

Lesson 01 Demo 01

Develop a SOAP Web Service

Objective: To develop a SOAP web service for user details through Java objects

Tools required: VS Code and Eclipse IDE

Pre-requisites: None

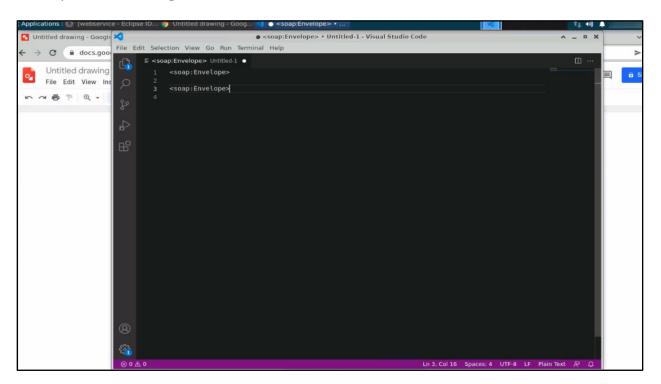
Steps to be followed:

1. Creating model components

2. Creating user service components

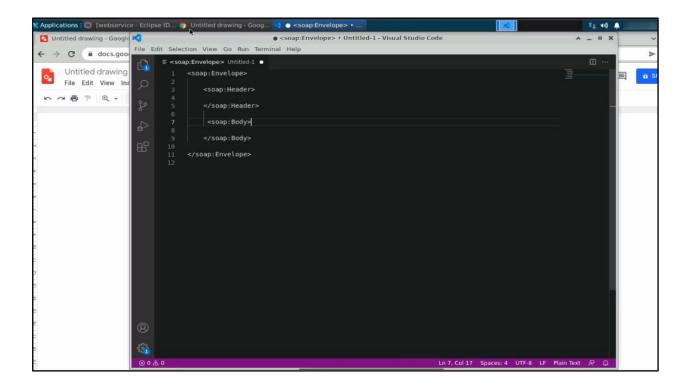
Step 1: Creating model components

1.1 Launch **Visual Studio Code** from the desktop and create a file that contains a SOAP envelope as the root tag, as shown in the screenshot below:

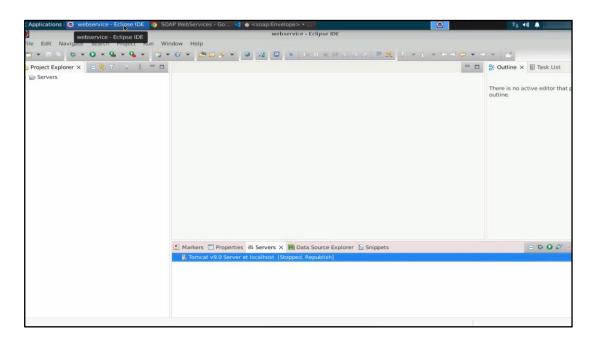




1.2 Add the **soap:Header** and **soap:Body** tags in the envelope as shown in the screenshot and save the file:

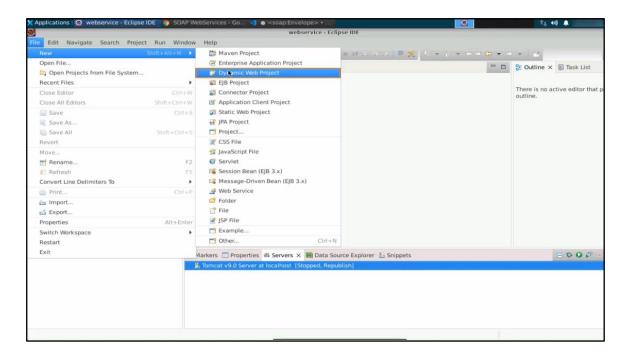


1.3 Open Eclipse IDE from the desktop of your lab

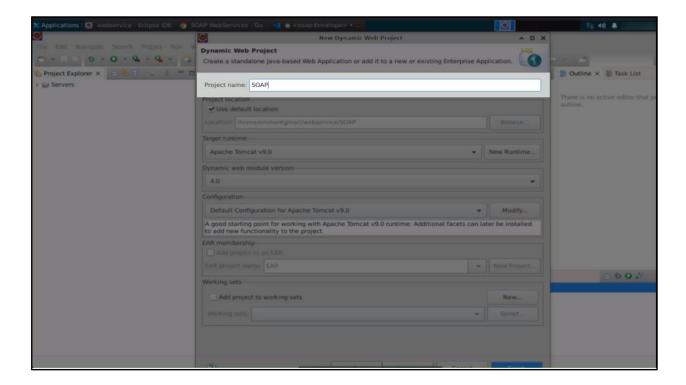




1.4 Click on File -> New -> Dynamic Web Project, as shown in the screenshot below:

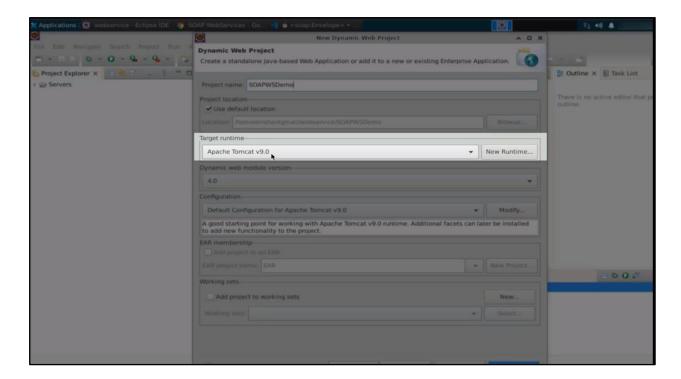


1.5 Provide a name of the project as SOAP

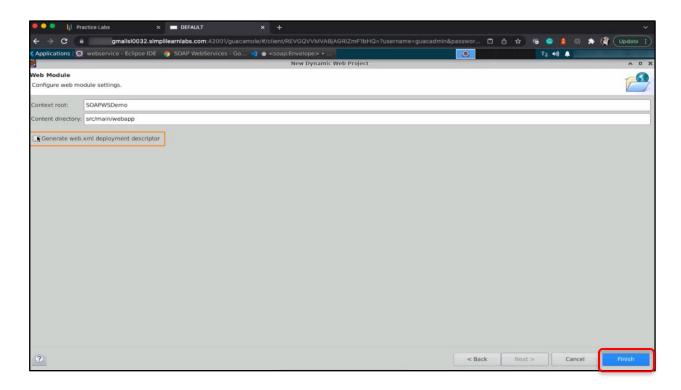




1.6 Select the Tomcat version as Apache Tomcat v9.0 and click Next

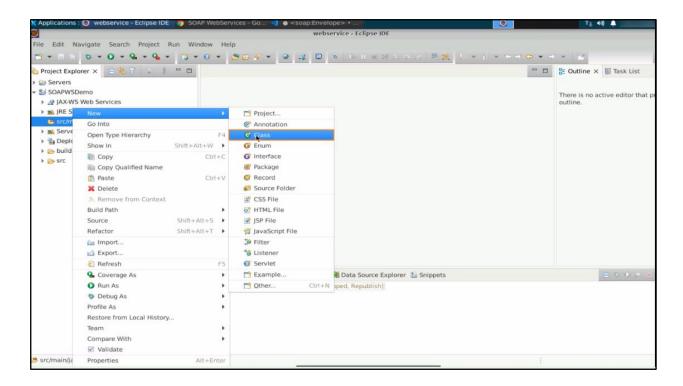


1.7 Check the Generate web.xml deployment descriptor box and click Finish

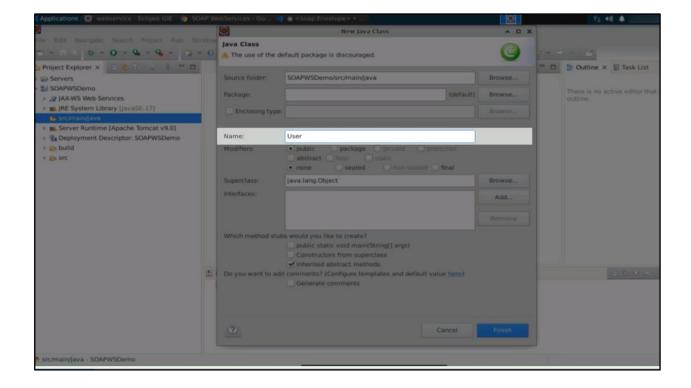




1.8 Right-click on the project and select **New -> Class,** as shown below:

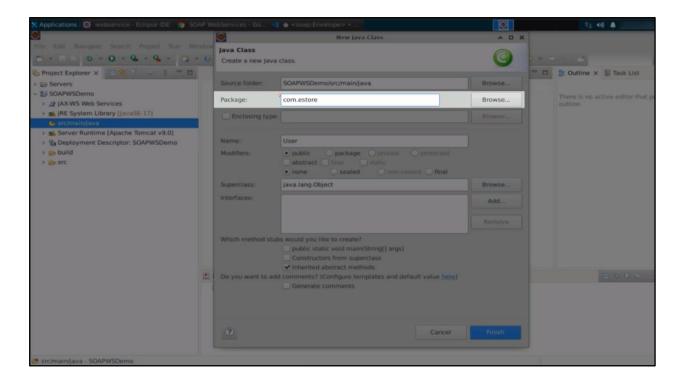


1.9 Provide a Name to the class as User





1.10 Give the package name as **com.estore**, as shown below:



1.11 Write the code given below to the **User.java** file:

```
package com.estore.model;

import java.io.Serializable;

public class User implements Serializable{

long id;

String name;

String phone;

String email;

String password;

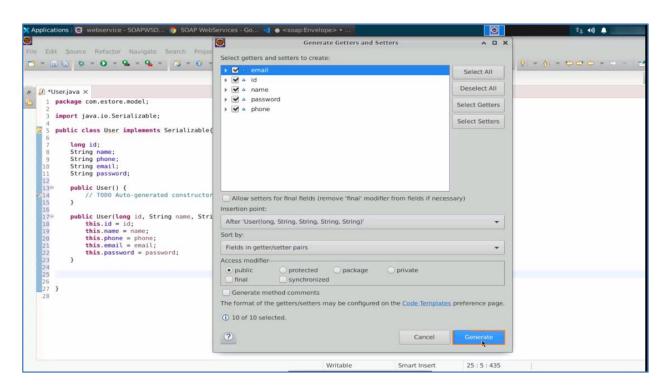
public User() {

// TODO Auto-generated constructor stub
}
```



```
public User(long id, String name, String phone, String email, String password) {
       this.id = id;
       this.name = name;
       this.phone = phone;
       this.email = email;
       this.password = password;
}
public long getId() {
       return id;
}
public void setId(long id) {
       this.id = id;
}
public String getName() {
       return name;
}
public void setName(String name) {
       this.name = name;
}
public String getPhone() {
       return phone;
}
public void setPhone(String phone) {
       this.phone = phone;
}
public String getEmail() {
       return email;
}
public void setEmail(String email) {
       this.email = email;
```

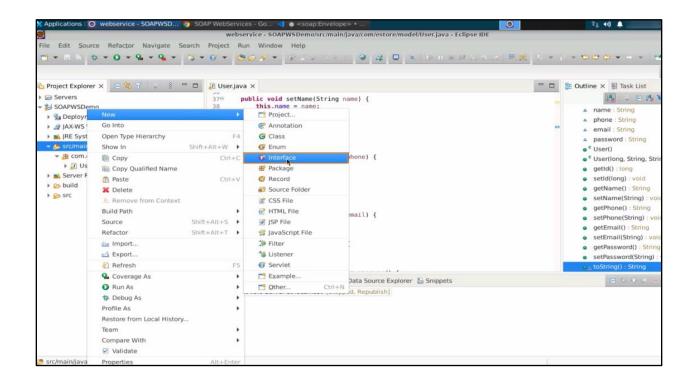




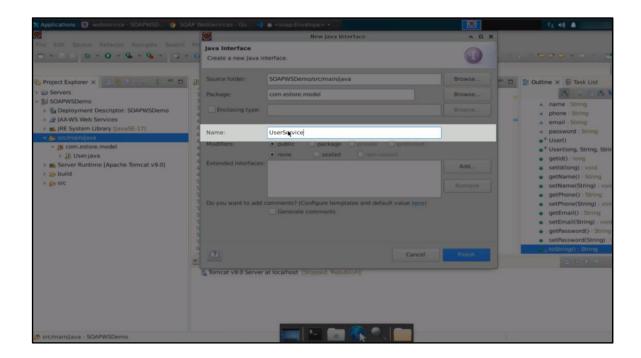


Step 2: Creating user service components

2.1 Right-click on the src folder and click New -> Interface

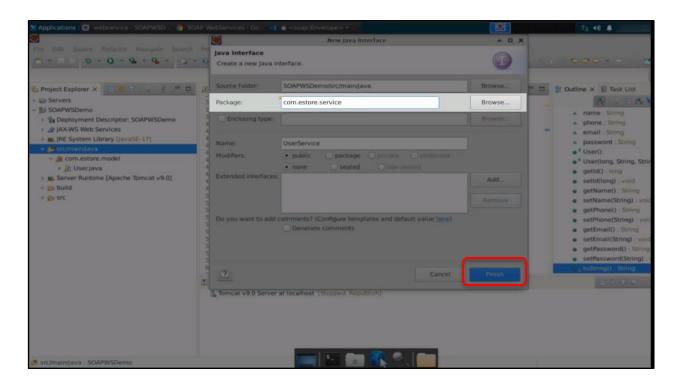


2.2 Provide the name of the Java Interface as UserService and click Finish





2.3 Provide the package name as com.estore.service and click Finish

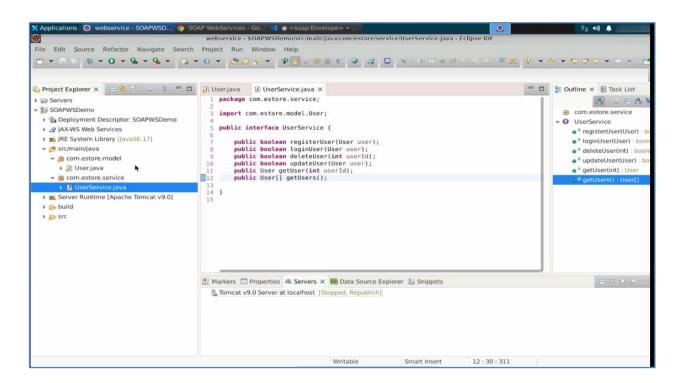


2.4 Add the code given below to the **UserService.java** file:

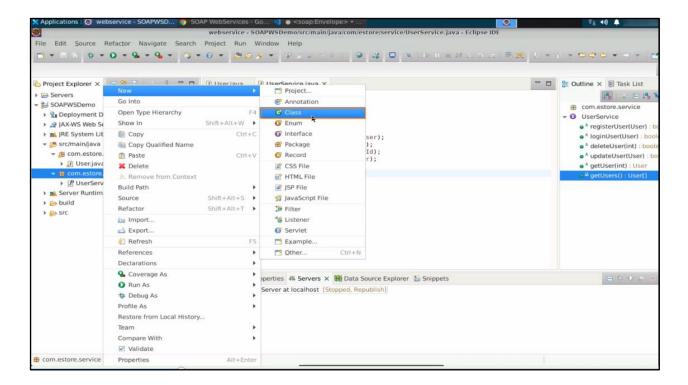
```
package com.estore.service;
import com.estore.model.User;

public interface UserService {
    public boolean registerUser(User user);
    public boolean loginUser(User user);
    public boolean deleteUser(String userEmail);
    public boolean updateUser(User user);
    public User getUser(String userEmail);
    public User[] getUsers();
}
```



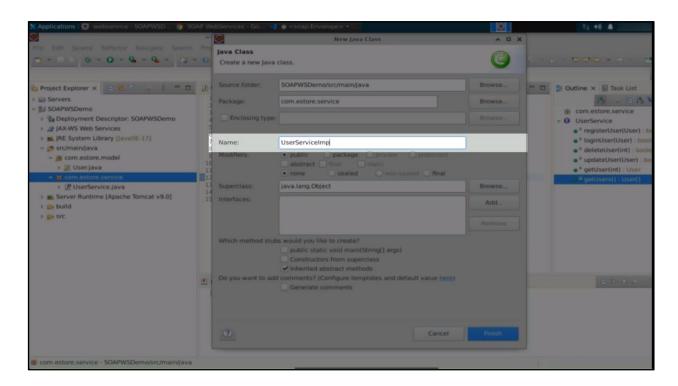


2.5 Right-click on the package name and click New -> Class





2.6 Provide a name for the Java Class as UserServiceImpl



2.7 Add the code given below in **UserServiceImpl.java**:

```
import java.util.Iterator;
import java.util.LinkedHashMap;
import java.util.Set;
import com.estore.model.User;

public class UserServiceImpl implements UserService{
    static LinkedHashMap<String, User> users = new LinkedHashMap<String, User>();

    @Override
    public boolean registerUser(User user) {
```



```
if(user.getEmail().isEmpty() || user.getPassword().isEmpty()) {
              return false;
       }else {
              users.put(user.getEmail(), user);
       }
       return true;
}
@Override
public boolean loginUser(User user) {
       User userToCheck = users.get(user.getEmail());
       return userToCheck.getPassword().equals(user.getPassword());
}
@Override
public boolean deleteUser(String userEmail) {
       if(!users.containsKey(userEmail)) {
              return false;
       }
       users.remove(userEmail);
       return true;
}
@Override
public boolean updateUser(User user) {
       if(!users.containsKey(user.getEmail())) {
              return false;
       }
       users.put(user.getEmail(), user);
       return true;
}
@Override
```

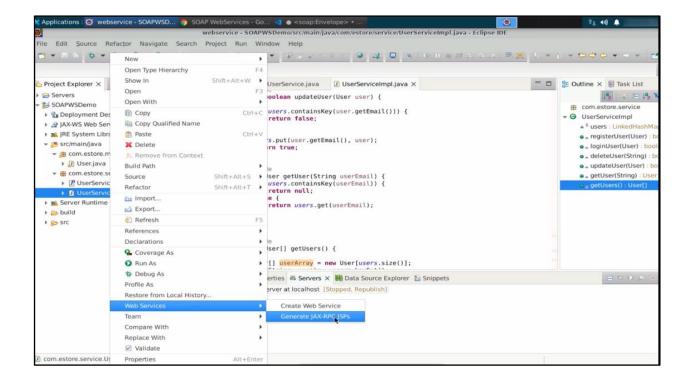


```
public User getUser(String userEmail) {
           if(!users.containsKey(userEmail)) {
                  return null;
           }else {
                  return users.get(userEmail);
           }
   }
    @Override
   public User[] getUsers() {
           User[] userArray = new User[users.size()];
           Set<String> emails = users.keySet();
           int idx = 0;
           Iterator<String> itr = emails.iterator();
           while(itr.hasNext()) {
                  String email = itr.next();
                  userArray[idx] = users.get(email);
                  idx++;
           }
           return userArray;
   }
}
```



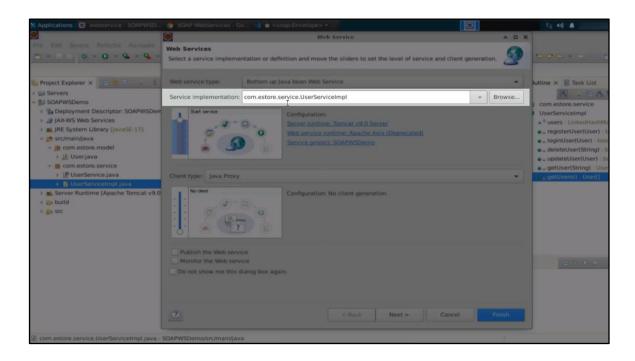
```
    User.java
    UserService.java
    UserServiceImpl.java ×
    package com.estore.service;
     import java.util.LinkedHashMap:
    5 import com.estore.model.User:
      public class UserServiceImpl implements UserService{
          static LinkedHashMap<String, User> users = new LinkedHashMap<String, User>();
          public boolean registerUser(User user) {
             if(user.getEmail().isEmpty() || user.getPassword().isEmpty()) {
    return false;
}else {
                 users.put(user.getEmail(), user);
           return true;
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          public boolean loginUser(User user) {
             User userToCheck = users.get(user.getEmail());
return userToCheck.getPassword().equals(user.getPassword());
          public boolean deleteUser(int userId) {
              return false;
                                                                                                             20:21:433
```

2.8 Right-click on the service file and select Web Services -> Generate JAX RPC JSPs

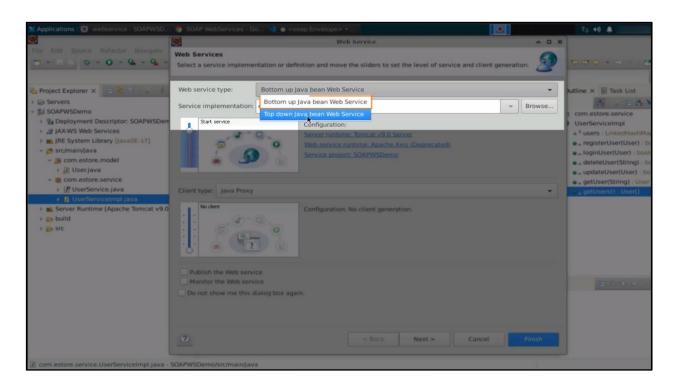




2.9 Select the UserServiceImpl.java file under Service Implementation and name it

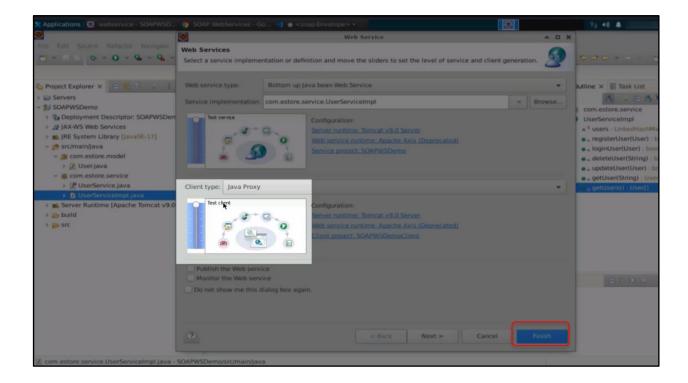


2.10 Under **Web service type**, select any one of the options as shown below:

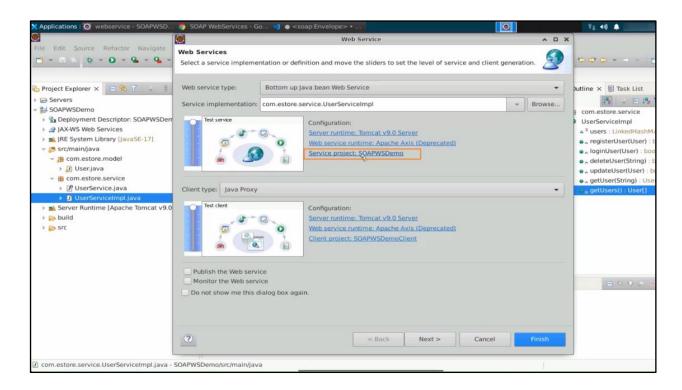




2.11 Select Client type as Java Proxy and click Finish

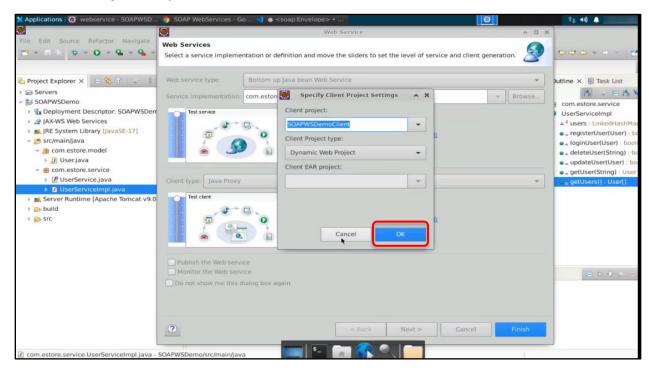


The Service Project is ready, as shown below:

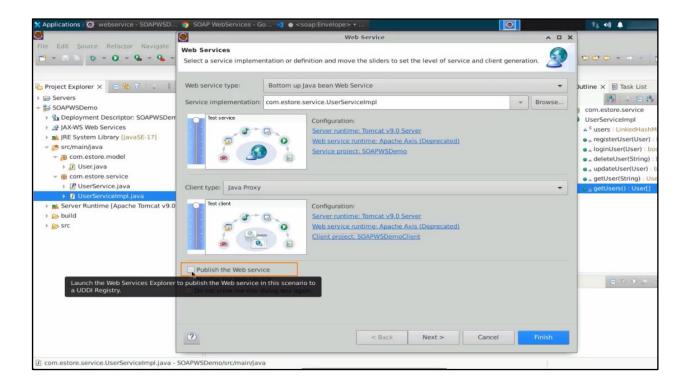




2.12 Click Client Project and provide the name of SOAPWSDemoClient. Now, click OK

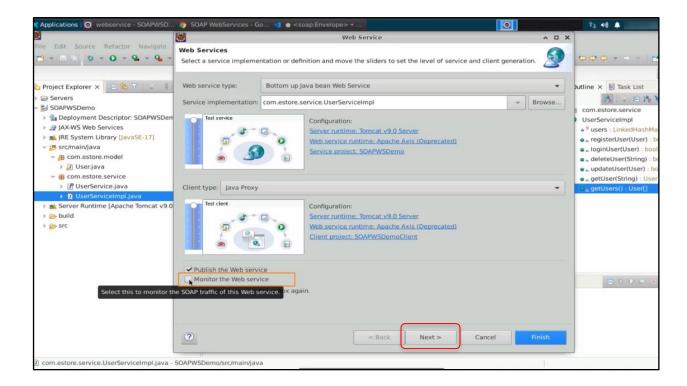


2.13 Select **Publish the Web service** option as shown below:

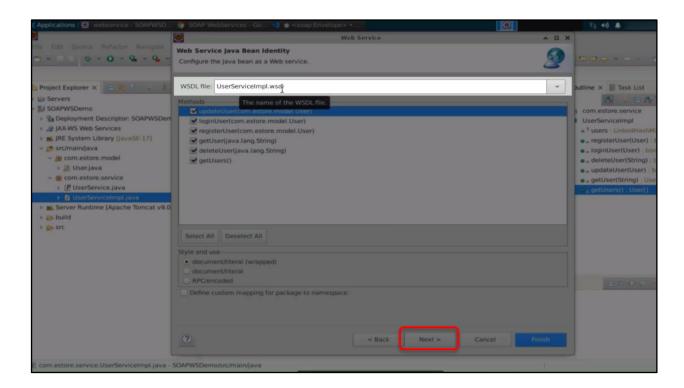




2.14 Select Monitor the Web service and click Next

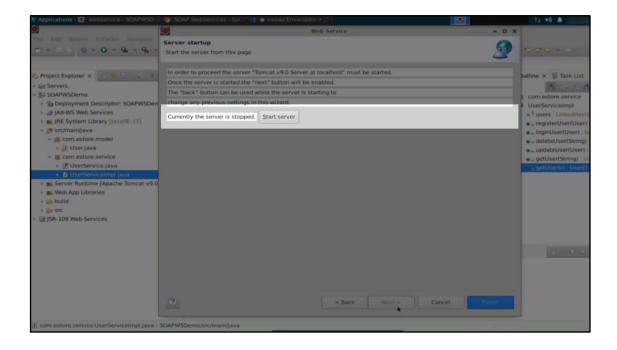


2.15 Write the name for the WSDL file as UserServiceImpl.wsdl and click Next

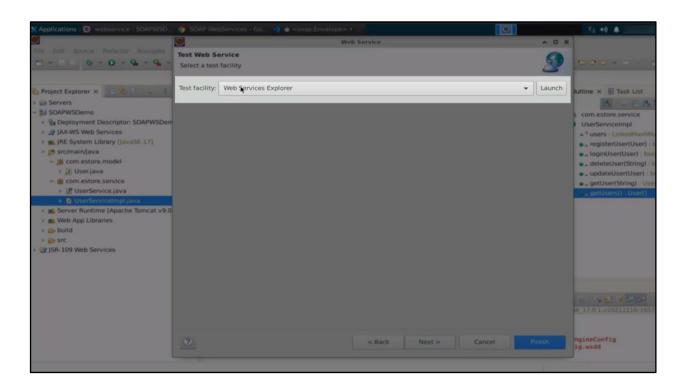




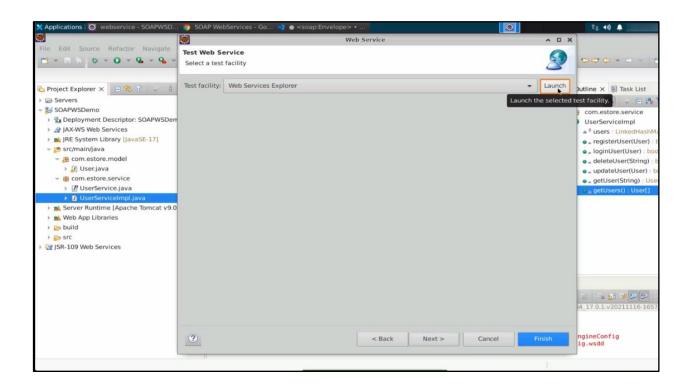
2.16 Click on Start Server



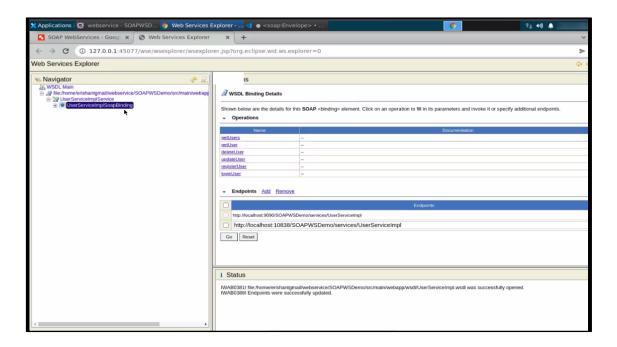
2.17 Select Web Services Explorer and click Launch







2.18 Open the **Web Service Explorer** to see your service working as shown below:



Hence, we have successfully created and consumed a SOAP web service in the Java code.