Design Patterns in Real Life

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Creational

Abstract Factory

families of product objects

Overview

This pattern uses one interface to define the factory of methods for constructing interfaced or abstract classes.

> **Note**
>
> TODO

Examples

Platform independant factory

blah:

```
Filesystem <- Mac FS -> new File with line end set to #10
              Win FS -> new File with line end set to #13#10
```

> **Note**
>
> TODO

Different GUI implementations

blah:

```
GUIFactory <- Mac factory -> MacButton, MacPanel
              Win factory -> WinButton, WinPanel
              Anim factory -> AnimatedButton, AnimatedPanel
```

> **Note**
>
> TODO

Tips

> **Note**
>
> TODO

Warnings

> **Note**
>
> TODO

More

> **Note**
>
> TODO

Builder

<p style="text-align: center; color: #8B0000;">how a composite object gets created</p>

Overview

Classes for the pattern:

Builder:

Abstract interface for creating objects (product)

Concrete Builder:

Provides implementation for Builder.

Director:

Director creates the product by using a Concrete Builder.

Product:

The object that will be created.

This helps to split algorithm of creating something to the algorithm and the creation process.

> **Note**
>
> TODO Diagram of the pattern.

Examples

Different file writers

You need to write different file formats and have determined way of order of writing the document.

Builder: table writer Concrete Builder: html writer, csv writer Director: write rows, write columns Product: a document

> ### Note
>
> TODO Example of not using the pattern

> ### Note
>
> TODO Example of using the pattern.

Creating complex objects

You need to create a complex object using a abstract factory (see Abstract Factory).

Builder: abstract factory Concrete Builder: Win factory, Mac Factory Director: creates a panel with aligned buttons Product: panel with buttons

> ### Note
>
> TODO Example of not using the pattern

> ### Note
>
> TODO Example of using the pattern.

Tips

> ### Note
>
> TODO Useful tips when to use.

Warnings

> **Note**
>
> TODO Misuses and bad examples.

More

> **Note**
>
> TODO Additional information resources.

Factory

<div align="center" style="color:darkred">easier object creation</div>

Overview

Instead of calling the constructor of a class directly you use a method instead. This means that your creation of object and setting the properties easily modified without modifying the original class.

> **Note**
>
> TODO Diagram of the pattern.

Examples

Avoid inheritance

Avoiding useless inheritance and code duplication:

```
Factory.createBlueButton() -> a button colored blue
Factory.createRedButton()  -> a button colored red
```

> **Note**
>
> TODO Principle

> **Note**
>
> TODO Example of not using the pattern

> **Note**
>
> TODO Example of using the pattern.

Information containment

Information containment:

```
Database.createSocket() -> socket with appropriate variables taken
                           from database object
```

> **Note**
>
> TODO Principle

> **Note**
>
> TODO Example of not using the pattern

> **Note**
>
> TODO Example of using the pattern.

Lifetime management

Lifetime management of created objects:

```
WindowManager.createWindow() -> Window, adds window to self
WindowManager.MinimizeAll()  -> calls minimize for each window
```

Avoid object duplication

Avoiding duplicate object creation:

```
ResourceManager.createResource("somefile.jpg") -> FileX
ResourceManager.createResource("somefile.jpg") -> FileX
```

Tips

> **Note**
>
> TODO Useful tips when to use.

Warnings

> **Note**
>
> TODO Misuses and bad examples.

More

> **Note**
>
> TODO Additional information resources.

Factory Method

subclass of object that is instantiated

Overview

The creating method returns a decendant class of a class based on parameters.

> **Note**
>
> TODO Diagram of the pattern.

Examples

File or Directory creation

bleh:

```
Factory.create('./file.txt')    -> File
Factory.create('./directory/') -> Directory
```

> **Note**
>
> TODO Principle

> **Note**
>
> TODO Example of not using the pattern

> **Note**
>
> TODO Example of using the pattern.

Creating correct file reader

bleh:

```
ImageReader.create('./image.jpg') -> JPGReader
ImageReader.create('./image.png') -> PNGReader
```

> **Note**
>
> TODO Principle

> **Note**
>
> TODO Example of not using the pattern

> **Note**
>
> TODO Example of using the pattern.

Tips

> **Note**
>
> TODO Useful tips when to use.

Warnings

> **Note**
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> TODO Misuses and bad examples.

More

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Prototype

<div align="center" style="color:darkred">class of object that is instantiated</div>

Overview

> **Note**
>
> TODO Description and general idea of the pattern.

> **Note**
>
> TODO Diagram of the pattern.

Examples

Reducing inheritance by using prototype objects instead of classes:

```
Creature -> Orc.clone() -> Creature of class Orc
```

Avoding instantiation of "expensive" classes:

```
Camera = Yaw x Roll x Location x Transformation
for each p
    c = Camera.clone()
    c = c x p()
```

> **Note**
>
> TODO Example

Example 1

> **Note**
>
> TODO Principle

> **Note**
>
> TODO Example of not using the pattern

> **Note**
>
> TODO Example of using the pattern.

Tips

> **Note**
>
> TODO Useful tips when to use.

Warnings

> **Note**
>
> TODO Misuses and bad examples.

More

> **Note**
>
> TODO Additional information resources.

Singleton

the sole instance of a class

Overview

> **Note**
>
> TODO Description and general idea of the pattern.

> **Note**
>
> TODO Diagram of the pattern.

Examples

Abstract Factory that deals with global lifetime management:

```
WindowManager that deals with all window management
WindowManager.getInstance().createWindow()
WindowManager.getInstance().MinmizeAll()
```

> **Note**
>
> TODO Example

Holding a global state:

```
Application-Wide Clipboard
```

Resource accessing classes:

```
async file - filesystem accesses
zip.open()
zip.edit()
zip.add()
```

Interfacing with modules/devices that have a global state:

```
device.open()
device.read()
device.close()
```

Example 1

> ### *Note*
>
> TODO Principle

> ### *Note*
>
> TODO Example of not using the pattern

> ### *Note*
>
> TODO Example of using the pattern.

Tips

> ### *Note*
>
> TODO Useful tips when to use.

Warnings

This pattern should be used when creating a new instance would break or potentially break something.

If object is single does not mean it has to be a singleton.

Using a singleton basically hides that you are using a global variable.

> **Note**
>
> TODO

Bad example:

```
singleton Logger class
```

More

> **Note**
>
> TODO Additional information resources.

Structural

Adapter

interface to an object

Use only part of an object for your needs.

Increase usability of modules (composit multiple libraries):

```
db = MathAdaptor (uses different math libraries)
```

Avoid binding to vendor API:

```
db = DBAdaptor
```

Bridge

implementation of an object

Abstract away some part of an object implementation:

```
Content
ContentDrawer
  > ContentDrawerAlpha
  > ContentDrawerBeta

Drawer
DrawingAPI
  > GDI
  > PNG
```

Declare abstract class interface for switchable library:

```
DBAdaptor
db = SQLiteAdapter
db = MySQLAdapter
```

Composite

structure and composition of an object

Use abstract object to define the structure.

Decorate

responsibilities of an object without subclassing

Essentially generic inheritance.

Extend a object with additional functionality:

```
Window + Scrollbars
```

Facade

interface to a subsystem

Provide API for your library.

Flyweight

storage costs of objects

Use a simple object for getting the heavy oject:

```
Font size, style -> shared Font object
```

Proxy

how an object is accessed; it's location

Hide what and how an object is actually accessed.

Object Pool

avoid creating "expensive" objects

Reuse already used objects:

```
Sockets pool (avoids creating sockets)
```

Behavioral

Chain of Responsibility

pass request to object that can fulfill it

Build a tree of handling processing:

```
multiple screen elements
window -> no handle -- pass on to --> panel
panel -> handle -> done
```

Command

Multi-level undo:

```
build list of commands
each command knows how to undo itself
```

Actions that can be called from multiple places + shortcuts, images:

```
delphi
```

Macro recording:

```
each command can be recorded/played
```

Task/thread pool:

```
each task is a separate command
threads take task and execute it
```

Networking:

```
remote procedure calls
```

Interpreter

grammar and interpretation of a language

Math expression:

```
math.calculate("5 + 4 + 1")
```

Interpreted programming language, syntax tree.

Iterator

how an aggregate's elements are accessed, traversed

Unicode string algorithms must work with iterators otherwise incorrect or slow implementation.

Iterating over a set of elements:

```
for x in set:
    print x
```

Generics over lists, trees, sets

Mediator

how and which objects interact with each other

Avoid direct dependancy between classes:

instead of

Client -> Folder

use

Client -> ClientFolderMapping -> Folder

Rules of thumb:

```
http://sourcemaking.com/design_patterns/mediator
```

Memento

what private information is stored outside an object, and when

Restore points - save state to recover from exceptions.

Autosave.

Null Object

Avoid null pointer exceptions while dealing with linked objects:

Tree sentinel objects

Deal easily with exceptional states.

Observer

number of objects that depend on another object; how the dependent objects stay up to date

Update when data changes:

```
data.change --> listbox.datachanged
```

Avoid polling data for changes:

data.change --> listbox.datachanged invalidated screen part -> redraw invalidated part

State

states of an object

Different tools in image editor:

```
Abstract tool
  >  CircleTool
  >  PenTool
```

Finite state machine.

Different contexts of doing something.

Strategy

an algorithm

Different ways of doing something:

printing output format distance function on objects

Function pointers.

Template Method

steps of an algorithm

Provide a default way of doing something to decendant classes.

Queue:

```
put
lock, unlock
get
```

Visitor

operations that can be applied to objects without changing their classes

Printing a tree:

```
vistor.traverse(tree)
```