$\frac{T - \sum x = 0.3}{V_m} \frac{What is r_m^{(1)}}{V_m} \frac{d^{(2)}}{d^2} = \frac{V_{m-1}}{2} \left(1 + \frac{V_m^{(1)}}{m}\right) + \frac{V_{m-1}}{2} \left(1 + \frac{V_m^{(2)}}{m}\right) - \frac{V_{m-1}}{2} \left(2 + \frac{V_m^{(1)}}{m} + \frac{V_m^{(2)}}{m}\right)$ $= \frac{\left(\sqrt{N-2}\left(2+r^{(A)}+r^{(2)}\right)}{2}\left(2+r^{(A)}+r^{(2)}\right) = \frac{\sqrt{N-2}\left(2+r^{(A)}+r^{(2)}\right)\left(2+r^{(A)}+r^{(2)}\right)}{2\cdot 2}\left(2+r^{(A)}+r^{(2)}\right)\left(2+r^{(A)}+r^{(2)}\right)$ $= \frac{\sqrt{n-n}}{2^n} \frac{m}{i=1} \left(1 + r_i^{(1)} + 1 + r_i^{(2)}\right) = \frac{\sqrt{o}}{2^n} \frac{m}{i=1} \left(\frac{x_i^{(1)}}{e} + \frac{x_i^{(2)}}{e}\right) = \frac{\sqrt{o}}{2^n} \frac{\pi}{i=1} \left(\frac{x_i^{(1)}}{e} + \frac{x_i^{(2)}}{e}\right) = \frac{\pi}{i=1} \left(\frac{x_i^{(1)}}{e} + \frac{x_i^{(2)}}{$ $1+v_{in}^{(n)} = \frac{S_{in}^{(n)}}{S_{in}^{(n)}} = \frac{Z_{in}^{(n)} - Z_{in-1}^{(n)}}{Z_{in-1}^{(n)}}$ $1+v_{in}^{(n)} = \frac{S_{in}^{(n)}}{S_{in}^{(n)}} = \frac{Z_{in-1}^{(n)} - Z_{in-1}^{(n)}}{Z_{in-1}^{(n)}}$ $1+v_{in}^{(n)} = \frac{S_{in}^{(n)}}{S_{in}^{(n)}} = \frac{Z_{in-1}^{(n)} - Z_{in-1}^{(n)}}{Z_{in-1}^{(n)}}$ $1+v_{in}^{(n)} = \frac{S_{in}^{(n)} - Z_{in-1}^{(n)}}{S_{in}^{(n)}} = \frac{Z_{in-1}^{(n)} - Z_{in-1}^{(n)}}{Z_{in-1}^{(n)}}$ $1+v_{in}^{(n)} = \frac{S_{in}^{(n)} - Z_{in-1}^{(n)}}{S_{in}^{(n)}} = \frac{Z_{in}^{(n)} - Z_{in-1}^{(n)}}{Z_{in-1}^{(n)}}$ $1+v_{in}^{(n)} = \frac{S_{in}^{(n)} - Z_{in-1}^{(n)}}{S_{in}^{(n)}} = \frac{Z_{in}^{(n)} - Z_{in-1}^{(n)}}{Z_{in-1}^{(n)}}$ $1+v_{in}^{(n)} = \frac{S_{in}^{(n)} - Z_{in-1}^{(n)}}{S_{in}^{(n)}} = \frac{Z_{in}^{(n)} - Z_{in-1}^{(n)}}{Z_{in-1}^{(n)}}$ $1+v_{in}^{(n)} = \frac{S_{in}^{(n)} - Z_{in-1}^{(n)}}{S_{in}^{(n)}} = \frac{Z_{in}^{(n)} - Z_{in}^{(n)}}{S_{in}^{(n)}} = \frac{Z_{in}^{(n)} - Z_{in}^{(n)}}{S_{in}^{(n)}}$ number of shares is fixed. But we want to relatince b) $X_{m+1} = Z_{m+1}^{(1)} - Z_{m}^{(1)} = \log(\frac{S_{m+1}}{C^{(n)}})$ -3 Xm+1 = tog (5(2)) c) Luts = -V + V = - \frac{V_m}{2} (\frac{X_{men}}{e} + e^{-1}) + V_m =. Vn (1 - exmin - exmin) => $\frac{1}{2} \left(x \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \frac{e^{x_1}}{2} - \frac{e^{x_2}}{2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}$ $L_{M+1} = -\sum_{i=1}^{2} D_{i} f(Z_{m} f) X_{m+1}^{(i)} = -\sum_{i=1}^{2} \frac{V_{m-1}}{2} (e^{Z_{m} - Z_{m-1}}) X_{m+1}^{(i)}$ (m)(x) = - \(\frac{2}{2} \frac{\text{Vn-1}}{2} \left(\frac{2}{2} \frac{(i)}{2} - \frac{2}{2} \frac{(i)}{2} \right) \text{X}; \quad (V) correct for your function f.