

VnV Presentation

Attitude Check: **An IMU-based Attitude Estimator**

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Quick Re-introduction

Attitude estimation: Given noisy sensor measurements, determine the orientation of a body relative to another frame (i.e. the Earth)

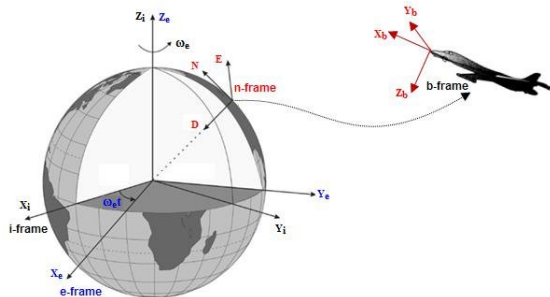


Figure 1: Diagram.

Objectives

In scope:

- Build confidence in the software correctness.
- Demonstrate the software's ability to accurately estimate orientation.

Not in scope:

- Demonstration of adequate usability.
- Verification of external libraries.

Table 1: Table of Abbreviations and Acronyms

symbol	description
accel	Accelerometer
gyro	Gyroscope
IMU	Inertial Measurement Unit
mag	Magnetometer
SRS	Software Requirements Specification
VnV	Verification and Validation

The SRS will be verified via feedback from a domain expert and assigned secondary reviewer. The following is a checklist for SRS review derived from [Going to cite later]:

- ☐ Are all internal cross-references to other requirements correct?
- ☐ Are all requirements written at a consistent and appropriate level of detail?
- ☐ Do any requirements conflict with or duplicate other requirements?
- ☐ Is each requirement written in clear, concise, unambiguous language?
- ☐ Is each requirement verifiable by testing, demonstration, review, or analysis?
- ☐ Are all requirements actually requirements, not design or implementation solutions?

To verify the design, feedback will be collected from domain expert and an assigned secondary reviewer will use the following checklist:

- ☐ Create a high-level diagram that represents the relationships between modules based on the Module Guide (MG) and Module Interface Specification (MIS) [to be cited]. This is intended to find gaps in the design.

Checklist for reviewers:

- ☐ Confirm all sections contain a verification checklist or description.
- ☐ Inspect system-level test cases for coverage of SRS requirements and goal statements.
- ☐ Inspect all test cases for complete definitions.

Implementation Verification Plan

Static Testing

Cppcheck is a static code checking tool that will be employed to analyze the code for undefined behaviour and poor design constructs.

Dynamic Testing

Dynamic system and unit level tests will be used to verify the implementation.

Automated Testing and Verification Tools

- **Cmake** is a build system tool that will be used to simplify building and testing.
- **GoogleTest** is a unit testing framework that support c++ code. It also includes a mocking framework.
- **GCOV, LCOV** are tools for calculating and displaying unit test coverage metrics.
- **ValGrind** is a suite of tools for memory and performance profiling. It will be used to check for memory leaks and efficient memory utilization.
- **Uncrustify** is a tool that applies code formatting rules based on a configuration file. It will be used before every commit to the repo.
- **GitHub CI** workflow will automate regression tests and checks that Attitude Check builds are passing before a PR is merged into a protected branch.
- **Docker** is a mechanism to containerize applications. It will be used to ensure installability and usability of the project.

For the scope of this project, software validation will consist of benchmarking against existing algorithms. The Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE) of Attitude Check should lie within ϵ of the RMSE of attitude estimators implemented by [Will cite later]. The data will come from the BROAD dataset¹.

The derivation of RMSE can be found in the Section [TBD] of the SRS.

¹<https://github.com/dlaidig/broad>

System Testing I

Requirements

T1: Input/Output Test

Control: Automatic

Initial State: Uninitialized

Step	Input	Output
1	Initialize with: $\Delta t = 1.0$, ${}^E\mathbf{b} = [1.0, 1.0, 1.0]$, $\gamma = 0.6$, $\text{outputType} = \text{Quat}$	Assert "get params" method equals $\Delta t = 1.0$, ${}^E\mathbf{b} = [1.0, 1.0, 1.0]$, $\gamma = 0.6$, $\text{outputType} = \text{Quat}$
2	Call "update" with: ${}^S\mathbf{a}_t = [0, 0, 9.81]$, ${}^S\omega_t = [0, 0, 0]$ ${}^S\mathbf{m}_t = [16676.8, -3050.9, 49916.9]$	Assert "update" output is a normalized quaternion $\in \mathbb{R}^4$.
3	Initialize with: $\Delta t = 1.0$, ${}^E\mathbf{b} = [1.0, 1.0, 1.0]$, $\gamma = 0.6$, $\text{outputType} = \text{Rot}$	Assert "get params" method equals $\Delta t = 1.0$, ${}^E\mathbf{b} = [1.0, 1.0, 1.0]$, $\gamma = 0.6$, $\text{outputType} = \text{Rot}$
4	Call "update" with: ${}^S\mathbf{a}_t = [0, 0, 9.81]$, ${}^S\omega_t = [0, 0, 0]$ ${}^S\mathbf{m}_t = [16676.8, -3050.9, 49916.9]$	Assert "update" output is a matrix $\in \mathbb{R}^{3 \times 3}$.
5	Initialize with: $\Delta t = 1.0$, ${}^E\mathbf{b} = [1.0, 1.0, 1.0]$, $\gamma = 0.6$, $\text{outputType} = \text{Euler}$	Assert "get params" method equals $\Delta t = 1.0$, ${}^E\mathbf{b} = [1.0, 1.0, 1.0]$, $\gamma = 0.6$, $\text{outputType} = \text{Euler}$
6	Call "update" with: ${}^S\mathbf{a}_t = [0, 0, 9.81]$, ${}^S\omega_t = [0, 0, 0]$ ${}^S\mathbf{m}_t = [16676.8, -3050.9, 49916.9]$	Assert "update" output is vector $\in \mathbb{R}^3$.

Test Case Derivation: N/A

How test will be performed: At each step, apply the inputs and assert the output.

T2: **Orientation with Magnetometer**

Control: Automatic

Initial State: Uninitialized

Step	Input	Output
1	One complete set of valid initialization inputs.	-
2	[accel, gyro, mag] measurements.	Calculate RMSE of output vs. ground truth
3	Repeat step 2 for all measurements in dataset	-
4	Calculate average RMSE	Assert average error is within the tolerance.

Test Case Derivation: Benchmark dataset with labelled ground truth orientation for each set of sensor measurements.

How test will be performed: At each step, apply the inputs and assert the output.

System Testing III

Non-functional Requirements

Accuracy

T3: **test-a1**

Type: Automatic

This test refers to Section XYZ.

Usability

T4: **test-u1**

Type: Manual

Initial State: N/A

Input/Condition: N/A

Output/Result: Successful integration of into a project. This represents how typical users interact with the software.

How test will be performed: A manual inspection of the code, specifically the header file. Is each input documented/commented? This test passes if this is true.

- 1 test per input, alternating which one is invalid
- All 0/Null input test
- If using pointers, test Null pointer check
- Test const pointers are not modified
- ...

The End

Questions?