# Developing for IBM Digital Experience with Web Developer Skills and Tools Using IBM Script Portlet

With Updates for Script Portlet 1.3



#### **Topics**

★ new = new for Script Portlet 1.3

- Script-based applications and the Script Portlet approach
- Working with the Script Portlet editor
  - Inserting WCM tags and storing in shared libraries ★ new
- Building applications with external editors and tools
  - Using "sp push" to create Script Portlet applications ★ new
- Complex applications, frameworks, and the "single page application" model
- Making applications available on the site toolbar \*new
- Using command line features and working with source code systems ★new
- Quick steps for getting started and downloadable samples \*new samples
- Customizable applications and accessing data and services



#### Why script-based applications

- Web programming skills using HTML/JS/CSS are very prevalent and widely available
- Many JavaScript libraries and frameworks are available and widely known (jQuery, Backbone.js, AngularJS, Knockout, ExtJS, e.g.)
- A client-side application architecture running JS on the client, accessing data via REST services – can have performance and user experience benefits













#### The Script Portlet approach

- Applications are built with standard web technology: HTML, JS, CSS, etc.
  - No Java or JEE skills needed
- Application artifacts are stored and managed in Web Content Manager
  - No code deployment required!
  - WCM features such as projects and workflow can be used to manage applications
- You can build applications from the browser with the Script Portlet Editor, or you can use your favorite external editor
- Portal's key value-add features are available when you want them
  - Portlet preferences, public render parameters, Ajax proxy, multi-channel delivery, responsive layout, etc.



#### Build portlets using web development skills, libraries, and tools

Use JavaScript libraries and frameworks of your choice



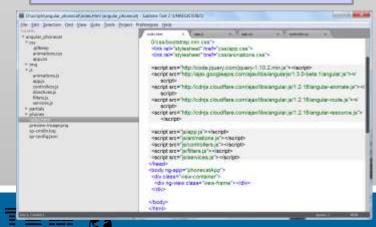








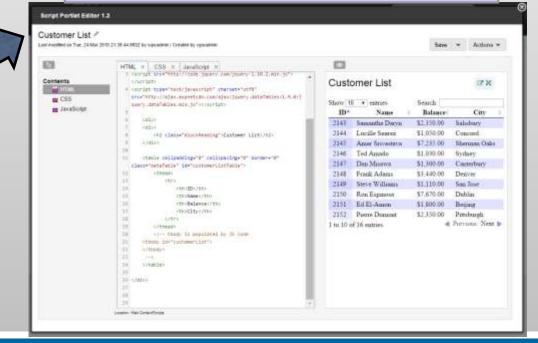
Optional: build/test applications with your preferred tools, then "push" or import to server



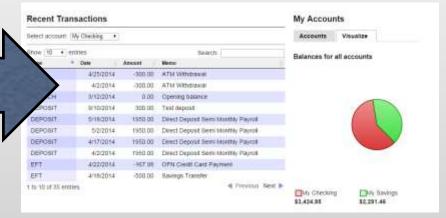
Applications are stored in Web Content Manager and available on site toolbar



Applications can be built and edited with browser-based editor



Rich portlet applications with support for Portal value-add features



#### Approaches for building applications with Script Portlet

- 1. Build in the browser with the Script Portlet Editor
  - Type or copy/paste into the tabbed editor
  - Auto-complete and syntax highlighting are available
  - Applications are limited to single HTML, JavaScript, and CSS elements
- 2. Build on your workstation with your preferred tools, then use "sp push" or Import to move the application to the server
  - Applications can have any number of files including JS, images, HTML fragments, etc.
  - With "sp push" you can instantly update the entire application from a folder on your machine

In the next slides we'll show both approaches



## **Building Applications with the Script Portlet Editor**

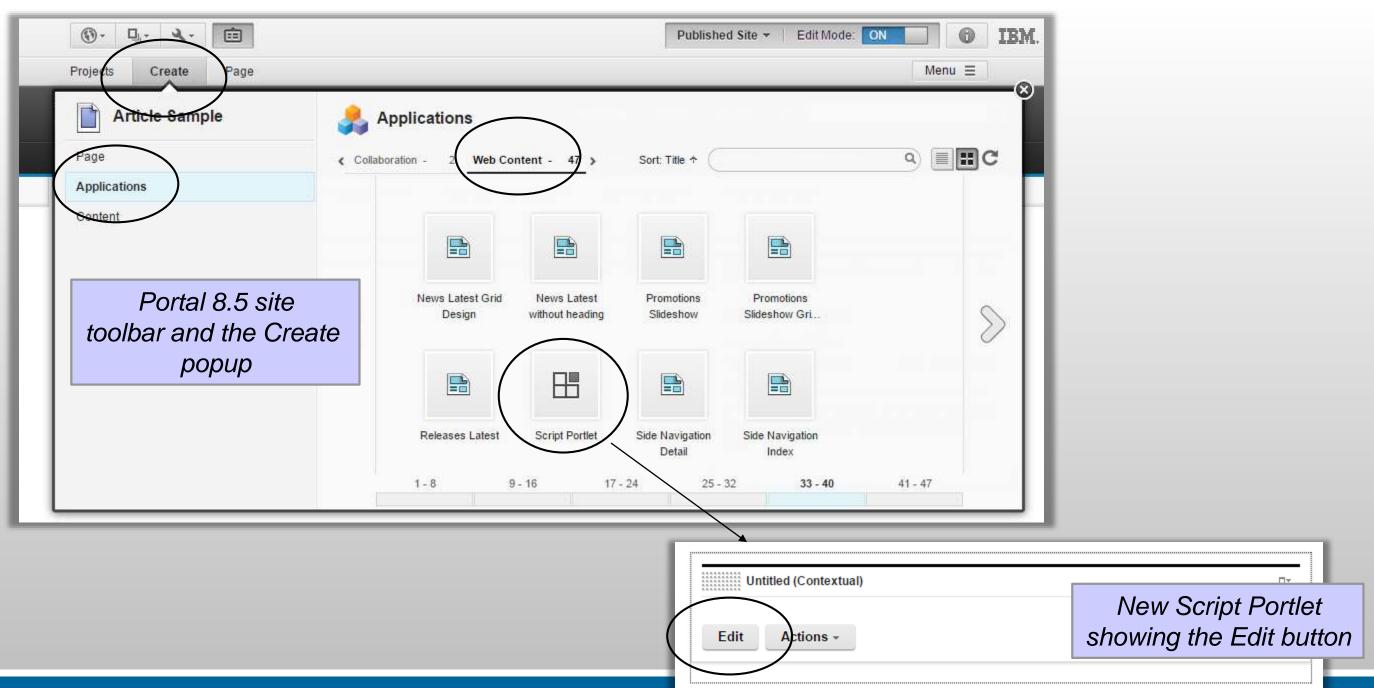


#### Building applications in the browser using the Script Portlet Editor

- Create a new empty Script Portlet on a page
- Open the Script Portlet Editor and enter your HTML, JavaScript, and CSS
  - You can copy/paste from samples on the web, from JSFiddle, etc., or type your code
  - The HTML editor tab has any external references and all of your application UI
  - The JavaScript tab has your application JS code
  - The CSS tab holds your style definitions
- Click Save to preview the application
- Close the editor window to see the application on the portal page



#### **Creating a new empty Script Portlet**



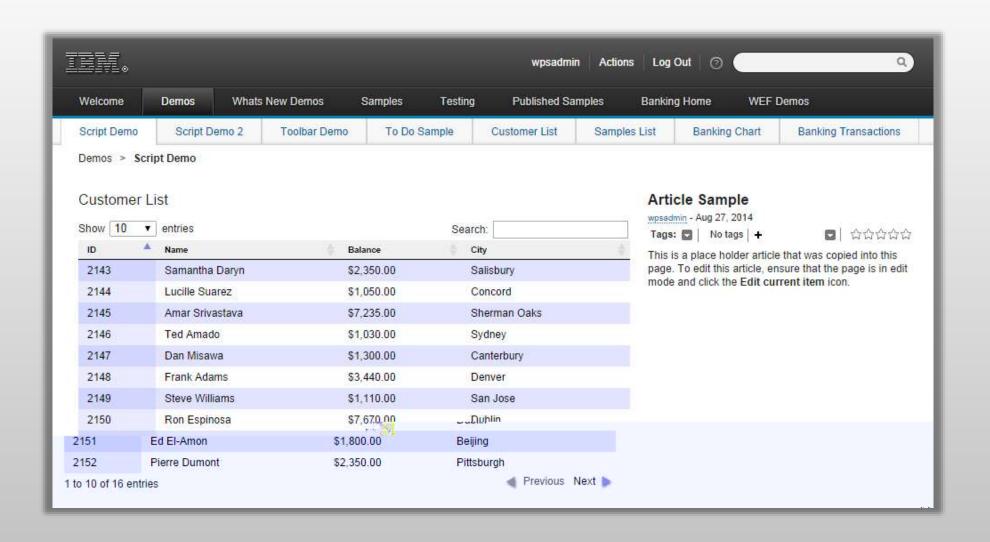


#### The Script Portlet Editor with tree view, tabbed editors, and preview





#### The running portlet with the page in view mode

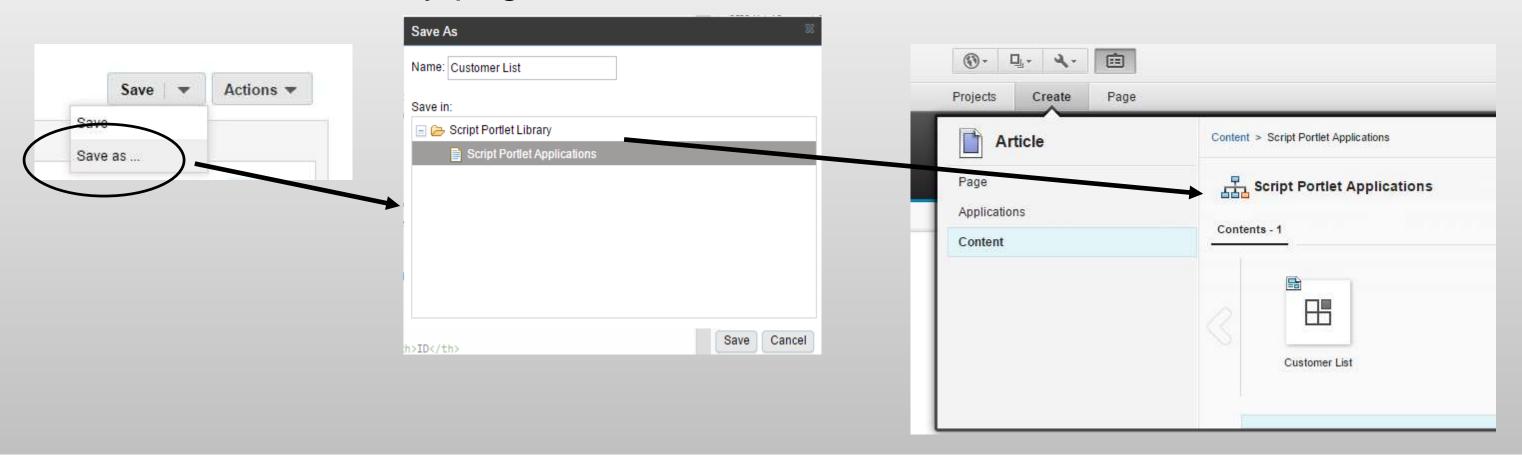






#### Using "Save As" from editor to store in a library and add to toolbar

- The "Save As" command lets you save an application into a WCM library
- Applications in the library are available in the "Content" tab of the site toolbar for use by page authors

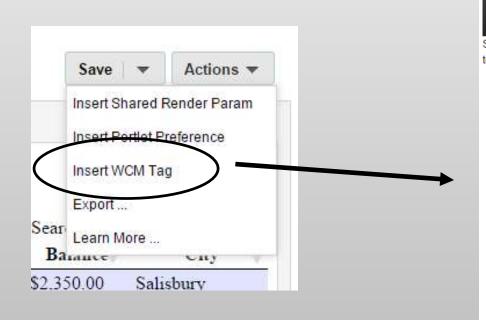




#### Inserting WCM tags from the Script Portlet editor



- Script Portlets can optionally use WCM tags to render dynamic elements and access portal and server-side features
  - Shared render parameters, device class, user attributes, and much more
- The "Insert WCM Tag" option brings up the standard WCM dialog and makes it easy to select a tag with parameters



Insert a Tag
Select the type of tag to create, and then define parameters for the selected tag. You can then either copy a o insert the tag at the current cursor location.
Tag:
[Property type="content" context="current" field="title" key=""]
Select a tag type:  Property ▼
Select a property field:  Title  ▼
Select source item type:  Content ▼
Select item context: Current ▼
Tag Description:
The Property tag is used to display various fields and metadata from content items and site areas.



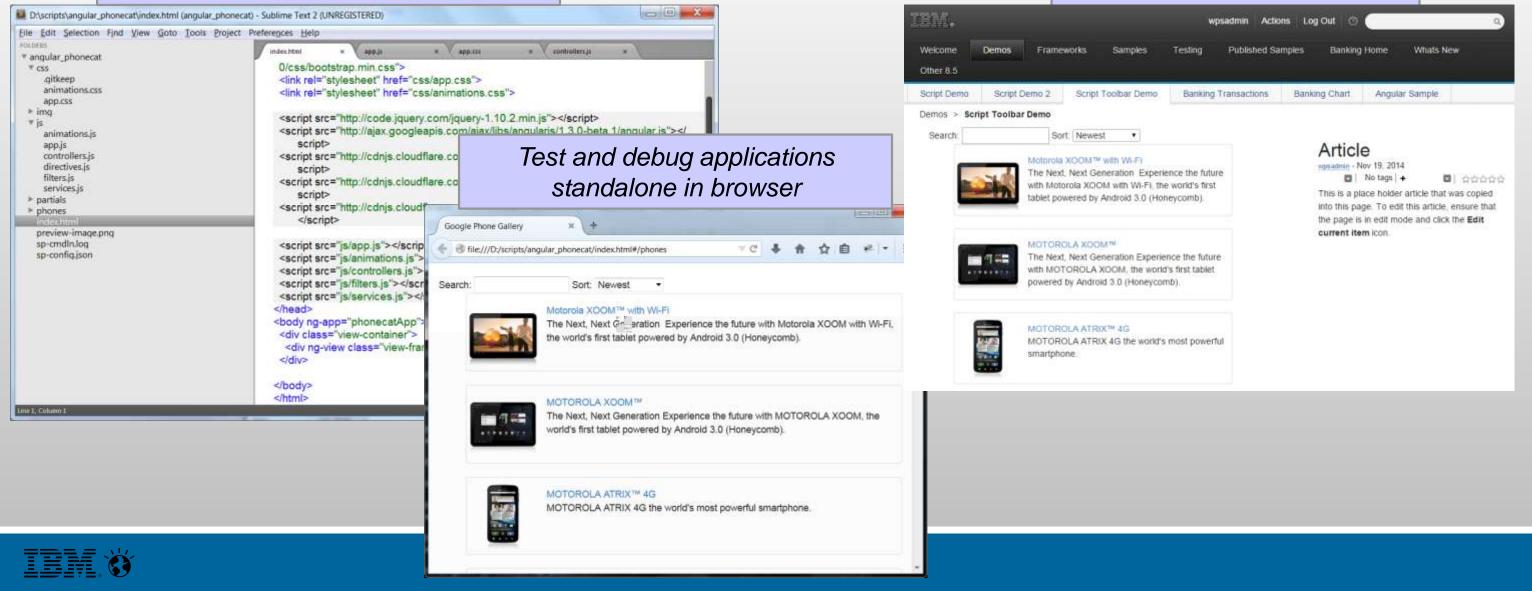
### **Building Applications with External Editors and Tools**



### Use your favorite web development tools to build applications, then bring the applications into Script Portlet

Build simple or complex applications with your favorite editors and other tools such as Node.js-based tools

Push or Import the entire application folder into Script Portlet to run as portlet



#### Bringing web applications from a client machine into Script Portlet

Each web application should have a main HTML file (typically index.html) with other files such as JS, CSS, images, HTML fragments, JSON, etc. \_

You have two ways to bring these applications into Script Portlet:

using sp push is new for 1.3

Create

- 1. sp push: Use this command from the client machine to create or update a script portlet
- 2. Import: Create a .zip for your application folder, then add an empty script portlet to a page and use the Import command

Both push and import can be used with local or remote/cloud servers

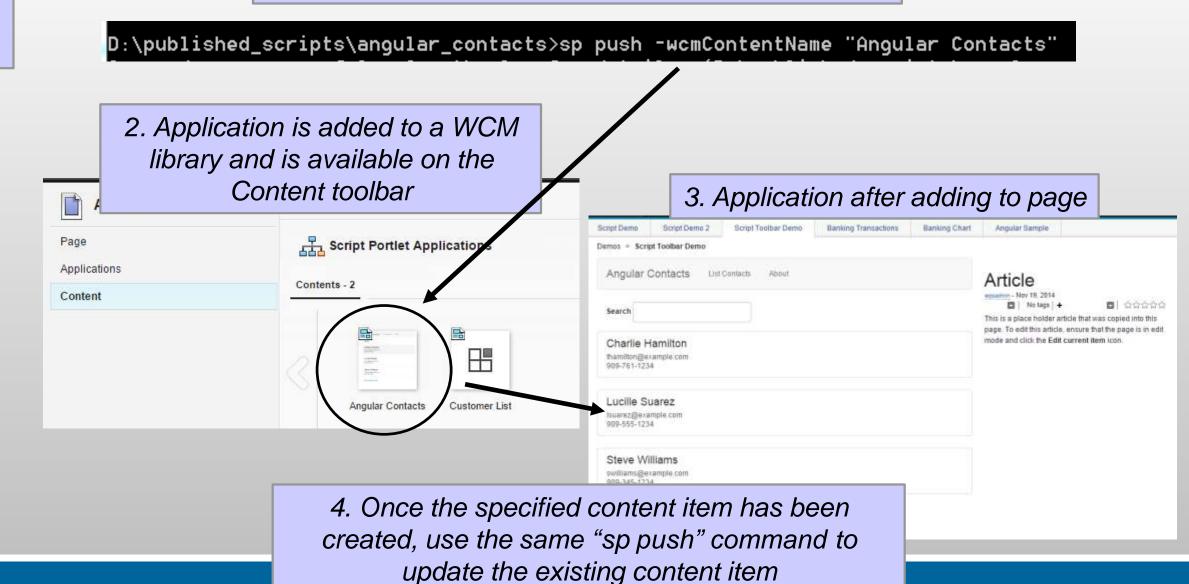
#### Using "sp push" to create or update a script portlet



Application folder with a main index.html and other JS, CSS, HTML, etc.

▼ angular\_contacts
 ▼ css
 app.css
 ▼ data
 contacts.json
 ▼ js
 app.js
 controllers.js
 services.js
 ▼ partials
 aboutView.html
 detailsView.html
 listView.html
 updateView.html
 updateView.html
 index.html

1. Invoke **sp push -wcmContentName "<name>"** from the application folder

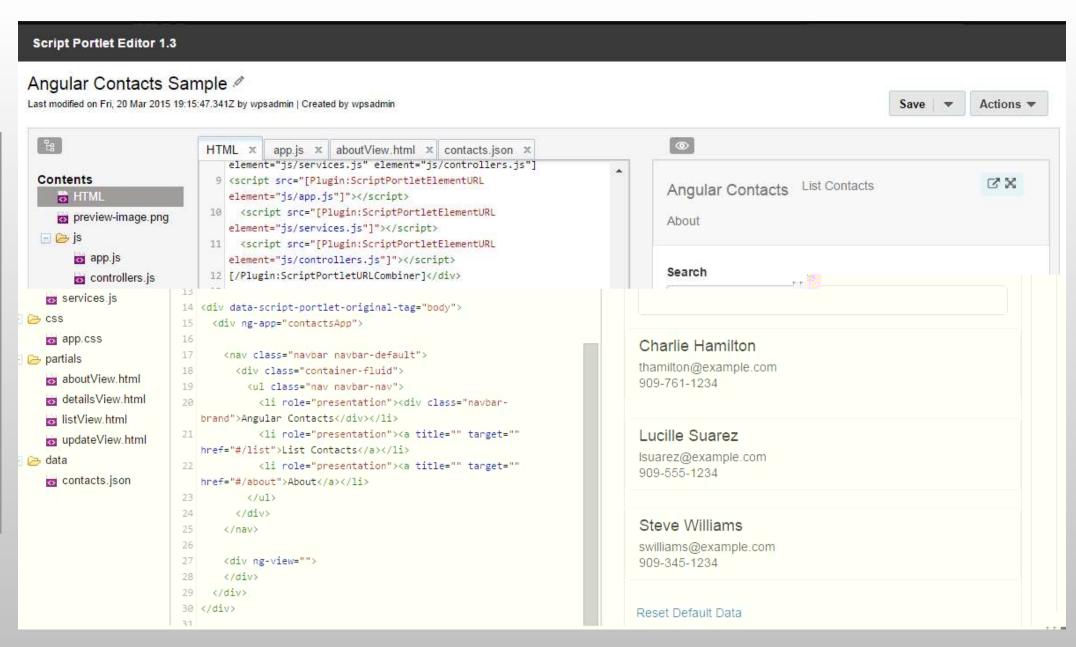




#### Multi-file application in Script Portlet editor after push or import

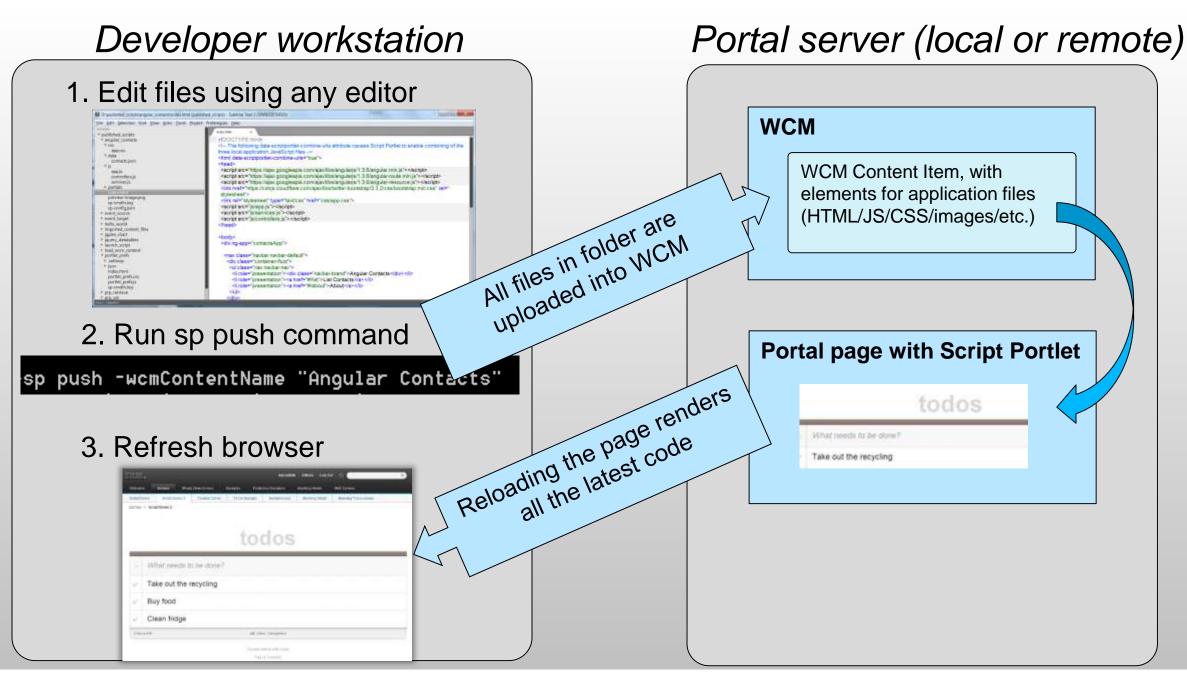
All files are shown in tree and can by opened for editing.

You can't create or delete files from this editor – instead, any file or folder changes on the client machine will be reflected when you push/import again.





#### Using "sp push" for a rapid edit/test cycle





### Integrating command line support with editors and other developer tools

- Editors and developer tools typically provide a way to call external programs
- You can invoke "sp push" from a command or icon, or it may be automatically triggered by an operation such as saving a file
- For Node JS environments, "grunt" or "gulp" can watch for file changes and push an updated version whenever there's a change

```
Eclipse IDE with
                          Script Portlet Push
                                                                                      Sublime editor – key
Eclipse SDK
                           as External Tool
File Edit Source Refactor
                                                                                     mapping for "sp push"
1 Script Portlet Push
Project Expl... 11 Package Exp... 11
                                                                                      "keys": ["f1"],
                                Run As
                                                                                      "command": "exec".
                                External Tools Configurations...
 "args": {
                                Organize Favorites...
                                                                                             "cmd": ["sp.bat","push","-contentRoot",

    E controllers

                                                                                                   "D:/test scripts/angular sample"]
         1 todo_controller.js
         todos_controller.js

    belpers

         pluralize.is
```



#### Using the Import command with .zip files

You can also bring applications into Script Portlet using Import:

- Create a .zip file with all the contents of your application folder
- Create a new empty Script Portlet and select Import from the Actions menu
- The import processing and file handling is the same as for push

Note that this import .zip approach is often used as an easy one-time method for bringing applications from some other system, but it's not recommended for iterative edit/test – use "sp push" for that



### Complex Applications, JavaScript Frameworks, and the "Single Page Application" Model

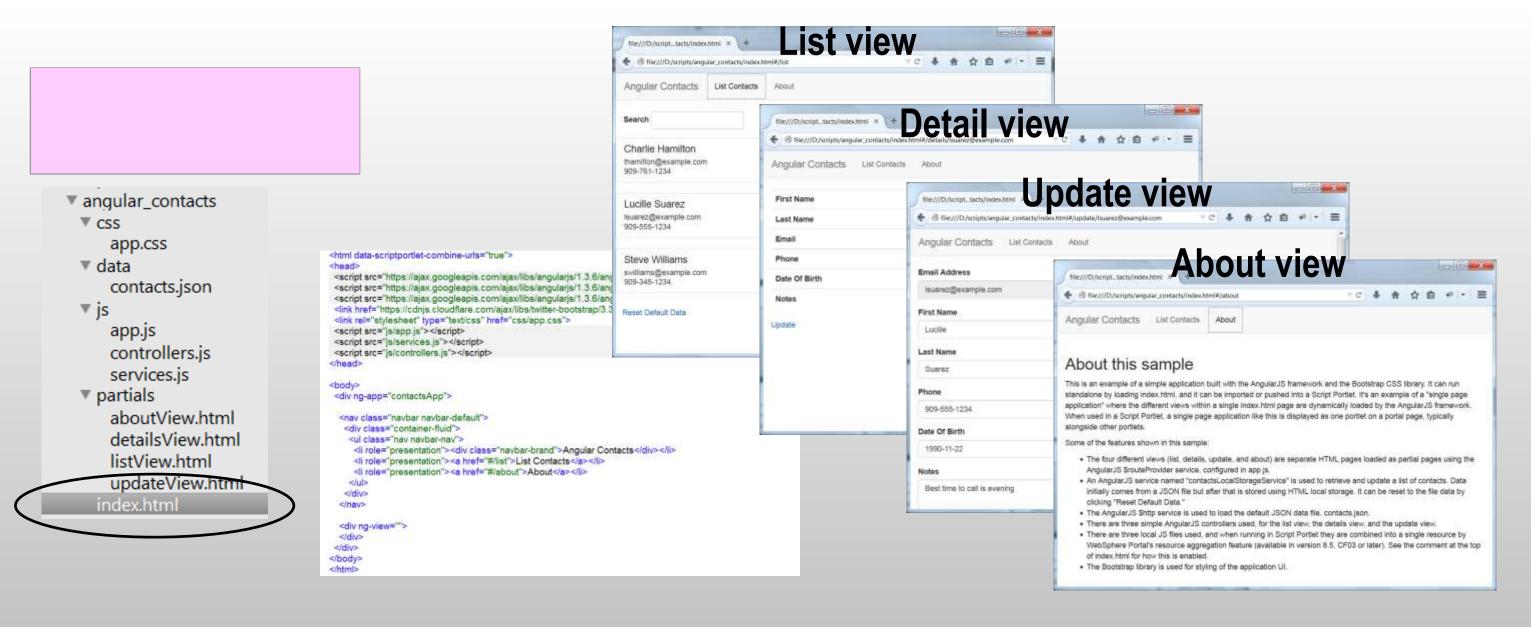


### About complex applications, JavaScript frameworks, and the "single page application" model

- Complex web applications will often use JavaScript frameworks to structure the application and to provide valuable common functionality
  - Angular, Backbone, ExtJS, Ember, etc.
  - Frameworks may include features such as data binding, views, controllers, HTML templating, storage...
  - These frameworks can work very well with Script Portlet
- The "single page application" (SPA) model is often used
  - A main HTML page provides the shell where all interaction takes place, with no full page reloads
  - JavaScript handles all dynamic interaction and accessing data from server
  - Multiple views may be swapped in/out within the main HTML shell
- With Script Portlet, a "single page application" runs as one portlet on a portal page
  - Don't be confused by the terminology the portal site still has many pages

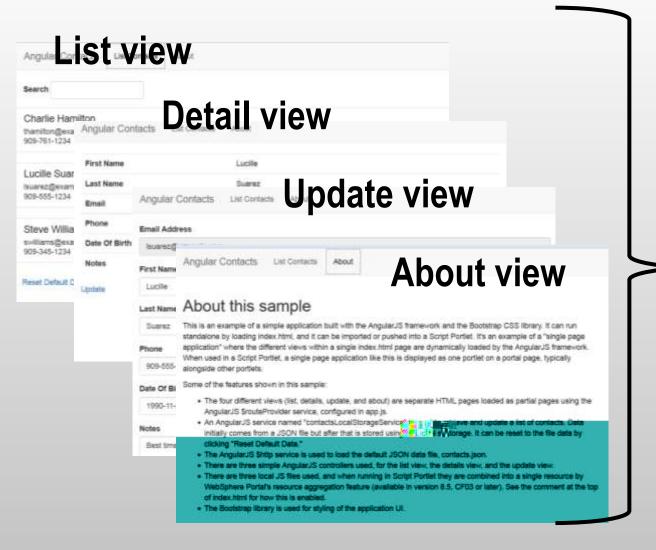


### Example of a single page application using the Angular framework, running standalone outside Portal





The same example Angular application running as a script portlet, alongside other portlets or content



portlet on a portal page, along with other portlets or content Testina **Published Samples** Banking Home Whats New Other 8.5 Script Demo Script Demo 2 Script Toolbar Demo Banking Transactions Banking Chart Angular Sample Demos > Angular Sample Angular Contacts List Contacts Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet. Consectetur adipiscing elit. Duis sagittis tempus massa, eget tincidunt eros varius sed. Ut placerat pellentesque Search Cras nibh massa, blandit rutrum luctus bibendum, rutrum vitae risus Duis porta risus et felis tristique at pharetra elit malesuada. Intege ultricies fringilla odio, sed consequat ligula tristique eu. Charlie Hamilton Nulla lacinia posuere tortor. Proin accumsan diam et lectus bibendum thamilton@example.com vel rutrum eros dapibus. Donec et leo tortor. Praesent fermentum, ligula All the dynamic views 909-761-1234 sit amet ultricies semper, leo enim faucibus metus, non ornare magna mauris non magna. Sed feugiat eleifend leo, sed pretium libero egestas for the SPA will be Lucille Suarez displayed within this Isuarez@example.com 909-555-1234 portlet area Steve Williams swilliams@example.com 909-345-1234 Reset Default Data

The "single page application" runs as one



#### Handling of web application code with push or import

For both push and import, the handling of application files is the same:

- The main HTML file (typically index.html) must be at the top application folder – this will be rendered as a portlet
- You can have any number of other application files within the same folder or in sub-folders
  - JS, HTML fragments, images, JSON, media, etc.
- All the application files are stored as elements in one WCM content item
- Relative links to local files are converted to WCM tags for rendering
- Script Portlet Editor can be used to view and update any application files
  - ...but not to create or delete files



#### Tips for bringing web applications into Script Portlet

- Many single page web applications can be imported/pushed to Script Portlet without changing any of the code
- This interoperability is an important goal of the Script Portlet tool
- There are some key practices and techniques for this interoperability:
  - JS code shouldn't update the entire BODY tag, but instead should work within a DIV (most frameworks can support this)
  - CSS styling shouldn't be set for the body tag
  - JS libraries such as jQuery should be loaded from Portal theme or, for demo/POC, from a remote CDN link
  - New features in 1.3 can be used see following slide
- Some explicit Portal dependencies such as WCM tags or the Script Portlet "spHelper" object won't work when running outside of Portal
- See articles on Digital Experience Developer site for details and best practices





#### New features available for use with push and import

- Automatic namespace support
  - Use the \_\_SPNS\_\_ pattern in any HTML or JS to generate a Script Portlet instance ID when running
- Combining of application JS files for performance
  - Requires Portal 8.5 CF03 or later
  - Use the data-scriptportlet-combine-urls="true" attribute on your application's HTML element to enable this aggregation for a specific application, or you can enable it by default with a configuration property
- Automatic removal of external links for libraries that are in theme modules
  - Use the data-scriptportlet-theme-capability="name" attribute to mark a link for removal during push/import, for cases where you know
    it will be provided by your Portal theme
- JS helper support for dynamically-loaded application files
  - In certain scenarios where application relative links are generated in JS code, you may need a way to map the original local URLs to WCM URLs
  - Use the data-scriptportlet-generate-url-map="true" attribute to enable support for this mapping in the <namespace>spHelper object
- Support for media and other binary file types
  - Several media types are enabled by default, and you can set configuration properties to allow additional file types
- See product documentation and articles on developer site for details on these features



### Making Applications Available on the Site Toolbar



### Making applications available on the Content tab of site toolbar (Portal 8.5 only)



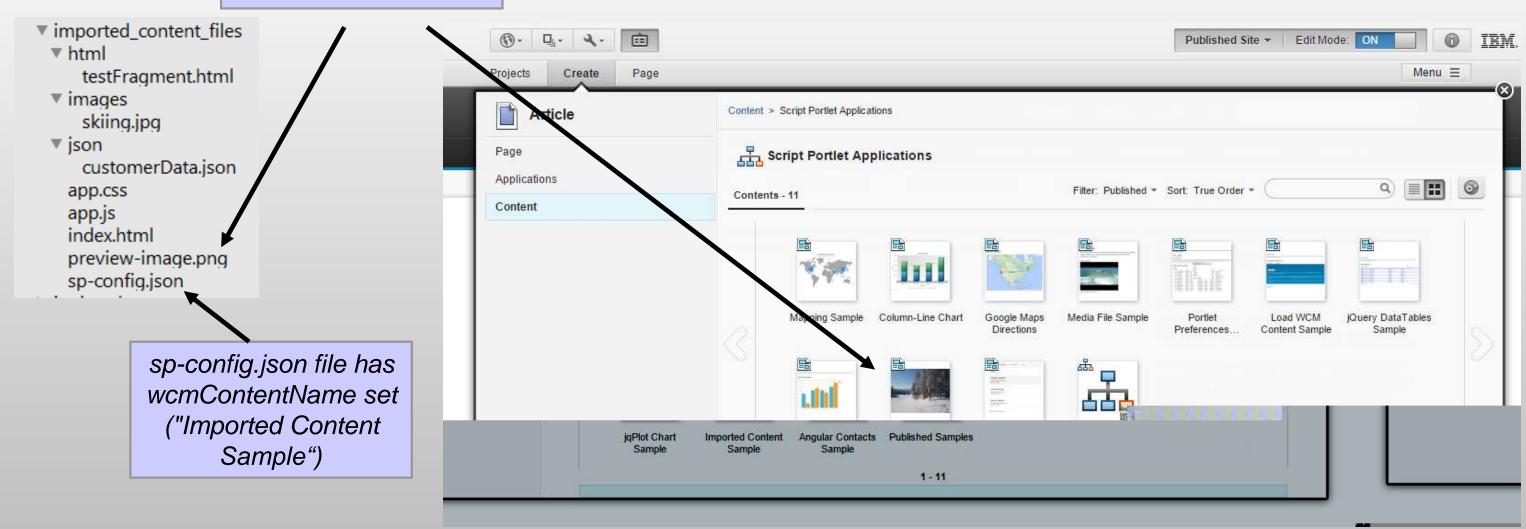
- Any applications that are stored under Script Portlet Library / Script Portlet Applications will be available on the site toolbar in the "Content" tab
- You can store applications in this area with sp push or with the Script Portlet editor "Save As" command
- "Script Portlet Applications" is the default site area for storing Script Portlets in a library, but you can use child site areas or other locations of your choosing – see the documentation for details
- You can provide a custom icon for each application by including a .png/.jpg file named "preview-image" at the root of your application folder





#### Example applications on toolbar, with custom icon images

preview-image.png for display on the site toolbar





#### About links vs copies for applications added from toolbar

- When you drag or add an application from the toolbar, it will result in a link reference to the shared content item
- Any updates to the shared item will be reflected wherever the application is used
  - For iterative editing with an external editor, you can use "sp push" to update the shared item and instantly see your changes on a page
- This "link" behavior requires CF05 or later prior versions of 8.5 will generate a copy
- To make a new copy from the Script Portlet editor you can use Save As



### **Using Command Line Features and Working with Source Code Systems**







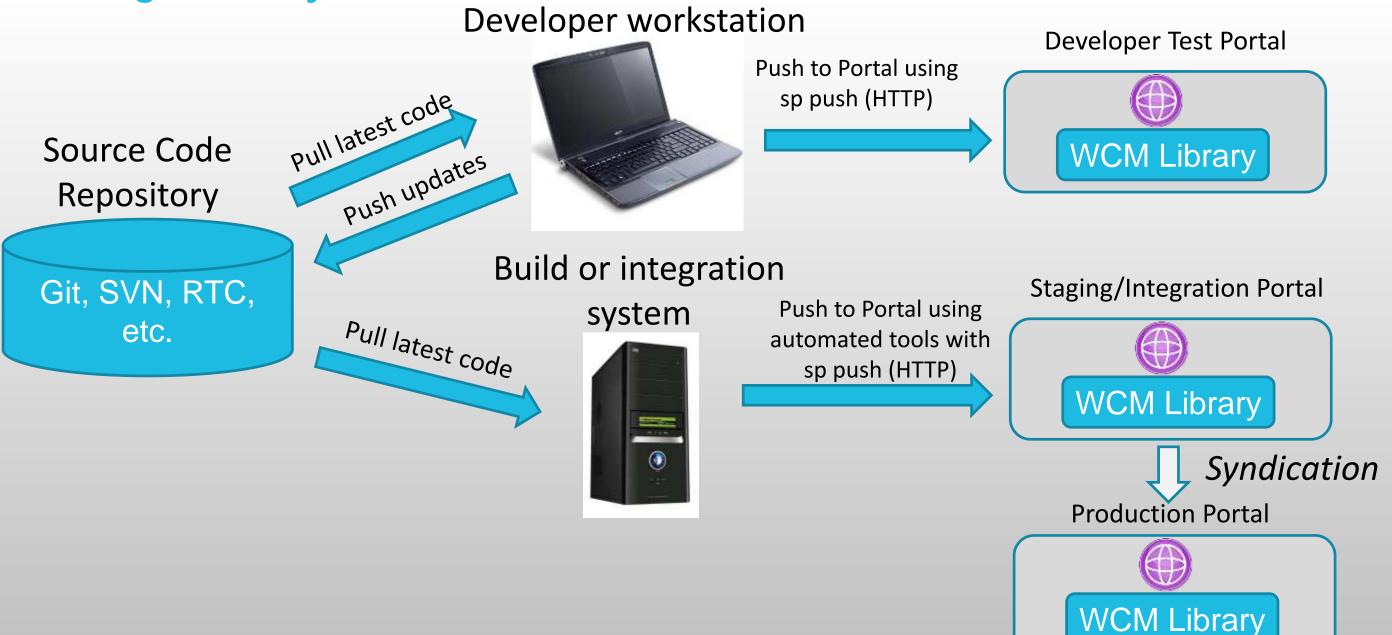
- Using "sp push" you can automatically populate a local or remote WCM library with a set of applications on a file system
- You can keep all your Script Portlet application code in a source code management system and automatically push the latest code into WCM
- For moving applications between portal servers (such as from staging to production) you can also use WCM's syndication feature
- See the following slide for a picture



#### Synchronizing Script Portlet application code with source code



management systems



#### Using sp push and the sp-config.json configuration file

- An sp-config.json file is used to set properties for sp push
- Any of the arguments for the sp push command (such as wcmContentName) can also be specified in sp-config.json
  - Type "sp help" to see details on the arguments
- There is a shared sp-config.json file in the command line client folder, and you can also have an sp-config.json file in any application folder
  - Common values such as the properties for your test server are set in the shared file
  - Values from the application-specific sp-config.json file will override the shared values
  - For example, by setting wcmContentName in the application-specific sp-config.son file you can omit it from the command line and ensure consistent naming
- See the documentation or run "sp help" for information on other properties such as wcmSiteArea, wcmContentTitle, virtualPortalID, and others



### **Quick Steps for Getting Started and Downloadable Samples**



#### Five quick steps for getting started with Script Portlet 1.3

- 1. Use Portal 8.5 or 8.0.0.1 (local or remote/cloud)
  - 8.5 with CF05 or later is recommended because of the toolbar support
- 2. Install the Script Portlet PAA and confirm installation by adding a Script Portlet to a page and using the Script Portlet editor
  - Download: IBM Script Portlet on Portal Catalog
  - Install documentation: Installing the IBM Script Portlet
- 3. Extract and configure the command line client support (sp\_cmdln.zip) on your workstation
  - Add the extracted folder to your system path and type "sp" to confirm Java version
  - Set the properties for your server in sp-config.json
- 4. Download and extract the samples package, and use the batch file provided with the samples to push them into WCM and make them available on the toolbar
  - Samples package: <u>Script Portlet Samples for IBM WebSphere Portal</u>
- 5. Try out some of the samples by adding them to pages, and explore the source in the Script Portlet editor or in the extracted samples folder

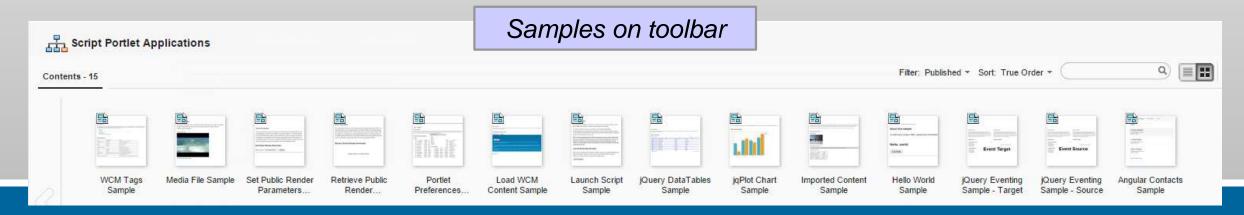


#### **Downloadable samples for Script Portlet**

Downloadable samples are available that illustrate a variety of useful techniques Run one command script to push them all to server and make them available on toolbar

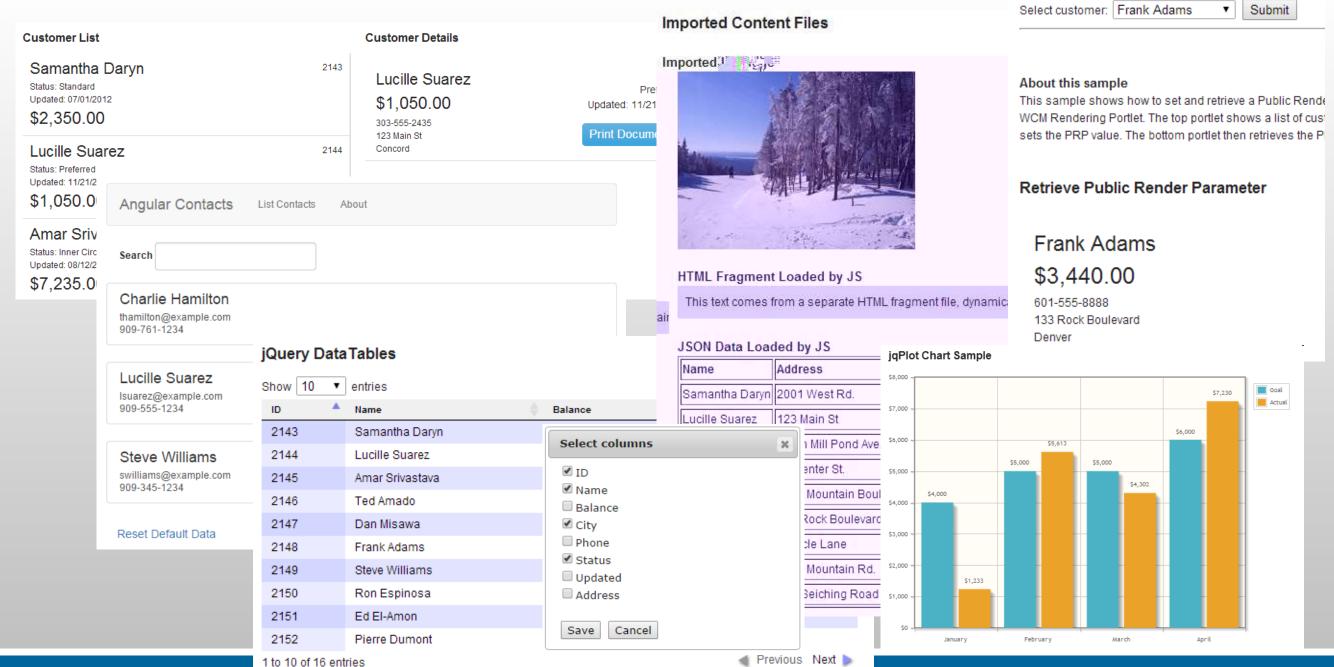
- AngularJS Contacts (with Bootstrap styling) ★new
- Media File (.mp4 video) ★new
- Hello, World
- jQuery Eventing (two cooperating portlets)
- jqPlot Chart
- jQuery DataTables

- Load WCM Content
- Launch Script (launching a Script Portlet in a window)
- Public Render Parameters (two cooperating portlets)
- WCM tag samples (access to information such as user name, locale, device class)
- Imported Content Files (image, HTML fragment, JSON)
- Portlet Preferences (for customizable applications)





#### Downloadable sample screenshots



Set Public Render Parameter



### **Customizable Applications and Accessing Data and Services**

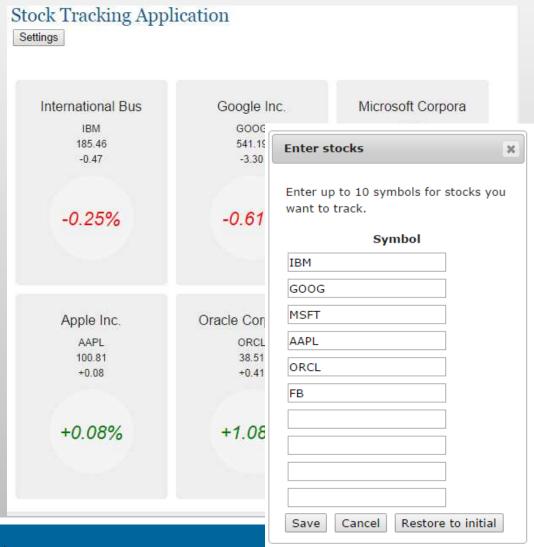


#### Enabling customization of applications using portlet preferences

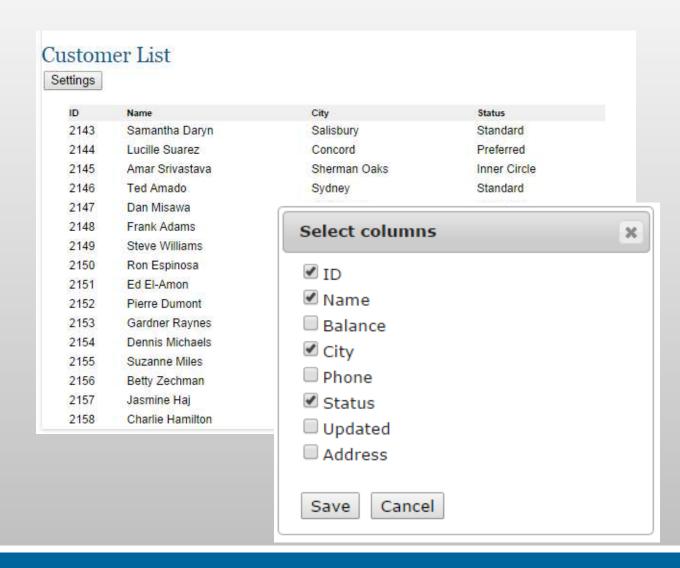
- You can use portlet preferences to provide application customization at the portlet instance level
  - Applications can be configured from the browser by business users, page authors, or administrators
  - Preference data is stored as JSON
- The JavaScript object <namespace>spHelper has functions to store and retrieve preference data
- See the published samples for an example

#### **Examples of customization using preferences API**

 A "Stock Tracking" application can be configured for which stocks to show



A customer list can be configured for which columns to display





#### Accessing data and services

- Data access for script-based applications is done using REST services with JSON format data
- Any number of tools, frameworks, and services can provide the REST/JSON services:
  - Cloud-based services, including IBM SmartCloud and Bluemix services
  - IBM Cast Iron platform or DataPower appliance
  - IBM Web Experience Factory data providers
  - WAS connectors (on Portal server or external)
- External services can be accessed through Portal's Ajax proxy
- The current trend for application architecture is to have a four-tier architecture (see next slide)

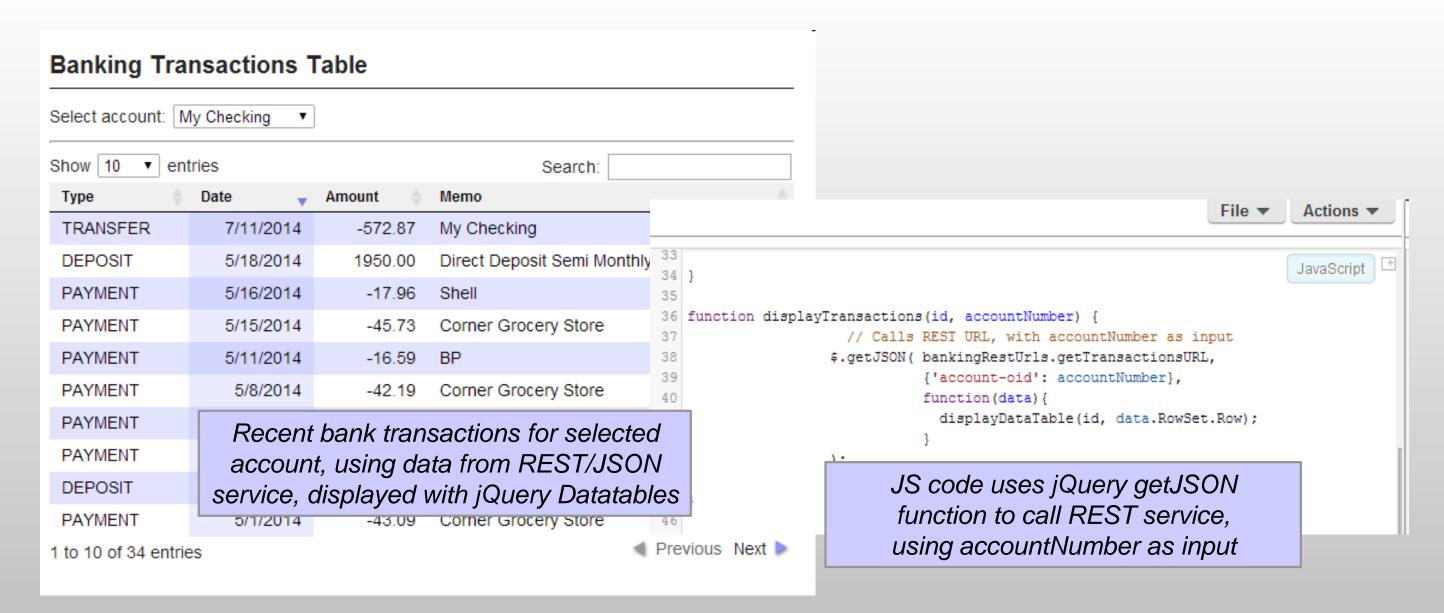


#### Four tier architecture and data services

Client Tier HTML, JS, CSS Service Application interaction is done with client-side JS, Desktop or mobile browser using data from JSON/REST services calls **REST/JSON** Platform to build and deliver a web site to all clients, with Delivery Tier integrated applications, content, and social aspects JSON services may come through Portal's Ajax Proxy or WebSphere Portal and WCM directly from service tier REST (JSON or XML) Provides compact services that are suited for use in UI Aggregation Services Tier layer, typically using REST/JSON Transforms and aggregates services from Back End Cast Iron, DataPower, etc. **Services Tier** Anything – WSDL/SOAP, SQL... Existing on-premises systems of record, services, or Back End Services Tier data External third-party services



#### Data service example: accessing bank account data





#### For more information

Visit IBM Digital Experience Developer:

http://developer.ibm.com/digexp

Links to download of Script Portlet, samples, documentation, video, and

other resources

