

clase-4.R

Usuario1

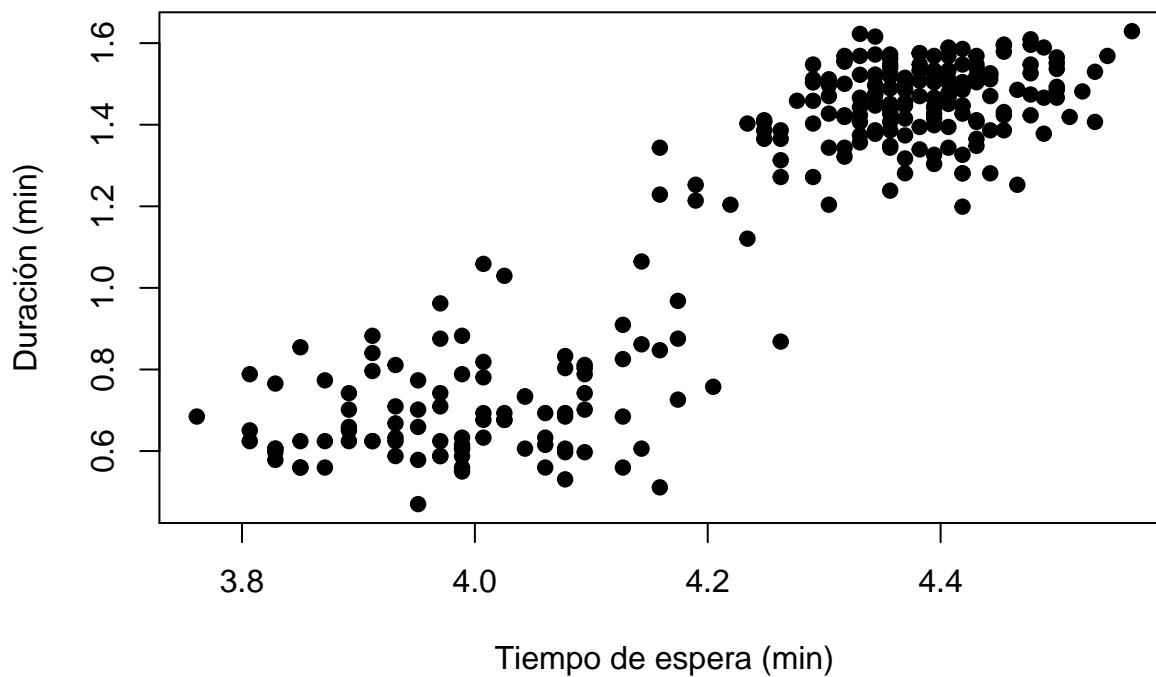
2019-08-09

```
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# 07/08/19  
# Clase 4
```

```
erupciones <- read.csv("C:/Maestria/erupcion.csv", header = T)  
head(erupciones)
```

```
##   eruptions waiting  
## 1    3.600      79  
## 2    1.800      54  
## 3    3.333      74  
## 4    2.283      62  
## 5    4.533      85  
## 6    2.883      55
```

```
plot(log(erupciones$waiting), log(erupciones$eruptions), xlab = "Tiempo de espera (min)",  
      ylab = "Duración (min)", pch = 19)
```



```
library(pastecs)
```

```
stat.desc(erupciones$eruptions,basic=FALSE, norm =TRUE)
```

```
##          median          mean      SE.mean  CI.mean.0.95          var
## 4.000000e+00 3.487783e+00 6.920580e-02 1.362494e-01 1.302728e+00
##      std.dev      coef.var      skewness      skew.2SE      kurtosis
## 1.141371e+00 3.272483e-01 -4.135498e-01 -1.399854e+00 -1.511605e+00
##      kurt.2SE      normtest.W      normtest.p
## -2.567516e+00 8.459156e-01 9.036119e-16
```

```
shapiro.test(erupciones$eruptions)
```

```
##
## Shapiro-Wilk normality test
##
## data:  erupciones$eruptions
## W = 0.84592, p-value = 9.036e-16
```

```
shapiro.test(erupciones$eruptions)
```

```
##
## Shapiro-Wilk normality test
##
## data:  erupciones$eruptions
## W = 0.84592, p-value = 9.036e-16
```

```
cor.test(erupciones$eruptions, erupciones$waiting)
```

```
##
## Pearson's product-moment correlation
##
## data:  erupciones$eruptions and erupciones$waiting
## t = 34.089, df = 270, p-value < 2.2e-16
## alternative hypothesis: true correlation is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 0.8756964 0.9210652
## sample estimates:
##      cor
## 0.9008112
```

```
# La correlacion es significativa, ya que el p_value es menor que el 0.05
# de los niveles de confianza
```