9.56 get\_gpio0\_rop

**Command** 0xC9 **Parameters** 2

	D/C	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	C9
Parameter 1	1	0	$A_6$	$A_5$	0	$A_3$	$A_2$	$A_1$	$A_0$	XX
Parameter 2	1	$\mathbf{B}_7$	$B_6$	$B_5$	$B_4$	$B_3$	$\mathrm{B}_2$	$B_1$	$B_0$	XX

#### Description

Get the GPIO0 properties with respect to the LCD signal generators.

A[6:5]: Source 1 for GPIO0 when controlled by LCDC (POR = 00)

00 Generator 0 01 Generator 1 10 Generator 2 11 Generator 3

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A[3:2]: Source 2 for GPIO0 when controlled by LCDC (POR = 00)

00 Generator 0

01 Generator 1

10 Generator 2

11 Generator 3

A[1:0]: Source 3 for GPIO0 when controlled by LCDC (POR = 00)

00 Generator 0

01 Generator 1

10 Generator 2

11 Generator 3

B[7:0]: ROP operation to mux the source 1, 2 and 3 for GPIO0 (POR = 00000000)

Please refer to the Application note for ROP operation

## 9.57 set\_gpio1\_rop

**Command** 0xCA **Parameters** 2

	D/C	<b>D</b> 7	<b>D6</b>	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	CA
Parameter 1	1	0	$A_6$	$A_5$	0	$A_3$	$A_2$	$A_1$	$A_0$	XX
Parameter 2	1	$\mathbf{B}_{7}$	$\mathrm{B}_{6}$	$B_5$	$B_4$	$B_3$	$\mathbf{B}_2$	$B_1$	$B_0$	XX

#### **Description**

Set the GPIO1 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO1 is configured as general GPIO.

A[6:5]: Source 1 for GPIO1 when controlled by LCDC (POR = 00)

00 Generator 0

01 Generator 1

10 Generator 2

11 Generator 3

A[3:2]: Source 2 for GPIO1 when controlled by LCDC (POR = 00)

00 Generator 0

01 Generator 1

10 Generator 2

11 Generator 3

A[1:0]: Source 3 for GPIO1 when controlled by LCDC (POR = 00)

00 Generator 0

01 Generator 1

10 Generator 2

11 Generator 3

B[7:0]: ROP operation to mux the source 1, 2 and 3 for GPIO1 (POR = 00000000)

Please refer to the Application note for the ROP operation

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## 9.58 get\_gpio1\_rop

**Command** 0xCB **Parameters** 2

	D/C	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	СВ
Parameter 1	1	0	$A_6$	$A_5$	0	$A_3$	$A_2$	$A_1$	$A_0$	XX
Parameter 2	1	$\mathbf{B}_7$	$\mathrm{B}_{6}$	$B_5$	$\mathrm{B}_4$	$B_3$	$B_2$	$B_1$	$\mathrm{B}_0$	XX

#### **Description**

Get the GPIO1 properties with respect to the LCD signal generators.

A[6:5]: Source 1 for GPIO1 when controlled by LCDC (POR = 00)

00 Generator 0 01 Generator 1 10 Generator 2 11 Generator 3

A[3:2]: Source 2 for GPIO1 when controlled by LCDC (POR = 00)

00 Generator 0 01 Generator 1 10 Generator 2 11 Generator 3

A[1:0]: Source 3 for GPIO1 when controlled by LCDC (POR = 00)

00 Generator 0
 01 Generator 1
 10 Generator 2
 11 Generator 3

B[7:0]: ROP operation to mux the source 1, 2 and 3 for GPIO1 (POR = 00000000) Please refer to the Application note for the ROP operation

## 9.59 set\_gpio2\_rop

**Command** 0xCC **Parameters** 2

	D/C	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	CC
Parameter 1	1	0	$A_6$	$A_5$	0	$A_3$	$A_2$	$A_1$	$A_0$	XX
Parameter 2	1	$\mathbf{B}_7$	$\mathrm{B}_{6}$	$B_5$	$B_4$	$B_3$	$B_2$	$B_1$	$\mathrm{B}_0$	XX

#### **Description**

Set the GPIO2 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO2 is configured as general GPIO.

A[6:5]: Source 1 for GPIO2 when controlled by LCDC (POR = 00)

00 Generator 0 01 Generator 1 10 Generator 2 11 Generator 3

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A[3:2]: Source 2 for GPIO2 when controlled by LCDC (POR = 00)

00 Generator 0

01 Generator 1

10 Generator 2

11 Generator 3

A[1:0]: Source 3 for GPIO2 when controlled by LCDC (POR = 00)

00 Generator 0

01 Generator 1

10 Generator 2

11 Generator 3

B[7:0]: ROP operation to mux the source 1, 2 and 3 for GPIO2 (POR = 00000000)

Please refer to the Application note for the ROP operation

## 9.60 get\_gpio2\_rop

**Command** 0xCD **Parameters** 2

	D/C	<b>D</b> 7	<b>D6</b>	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	CD
Parameter 1	1	0	$A_6$	$A_5$	0	$A_3$	$A_2$	$A_1$	$A_0$	XX
Parameter 2	1	$\mathbf{B}_7$	$\mathrm{B}_{6}$	$B_5$	$B_4$	$B_3$	$B_2$	$B_1$	$\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{0}}$	XX

#### **Description**

Get the GPIO2 properties with respect to the LCD signal generators.

A[6:5]: Source 1 for GPIO2 when controlled by LCDC (POR = 00)

00 Generator 0

01 Generator 1

10 Generator 2

11 Generator 3

A[3:2]: Source 2 for GPIO2 when controlled by LCDC (POR = 00)

00 Generator 0

01 Generator 1

10 Generator 2

11 Generator 3

A[1:0]: Source 3 for GPIO2 when controlled by LCDC (POR = 00)

00 Generator 0

01 Generator 1

10 Generator 2

11 Generator 3

B[7:0]: ROP operation to mux the source 1, 2 and 3 for GPIO2 (POR = 00000000)

Please refer to the Application note for the ROP operation

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## 9.61 set\_gpio3\_rop

**Command** 0xCE **Parameters** 2

	D/C	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	CE
Parameter 1	1	0	$A_6$	$A_5$	0	$A_3$	$A_2$	$A_1$	$A_0$	XX
Parameter 2	1	$B_7$	$B_6$	$B_5$	$B_4$	$B_3$	$B_2$	$B_1$	$\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{0}}$	XX

#### **Description**

Set the GPIO3 with respect to the LCD signal generators using ROP operation. No effect if the GPIO3 is configured as general GPIO.

A[6:5]: Source 1 for GPIO3 when controlled by LCDC (POR = 00)

00 Generator 0 01 Generator 1 10 Generator 2 11 Generator 3

A[3:2]: Source 2 for GPIO3 when controlled by LCDC (POR = 00)

00 Generator 0 01 Generator 1 10 Generator 2 11 Generator 3

A[1:0]: Source 3 for GPIO3 when controlled by LCDC (POR = 00)

00 Generator 0 01 Generator 1 10 Generator 2 11 Generator 3

B[7:0]: ROP operation to mux the source 1, 2 and 3 for GPIO3 (POR = 00000000) Please refer to the Application note for the ROP operation

# 9.62 get\_gpio3\_rop

**Command** 0xCF **Parameters** 2

	D/C	<b>D</b> 7	<b>D6</b>	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	CF
Parameter 1	1	0	$A_6$	$A_5$	0	$A_3$	$A_2$	$A_1$	$A_0$	XX
Parameter 2	1	$\mathbf{B}_7$	$B_6$	$\mathbf{B}_{5}$	$B_4$	$B_3$	$B_2$	$\mathbf{B}_1$	$\mathbf{B}_0$	XX

#### Description

Get the GPIO3 properties with respect to the LCD signal generators.

A[6:5]: Source 1 for GPIO3 when controlled by LCDC (POR = 00)

00 Generator 0 01 Generator 1 10 Generator 2 11 Generator 3

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A[3:2]: Source 2 for GPIO3 when controlled by LCDC (POR = 00)

00 Generator 0

01 Generator 1

10 Generator 2

Generator 3

A[1:0]: Source 3 for GPIO3 when controlled by LCDC (POR = 00)

00 Generator 0

01 Generator 1

10 Generator 2

Generator 3

B[7:0]: ROP operation to mux the source 1, 2 and 3 for GPIO3 (POR = 00000000)

Please refer to the Application note for the ROP operation

## 9.63 set\_dbc\_conf

**Command** 0xD0 **Parameters** 1

	D/C	<b>D7</b>	<b>D</b> 6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	<b>D</b> 0	Hex
Command	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	D0
Parameter 1	1	0	$A_6$	$A_5$	0	$A_3$	$A_2$	0	$A_0$	XX

#### **Description**

Set the Dynamic Backlight Control configuration.

A[6]: DBC Manual Brightness enable (POR = 1)

0 Enable 1 Disable

A[5]: Transition effect (POR = 0)

0 Transition effect disable

1 Transition effect enable

Transition effect is used to remove visible backlight flickering. If rapid brightness change is required, it is recommended to enable this bit.

A[3:2]: Energy saving selection for DBC (POR = 00)

00 DBC is disable

01 Conservative mode

10 Normal mode

11 Aggressive mode

A[0]: Master enable of DBC (POR = 0)

0 DBC disable

1 DBC enable

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The hardware pin, PWM is the output signal from SSD1963 to the system backlight driver. So it should configure PWM module before enable DBC.

WRITE COMMAND "0xBE"

WRITE DATA "0x0E" (set PWM frequency)

WRITE DATA "0xFF" (dummy value if DBC is used)

WRITE DATA "0x09" (enable PWM controlled by DBC)

WRITE DATA "0xFF" WRITE DATA "0x00"

WRITE DATA "0x00"

WRITE COMMAND "0xD4" (Define the threshold value)

WRITE DATA .....

WRITE COMMAND "0xD0"

WRITE DATA "0x0D" (Enable DBC with Aggressive mode)

## 9.64 get\_dbc\_conf

**Command** 0xD1 **Parameters** 1

	D/C	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	D1
Parameter 1	1	0	$A_6$	$A_5$	0	$A_3$	$A_2$	1	$A_0$	XX

#### **Description**

Get the current dynamic back light configuration.

A[6]: DBC Manual Brightness enable (POR = 1)

0 Enable 1 Disable

A[5]: Transition effect (POR = 0)

0 Transition effect disable1 Transition effect enable

A[3:2]: Energy saving selection for DBC (POR = 00)

00 DBC is disable
01 Conservative mode
10 Normal mode

11 Aggressive mode

A[0]: Master enable DBC (POR = 0)

0 DBC disable1 DBC enable

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### 9.65 set\_dbc\_th

**Command** 0xD4 **Parameters** 9

	D/C	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	D4
Parameter 1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	DBC_TH1 <sub>16</sub>	XX
Parameter 2	1	DBC_TH1 <sub>15</sub>	DBC_TH1 <sub>14</sub>	DBC_TH1 <sub>13</sub>	DBC_TH1 <sub>12</sub>	DBC_TH1 <sub>11</sub>	DBC_TH1 <sub>10</sub>	DBC_TH19	DBC_TH1 <sub>8</sub>	XX
Parameter 3	1	DBC_TH17	DBC_TH1 <sub>6</sub>	DBC_TH1 <sub>5</sub>	DBC_TH1 <sub>4</sub>	DBC_TH1 <sub>3</sub>	DBC_TH1 <sub>2</sub>	DBC_TH1 <sub>1</sub>	DBC_TH1 <sub>0</sub>	XX
Parameter 4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	DBC_TH2 <sub>16</sub>	XX
Parameter 5	1	DBC_TH2 <sub>15</sub>	DBC_TH2 <sub>14</sub>	DBC_TH2 <sub>13</sub>	DBC_TH2 <sub>12</sub>	DBC_TH2 <sub>11</sub>	DBC_TH2 <sub>10</sub>	DBC_TH29	DBC_TH2 <sub>8</sub>	XX
Parameter 6	1	DBC_TH27	DBC_TH2 <sub>6</sub>	DBC_TH2 <sub>5</sub>	DBC_TH2 <sub>4</sub>	DBC_TH2 <sub>3</sub>	DBC_TH2 <sub>2</sub>	DBC_TH2 <sub>1</sub>	DBC_TH2 <sub>0</sub>	XX
Parameter 7	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	DBC_TH3 <sub>16</sub>	XX
Parameter 8	1	DBC_TH3 <sub>15</sub>	DBC_TH3 <sub>14</sub>	DBC_TH3 <sub>13</sub>	DBC_TH3 <sub>12</sub>	DBC_TH3 <sub>11</sub>	DBC_TH3 <sub>10</sub>	DBC_TH3 <sub>9</sub>	DBC_TH3 <sub>8</sub>	XX
Parameter 9	1	DBC_TH37	DBC_TH3 <sub>6</sub>	DBC_TH3 <sub>5</sub>	DBC_TH3 <sub>4</sub>	DBC_TH3 <sub>3</sub>	DBC_TH3 <sub>2</sub>	DBC_TH3 <sub>1</sub>	DBC_TH3 <sub>0</sub>	XX

#### **Description**

Set the threshold for each level of power saving.

DBC\_TH1[16]: High byte of the threshold setting for the Conservative mode of DBC. (POR = 0)

 $DBC_TH1[15:8]$ : 2nd byte of the threshold setting for the Conservative mode of DBC. (POR = 00000000)  $DBC_TH1[7:0]$ : Low byte of the threshold setting for the Conservative mode of DBC. (POR = 00000000)

TH1 = display width \* display height \* 3 \* 0.1 /16

DBC\_TH2[16]: High byte of the threshold setting for the Normal mode of DBC. (POR = 0)

DBC TH2[15:8]: 2nd byte of the threshold setting for the Normal mode of DBC. (POR = 00000000)

DBC\_TH2[7:0]: Low byte of the threshold setting for the Normal mode of DBC. (POR = 00000000)

TH2 = display width \* display height \* 3 \* 0.25 / 16

DBC\_TH3[16]: High byte of the threshold setting for the Aggressive mode of DBC. (POR = 0)

DBC\_TH3[15:8]: 2nd byte of the threshold setting for the Aggressive mode of DBC. (POR = 00000000)

DBC\_TH3[7:0]: Low byte of the threshold setting for the Aggressive mode of DBC. (POR = 00000000)

TH3 = display width \* display height \* 3 \* 0.6/16

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## 9.66 get\_dbc\_th

**Command** 0xD5 **Parameters** 9

	D/C	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	D5
Parameter 1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	DBC_TH1 <sub>16</sub>	XX
Parameter 2	1	DBC_TH1 <sub>15</sub>	DBC_TH1 <sub>14</sub>	DBC_TH1 <sub>13</sub>	DBC_TH1 <sub>12</sub>	DBC_TH1 <sub>11</sub>	DBC_TH1 <sub>10</sub>	DBC_TH19	DBC_TH1 <sub>8</sub>	XX
Parameter 3	1	DBC_TH17	DBC_TH1 <sub>6</sub>	DBC_TH1 <sub>5</sub>	DBC_TH1 <sub>4</sub>	DBC_TH1 <sub>3</sub>	DBC_TH1 <sub>2</sub>	DBC_TH1 <sub>1</sub>	DBC_TH1 <sub>0</sub>	XX
Parameter 4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	DBC_TH2 <sub>16</sub>	XX
Parameter 5	1	DBC_TH2 <sub>15</sub>	DBC_TH2 <sub>14</sub>	DBC_TH2 <sub>13</sub>	DBC_TH2 <sub>12</sub>	DBC_TH2 <sub>11</sub>	DBC_TH2 <sub>10</sub>	DBC_TH29	DBC_TH2 <sub>8</sub>	XX
Parameter 6	1	DBC_TH27	DBC_TH2 <sub>6</sub>	DBC_TH2 <sub>5</sub>	DBC_TH2 <sub>4</sub>	DBC_TH2 <sub>3</sub>	DBC_TH2 <sub>2</sub>	DBC_TH2 <sub>1</sub>	DBC_TH2 <sub>0</sub>	XX
Parameter 7	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	DBC_TH3 <sub>16</sub>	XX
Parameter 8	1	DBC_TH3 <sub>15</sub>	DBC_TH3 <sub>14</sub>	DBC_TH3 <sub>13</sub>	DBC_TH3 <sub>12</sub>	DBC_TH3 <sub>11</sub>	DBC_TH3 <sub>10</sub>	DBC_TH3 <sub>9</sub>	DBC_TH3 <sub>8</sub>	XX
Parameter 9	1	DBC_TH3 <sub>7</sub>	DBC_TH3 <sub>6</sub>	DBC_TH3 <sub>5</sub>	DBC_TH3 <sub>4</sub>	DBC_TH3 <sub>3</sub>	DBC_TH3 <sub>2</sub>	DBC_TH3 <sub>1</sub>	DBC_TH3 <sub>0</sub>	XX

#### **Description**

Get the threshold for each level of power saving.

DBC\_TH1[16]: High byte of the threshold setting for the Conservative mode of DBC. (POR = 0)

 $DBC_TH1[15:8]$ : 2nd byte of the threshold setting for the Conservative mode of DBC. (POR = 00000000)  $DBC_TH1[7:0]$ : Low byte of the threshold setting for the Conservative mode of DBC. (POR = 00000000)

DBC\_TH2[16]: High byte of the threshold setting for the Normal mode of DBC. (POR = 0)

DBC\_TH2[15:8]: 2nd byte of the threshold setting for the Normal mode of DBC. (POR = 00000000) DBC TH2[7:0]: Low byte of the threshold setting for the Normal mode of DBC. (POR = 00000000)

DBC\_TH3[16]: High byte of the threshold setting for the Aggressive mode of DBC. (POR = 0) DBC\_TH3[15:8]: 2nd byte of the threshold setting for the Aggressive mode of DBC. (POR = 00000000) DBC\_TH3[7:0]: Low byte of the threshold setting for the Aggressive mode of DBC. (POR = 00000000)

## 9.67 set\_pll

**Command** 0xE0 **Parameters** 1

	D/C	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	E0
Parameter 1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	$A_1$	$A_0$	XX

#### **Description**

Start the PLL. Before the start, the system was operated with the crystal oscillator or clock input.

A[1] : Lock PLL (POR = 0)

After PLL enabled for 100us, can start to lock PLL

Use reference clock as system clockUse PLL output as system clock

A[0]: Enable PLL (POR = 0)

0 Disable PLL

1 Enable PLL

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Before enabling PLL, the PLL setting ("0xE2") have to be configured first. After PLL enabled for 100us, can start to lock PLL. SSD1963 needed to switch to PLL output as system clock after PLL is locked. The following is the program sequence.

WRITE COMMAND "0xE0"
WRITE DATA "0x01"
Wait 100us to let the PLL stable
WRITE COMMAND "0xE0"
WRITE DATA "0x03"
WRITE COMMAND "0x01"

## 9.68 set\_pll\_mn

**Command** 0xE2 **Parameters** 3

	D/C	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	E2
Parameter 1	1	$M_7$	$M_6$	$M_5$	$M_4$	$M_3$	$M_2$	$M_1$	$\mathbf{M}_0$	XX
Parameter 2	1	0	0	0	0	$N_3$	$N_2$	$N_1$	$N_0$	XX
Parameter 3	1	0	0	0	0	0	$C_2$	0	0	XX

#### **Description**

Set the MN of PLL

M[7:0]: Multiplier (M) of PLL. (POR = 00101101)

N[3:0]: Divider (N) of PLL. (POR = 0011)

C[2]: Effectuate MN value (POR = 0)

Ignore the multiplier (N) and divider (N) values
Effectuate the multiplier and divider value

VCO = Reference input clock x (M + 1)PLL frequency = VCO / (N + 1)

#### \* Note: 250MHz < VCO < 800MHz

For a 10MHz reference clock to obtain 100MHz PLL frequency, user cannot program M=19 and N=1. The setting in this situation is setting M=29 and N=2, where  $10 \times 30 / 3 = 100$ MHz.

WRITE COMMAND "0xE2"
WRITE DATA "0x1D" (M=29)
WRITE DATA "0x02" (N=2)
WRITE DATA "0x54" (Dummy Byte)

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<sup>\*</sup> Note: SSD1963 is operating under reference clock before PLL is locked, registers cannot be set faster than half of the reference clock frequency. For instance, SSD1963 with a 10MHz reference clock is not allowed to be programmed higher than 5M words/s.

## 9.69 get\_pll\_mn

**Command** 0xE3 **Parameters** 3

	D/C	<b>D</b> 7	D6	<b>D5</b>	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	E3
Parameter 1	1	$M_7$	$M_6$	$M_5$	$M_4$	$M_3$	$M_2$	$\mathbf{M}_1$	$\mathbf{M}_0$	XX
Parameter 2	1	0	0	0	0	$N_3$	$N_2$	$N_1$	$N_0$	XX
Parameter 3	1	0	0	0	0	0	$C_2$	0	0	XX

#### **Description**

Get the MN setting of PLL

M[7:0]: Multiplier (M) of PLL. (POR = 00101101)

N[3:0]: Divider (N) of PLL. (POR = 0011)

C[2]: Effectuate MN value (POR = 0)

0 Ignore the multiplier (M) and divider (N) values.

1 Effectuate the multiplier and divider value

# 9.70 get\_pll\_status

**Command** 0xE4 **Parameters** 1

	D/C	<b>D7</b>	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	E4
Parameter 1	1	0	0	0	0	0	$A_2$	0	0	XX

## **Description**

Get the PLL status A[2]: PLL Lock

0 Not locked1 Locked

## 9.71 set\_deep\_sleep

**Command** 0xE5 **Parameters** None

	D/C	<b>D</b> 7	<b>D6</b>	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	<b>D</b> 0	Hex
Command	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	E5

## Description

Set deep sleep mode. PLL would be stopped.

It needs to issue 2 dummy read to exit Deep Sleep mode.

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## 9.72 set\_lshift\_freq

**Command** 0xE6 **Parameters** 3

	D/C	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	<b>D</b> 0	Hex
Command	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	E6
Parameter 1	1	0	0	0	0	LCDC_FPR <sub>19</sub>	LCDC_FPR <sub>18</sub>	LCDC_FPR <sub>17</sub>	LCDC_FPR <sub>16</sub>	XX
Parameter 2	1	LCDC_FPR <sub>15</sub>	LCDC_FPR <sub>14</sub>	LCDC_FPR <sub>13</sub>	LCDC_FPR <sub>12</sub>	LCDC_FPR <sub>11</sub>	LCDC_FPR <sub>10</sub>	LCDC_FPR9	LCDC_FPR <sub>8</sub>	XX
Parameter 3	1	LCDC_FPR7	LCDC_FPR <sub>6</sub>	LCDC_FPR 5	LCDC_FPR <sub>4</sub>	LCDC_FPR <sub>3</sub>	LCDC_FPR <sub>2</sub>	LCDC_FPR <sub>1</sub>	LCDC_FPR <sub>0</sub>	XX

## **Description**

Set the LSHIFT (pixel clock) frequency

LCDC\_FPR[19:16]: The highest 4 bits for the pixel clock frequency settings. (POR = 0111) LCDC\_FPR[15:8]: The higher byte for the pixel clock frequency settings. (POR = 11111111) LCDC\_FPR[7:0]: The low byte for the pixel clock frequency settings. (POR = 11111111)

#### For parallel LCD interface:

Configure the pixel clock to PLL freq x ((LCDC\_FPR + 1)  $/ 2^{20}$ )

To obtain PCLK = 5.3MHz with PLL Frequency = 100MHz, 5.3MHz = 100MHz \* ( LCDC\_FPR+ 1) /  $2^{20}$  LCDC\_FPR = 55574

WRITE COMMAND "0xE6"

WRITE DATA "0x00" (LCDC\_FPR = 55574)

WRITE DATA "0xD9"

WRITE DATA "0x16"

For serial LCD interface:

Configure the pixel clock to PLL freq x ((LCDC\_FPR + 1)  $/ 2^{20}$ ) \*4

To obtain PCLK = 5.3MHz with PLL Frequency = 100MHz, 5.3MHz = 100MHz \* ( ( LCDC\_FPR+ 1) /  $2^{20}$  )\*4 LCDC\_FPR = 13892

WRITE COMMAND "0xE6"

WRITE DATA "0x00" (LCDC\_FPR = 13892)

WRITE DATA "0x36"

WRITE DATA "0x44"

## 9.73 get\_lshift\_freq

**Command** 0xE7 **Parameters** 3

	D/C	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	E7
Parameter 1	1	0	0	0	0	LCDC_FPR <sub>19</sub>	LCDC_FPR <sub>18</sub>	LCDC_FPR <sub>17</sub>	LCDC_FPR <sub>16</sub>	XX
Parameter 2	1	LCDC_FPR <sub>15</sub>	LCDC_FPR <sub>14</sub>	LCDC_FPR <sub>13</sub>	LCDC_FPR <sub>12</sub>	LCDC_FPR <sub>11</sub>	LCDC_FPR <sub>10</sub>	LCDC_FPR9	LCDC_FPR <sub>8</sub>	XX
Parameter 3	1	LCDC_FPR7	LCDC_FPR <sub>6</sub>	LCDC_FPR 5	LCDC_FPR <sub>4</sub>	LCDC_FPR <sub>3</sub>	LCDC_FPR <sub>2</sub>	LCDC_FPR <sub>1</sub>	LCDC_FPR <sub>0</sub>	XX

#### **Description**

Get the current LSHIFT (pixel clock) frequency setting

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LCDC\_FPR[19:16]: The highest 4 bits for the pixel clock frequency settings. (POR = 0111) LCDC\_FPR[15:8]: The higher byte for the pixel clock frequency settings. (POR = 11111111) LCDC\_FPR[7:0]: The low byte for the pixel clock frequency settings. (POR = 11111111)

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# 9.74 set\_pixel\_data\_interface

**Command** 0xF0 **Parameters** 1

	D/C	<b>D</b> 7	<b>D6</b>	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	F0
Parameter 1	1	0	0	0	0	0	$A_2$	$A_1$	$A_0$	XX

#### **Description**

Set the pixel data format to 8-bit / 9-bit / 12-bit / 16-bit / 16-bit / 16-bit / 24-bit in the parallel host processor interface. This command is used for display data only, the command format is always 8 bit.

A[2:0]: Pixel Data Interface Format (POR = 101)

000 8-bit

001 12-bit

010 16-bit packed

011 16-bit (565 format)

100 18-bit

101 24-bit

110 9-bit

Others Reserved

# 9.75 get\_pixel\_data\_interface

**Command** 0xF1 **Parameters** 1

	D/C	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
Command	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	F1
Parameter 1	1	0	0	0	0	0	$A_2$	$A_1$	$A_0$	XX

#### **Description**

Get the current pixel data format settings in the parallel host processor interface.

A[2:0]: Pixel Data Interface Format (POR = 101)

000 8-bit

001 12-bit

010 16-bit packed

011 16-bit (565 format)

100 18-bit

101 24-bit

110 9-bit

Others Reserved

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<sup>\*</sup> Note : The un-used data bus will be driven to ground by SSD1963, so don't connect the un-used data bus to MCU.

#### 10 MAXIMUM RATINGS

Table 10-1: Maximum Ratings (Voltage Referenced to V<sub>SS</sub>)

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
$V_{ m DDD}$	Digital Core power supply	-0.5 to 1.8	V
$V_{\mathrm{DDPLL}}$	PLL power supply	-0.5 to 1.8	V
$V_{DDLCD}$	LCD Interface power supply	-0.5 to 4.6	V
$V_{\rm DDIO}$	I/O power supply	-0.5 to 4.6	V
$V_{IN}$	Input Voltage	-0.5 to 4.6	V
$V_{OUT}$	Output Voltage	-0.5 to 4.6	V
$T_{SOL}$	Solder Temperature / Time	225 for 40 sec max at solder ball	°C
$T_{STG}$	Storage temperature	-45 to 125	°C
$T_A$	Operating temperature	-30 to 85	°C

Maximum ratings are those values beyond which damages to the device may occur. Functional operation should be restricted to the limits in the Electrical Characteristics tables or Pin Description section

This device contains circuitry to protect the inputs against damage due to high static voltages or electric fields; however, it is advised that normal precautions be taken to avoid application of any voltage higher than maximum rated voltages to this high impedance circuit. For proper operation it is recommended that  $V_{IN}$  and  $V_{OUT}$  be constrained to the range  $V_{SS} < (V_{IN} \text{ or } V_{OUT}) < V_{DDIO}$ . Reliability of operation is enhanced if unused input is connected to an appropriate logic voltage level (e.g., either  $V_{SS}$  or  $V_{DDIO}$ ). Unused outputs must be left open. This device may be light sensitive. Caution should be taken to avoid exposure of this device to any light source during normal operation. This device is not radiation protected.

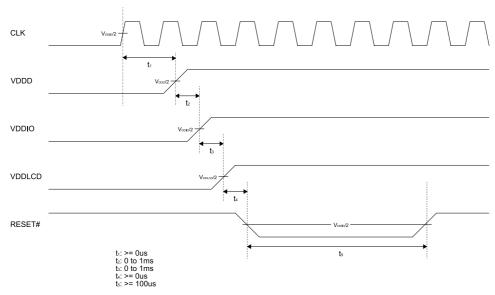
## 11 RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

**Table 11-1: Recommended Operating Condition** 

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
$V_{ m DDD}$	Digital Core power supply	1.10	1.2	1.30	V
$V_{\mathrm{DDPLL}}$	PLL power supply	1.10	1.2	1.30	V
$V_{ m DDLCD}$	LCD Interface power supply	1.65	3.3	3.6	V
$V_{\mathrm{DDIO}}$	I/O power supply	1.65	3.3	3.6	V

## 11.1 Power-up sequence

Figure 11-1: Power-up Sequence



Note

Clock reference is only applicable when CLK is used.

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## 12 DC CHARACTERISTICS

## **Conditions:**

$$\begin{split} &Voltage\ referenced\ to\ V_{SS}\\ &V_{DDD},\ V_{DDPLL}=1.2V\\ &V_{DDIO},\ V_{DDLCD}=3.3V\\ &T_A=25^{\circ}C \end{split}$$

Table 12-1: DC Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	<b>Test Condition</b>	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Psty	Quiescent Power			300	500	uW
Iız	Input leakage current		-1		1	uA
Ioz	Output leakage current		-1		1	uA
Vон	Output high voltage		$0.8V_{\mathrm{DDIO}}$			V
Vol	Output low voltage				$0.2V_{\rm DDIO}$	V
VIH	Input high voltage		$0.8V_{\mathrm{DDIO}}$		$V_{\rm DDIO} + 0.5$	V
VIL	Input low voltage				$0.2V_{\rm DDIO}$	V

## 13 AC CHARACTERISTICS

#### **Conditions:**

Voltage referenced to V<sub>SS</sub>

 $V_{\text{DDD}}, V_{\text{DDPLL}} = 1.2V$ 

 $V_{\rm DDIO}$ ,  $V_{\rm DDLCD} = 3.3 V$ 

 $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ 

CL = 50pF (Bus/CPU Interface)

C<sub>L</sub> = 0pF (LCD Panel Interface)

# 13.1 Clock Timing

Table 13-1: Clock Input Requirements for CLK (PLL-bypass)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Units
$F_{CLK}$	Input Clock Frequency (CLK)		110	MHz
$T_{CLK}$	Input Clock period (CLK)	1/f <sub>CLK</sub>		ns

Table 13-2: Clock Input Requirements for CLK

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Units
$F_{CLK}$	Input Clock Frequency (CLK)	2.5	50	MHz
$T_{CLK}$	Input Clock period (CLK)	$1/f_{CLK}$		ns

Table 13-3: Clock Input Requirements for crystal oscillator XTAL

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Units
$F_{XTAL}$	Input Clock Frequency	2.5	10	MHz
$T_{XTAL}$	Input Clock period	$1/f_{XTAL}$		ns

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# 13.2 MCU Interface Timing

# 13.2.1 Parallel 6800-series Interface Timing

Table 13-4: Parallel 6800-series Interface Timing Characteristics (Use CS# as clock)

Symbol	Parameter		Min	Тур	Max	Unit
$f_{MCLK}$	System Clock Frequency*		1	-	110	MHz
t <sub>MCLK</sub>	System Clock Period*		1/ f <sub>MCLK</sub>	-	-	ns
	Control Pulse High Width	Write	13	1.5* t <sub>MCLK</sub>		200
$t_{PWCSH}$		Read	30	3.5* t <sub>MCLK</sub>	-	ns
	Control Pulse Low Width	Write (next write cycle)	13	1.5* t <sub>MCLK</sub>		
$t_{PWCSL}$		Write (next read cycle)	80	9* t <sub>MCLK</sub>	-	ns
		Read	80	9* t <sub>MCLK</sub>		
$t_{AS}$	Address Setup Time		2	-	-	ns
$t_{AH}$	Address Hold Time		2	-	-	ns
$t_{ m DSW}$	Data Setup Time		4	-	-	ns
$t_{ m DHW}$	Data Hold Time		1	-	-	ns
t <sub>PLW</sub>	Write Low Time		14	-	-	ns
$t_{\mathrm{PHW}}$	Write High Time		14	-	-	ns
t <sub>PLWR</sub>	Read Low Time		38	-	-	ns
t <sub>ACC</sub>	Data Access Time		32	-	-	ns
$t_{\mathrm{DHR}}$	Output Hold time		1	-	-	ns
$t_R$	Rise Time		-	-	0.5	ns
$t_{\rm F}$	Fall Time		-	-	0.5	ns

<sup>\*</sup> System Clock denotes external input clock (PLL-bypass) or internal generated clock (PLL-enabled)

D/C  $t_{AS}$  $t_{AH}$ R/W  $t_{PLWR}$  /  $t_{PLW}$ CS#  $t_R$  .  $t_{PWCSH} \\$ t<sub>DHW</sub>  $t_{DSW}$ D[17:0] Valid Data (WRITE)  $t_{DHR}$  $V_{OH}$ D[17:0] Valid Data (READ)

Figure 13-1: Parallel 6800-series Interface Timing Diagram (Use CS# as Clock)

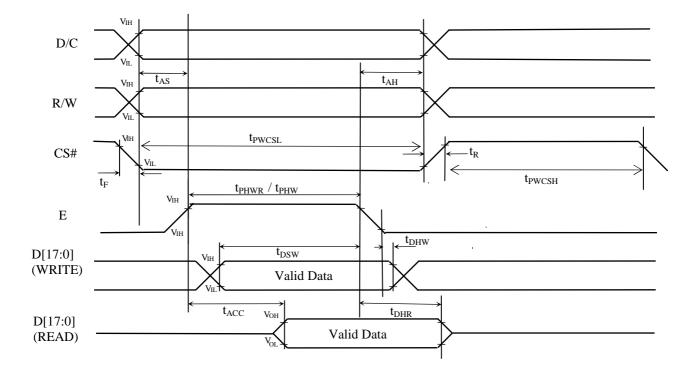
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Table 13-5: Parallel 6800-series Interface Timing Characteristics (Use E as clock)

Symbol	Parameter		Min	Тур	Max	Unit
$f_{MCLK}$	System Clock Frequency*		1	-	110	MHz
t <sub>MCLK</sub>	System Clock Period*		1/ f <sub>MCLK</sub>	-	-	ns
	Control Pulse Low Width	Write (next write cycle)	13	1.5* t <sub>MCLK</sub>		
$t_{PWCSH}$		Write (next read cycle)	80	9* t <sub>MCLK</sub>	-	ns
		Read	80	9* t <sub>MCLK</sub>		
+	Control Pulse High Width	Write	13	1.5* t <sub>MCLK</sub>		na
t <sub>PWCSL</sub>		Read	30	$3.5* t_{MCLK}$	ı	ns
t <sub>AS</sub>	Address Setup Time		2	-	-	ns
$t_{AH}$	Address Hold Time		2	-	-	ns
$t_{DSW}$	Data Setup Time		4	-	-	ns
$t_{ m DHW}$	Data Hold Time		1	-	-	ns
$t_{\rm PLW}$	Write Low Time		14	-	-	ns
$t_{\mathrm{PHW}}$	Write High Time		14	-	-	ns
$t_{PLWR}$	Read Low Time		38	-	-	ns
t <sub>ACC</sub>	Data Access Time		32	-	-	ns
t <sub>DHR</sub>	Output Hold time		1	-	-	ns
$t_{R}$	Rise Time		-	-	0.5	ns
$t_{\rm F}$	Fall Time		-	-	0.5	ns

<sup>\*</sup> System Clock denotes external input clock (PLL-bypass) or internal generated clock (PLL-enabled)

Figure 13-2: Parallel 6800-series Interface Timing Diagram (Use E as Clock)



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# 13.2.2 Parallel 8080-series Interface Timing

Table 13-6: Parallel 8080-series Interface Timing Characteristics

Symbol	Para	meter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
$f_{MCLK}$	System Clock Frequency*		1	-	110	MHz
$t_{MCLK}$	System Clock Period*		1/ f <sub>MCLK</sub>	-	-	ns
t	Control Pulse High Width	Write	13	1.5* t <sub>MCLK</sub>		ns
$t_{PWCSL}$		Read	30	3.5* t <sub>MCLK</sub>	_	115
	Control Pulse Low Width	Write (next write cycle)	13	1.5* t <sub>MCLK</sub>		
$t_{PWCSH}$		Write (next read cycle)	80	9* t <sub>MCLK</sub>	-	ns
		Read	80	9* t <sub>MCLK</sub>		
$t_{AS}$	Address Setup Time		1	-	=	ns
$t_{AH}$	Address Hold Time		2	-	=	ns
$t_{DSW}$	Write Data Setup Time		4	-	-	ns
$t_{DHW}$	Write Data Hold Time		1	-	-	ns
$t_{PWLW}$	Write Low Time		12	-	-	ns
$t_{DHR}$	Read Data Hold Time		1	-	-	ns
$t_{ACC}$	Access Time		32	-	-	ns
$t_{PWLR}$	Read Low Time		36	-	-	ns
$t_R$	Rise Time		-	-	0.5	ns
$t_{\rm F}$	Fall Time		-	-	0.5	ns
$t_{CS}$	Chip select setup time		2	-	-	ns
t <sub>CSH</sub>	Chip select hold time to rea	nd signal	3	-	-	ns

<sup>\*</sup> System Clock denotes external input clock (PLL-bypass) or internal generated clock (PLL-enabled)

CS#

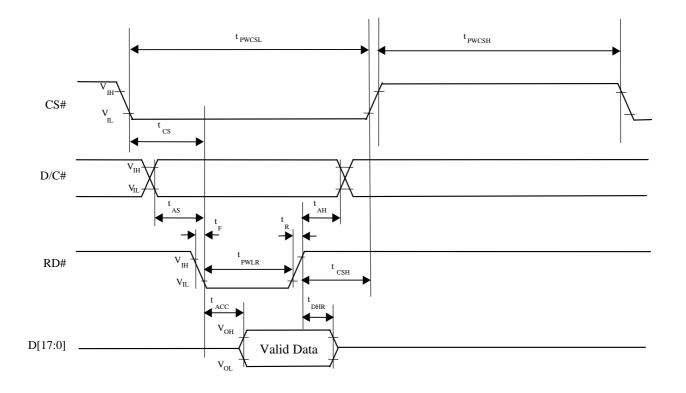
V<sub>II</sub>

Valid Data

Figure 13-3: Parallel 8080-series Interface Timing Diagram (Write Cycle)

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Figure 13-4: Parallel 8080-series Interface Timing Diagram (Read Cycle)



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# 13.3 Parallel LCD Interface Timing

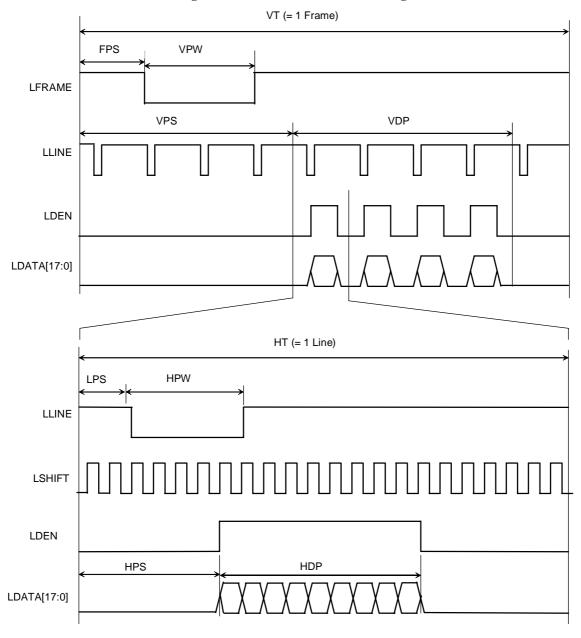


Figure 13-5: Generic TFT Panel Timing

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# 13.4 Serial RGB Interface Timing

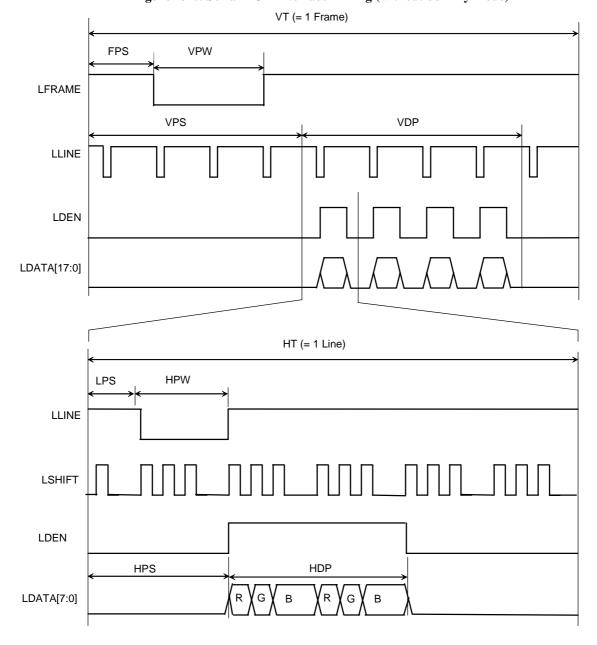


Figure 13-6: Serial RGB Interface Timing (without dummy mode)

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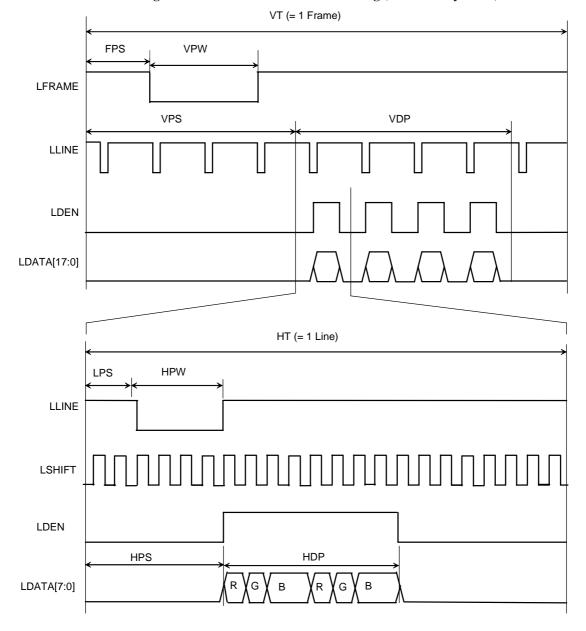


Figure 13-7: Serial RGB Interface Timing (with dummy mode)

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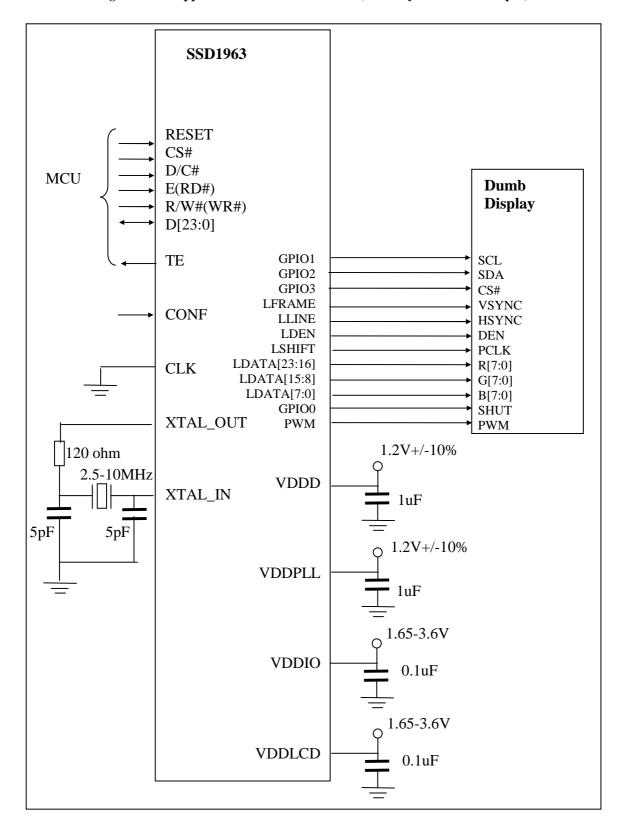
## 14 APPLICATION EXAMPLE

SSD1963 **RESET** CS# D/C# **MCU Dumb** E(RD#) **Display** R/W#(WR#)D[23:0] GPIO1 TE SCL GPIO2 SDA GPIO3 CS# **LFRAME VSYNC CONF** LLINE **HSYNC LDEN** DEN **LSHIFT PCLK** LDATA[23:16] R[7:0] CLK 2.5-10MHz -LDATA[15:8] G[7:0] LDATA[7:0] B[7:0] GPIO0 **SHUT** XTAL\_IN **PWM PWM** 1.2V+/-10% **VDDD** 1uF Floated XTAL\_OUT O 1.2V+/-10% **VDDPLL** 1uF 1.65-3.6V **VDDIO** 0.1uF 0 1.65-3.6V **VDDLCD** 0.1 uF

Figure 14-1: Application circuit for SSD1963 (With Direct clock input)

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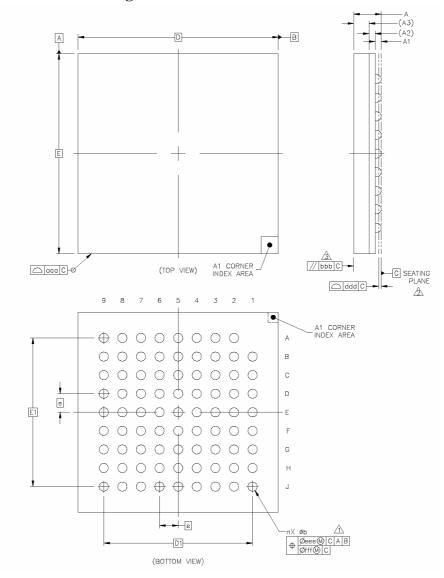
Figure 14-2: Application circuit for SSD1963 (With crystal oscillator input)



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## 15 PACKAGE INFORMATION

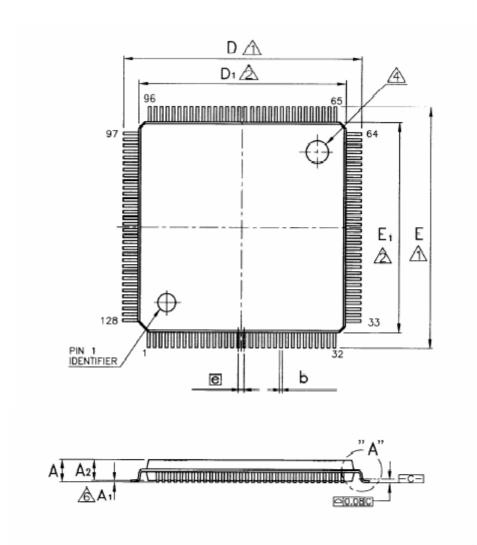
# 15.1 Package Mechanical Drawing for 80 balls TFBGA



Dimension in mm					
Symbol	Min	Typical	Max		
A			1.1		
A1	0.16		0.26		
A2		0.21			
A3		0.54			
b	0.27		0.37		
D		7.00 BSC			
Е		7.00 BSC			
e		0.65 BSC			
D1		5.2 BSC			
E1		5.2 BSC			
aaa		0.1			
bbb		0.2			
ddd		0.08			
eee		0.15			
fff		0.08			

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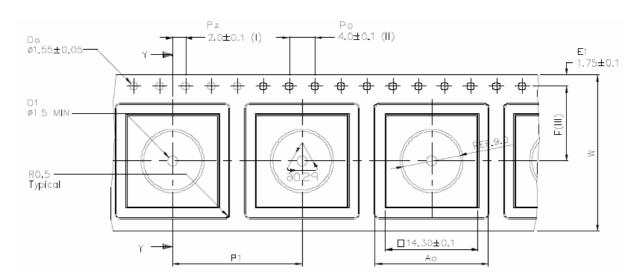
# 15.2 Package Mechanical Drawing for 128 pins LQFP

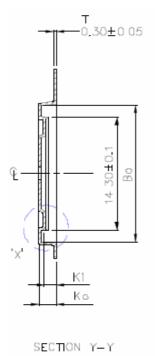


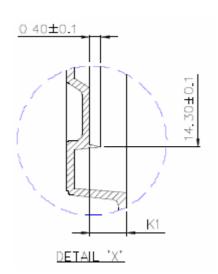
Cramb ol		Dimension in mm		
Symbol	Min	Nom	Max	
A			1.60	
A1	0.05			
A2		1.40		
D		16.00		
D1		14.00		
Е		16.00		
E1		14.00		
e	0.40 BSC			
b		0.18		

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## 15.3 Tape & Reel Drawing for 128 pins LQFP







Ao	17,40	+/-	0.1
Во	17.40	+/-	0.1
Κo	2.00	+/-	0.1
K 1	1,40	+/-	0.1
F	11,50	+/-	0.1
P1	20.00	+/-	0.1
W	24.00	+/-	0.3

- (I) Measured from centreline of sprocket hole to centreline of pocket
- (II) Cumulative talerance of 10 sprocket holes is  $\pm$  0.20 .
- (III) Measured from centreline of sprocket hole to centreline of packet.
- (IV) As and Bo measured on a plane 0.3mm above the btm of the pocket.
- (V) Other material available

ALL DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETRES UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED.

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