The smooth Oka principle Adrian Clough

incl. of
$$p \in CW$$
 - compl.

A $\longrightarrow X$

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A $\longrightarrow X$
 $\downarrow \qquad \qquad \downarrow \qquad \qquad \downarrow$
 $\downarrow \qquad \qquad \downarrow \qquad \qquad \downarrow$
 $\downarrow \qquad \qquad \downarrow \qquad \qquad \downarrow$

Mapping cares behave well w.r.t (co) homalogy

$$\widetilde{\widetilde{H}}_{n}(A) \to \widetilde{H}_{n}(X) \to \widetilde{H}_{n}(X/A)$$

$$\widetilde{\widetilde{H}}_{n-1}(A) \to \cdots$$

58' Dieter Puppe: Cp some sort of "homotopical cofibre / pushout"
$$D: K \longrightarrow TSPC$$

Behave well w.r.f. To, Ho, Ho, etc.

Until early 00's holim D, hocolim D simply denoted any construction weakly equivalent to above.

The theory of co-categories is a faithful generalisation of the theory of ordinary categories. Ws Mor C

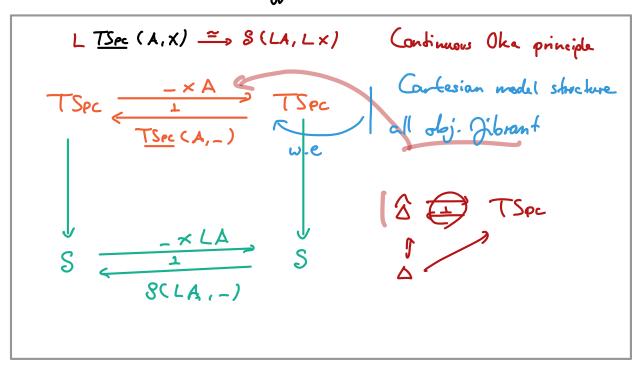
<u>Definition</u>: Consider functor $D: K \longrightarrow C$ & localisation $L: C \longrightarrow CLW$? Hen $X \in C$ is <u>homotopy</u> colimit of D if $LX = colim L \circ D$.

Obs. M., H, T., etc. naturally Junctors out of S (satisfying exactness properties)

Similarly for

- A CW complex
- X topological space

asserted that $\frac{TSPC}{K}$ (A,X) is correct mapping space.



My thesis:
$$MFD \longrightarrow Sh(MFD) =: DIFF^{\infty} \xrightarrow{\pi_{!}} S$$

To shape

The computes underlying h.t.

Differentiable sheares

 $D: A \longrightarrow DIFF^{\infty}$

Colim $DIFF^{\infty}(D(-), X) = \pi_{!} X$

Thm. (Smooth Oka principle) [Berwick-Evens, Boavido de Brito, Pavlov / C.]

AIX
$$\in$$
 DIFF

 $\pi_i \stackrel{\text{DIFF}}{=} (A_i \times) \stackrel{\sim}{\longrightarrow} S(\pi_i A, \pi_i \times)$ (*)

Manifold (Hausderff, parcompact)

Definition: A e DZFF satisfies the smooth Oka principle if (*) holds for A.

Idea: Transfer model structure Hom (APP, S) == DIFF®
as for topological spaces

Mamotopical calculi on po-categories

Slogan: Model structures & other homotopical calculi serve to compute homotopy colinits.

Let C == confegory, W = Morc, L: C → C[W]

Definition: ce C is right proper if Cre[W-] - C[W-]re LC

Definition: c'-c in C is showp if

$$\begin{array}{cccc}
a' & \longrightarrow & b' & \longrightarrow & c' \\
\downarrow & \uparrow & & \downarrow & & \downarrow \\
a & \xrightarrow{\sim} & b & \longrightarrow & c
\end{array}$$

<u>Proposition</u>: c', c right proper, $f: c' \rightarrow c$ shorp, then any pullback along $f: c' \rightarrow c$ homotopy pullback

$$\begin{array}{cccc}
\underline{P_{roof}}: & C_{le'} & \xrightarrow{f_!} & C_{le} \\
\downarrow & & \downarrow & \downarrow \\
C[V]_{le'} & \xrightarrow{\frac{1}{2}} & C[V]_{le}
\end{array}$$

<u>Proposition</u>: If C is equipped with a fibration structure (~ fibrations in model structure) Hen

- c fibrant => c right proper
- c' c fibration => c' -> c showp

Until early 00's model categories were one of ten ways to access or-categories.



R-eq. A ~ A' Oka princ. ⇔ Oka princ.

Want model structure on DIFF s.t.:

R-eq to

a) manifolds colibrant objects

b) all objects Jibrant

c) Cartesian closed

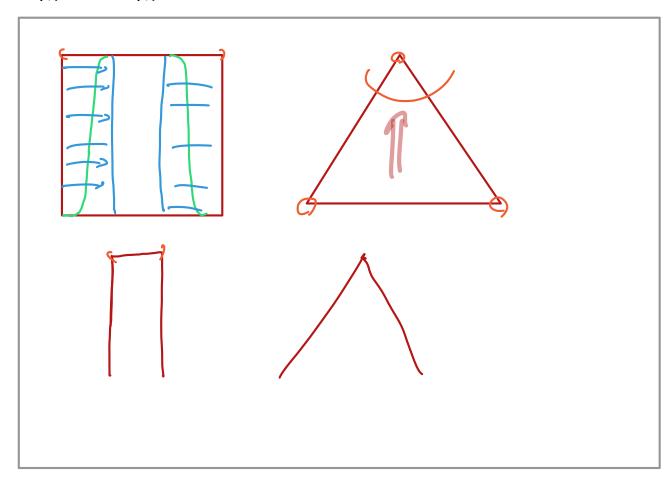
- 1) $\triangle \longrightarrow DIFF_{\infty}$ ordinary simplices

 (4)
- 2) $\square \longrightarrow DIFF_{\infty}$ ordinary when C)
- c) $\triangle \longrightarrow D_{2FF_{\infty}}$ Kihara's simplicas

 b) \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark

Theorem (Kihara) Any (paracompact Hausdorff) menifold R'-equivalent to a Kihara complex.

 Δ_{kil} $\leq k_{kil}$ $\leq k_{kil}$ $\leq \Delta_{kil}$ $\leq k_{kil}$



Assume A, S, D satisfy smooth Oka principle. Consider $S \longrightarrow D$, $f: S \rightarrow A$

Aug D sal. smooth Oka principle 👄 Y X E DIFF.

$$\mathcal{S}(\pi' z' \pi' x)$$

$$\downarrow \qquad \qquad \downarrow \qquad \qquad \downarrow$$

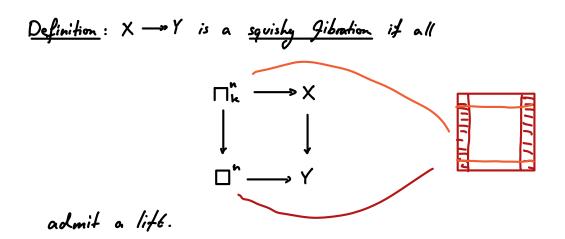
h.t. pullback.

Strategy:
$$D$$
Show $\forall X \in D$

$$D = \sum_{k \in \mathbb{N}} (\Delta_{kik}^n, X) \longrightarrow D$$

$$D = \sum_{k \in \mathbb{N}} (\partial_{kik}^n, X) = \sum_{k \in \mathbb{N}} (\partial_{kik}^n$$

⇒ Any complex built from D'Kih satisfies smooth Oka principle.



Thm (C.) Squishy Jibrations + shape equivalences John Jibration structure.

$$\frac{Thm}{(C.)} \forall X \in Diff^{\infty} : \underline{Diff}^{\infty}(\Delta^{n}_{kik}, X) \longrightarrow \underline{Diff}^{\infty}(\partial \Delta^{n}_{kik}, X)$$
is a squishy dibration.

