

Visualizing Security Data in MS Sentinel

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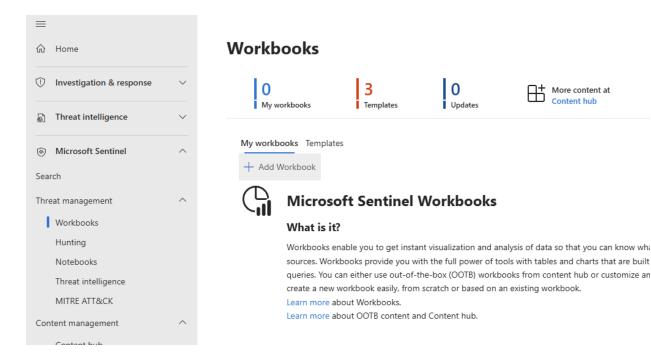
Overview

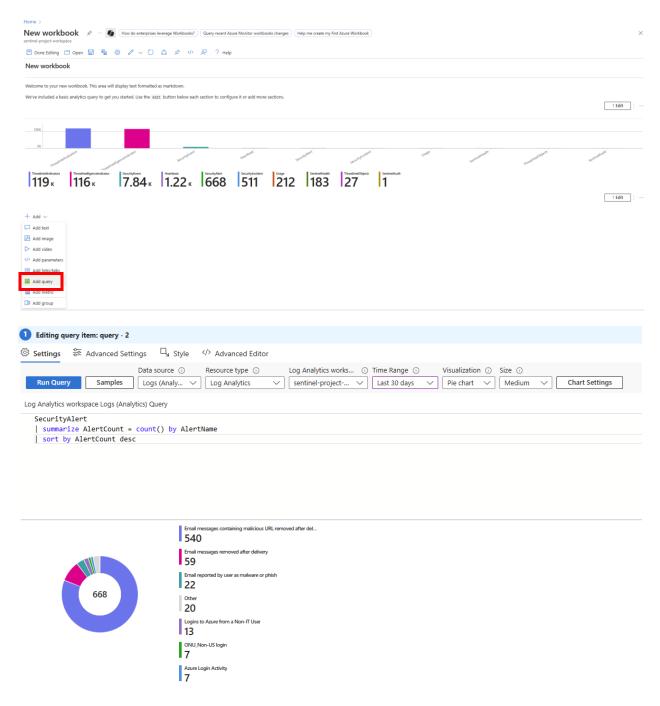
Visualizing data on a SIEM is important because it transforms raw security logs and events into clear, actionable insights, enabling security teams to quickly understand patterns, trends, and anomalies. Large volumes of data from multiple sources can be overwhelming, but visualizations like charts, graphs, and dashboards help analysts identify suspicious activity, prioritize threats, and monitor the overall security posture in real time. Effective visualization also supports faster decision-making during incidents, facilitates reporting to stakeholders, and helps detect patterns that might be missed in textual logs, ultimately enhancing the efficiency and effectiveness of a SOC.

Creating a Workbook in MS Sentinel

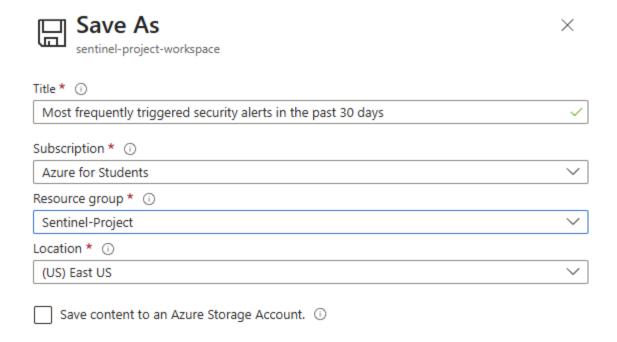
Workbooks are interactive dashboards that allow you to visualize, analyze, and explore security data from multiple sources. They combine charts, tables, and text to present insights from logs and alerts, helping SOC analysts monitor trends, investigate incidents, and make data-driven decisions in a single, customizable interface.

In this example, we will create a workbook that will help visualize frequently triggered security alerts in the past 30 days.





This query will summarize the amount of alerts by alert name and consolidate it in a pie chart.

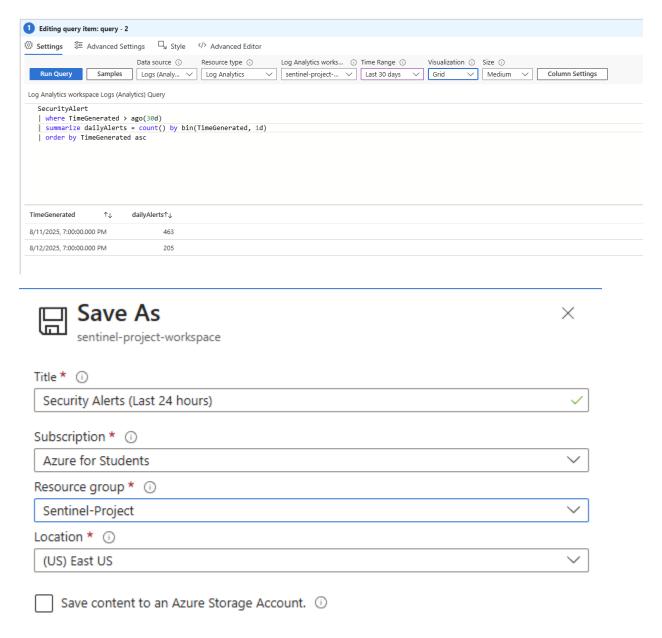


Final Workbook:

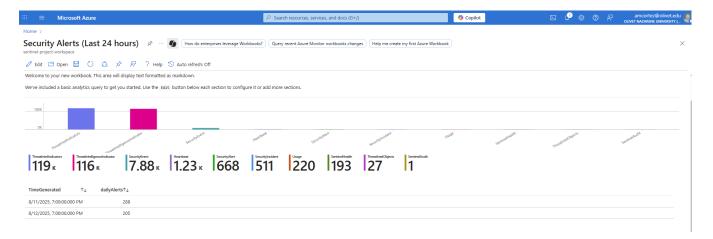


Create a Workbook For Security Alerts

Follow the steps from before, and use the following query. This query filters alerts that were generated in the last 30 days and groups them to show the number of alerts per day over the past 30 days.

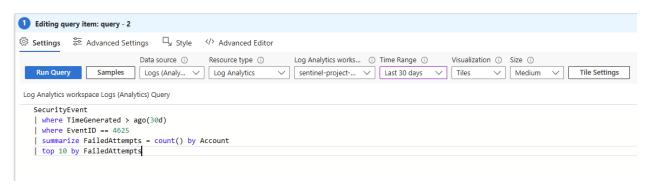


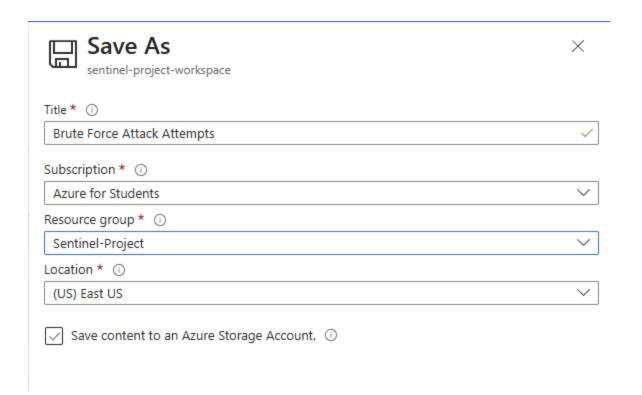
Results



Visualize Brute Force Attempts

Here, we will create a workbook to visualize brute force events, and further practice visualization in Microsoft Sentinel. The following query finds failed logon events by ID 4625, and orders them by number of failed attempts.





Result:

