

# Primers and history for 16S amplification

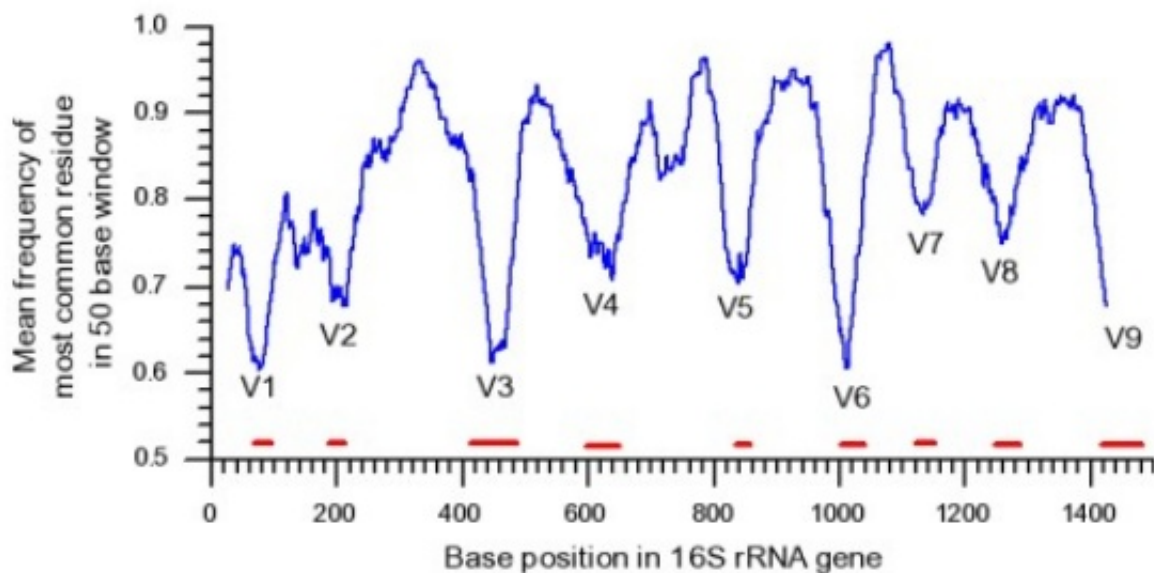
## The regions

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Basically, there are 9 variable regions in the 16S rRNA, and the variability inside these regions is a temporal map of the different phylogenies of bacteria types.

Here we can see in an image the regions distributed:

## 16S rRNA gene conservation



— Regions denoted "hypervariable"

<http://www.bioinformatics-toolkit.it>

## Introduction To Community Systems Microbiology, Aalborg 2013

In marine studies, the usual hypervariable regions used have been between the V1 and the V4 (even though initial studies used cloning, getting the complete gene!).

Along the years of using this gene as a marker to establish the community structure, various attempts have been done in marine science. Let's see some of them.

## The primers

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- **8F/1492R**: The initial one, used by covering the complete region, and resulting in an amplicon of almost 1485 bp. Right now, with the technologies that we use (and Illumina) this is far too big.
- **341F/907R**: This one was used for performing DDGEs .
- **8::12F/519R**: A length of 445.
- **515/806R**: EMP. Earth Microbiome Project.
- **358F/806RB**: These are the ones that were used in Blanes amplification. By Herleman and Appil et al.
- **515F/926R**: Parada et al. Used in Malaspina, and the ones developed by Furhman et al. They have Cyanobacteria bias, presenting sobreestimations of abundance.