Clase-3.R

Usuario1

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```r
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# Clase 3

Grupo<- gl(2, 12,labels = c("fotografias", "araña"))
Ansiedad<- c(30, 35, 45, 40, 50, 35, 55, 25, 30, 45, 40, 50, 40, 35, 50, 55,
             65, 55, 50, 35, 30, 50, 60, 39)

Datos <- data.frame(Grupo, Ansiedad)
head(Datos)
```
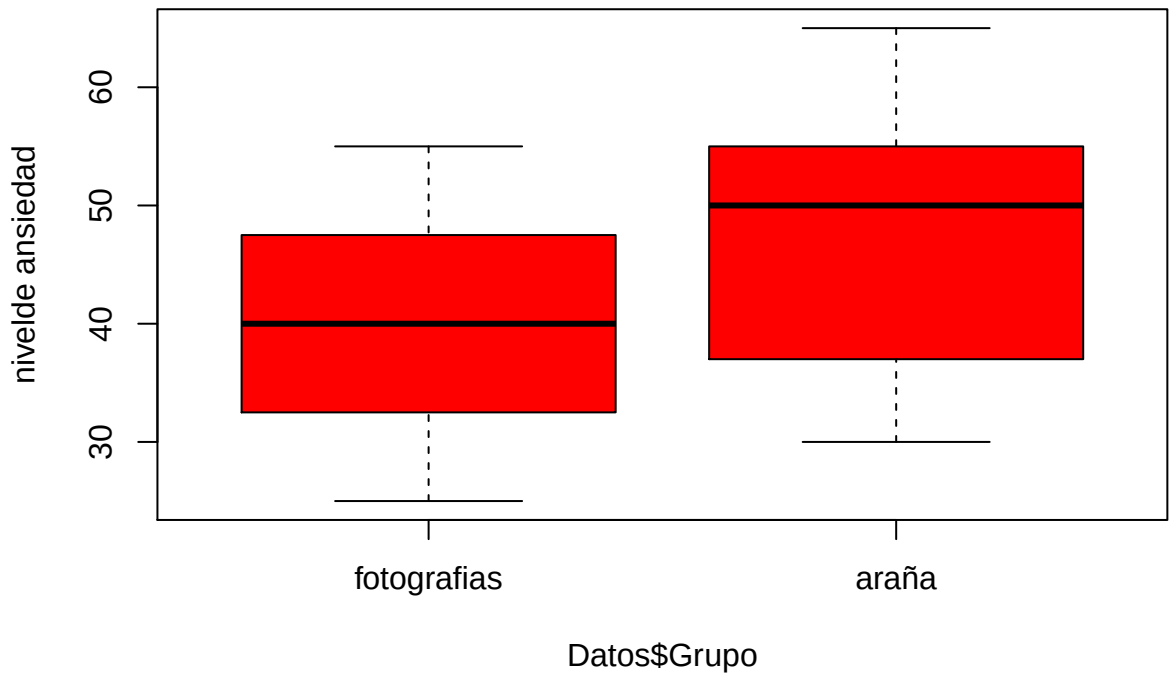

```
##         Grupo Ansiedad
## 1 fotografias       30
## 2 fotografias       35
## 3 fotografias       45
## 4 fotografias       40
## 5 fotografias       50
## 6 fotografias       35
```

```r
boxplot(Datos$Ansiedad ~ Datos$Grupo, col= "red", ylab = "nivelde ansiedad")
```



```r
length("fotografias")
```

```
## [1] 1
```

```r
length("araña")
```

```
## [1] 1
```

```r
shapiro.test(Datos$Ansiedad)
```

```
##
##  Shapiro-Wilk normality test
##
## data:  Datos$Ansiedad
## W = 0.96282, p-value = 0.4977
```

```r
bartlett.test(Datos$Ansiedad, Datos$Grupo)
```

```
##
##  Bartlett test of homogeneity of variances
##
## data:  Datos$Ansiedad and Datos$Grupo
## Bartlett's K-squared = 0.30702, df = 1, p-value = 0.5795
```

```r
library(pastecs)
by(Datos$Ansiedad, Datos$Grupo, stat.desc, basic= FALSE, norm =TRUE)
```

```
## Datos$Grupo: fotografias
##       median         mean      SE.mean CI.mean.0.95          var
##   40.0000000   40.0000000    2.6827168    5.9046200   86.3636364
##      std.dev     coef.var     skewness     skew.2SE     kurtosis
##    9.2932038    0.2323301    0.0000000    0.0000000   -1.3939289
##     kurt.2SE   normtest.W   normtest.p
##   -0.5656047    0.9650165    0.8522870
## ------------------------------------------------------------
## Datos$Grupo: araña
##        median          mean       SE.mean  CI.mean.0.95           var
##  50.000000000  47.000000000   3.183765638   7.007420922 121.636363636
##       std.dev      coef.var      skewness      skew.2SE      kurtosis
##  11.028887688   0.234657185  -0.005590699  -0.004386224  -1.459758279
##      kurt.2SE    normtest.W    normtest.p
##  -0.592315868   0.948872904   0.620569431
```

```r
costal <- c(87.7, 80.01, 77.28, 78.76, 81.52, 74.2, 80.71, 79.5, 77.87, 81.94, 80.7,
            82.32, 75.78, 80.19, 83.91, 79.4, 77.52, 77.62, 81.4, 74.89, 82.95,
            73.59, 77.92, 77.18, 79.83, 81.23, 79.28, 78.44, 79.01, 80.47, 76.23,
            78.89, 77.14, 69.94, 78.54, 79.7, 82.45, 77.29, 75.52, 77.21, 75.99,
            81.94, 80.41, 77.7)
n <- length(costal)
n
```

```
## [1] 44
```

```r
costa.media <- mean(costal)
costa.media
```

```
## [1] 78.91068
```

```r
costa.sd <- sd(costal)
costa.sd
```

```
## [1] 3.056023
```

```r
costase <- costa.sd/ sqrt (n)
costase
```

```
## [1] 0.4607128
```

```r
costa.t <- (costa.media -80)/ costase
costa.t
```

```
## [1] -2.364419
```

```r
pt(costa.t, df = n-1)
```

```
## [1] 0.01132175
```

```r
t.test(costal, mu= 80,alternative = "less")
```

```
##
##  One Sample t-test
##
## data:  costal
## t = -2.3644, df = 43, p-value = 0.01132
## alternative hypothesis: true mean is less than 80
## 95 percent confidence interval:
##      -Inf 79.68517
## sample estimates:
## mean of x
##  78.91068
```