

Lesson 03 Demo 02

Working with Controller and View Resolver

Objective: To demonstrate the implementation of Controllers and View Resolvers in

a Spring MVC project

Tool required: Eclipse IDE

Prerequisites: None

Steps to be followed:

1. Adding Request mapping in HomeController

- 2. Creating a Bean in my-spring-web MVC
- 3. Creating a base-package
- 4. Creating a new JSP file in views

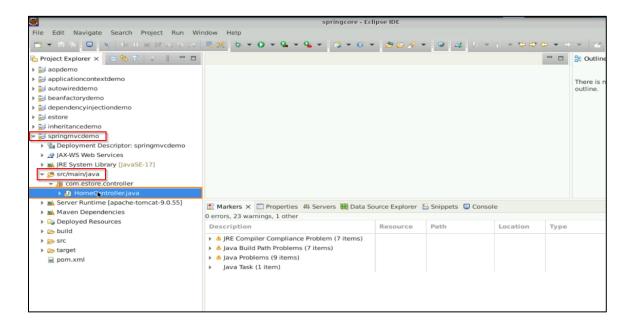
Step 1: Adding Request mapping in HomeController

1.1 Open Eclipse IDE





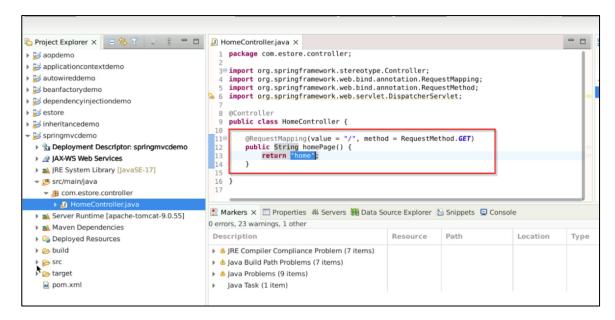
1.2 In the **springmvcdemo** project, navigate to the class **HomeController.java** under the **src/main/java** package



Note: Please refer to the previous demo on how to create a Spring MVC project

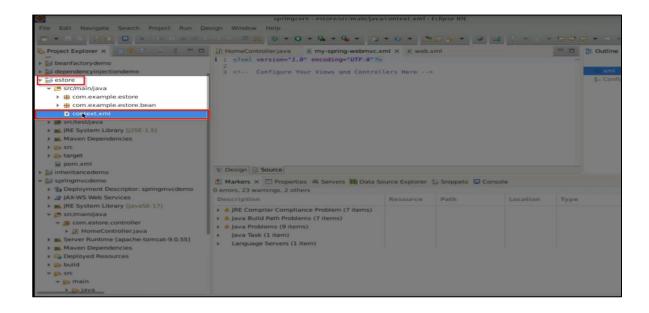


1.3 Create a method named **homePage** that returns a string **Home** and add a **@RequestMapping** annotation to define the endpoint as/with the request method set as **GET**



Step 2: Creating a bean in my-spring-web MVC

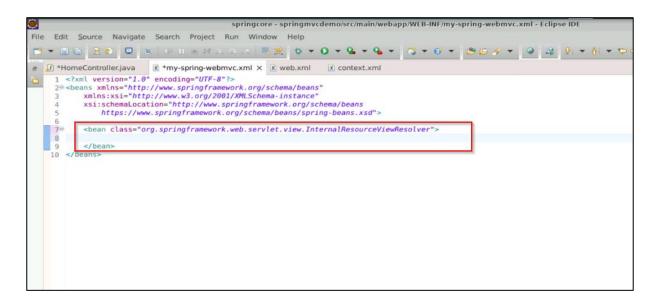
2.1 Copy the context.xml file from the estore project to the springmvcdemo project



Note: Please refer to the previous demos on how to create an estore project



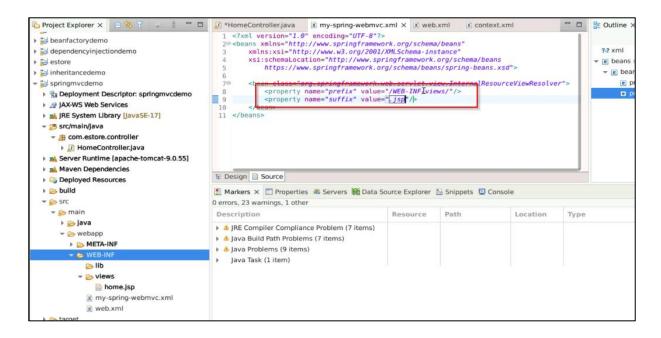
2.2 Remove all the existing beans and add a new bean called InternalResourceViewResolver in my-spring-webmvc.xml



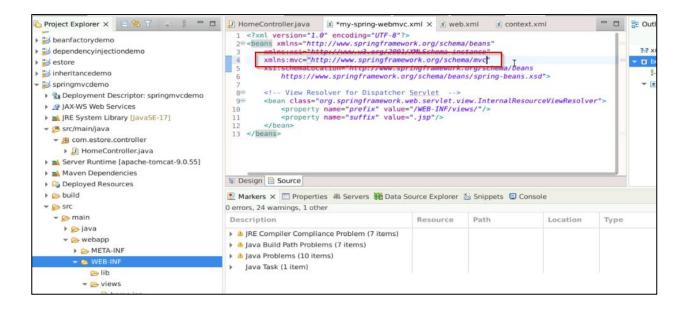
2.3 Navigate to **HomeController.java** and add an import statement for **InternalResourceViewResolver**



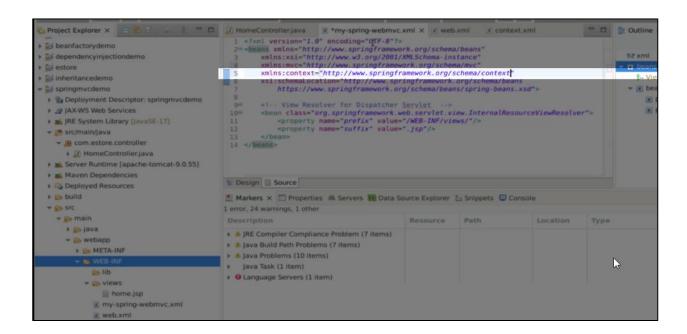
2.4 Set the prefix property as /WEB-INF/views/ and the suffix property as .jsp in the InternalResourceViewResolver bean. This sets up the View Resolver for the Dispatcher Servlet



2.5 Add the xmlns:mvc and xmlns:context namespaces in my-spring-webmvc.xml to enable the web application to search for the context







2.6 Add the xsi:schemaLocation attribute for the Spring Framework modifications and schema locations

```
# ■ HomeController.java 🗓 *my-spring-webmvc.xml 🗙 🗓 web.xml
                                                                  x context.xml
     1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
       <beans xmlns="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"</pre>
           xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
xmlns:mvc="http://www.springframework.org/schema/mvc"
           xmlns:context="http://www.springframework.org/schema/context"
           xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans
               https://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans-3.0.xsd
http://www.springframework.org/schema/mvc
               https://www.springframework.org/schema/mvc/spring-mvc-3.0.xsd
   11
               http://www.springframework.org/schema/context
               https://www.springframework.org/schema/context/spring-context-3.0.xsd
   15
16
           <!-- View Resolver for Dispatcher Servlet
           189
   22 </beans>
```



Step 3: Creating a base-package

3.1 Create a <context:component-scan> tag and specify the base-package as com.estore.controller for the HomeController.java class. Additionally, include the <mvc:annotation-driven/> tag

```
springcore - springmvcdemo/src/main/webapp/WEB-INF/my-spring-webmvc.xml - Eclipse IDE
File Edit Source Navigate Search Project Run Window Help
■ In HomeController.java in my-spring-webmvc.xml × in web.xml
     1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
     20 <beans xmlns="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
           xmlns:mvc="http://www.springframework.org/schema/mvc" xmlns:context="http://www.springframework.org/schema/context"
               https://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans-3.0.xsd
               http://www.springframework.org/schema/mvc
https://www.springframework.org/schema/mvc/spring-mvc-3.0.xsd
               http://www.springframework.org/schema/context
https://www.springframework.org/schema/context/spring-context-3.0.xsd
   13
14
15
16
17
           <context:component-scan base-package="com.estore.controller"/>
           <mvc:annotation-driven/>
           20
    23 </beans>
```

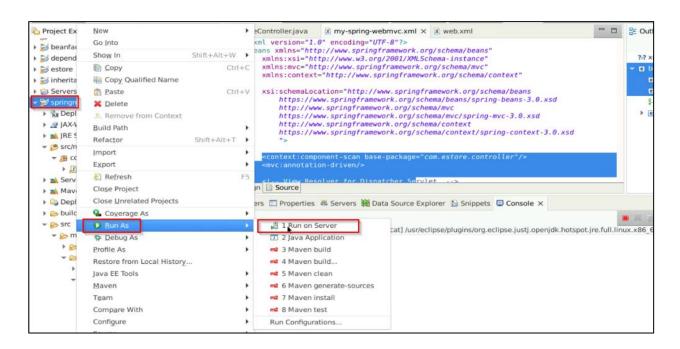
3.2 In **HomeController.java**, add a request mapping and a **System.out.println** statement to handle the request at the root/endpoint

```
### HomeController.

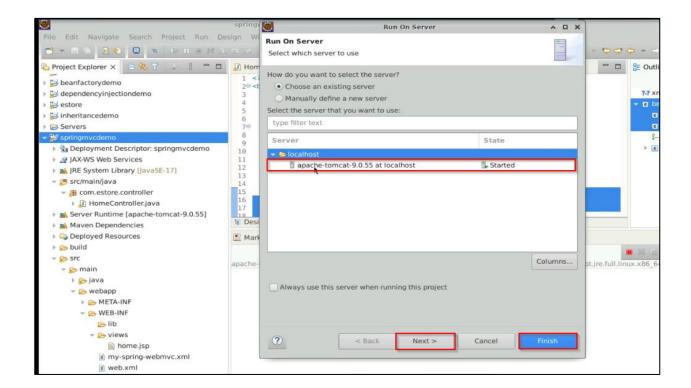
| package com.estore.controller;
| package co
```



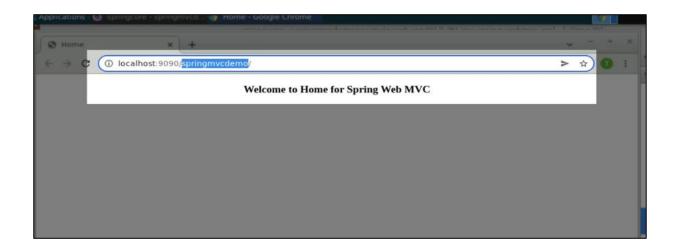
3.3 Select Run As > Run on Server to run the application on a server



3.4 Choose the Apache Tomcat server, click Next, and Finish to run the application on the browser

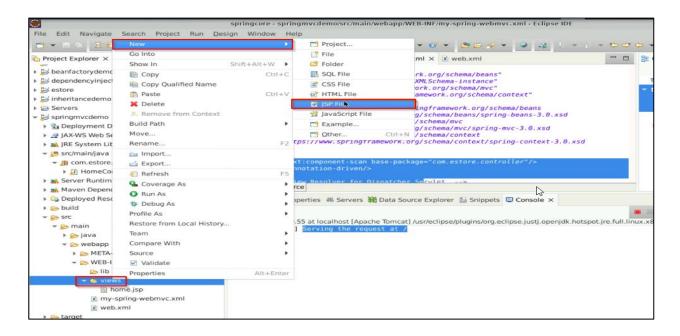






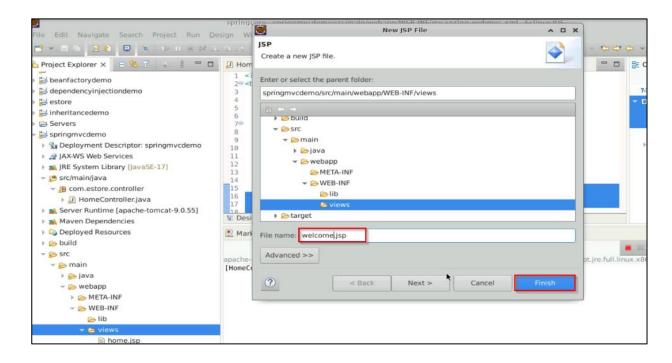
Step 4: Creating a new JSP file in views

4.1 Right-click on views folder and select New > JSP Files to create a new JSP file

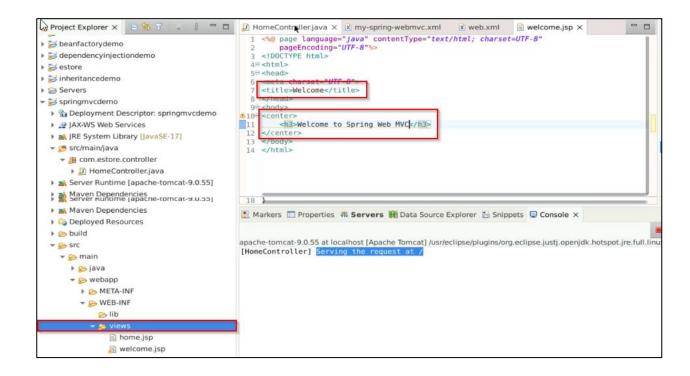




4.2 Name the file Welcome.jsp and click Finish



4.3 Add HTML tags such as **<title>** and **<h3>** to build the web content for the views on the **Apache**Tomcat server





4.4 Create a new method called welcomePage() in HomeController.java and add a System.out.println statement

```
*HomeController.java X x my-spring-webmvc.xml
                                                   x web.xml
    package com.estore.controller;
  3@ import org.springframework.stereotype.Controller;
     import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMapping;
  5 import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMethod;
import org.springframework.web.servlet.DispatcherServlet;
import org.springframework.web.servlet.view.InternalResourceViewResolver;
 10 public class HomeController {
         @RequestMapping(value = "/", method = RequestMethod.GET)
 128
         public String homePage() {
    System.out.println("[HomeController] Serving the request at /");
 16
         @RequestMapping(value = "/welcome", method = RequestMethod.GET)
B19
        public String welcomePage() {
20
21
             System.out.println("[HomeController] Serving the request at Awelcome");
 23
24 }
25
```

4.5 Use the **@RequestMapping** annotation and the date function to process the request and retrieve the date format

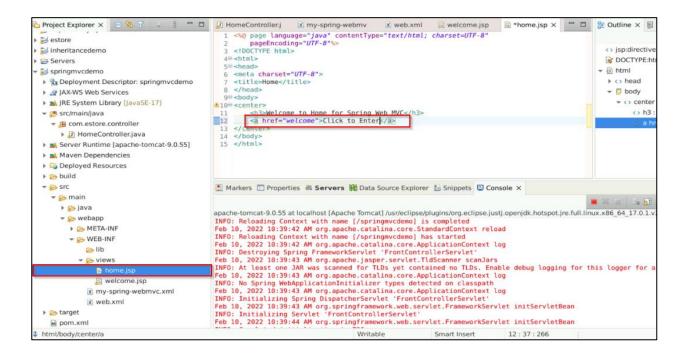
```
x web.xml
                                                                           welcome.jsp
   package com.estore.controller;
  3⊕ import java.text.SimpleDateFormat;
4 import java.util.Date;
     import org.springframework.stereotype.Controller;
     import org.springframework.ui.Model;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMapping;
   9 import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMethod;
10 import org.springframework.web.servlet.DispatcherServlet;
import org.springframework.web.servlet.view.InternalResourceViewResolver;
 13 @Controller
 14 public class HomeController {
          @RequestMapping(value = "/", method = RequestMethod.GET)
 16⊜
          public String homePage() {
    System.out.println("[HomeController] Serving the request at /");
    return "home";
 18
 19
 20
          @RequestMapping(value = "/welcome", method = RequestMethod.GET)
public String welcomePage(Model model) {
    System.out.println("[HomeController] Serving the request at /welcome");
 23
24
25
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               Date date = new Date();
SimpleDateFormat formatter = new SimpleDateFormat("dd-MM-yyyy hh:mm:ss");
               String dateTimeStamp = formatter.format(date);
               model.addAttribute("welcomeDateTimeStamp", dateTimeStamp);
               return "welcome";
 35 }
```



4.6 Use the tag in the **Welcome.jsp** file to display the date format obtained from the addAttribute method

```
page language="java" contentType="text/html; charset=UTF-8"
pageEncoding="UTF-8">
    <!DOCTYPE html>
 40 <html>
 5@ <head>
 6 <meta charset="UTF-8">
 7 <title>Welcome</title>
 8 </head>
 9@ <body>
10⊖ <center>
         <h3>Welcome to Spring Web MVC</h3:
11
        Its: {welcomeDateTimeStamp}
12
13
14 </body>
15 </html>
```

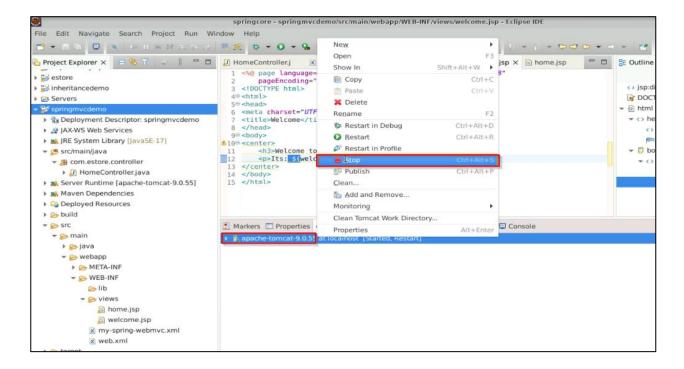
4.7 Add an anchor tag in the Welcome.jsp file to link the home page





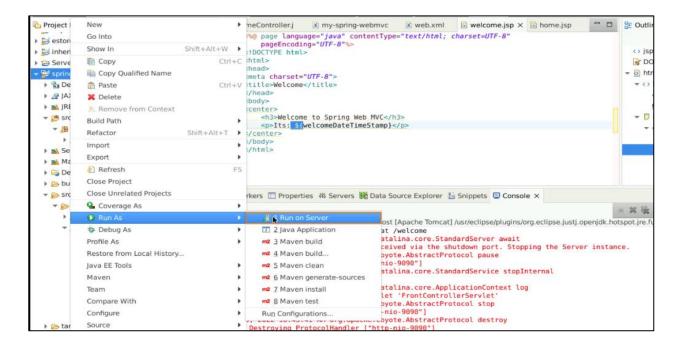
4.8 Use the \$ sign in the Welcome.jsp file to fetch the date function

4.9 Stop the Apache Tomcat server by right-clicking on the server's name and selecting the **Stop** option





4.10 Rerun the project



4.11 Once the server is up, go to the browser and click on the Click to Enter link

