Big_Data_Analytics_Project_Outliers_Mar16

March 16, 2025

[39]:
```
import pandas as pd

url = "https://archive.ics.uci.edu/static/public/350/data.csv"
data = pd.read_csv(url, sep= ',')
print(data.head())
```

```
   ID      X1  X2  X3  X4  X5  X6  X7  X8  X9  …    X15    X16    X17   X18  \
0   1   20000   2   2   1  24   2   2  -1  -1  …      0      0      0     0
1   2  120000   2   2   2  26  -1   2   0   0  …   3272   3455   3261     0
2   3   90000   2   2   2  34   0   0   0   0  …  14331  14948  15549  1518
3   4   50000   2   2   1  37   0   0   0   0  …  28314  28959  29547  2000
4   5   50000   1   2   1  57  -1   0  -1   0  …  20940  19146  19131  2000

     X19    X20   X21   X22   X23  Y
0    689      0     0     0     0  1
1   1000   1000  1000     0  2000  1
2   1500   1000  1000  1000  5000  0
3   2019   1200  1100  1069  1000  0
4  36681  10000  9000   689   679  0

[5 rows x 25 columns]
```

[40]:
```
data.rename(columns={'X1': 'LIMIT_BAL', 'X2': 'SEX', 'X3': 'EDUCATION', 'X4':␣
↪'MARRIAGE', 'X5': 'AGE', 'X6': 'PAY_0', 'X7': 'PAY_2','X8': 'PAY_3', 'X9':␣
↪'PAY_4', 'X10': 'PAY_5', 'X11': 'PAY_6', 'X12': 'BILL_AMT1', 'X13':␣
↪'BILL_AMT2', 'X14': 'BILL_AMT3', 'X15': 'BILL_AMT4', 'X16': 'BILL_AMT5',␣
↪'X17': 'BILL_AMT6', 'X18': 'PAY_AMT1', 'X19': 'PAY_AMT2', 'X20': 'PAY_AMT3',␣
↪'X21': 'PAY_AMT4', 'X22': 'PAY_AMT5', 'X23': 'PAY_AMT6'}, inplace=True)
```

[41]:
```
data.head()
```

[41]:

	ID	LIMIT_BAL	SEX	EDUCATION	MARRIAGE	AGE	PAY_0	PAY_2	PAY_3	PAY_4	\
0	1	20000	2	2	1	24	2	2	-1	-1	
1	2	120000	2	2	2	26	-1	2	0	0	
2	3	90000	2	2	2	34	0	0	0	0	
3	4	50000	2	2	1	37	0	0	0	0	
4	5	50000	1	2	1	57	-1	0	-1	0	

```
   …  BILL_AMT4  BILL_AMT5  BILL_AMT6  PAY_AMT1  PAY_AMT2  PAY_AMT3  \
0  …          0          0          0         0       689         0
1  …       3272       3455       3261         0      1000      1000
2  …      14331      14948      15549      1518      1500      1000
3  …      28314      28959      29547      2000      2019      1200
4  …      20940      19146      19131      2000     36681     10000

   PAY_AMT4  PAY_AMT5  PAY_AMT6  Y
0         0         0         0  1
1      1000         0      2000  1
2      1000      1000      5000  0
3      1100      1069      1000  0
4      9000       689       679  0

[5 rows x 25 columns]
```

[42]:
```
# Replacing education values = 0, 5 and 6 with 4, since 0, 5 and 6 are not␣
↪defined

fill = (data.EDUCATION == 0) | (data.EDUCATION == 5) | (data.EDUCATION == 6)
data.loc[fill, 'EDUCATION'] = 4

print('EDUCATION ' + str(sorted(data['EDUCATION'].unique())))
```

```
EDUCATION [1, 2, 3, 4]
```

[43]:
```
# Replacing marital status value = 0 to 3, since 0 is not defined

fill = (data.MARRIAGE == 0)
data.loc[fill, 'MARRIAGE'] = 3

print('MARRIAGE ' + str(sorted(data['MARRIAGE'].unique())))
```

```
MARRIAGE [1, 2, 3]
```

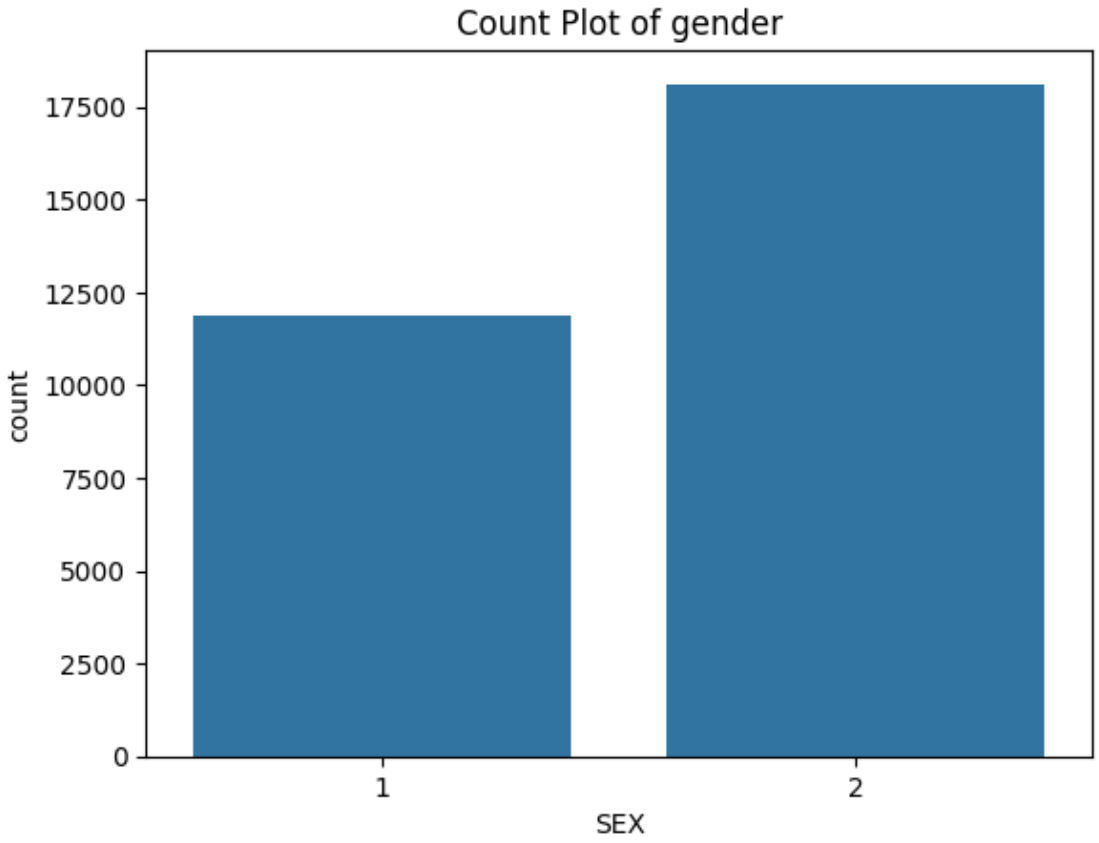
[44]:
```
categorical_variables = ['SEX', 'EDUCATION', 'MARRIAGE', 'PAY_0', 'PAY_2',␣
↪'PAY_3', 'PAY_4', 'PAY_5', 'PAY_6']
```

[45]:
```
data['SEX'].value_counts(normalize=True) * 100
```

[45]:
```
SEX
2    60.373333
1    39.626667
Name: proportion, dtype: float64
```

[46]:
```
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

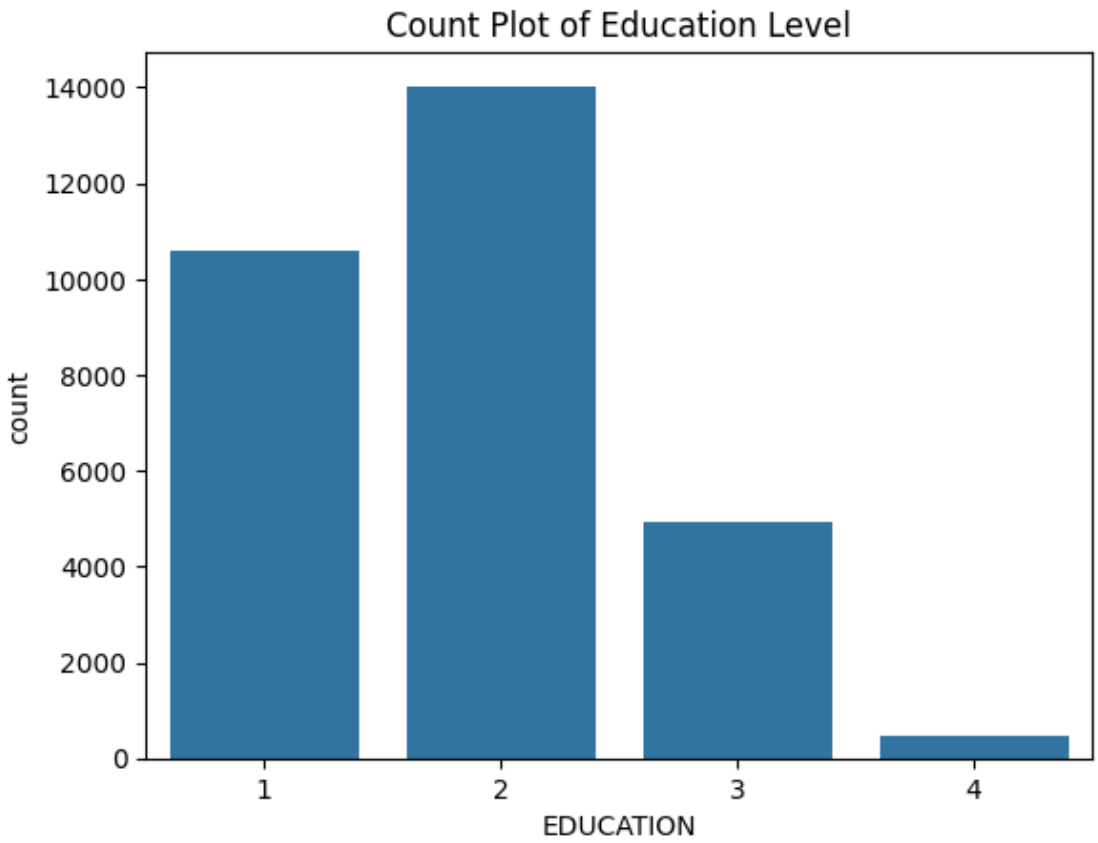
```
# Count plot for Sex
sns.countplot(x='SEX', data=data)
plt.title('Count Plot of gender')
plt.show()
```



[47]:
```
data['EDUCATION'].value_counts(normalize=True) * 100
```

[47]:
```
EDUCATION
2    46.766667
1    35.283333
3    16.390000
4     1.560000
Name: proportion, dtype: float64
```

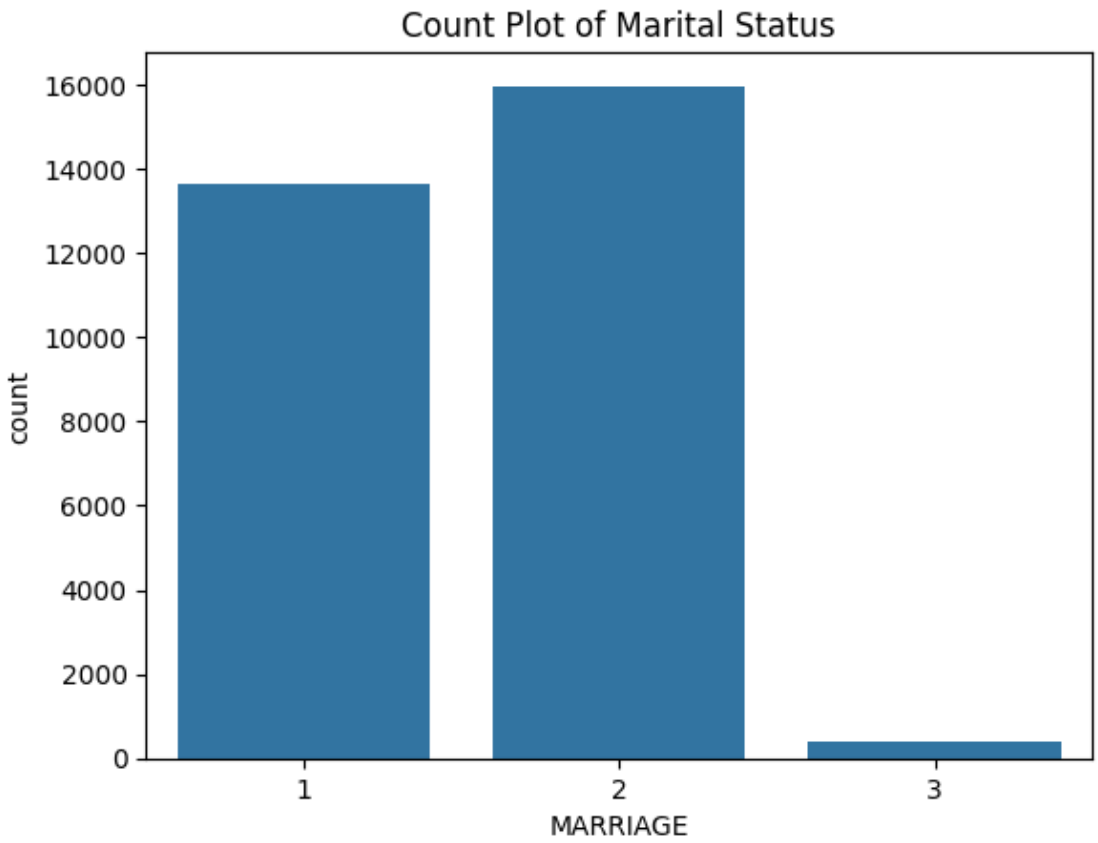
[48]:
```
# Count plot for education level
sns.countplot(x='EDUCATION', data=data)
plt.title('Count Plot of Education Level')
plt.show()
```



[49]:
```
data['MARRIAGE'].value_counts(normalize=True) * 100
```

[49]:
```
MARRIAGE
2    53.213333
1    45.530000
3     1.256667
Name: proportion, dtype: float64
```

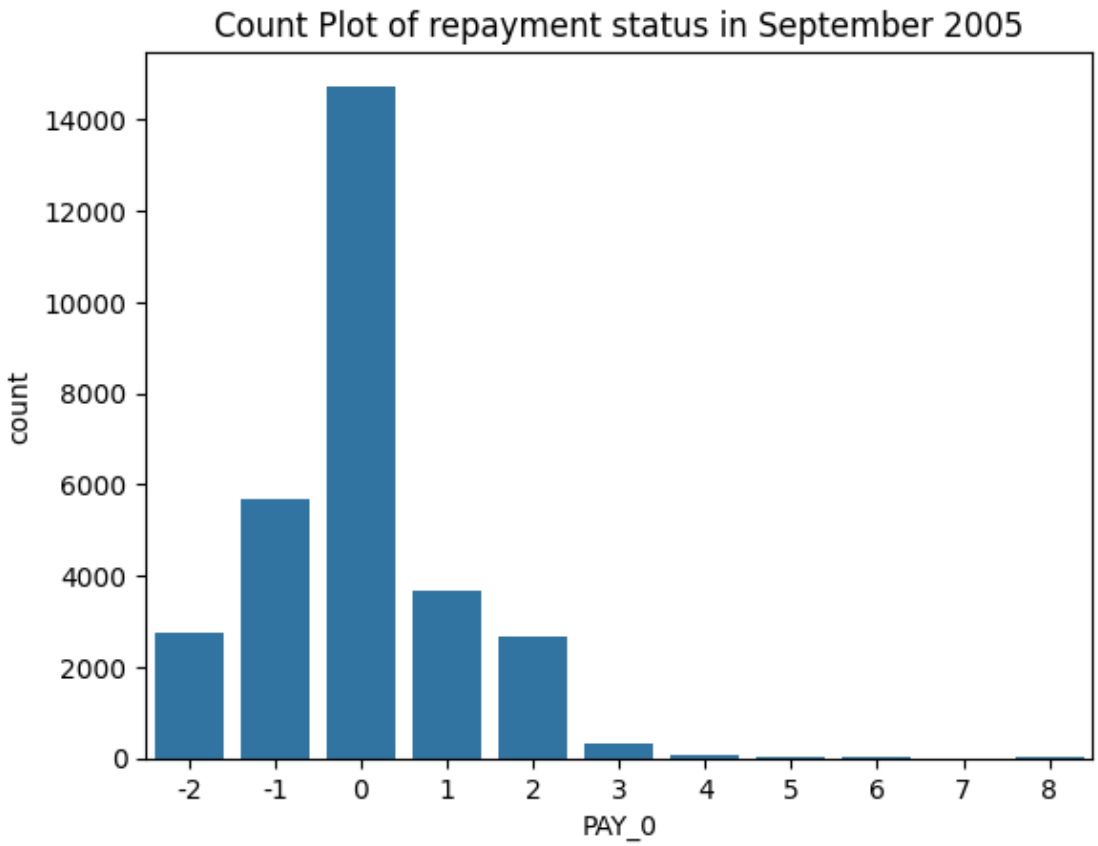
[50]:
```
# Count plot for marital status
sns.countplot(x='MARRIAGE', data=data)
plt.title('Count Plot of Marital Status')
plt.show()
```



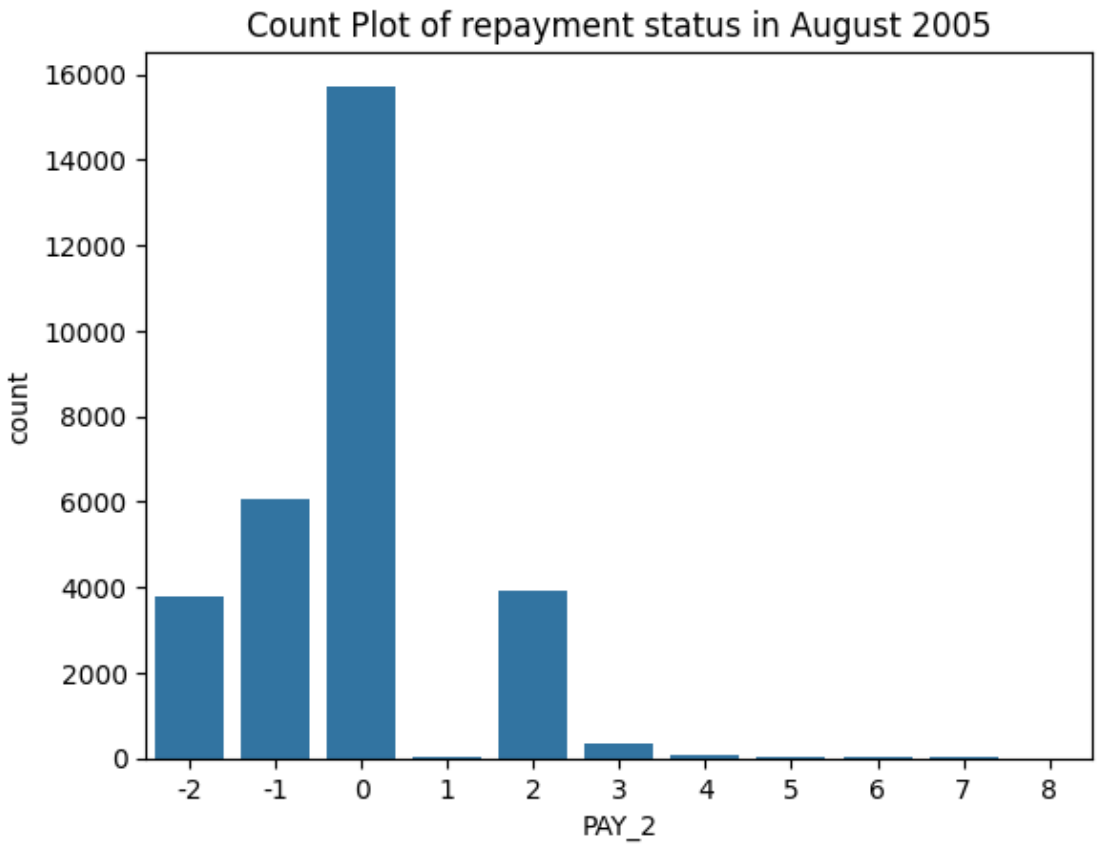
[51]:
```
data['PAY_0'].value_counts(normalize=True) * 100
```

[51]:
```
PAY_0
 0    49.123333
-1    18.953333
 1    12.293333
-2     9.196667
 2     8.890000
 3     1.073333
 4     0.253333
 5     0.086667
 8     0.063333
 6     0.036667
 7     0.030000
Name: proportion, dtype: float64
```

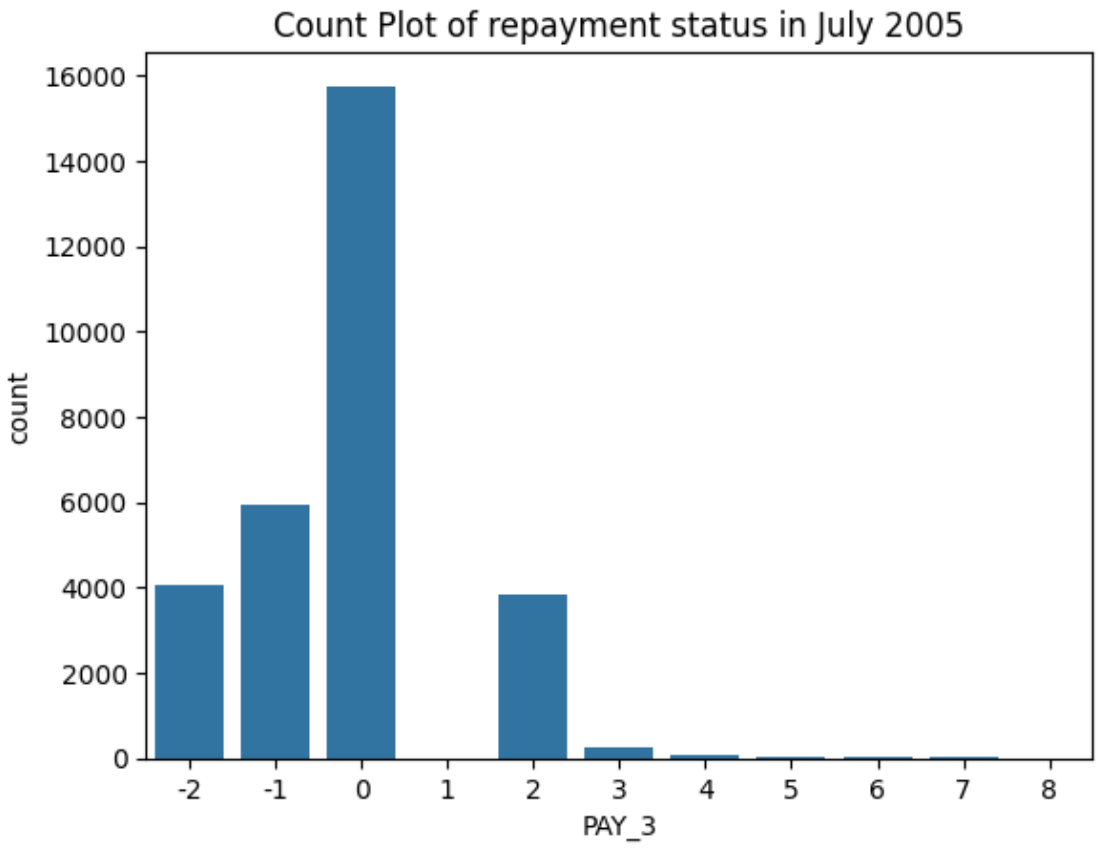
[52]:
```
# Count plot for repayment status in September 2005
sns.countplot(x='PAY_0', data=data)
plt.title('Count Plot of repayment status in September 2005')
plt.show()
```



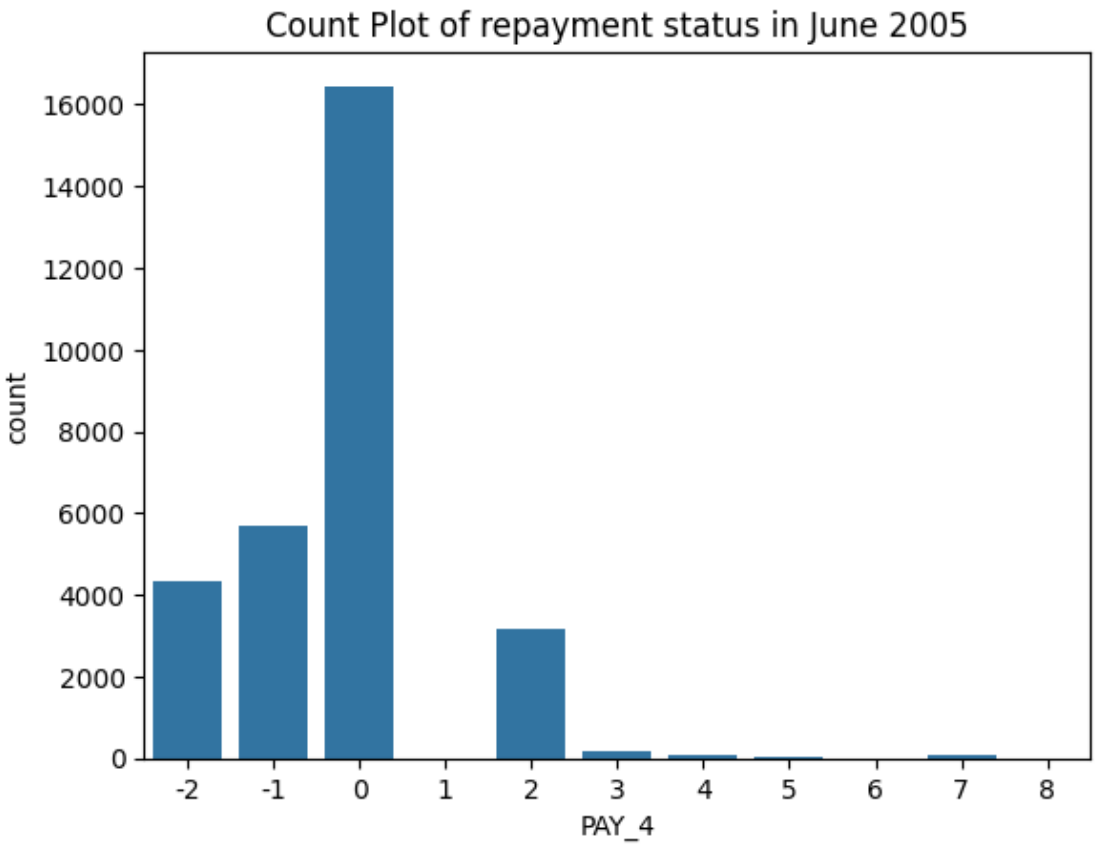
[53]:
```
# Count plot for repayment status in August 2005
sns.countplot(x='PAY_2', data=data)
plt.title('Count Plot of repayment status in August 2005')
plt.show()
```



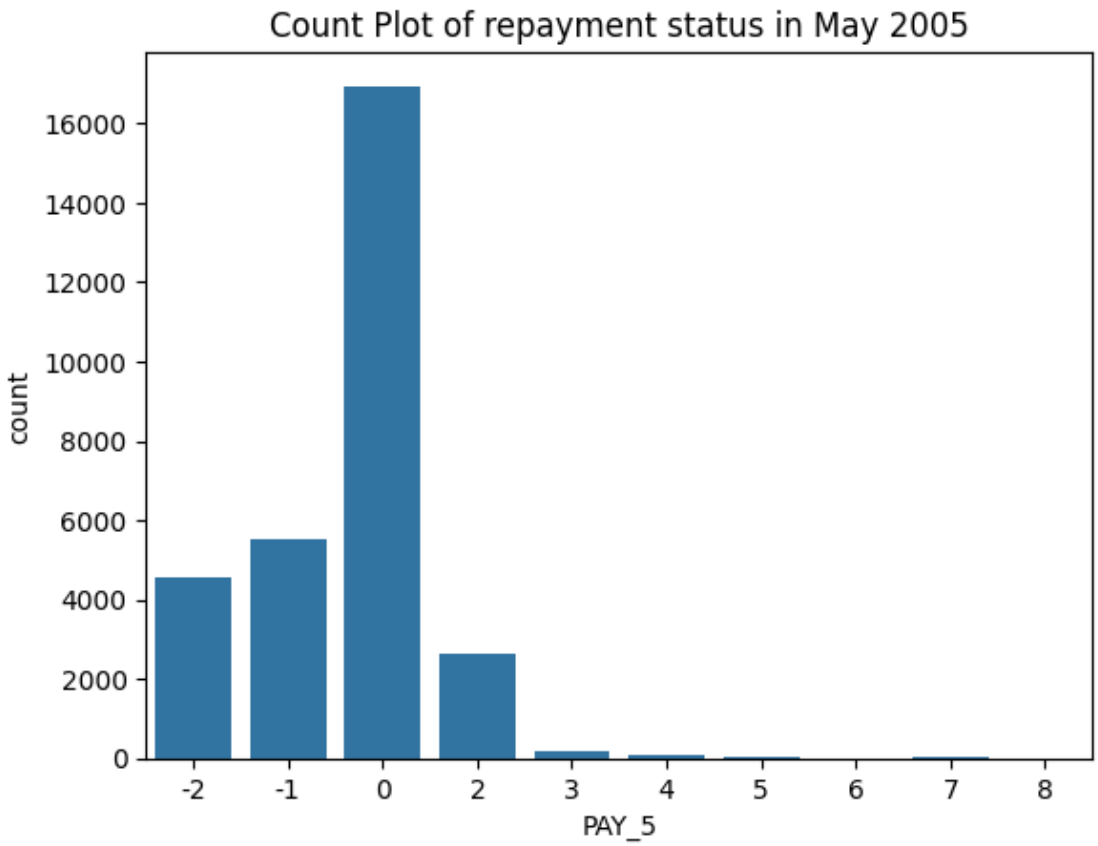
[54]:
```
# Count plot for repayment status in July 2005
sns.countplot(x='PAY_3', data=data)
plt.title('Count Plot of repayment status in July 2005')
plt.show()
```



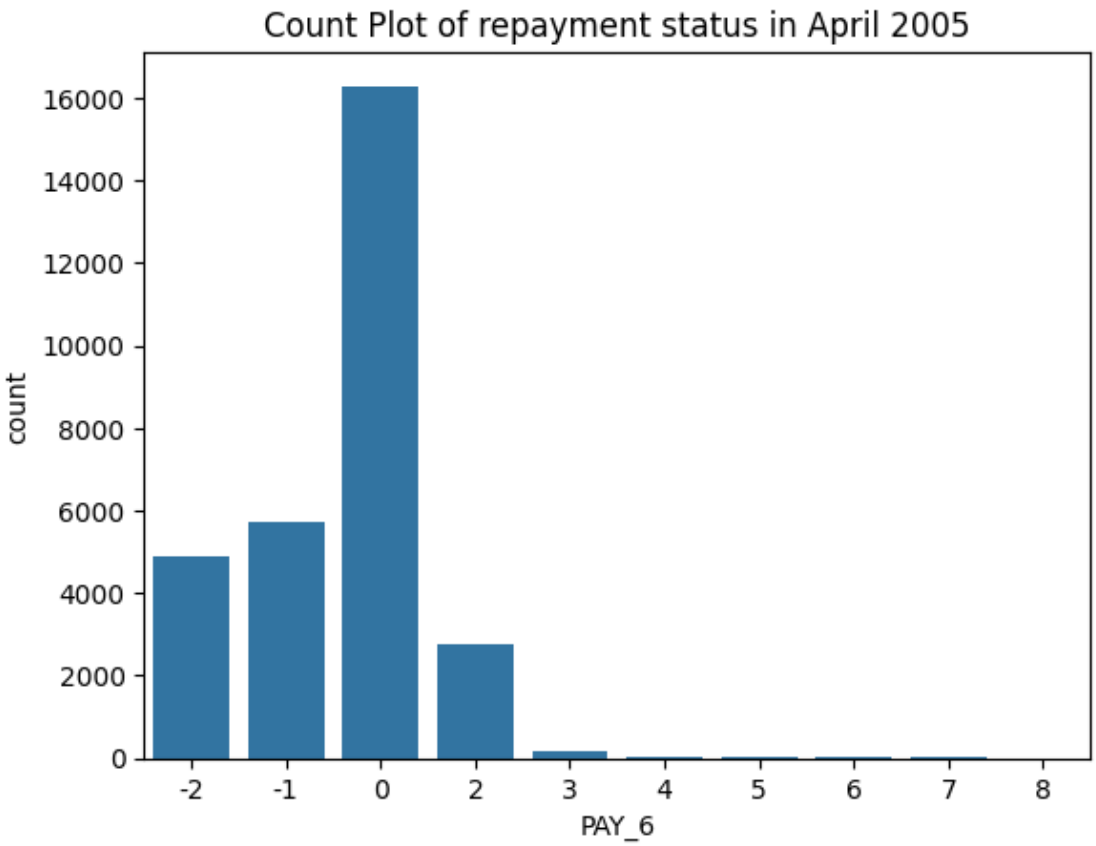
[55]:
```
# Count plot for repayment status in June 2005
sns.countplot(x='PAY_4', data=data)
plt.title('Count Plot of repayment status in June 2005')
plt.show()
```



[56]:
```
# Count plot for repayment status in May 2005
sns.countplot(x='PAY_5', data=data)
plt.title('Count Plot of repayment status in May 2005')
plt.show()
```



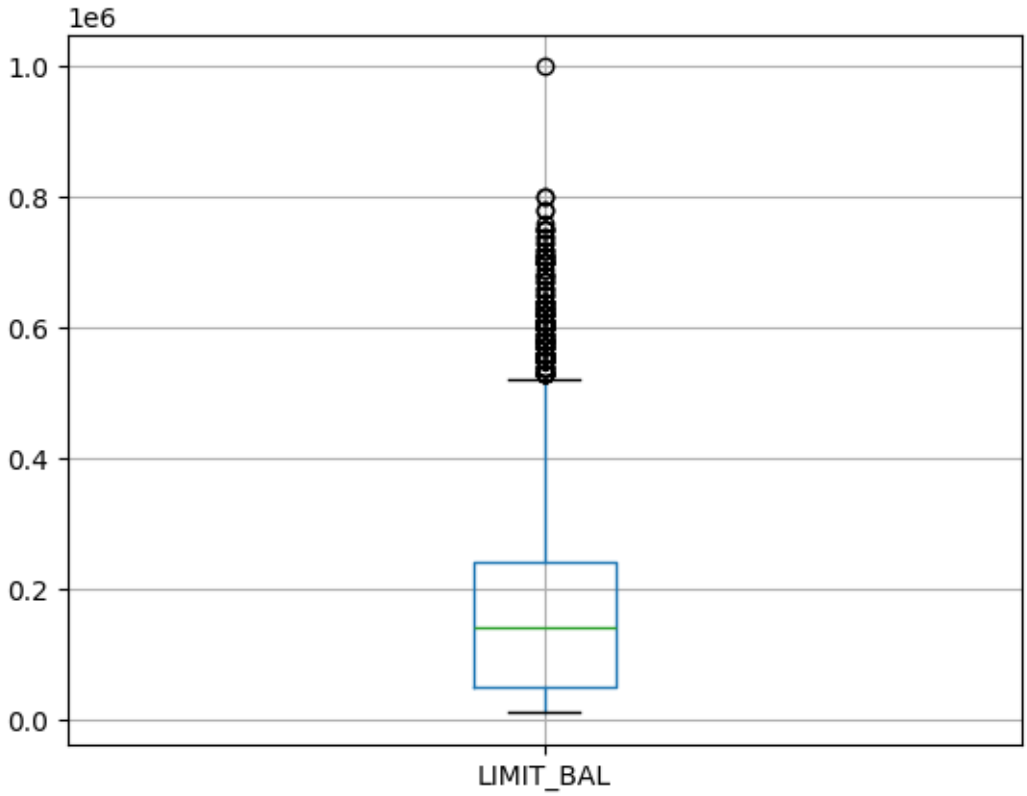
[57]:
```
# Count plot for repayment status in April 2005
sns.countplot(x='PAY_6', data=data)
plt.title('Count Plot of repayment status in April 2005')
plt.show()
```



[58]:
```
numeric_variables = ['LIMIT_BAL', 'AGE', 'BILL_AMT1','BILL_AMT2', 'BILL_AMT3',␣
↪'BILL_AMT4', 'BILL_AMT5', 'BILL_AMT6', 'PAY_AMT1', 'PAY_AMT2', 'PAY_AMT3',␣
↪'PAY_AMT4', 'PAY_AMT5', 'PAY_AMT6']
```

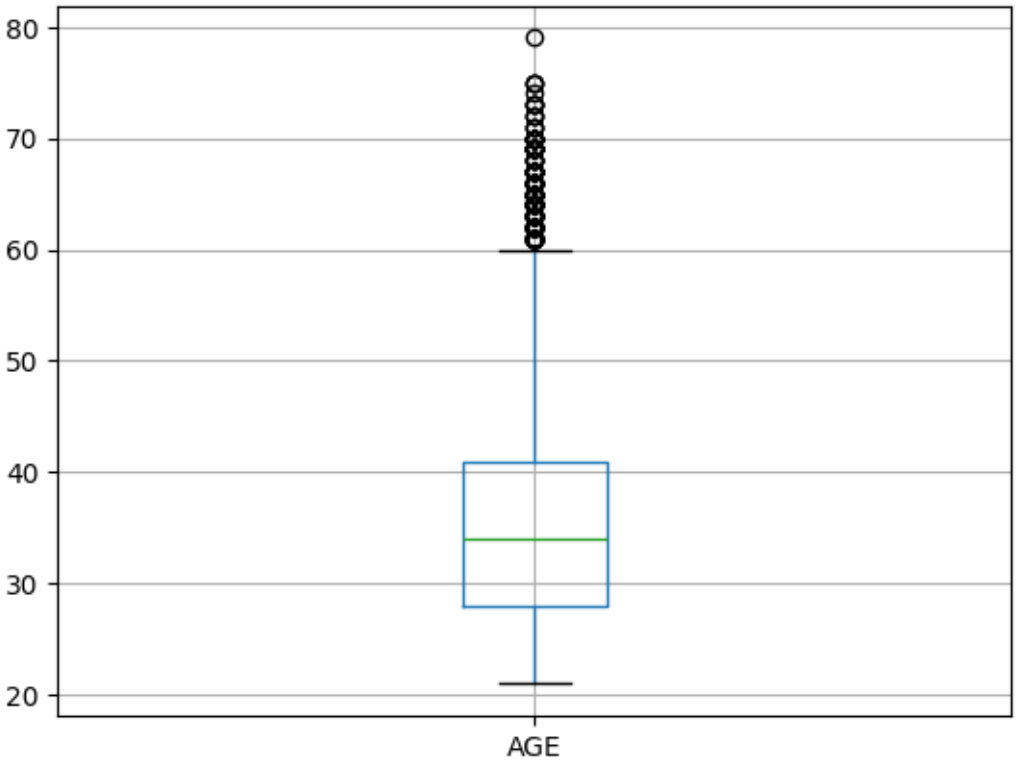
[59]:
```
# Limit Balance boxplot before treating outliers:
data.boxplot(column = 'LIMIT_BAL')
```

[59]: <Axes: >



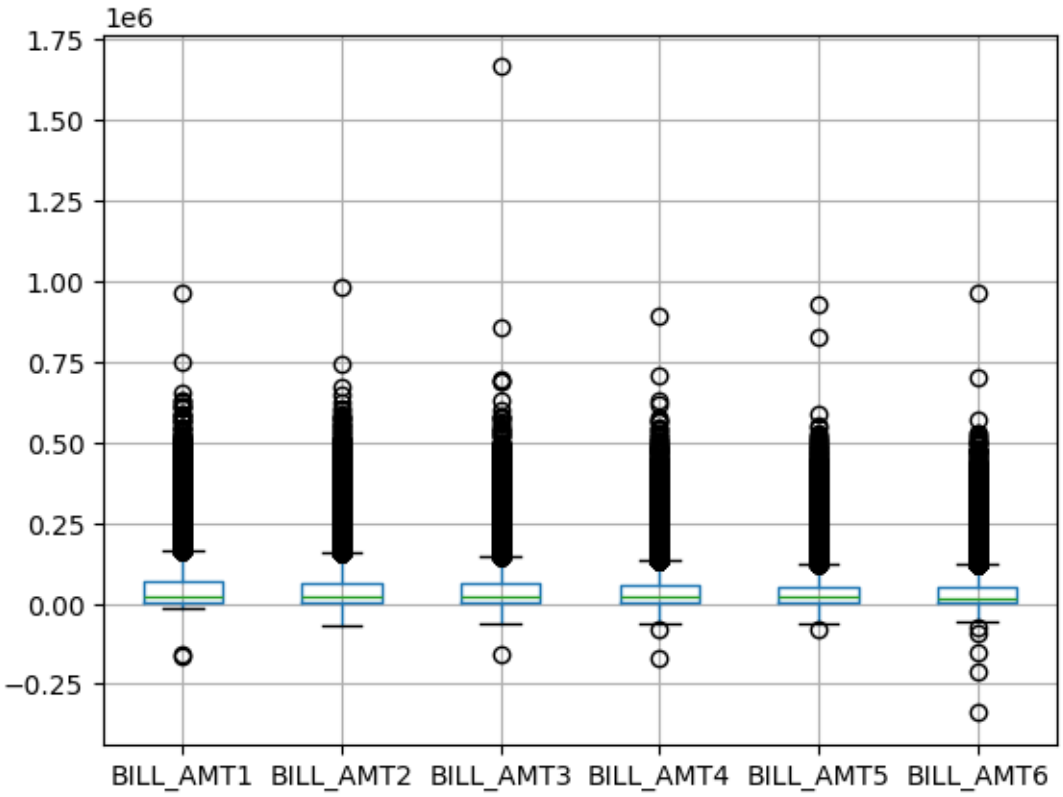
[60]:
```
data.boxplot(column = 'AGE')
```

[60]: <Axes: >



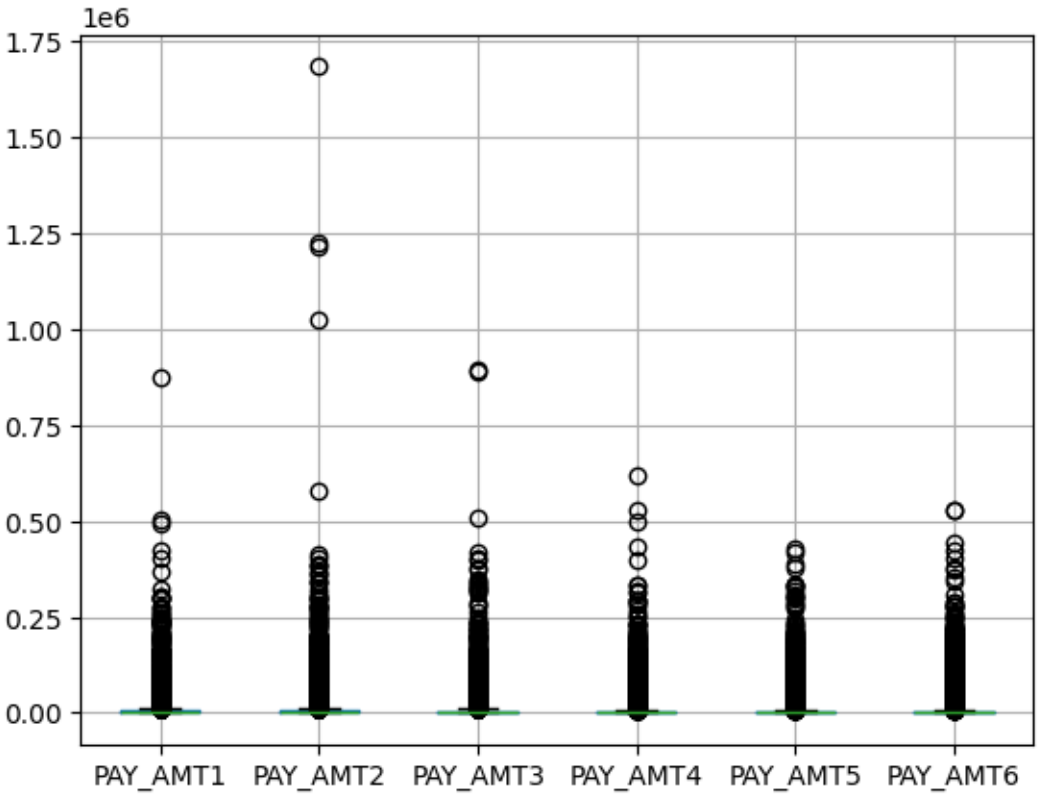
[61]:
```
# Bill Amounts boxplot before treating outliers:
pd.DataFrame(data = data, columns = ['BILL_AMT1', 'BILL_AMT2', 'BILL_AMT3',␣
↪'BILL_AMT4', 'BILL_AMT5', 'BILL_AMT6']).boxplot()
```

[61]: <Axes: >



[62]:
```
# Payment Amounts boxplot before treating outliers:
pd.DataFrame(data = data, columns = ['PAY_AMT1', 'PAY_AMT2', 'PAY_AMT3',␣
 ↪'PAY_AMT4', 'PAY_AMT5', 'PAY_AMT6']).boxplot()
```

[62]: <Axes: >



[63]:
```
# Getting the summary statistics before treating outliers
print("Summary Statistics of numeric variables before replacing outliers with␣
  ↪median:")
data[numeric_variables].describe().transpose()
```

Summary Statistics of numeric variables before replacing outliers with median:

[63]:

	count	mean	std	min	25%	\
LIMIT_BAL	30000.0	167484.322667	129747.661567	10000.0	50000.00	
AGE	30000.0	35.485500	9.217904	21.0	28.00	
BILL_AMT1	30000.0	51223.330900	73635.860576	-165580.0	3558.75	
BILL_AMT2	30000.0	49179.075167	71173.768783	-69777.0	2984.75	
BILL_AMT3	30000.0	47013.154800	69349.387427	-157264.0	2666.25	
BILL_AMT4	30000.0	43262.948967	64332.856134	-170000.0	2326.75	
BILL_AMT5	30000.0	40311.400967	60797.155770	-81334.0	1763.00	
BILL_AMT6	30000.0	38871.760400	59554.107537	-339603.0	1256.00	
PAY_AMT1	30000.0	5663.580500	16563.280354	0.0	1000.00	
PAY_AMT2	30000.0	5921.163500	23040.870402	0.0	833.00	
PAY_AMT3	30000.0	5225.681500	17606.961470	0.0	390.00	
PAY_AMT4	30000.0	4826.076867	15666.159744	0.0	296.00	
PAY_AMT5	30000.0	4799.387633	15278.305679	0.0	252.50	

```
PAY_AMT6   30000.0    5215.502567   17777.465775       0.0    117.75

                50%         75%         max
LIMIT_BAL  140000.0   240000.00   1000000.0
AGE            34.0       41.00        79.0
BILL_AMT1   22381.5    67091.00    964511.0
BILL_AMT2   21200.0    64006.25    983931.0
BILL_AMT3   20088.5    60164.75   1664089.0
BILL_AMT4   19052.0    54506.00    891586.0
BILL_AMT5   18104.5    50190.50    927171.0
BILL_AMT6   17071.0    49198.25    961664.0
PAY_AMT1     2100.0     5006.00    873552.0
PAY_AMT2     2009.0     5000.00   1684259.0
PAY_AMT3     1800.0     4505.00    896040.0
PAY_AMT4     1500.0     4013.25    621000.0
PAY_AMT5     1500.0     4031.50    426529.0
PAY_AMT6     1500.0     4000.00    528666.0
```

[64]:
```python
# Defining function to replace outliers with the median
def replace_outliers_with_median(data, column):
    median = data[column].median()
    q1 = data[column].quantile(0.25)
    q3 = data[column].quantile(0.75)
    iqr = q3 - q1
    lower_bound = q1 - 1.5 * iqr
    upper_bound = q3 + 1.5 * iqr

    data[column] = data[column].apply(lambda x: median if x < lower_bound or x␣
 ↪> upper_bound else x)
```

[65]:
```python
# Applying the function to the columns with outliers
replace_outliers_with_median(data, 'LIMIT_BAL')
replace_outliers_with_median(data, 'BILL_AMT1')
replace_outliers_with_median(data, 'BILL_AMT2')
replace_outliers_with_median(data, 'BILL_AMT3')
replace_outliers_with_median(data, 'BILL_AMT4')
replace_outliers_with_median(data, 'BILL_AMT5')
replace_outliers_with_median(data, 'BILL_AMT6')
replace_outliers_with_median(data, 'PAY_AMT1')
replace_outliers_with_median(data, 'PAY_AMT2')
replace_outliers_with_median(data, 'PAY_AMT3')
replace_outliers_with_median(data, 'PAY_AMT4')
replace_outliers_with_median(data, 'PAY_AMT5')
replace_outliers_with_median(data, 'PAY_AMT6')
```

[66]:
```python
print("\nSummary Statistics of numeric variables after replacing outliers with␣
 ↪median:")
```

```
data[numeric_variables].describe().transpose()
```

Summary Statistics of numeric variables after replacing outliers with median:

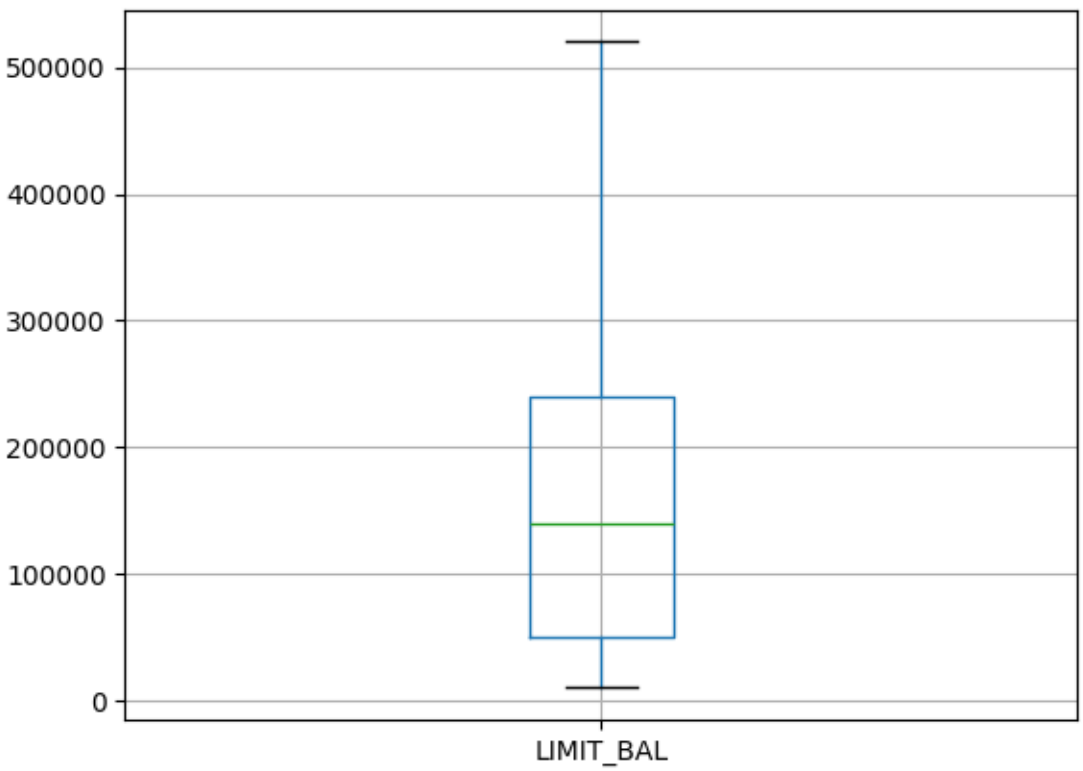
[66]:

	count	mean	std	min	25%	50%	\
LIMIT_BAL	30000.0	164824.322667	125192.989579	10000.0	50000.00	140000.0	
AGE	30000.0	35.485500	9.217904	21.0	28.00	34.0	
BILL_AMT1	30000.0	33109.792100	37794.502441	-15308.0	3563.00	22381.5	
BILL_AMT2	30000.0	31669.887567	36414.965831	-69777.0	2984.75	21198.5	
BILL_AMT3	30000.0	29736.798283	34293.746628	-61506.0	2667.75	20088.5	
BILL_AMT4	30000.0	26625.608833	30764.323883	-65167.0	2329.00	19052.0	
BILL_AMT5	30000.0	24247.883050	28331.916539	-61372.0	1763.75	18104.5	
BILL_AMT6	30000.0	23287.670000	27946.193005	-57060.0	1259.75	17071.0	
PAY_AMT1	30000.0	2681.008300	2557.378286	0.0	1000.00	2100.0	
PAY_AMT2	30000.0	2586.259267	2533.473459	0.0	833.00	2009.0	
PAY_AMT3	30000.0	2267.026400	2396.721279	0.0	390.00	1800.0	
PAY_AMT4	30000.0	1911.001400	2056.702179	0.0	296.00	1500.0	
PAY_AMT5	30000.0	1926.580500	2075.388113	0.0	252.50	1500.0	
PAY_AMT6	30000.0	1893.753100	2071.970037	0.0	117.75	1500.0	

	75%	max
LIMIT_BAL	240000.00	520000.0
AGE	41.00	79.0
BILL_AMT1	48707.50	162296.0
BILL_AMT2	47812.25	155508.0
BILL_AMT3	44887.75	146410.0
BILL_AMT4	37803.00	132754.0
BILL_AMT5	32030.50	122830.0
BILL_AMT6	30563.00	121062.0
PAY_AMT1	3706.00	11013.0
PAY_AMT2	3500.00	11249.0
PAY_AMT3	3005.00	10673.0
PAY_AMT4	2816.25	9584.0
PAY_AMT5	2913.50	9700.0
PAY_AMT6	2853.50	9817.0

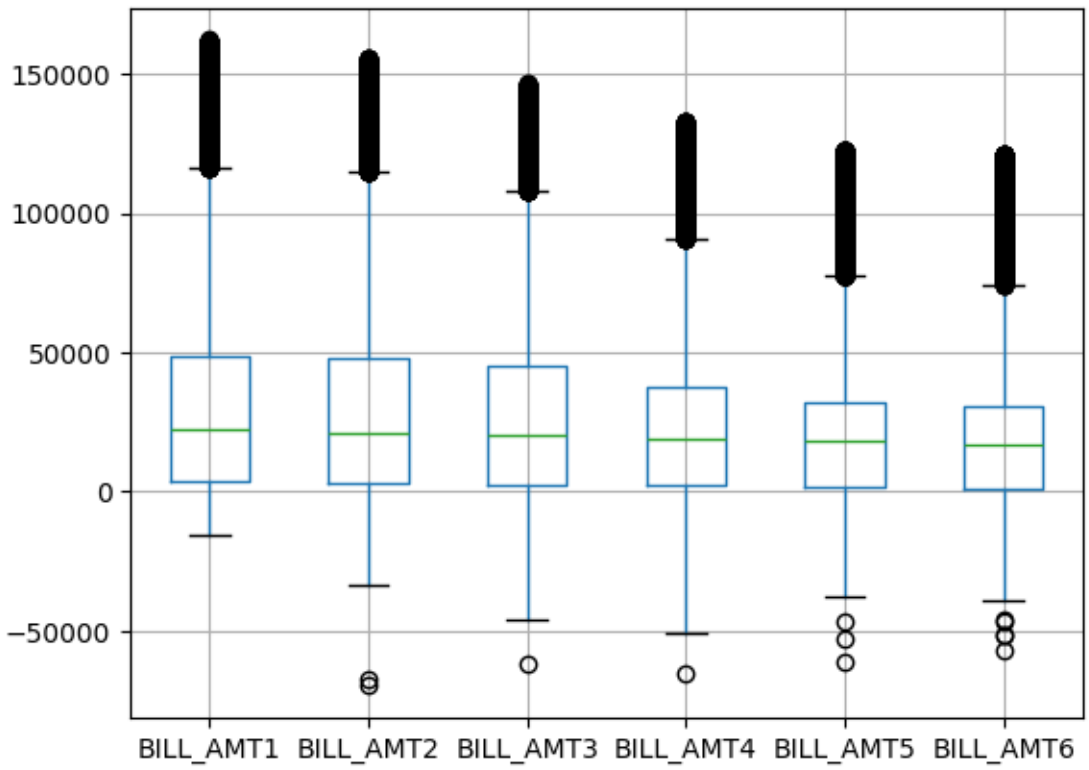
[67]:
```
# Limit Balance boxplot after treating outliers:
data.boxplot(column = 'LIMIT_BAL')
```

[67]: <Axes: >



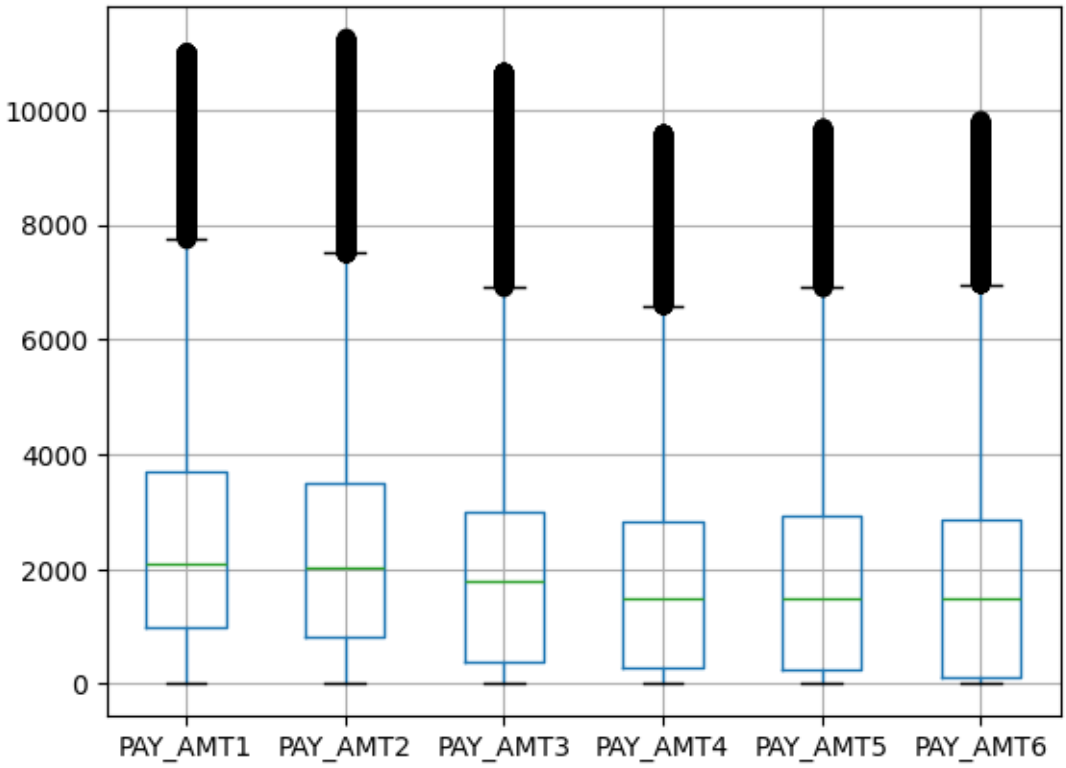
[68]:
```
# Bill Amounts boxplot after treating outliers:
pd.DataFrame(data = data, columns = ['BILL_AMT1', 'BILL_AMT2', 'BILL_AMT3',␣
 ↪'BILL_AMT4', 'BILL_AMT5', 'BILL_AMT6']).boxplot()
```

[68]: <Axes: >



[69]:
```
# Payment Amounts boxplot after treating outliers:
pd.DataFrame(data = data, columns = ['PAY_AMT1', 'PAY_AMT2', 'PAY_AMT3',␣
 ↪'PAY_AMT4', 'PAY_AMT5', 'PAY_AMT6']).boxplot()
```

[69]: <Axes: >


10000
8000
6000
4000
2000
0
PAY_AMT1
PAY_AMT2
PAY_AMT3
PAY_AMT4
PAY_AMT5
PAY_AMT6