

Solutions to Exercise Set 3

Problem 1

With Bland's rule, we get the pivots given below.

$$T_1 =$$

x_1	x_2	x_3	x_4	x_5	x_6	z		ratio
1	4	1	0	3	0	0	5	5
0	-2	2	1	5	0	0	4	2 ←
0	7	2/3	0	8	1	0	2	3
0	10	-5	0	3	0	1	23	

↑

Tableau T_2 is feasible and unbounded. The optimization process is stopped and there is no next pivot.

$$T_3 =$$

x_1	x_2	x_3	x_4	x_5	x_6	z		ratio
4	7	0	0	1	4	0	4	4/7
2	8	0	1	0	3	0	0	0
-2	9	1	0	0	2	0	0	0 ←
5	-2	0	0	0	-5	1	3	

↑

$$T_4 =$$

x_1	x_2	x_3	x_4	x_5	x_6	z		ratio
5	0	0	1	4	1	0	1	1
-3	0	1	-7	5	0	0	14	-
2	1	0	8	2	0	0	8	1 ←
8	0	1	-3	-2	0	1	-4	

↑

Tableau T_5 is optimal.

$$T_6 =$$

x_1	x_2	x_3	x_4	x_5	x_6	z		ratio
3	3	1	0	4	0	0	0	0 ←
2	2	0	0	3	1	0	1	1/2
0	5	0	1	2	0	0	4	-
-8	4	0	0	-1	0	1	2	

↑

Problem 2

	x_1	x_2	x_3	x_4	z		ratio
$T_0 =$	1	-1	1	0	0	1	1 ←
	-3	1	0	1	0	0	-
	-1	-4	0	0	1	0	
	↑						

	x_1	x_2	x_3	x_4	z
$T_1 =$	1	-1	1	0	0
	0	-2	3	1	0
	0	-5	1	0	1

This problem has no finite optimum.

Problem 3

The initial tableau is given by:

	x_1	x_2	x_3	x_4	x_5	z	
$T_0 =$	1	-1	1	0	0	0	2
	-1	-2	0	1	0	0	-1
	-2	3	0	0	1	0	-6
	-2	-3	0	0	0	1	0

This tableau is not feasible, we apply phase I:

	x_0	x_1	x_2	x_3	x_4	x_5	z	z'	
$T_0^{\text{aux}} =$	0	1	-1	1	0	0	0	0	2
	-1	-1	-2	0	1	0	0	0	-1
	-1	-2	3	0	0	1	0	0	-6
	0	-2	-3	0	0	0	1	0	0
	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0

	x_0	x_1	x_2	x_3	x_4	x_5	z	z'	
$T_1^{\text{aux}} =$	0	1	-1	1	0	0	0	0	2
	0	1	-5	0	1	-1	0	0	5
	1	2	-3	0	0	-1	0	0	6
	0	-2	-3	0	0	0	1	0	0
	0	-2	3	0	0	1	0	1	-6

	x_0	x_1	x_2	x_3	x_4	x_5	z	z'	
$T_2^{\text{aux}} =$	0	1	-1	1	0	0	0	0	2
	0	0	-4	-1	1	-1	0	0	3
	1	0	-1	-2	0	-1	0	0	2
	0	0	-5	2	0	0	1	0	4
	0	0	1	2	0	1	0	1	-2

Phase I has completed but the optimal value is not null. The initial problem has no feasible solution.

Problem 4

We number the different schedules from 1 to 7 in the order given by the table and we define the following decision variables:

$$x_i = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if schedule } i \text{ is kept} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad i = 1, \dots, 7.$$

The period from 9 am to 5 pm is split into 1-hour periods $[j, j+1], j = 9, \dots, 16$. Each of these periods must be covered at least by one schedule (at least one driver) meaning that for period $[j, j+1]$, we must have:

$$\sum_i x_i \geq 1,$$

where the sum is taken over all the schedules i that cover the period $[j, j+1]$.

The problem to solve is:

$$\begin{array}{llllllllll} \text{Min} & z = & 18x_1 & + & 30x_2 & + & 38x_3 & + & 14x_4 & + & 22x_5 & + & 16x_6 & + & 9x_7 \\ \text{s.t.} & & x_1 & + & x_2 & & & & & & & & & & \geq & 1 \\ & & & & x_2 & + & x_3 & & & & & & & & \geq & 1 \\ & & & & x_2 & + & x_3 & + & x_4 & & & & & & \geq & 1 \\ & & & & & & x_3 & + & x_4 & + & x_5 & & & & \geq & 1 \\ & & & & & & x_3 & + & x_4 & + & x_5 & + & x_6 & & \geq & 1 \\ & & & & & & x_3 & & & + & x_5 & + & x_6 & & \geq & 1 \\ & & & & & & & & & & x_6 & + & x_7 & \geq & 1 \\ & & x_1 & , & x_2 & , & x_3 & , & x_4 & , & x_5 & , & x_6 & , & x_7 & \in & \{0,1\} \end{array}$$

Remark: as the constraints for periods $[9,10]$ and $[10,11]$ are the same, we only keep one in the formulation.