

Design Patterns in Real Life

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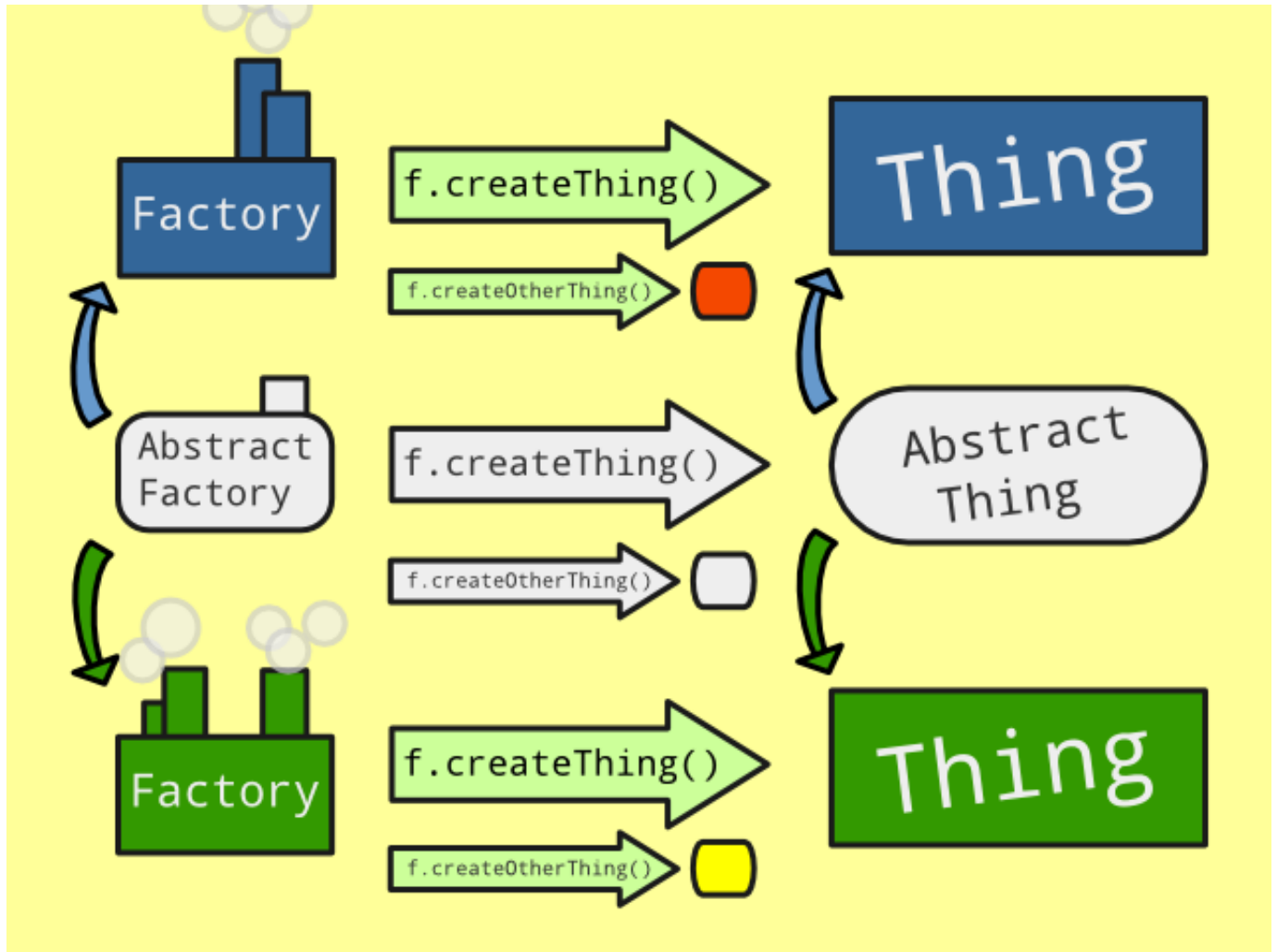
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Abstract Factory

families of product objects



Overview

This pattern uses one interface to define a factory with methods for constructing interfaced or abstract classes.

Note

TODO

Examples

Platform independant factory

blah:

```
Filesystem <- Mac FS -> new File with line end set to #10
              Win FS -> new File with line end set to #13#10
```

Note

TODO

Different GUI implementations

blah:

```
GUIFactory <- Mac factory -> MacButton, MacPanel  
          Win factory -> WinButton, WinPanel  
          Anim factory -> AnimatedButton, AnimatedPanel
```

Note

TODO

Tips

Note

TODO

Warnings

Note

TODO

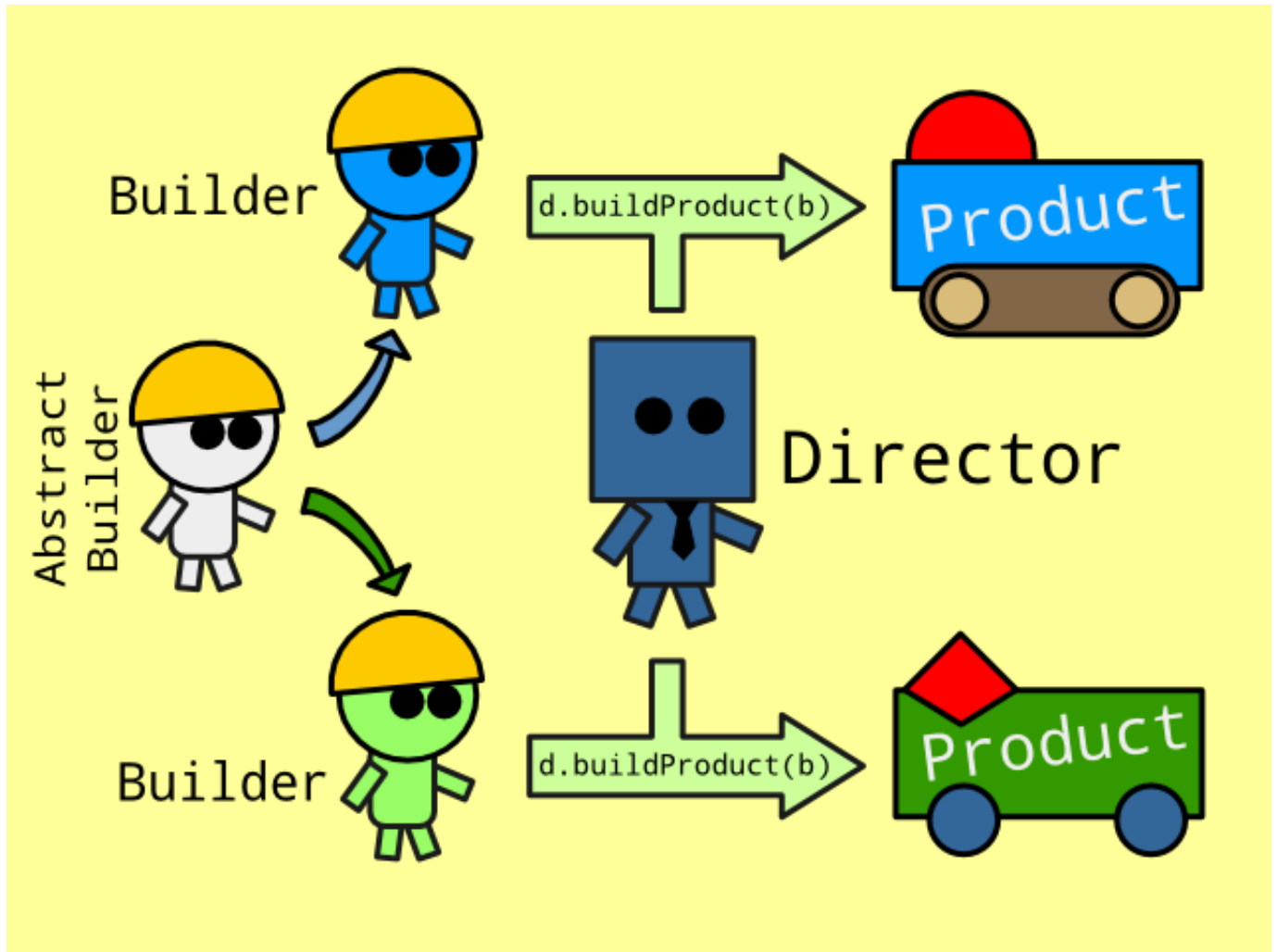
More

Note

TODO

Builder

how a composite object gets created



Overview

Classes for the pattern:

Builder:

Abstract interface for creating objects (product)

Concrete Builder:

Provides implementation for Builder.

Director:

Director creates the product by using a Concrete Builder.

Product:

The object that will be created.

This helps to split algorithm of creating something to the algorithm and the creation process.

Note

TODO Diagram of the pattern.

Examples

Different file writers

You need to write different file formats and have determined way of order of writing the document.

Builder: table writer Concrete Builder: html writer, csv writer Director: write rows, write columns Product: a document

Note

TODO Example of not using the pattern

Note

TODO Example of using the pattern.

Creating complex objects

You need to create a complex object using a abstract factory (see Abstract Factory).

Builder: abstract factory Concrete Builder: Win factory, Mac Factory Director: creates a panel with aligned buttons
Product: panel with buttons

Note

TODO Example of not using the pattern

Note

TODO Example of using the pattern.

Tips

Note

TODO Useful tips when to use.

Warnings

Note

TODO Misuses and bad examples.

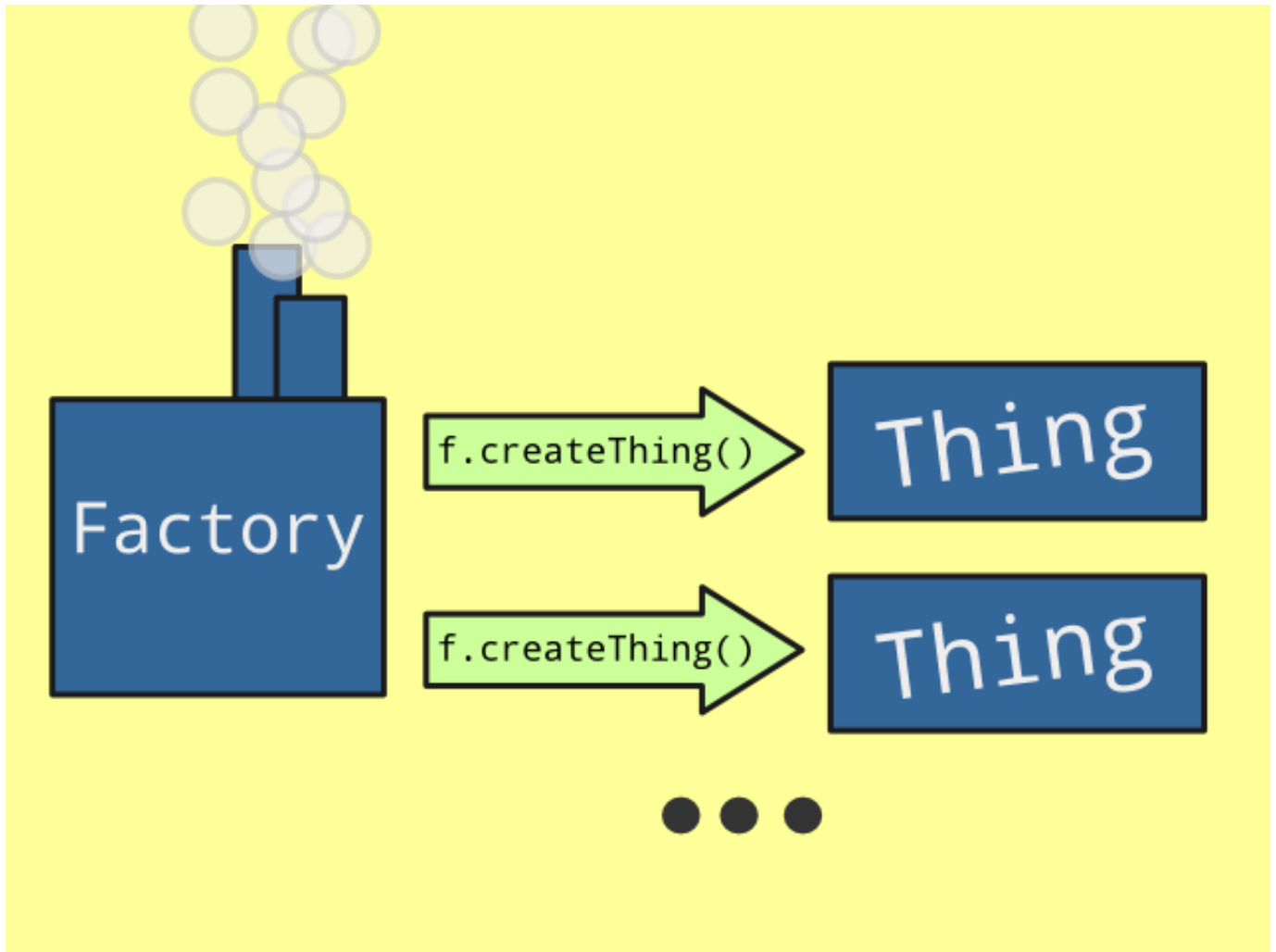
More

Note

TODO Additional information resources.

Factory

easier object creation



Overview

The concept of factory means that you won't call the objects constructor directly instead you'll call some method attached to the object being created or a separate class that creates the object.

This means you can do more complicated object postprocessing after creating. This is either because you don't want to extend the class or you want to separate the specialized handling or you can't add it to the class.

Instead of calling the constructor of a class directly you use a method instead. This means that your creation of object and setting the properties easily modified without modifying the original class.

Note

TODO Diagram of the pattern.

Examples

Avoid inheritance

Avoiding useless inheritance and code duplication:

```
Factory.createBlueButton() -> a button colored blue  
Factory.createRedButton()  -> a button colored red
```

Note

TODO Principle

Note

TODO Example of not using the pattern

Note

TODO Example of using the pattern.

Information containment

Information containment:

```
Database.createSocket() -> socket with appropriate variables taken  
                           from database object
```

Note

TODO Principle

Note

TODO Example of not using the pattern

Note

TODO Example of using the pattern.

Lifetime management

Lifetime management of created objects:

```
WindowManager.createWindow() -> Window, adds window to self  
WindowManager.MinimizeAll() -> calls minimize for each window
```

Avoid object duplication

Avoiding duplicate object creation:

```
ResourceManager.createResource("somefile.jpg") -> FileX  
ResourceManager.createResource("somefile.jpg") -> FileX
```

Tips

Note

TODO Useful tips when to use.

Warnings

Note

TODO Misuses and bad examples.

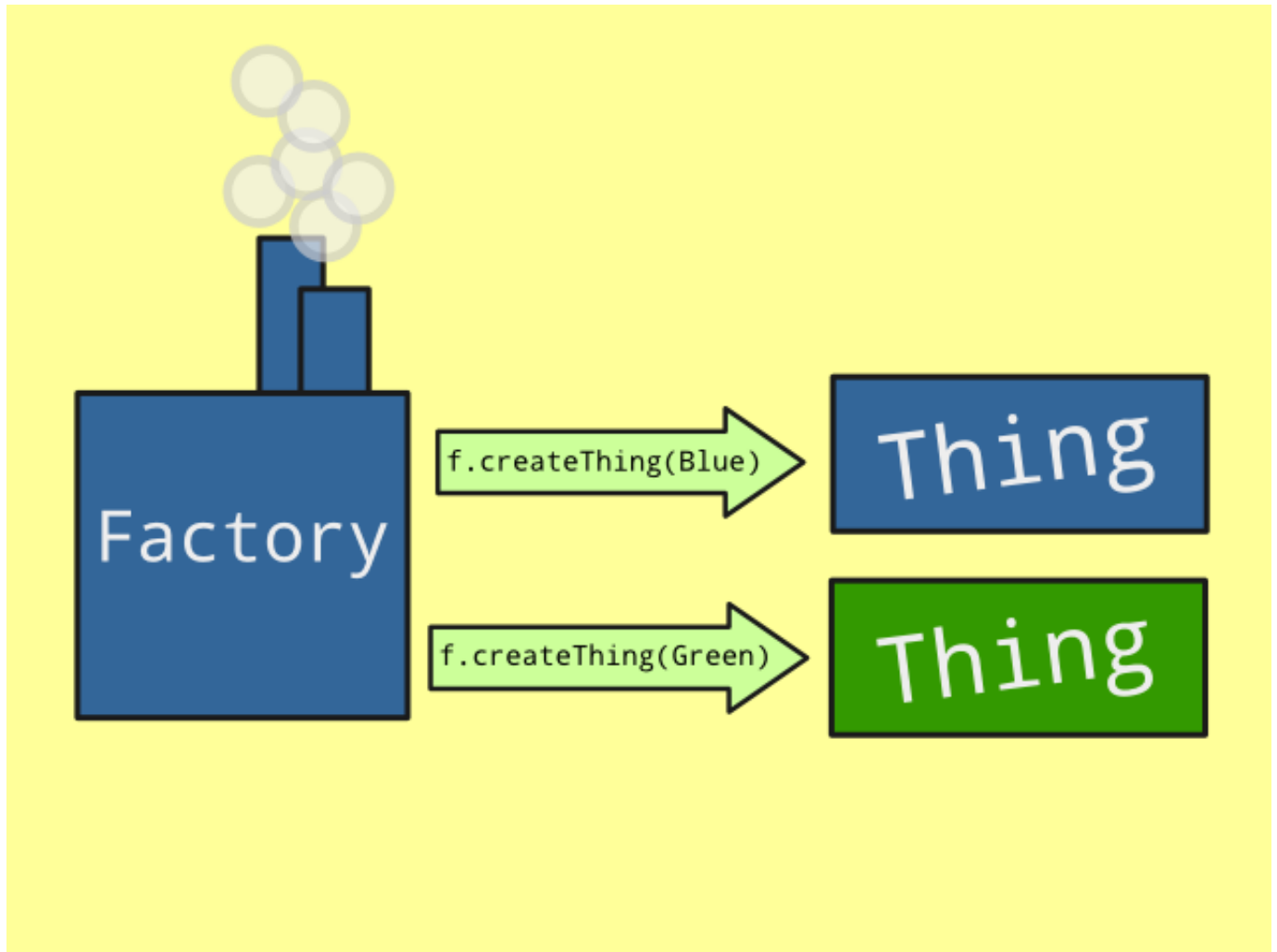
More

Note

TODO Additional information resources.

Factory Method

subclass of object that is instantiated



Overview

The creating method returns a object based on parameters/inheritance.

Factory method based on parameters is a way to find the appropriate object to be created. This way we can collect different object creation ways to one method.

Factory method based on inheritance is a way of subclass defining the object being created. This way the object inherited can create appropriate object or modify it accordingly to it's needs.

Note

TODO Diagram of the pattern.

Examples

File or Directory creation

bleh:

```
Factory.create('./file.txt')    -> File
Factory.create('./directory/') -> Directory
```

Note

TODO Principle

Note

TODO Example of not using the pattern

Note

TODO Example of using the pattern.

Creating correct file reader

bleh:

```
ImageReader.create('./image.jpg') -> JPGReader  
ImageReader.create('./image.png') -> PNGReader
```

Note

TODO Principle

Note

TODO Example of not using the pattern

Note

TODO Example of using the pattern.

Tips

Note

TODO Useful tips when to use.

Warnings

Note

TODO Misuses and bad examples.

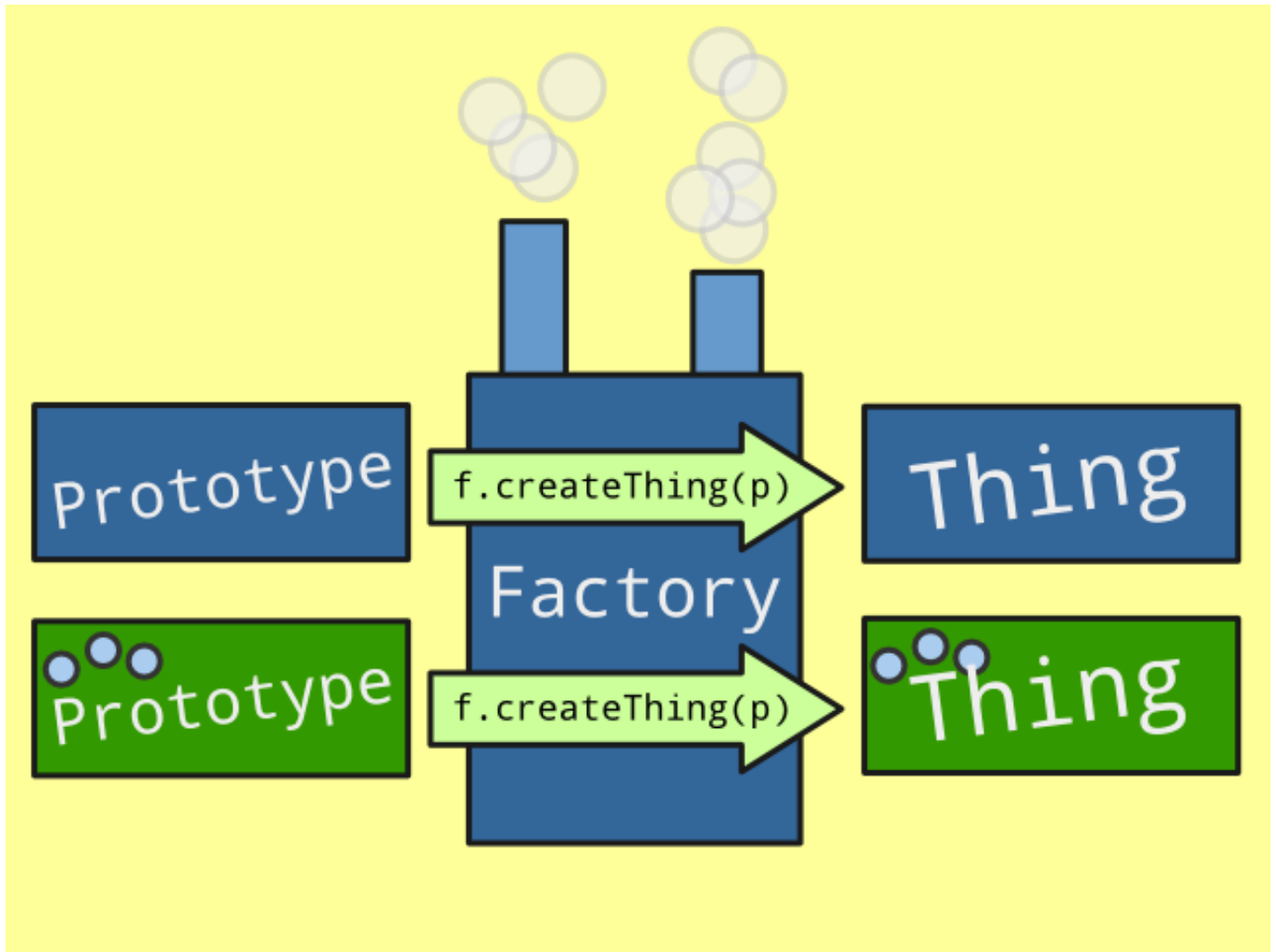
More

Note

TODO Additional information resources.

Prototype

class of object that is instantiated



Overview

Note

TODO Description and general idea of the pattern.

Note

TODO Diagram of the pattern.

Examples

Reduce inheritance

Reducing inheritance by using prototype objects instead of classes:

```
Creature -> Orc.clone() -> Creature of class Orc
```


Note

TODO Principle

Note

TODO Example of not using the pattern

Note

TODO Example of using the pattern.

Avoid instiating "expensive" classes

Avoid instiating "expensive" classes:

```
Camera = Yaw x Roll x Location x Transformation
for each p
    c = Camera.clone()
    c = c x p()
```

Note

TODO Principle

Note

TODO Example of not using the pattern

Note

TODO Example of using the pattern.

Tips

Note

TODO Useful tips when to use.

Warnings

Note

TODO Misuses and bad examples.

More

Note

TODO Additional information resources.

Singleton

the sole instance of a class



Overview

Note

TODO Description and general idea of the pattern.

Note

TODO Diagram of the pattern.

Examples

Lifetime management

Abstract Factory that deals with global lifetime management:

```
WindowManager that deals with all window management
WindowManager.getInstance().createWindow()
WindowManager.getInstance().MinimizeAll()
```

Note

TODO Principle

Note

TODO Example of not using the pattern

Note

TODO Example of using the pattern.

Global state

Holding a global state:

```
Application-Wide Clipboard
```

Note

TODO Principle

Note

TODO Example of not using the pattern

Note

TODO Example of using the pattern.

Device accessing

Resource accessing classes:

```
async file - filesystem accesses
zip.open()
zip.edit()
zip.add()
```

Note

TODO Principle

Note

TODO Example of not using the pattern

Note

TODO Example of using the pattern.

Interfacing with module that has a global state

Interfacing with modules/devices that have a global state:

```
device.open()  
device.read()  
device.close()
```

Note

TODO Principle

Note

TODO Example of not using the pattern

Note

TODO Example of using the pattern.

Tips

Note

TODO Useful tips when to use.

Warnings

This pattern should be used when creating a new instance would break or potentially break something.

If object is single does not mean it has to be a singleton.

Using a singleton basically hides that you are using a global variable.

Note

TODO

Bad example:

```
singleton Logger class
```

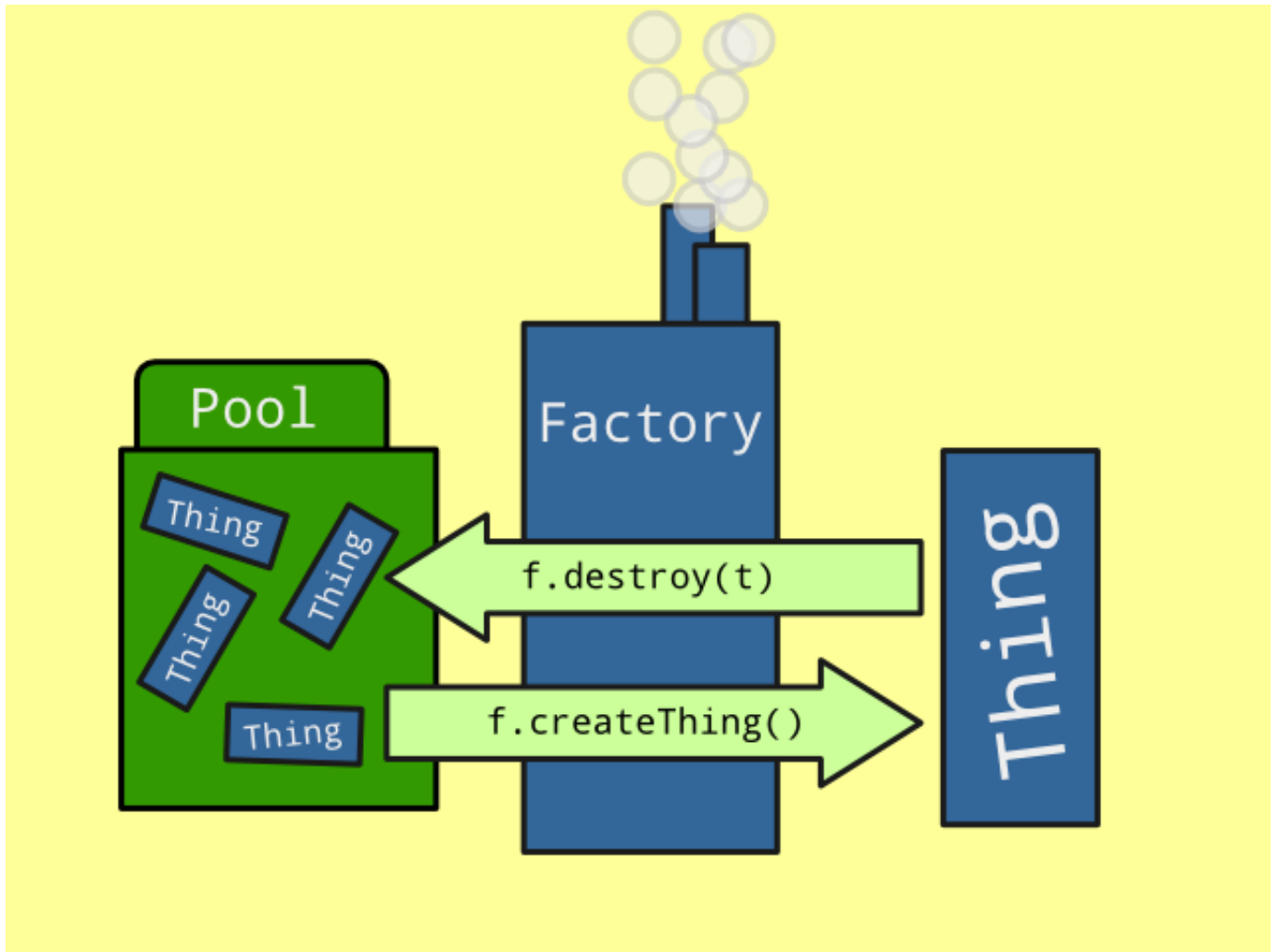
More

Note

TODO Additional information resources.

Object Pool

avoid creating "expensive" objects



Reuse already used objects:

Sockets pool (avoids creating sockets)

Adapter

interface to an object

Use only part of an object for your needs.

Increase usability of modules (composit multiple libraries):

```
db = MathAdaptor (uses different math libraries)
```

Avoid binding to vendor API:

```
db = DBAdaptor
```

Bridge

implementation of an object

Abstract away some part of an object implementation:

```
Content
ContentDrawer
  > ContentDrawerAlpha
  > ContentDrawerBeta

Drawer
DrawingAPI
  > GDI
  > PNG
```

Declare abstract class interface for switchable library:

```
DBAdaptor
db = SQLiteAdapter
db = MySQLAdapter
```

Composite

structure and composition of an object

Use abstract object to define the structure.

Decorate

responsibilities of an object without subclassing

Essentially generic inheritance.

Extend a object with additional functionality:

Window + Scrollbars

Facade

interface to a subsystem

Provide API for your library.

Flyweight

storage costs of objects

Use a simple object for getting the heavy object:

```
Font size, style -> shared Font object
```

Proxy

how an object is accessed; it's location

Hide what and how an object is actually accessed.

Utility

group convenience methods

Overview

Note

TODO Description and general idea of the pattern.

Note

TODO Diagram of the pattern.

Examples

String utilities

Note

TODO Principle

Note

TODO Example of not using the pattern

Note

TODO Example of using the pattern.

Tips

Note

TODO Useful tips when to use.

Warnings

Note

TODO

More

Note

TODO Additional information resources.

Chain of Responsibility

pass request to object that can fulfill it

Build a tree of handling processing:

```
multiple screen elements  
window -> no handle -- pass on to --> panel  
panel -> handle -> done
```

Command

when and how a request is fulfilled

Multi-level undo:

- build list of commands
- each command knows how to undo itself

Actions that can be called from multiple places + shortcuts, images:

- delphi

Macro recording:

- each command can be recorded/played

Task/thread pool:

- each task is a separate command
- threads take task and execute it

Networking:

- remote procedure calls

Interpreter

grammar and interpretation of a language

Math expression:

```
math.calculate("5 + 4 + 1")
```

Interpreted programming language, syntax tree.

Iterator

how an aggregate's elements are accessed, traversed

Unicode string algorithms must work with iterators otherwise incorrect or slow implementation.

Iterating over a set of elements:

```
for x in set:  
    print x
```

Generics over lists, trees, sets

Mediator

how and which objects interact with each other

Avoid direct dependency between classes:

instead of

Client -> Folder

use

Client -> ClientFolderMapping -> Folder

Rules of thumb:

http://sourcemaking.com/design_patterns/mediator

Memento

what private information is stored outside an object, and when

Restore points - save state to recover from exceptions.

Autosave.

Null Object

Avoid null pointer exceptions while dealing with linked objects:

- Tree sentinel objects

Deal easily with exceptional states.

Observer

number of objects that depend on another object; how the dependent objects stay up to date

Update when data changes:

```
data.change --> listbox.datachanged
```

Avoid polling data for changes:

data.change --> listbox.datachanged invalidated screen part -> redraw invalidated part

State

states of an object

Different tools in image editor:

```
Abstract tool  
  > CircleTool  
  > PenTool
```

Finite state machine.

Different contexts of doing something.

Strategy

an algorithm

Different ways of doing something:

printing output format distance function on objects

Function pointers.

Template Method

steps of an algorithm

Provide a default way of doing something to descendant classes.

Queue:

```
put  
lock, unlock  
get
```

Visitor

operations that can be applied to objects without changing their classes

Printing a tree:

```
vistor.traverse(tree)
```