

Data Viz I

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Description

In this class, we will explore advanced visualization techniques using `ggplot2`. You'll learn how to fine-tune plots by modifying shapes, lines, legends, and adding custom titles and annotations. We will continue working with the `agridat::lasrosas.corn` dataset.



1 Learning Objectives

By the end of this session, you will: 1. Customize plot aesthetics, including point shapes, line types, and colors. 2. Modify legends and axis labels for better readability. 3. Use annotations and text elements to highlight key data points. 4. Adjust themes and layouts for professional presentation.

Required Packages

Install the necessary packages for this class:

```
library(pacman)
p_load("ggplot2", "gganimate", "agridat", "patchwork", "sf", "ggtext", "dplyr")
```

2 Datasets: Las Rosas Corn Data

We'll use the `agridat::lasrosas.corn` dataset, focusing on yield, nitro levels, years, and spatial data.

```
corn_data <- agridat::lasrosas.corn %>%  
  mutate(Year = as.factor(year))  
  
glimpse(corn_data)
```

Rows: 3,443

Columns: 10

```
$ year <int> 1999, 1999, 1999, 1999, 1999, 1999, 1999, 1999, 1999, 1999, 1999, 1999~  
$ lat <dbl> -33.05113, -33.05115, -33.05116, -33.05117, -33.05118, -33.05120~  
$ long <dbl> -63.84886, -63.84879, -63.84872, -63.84865, -63.84858, -63.84851~  
$ yield <dbl> 72.14, 73.79, 77.25, 76.35, 75.55, 70.24, 76.17, 69.17, 69.77, 6~  
$ nitro <dbl> 131.5, 131.5, 131.5, 131.5, 131.5, 131.5, 131.5, 131.5, 131.5, 1~  
$ topo <fct> W, W, W, W, W, W, W, W, W, W, W, W, W, W, W, W, W, W, W, W, W~  
$ bv <dbl> 162.60, 170.49, 168.39, 176.68, 171.46, 170.56, 172.94, 171.86, ~  
$ rep <fct> R1, R1, R1, R1, R1, R1, R1, R1, R1, R1, R1, R1, R1, R1, R1, R1, R1, ~  
$ nf <fct> N5, N5, N5, N5, N5, N5, N5, N5, N5, N5, N5, N5, N5, N5, N5, N5, N5, ~  
$ Year <fct> 1999, 1999, 1999, 1999, 1999, 1999, 1999, 1999, 1999, 1999, 1999, 1999~
```

```
nass_soybean <- agridat::nass.soybean %>%  
  mutate(Year = as.factor(year))  
  
select_states <- c("Kansas", "Iowa", "Illinois", "Missouri")  
  
glimpse(nass_soybean)
```

Rows: 2,528

Columns: 5

```
$ year <int> 1924, 1924, 1924, 1924, 1924, 1924, 1924, 1924, 1924, 1924, 1924~  
$ state <fct> Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, K~  
$ acres <dbl> 3000, 3000, 12000, 10000, 115000, 66000, 10000, 2000, 9000, 8000~  
$ yield <dbl> 6.5, 6.5, 11.0, 5.5, 12.0, 9.9, 12.0, 11.0, 9.5, 8.0, 11.8, 13.0~  
$ Year <fct> 1924, 1924, 1924, 1924, 1924, 1924, 1924, 1924, 1924, 1924, 1924~
```

3 1. Customizing ggplot2 Visualizations

3.1 Define custom palettes

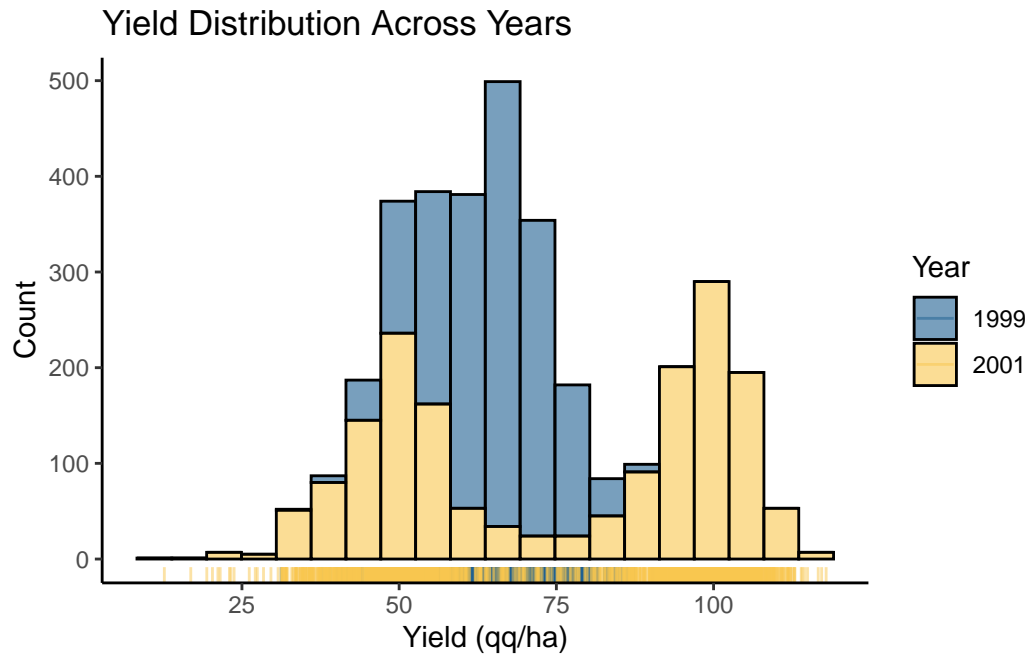
```
my_colors <- c("#1e6091", "#f9c74f", "#9b2226", "#599999", "#8e5572")
```

3.2 Histogram with Adjusted Transparency and Custom Bins

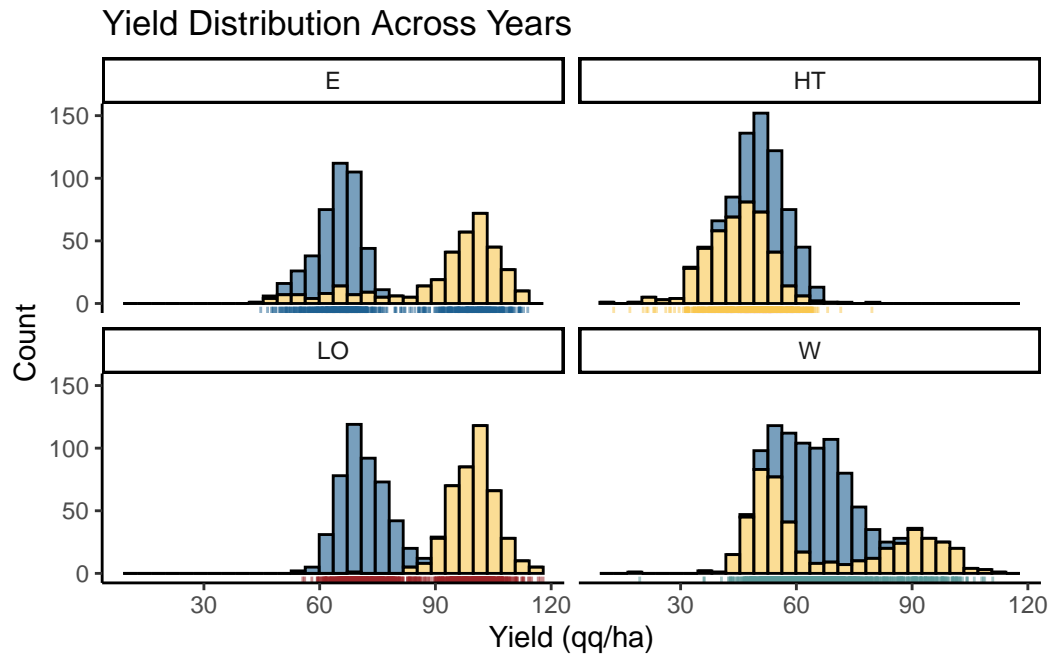
```
# Density
density_01 <-
corn_data %>%
ggplot(aes(x = yield)) +
  geom_density(aes(fill = Year), color = "grey15", alpha = 0.5)+
  labs(title = "Yield Distribution Across Years", x = "Yield (qq/ha)", y = "Count") +
  scale_fill_manual(values = my_colors)+
  theme_classic()

# Histogram
histo_01 <-
ggplot(corn_data, aes(x = yield)) +
  geom_histogram(aes(fill = Year), bins = 20, alpha = 0.6, color = "black") +
  labs(title = "Yield Distribution Across Years", x = "Yield (qq/ha)", y = "Count") +
  scale_fill_manual(values = my_colors)+
  geom_rug(aes(color = Year), alpha = 0.5)+
  scale_color_manual(values = my_colors)+
  theme_classic()

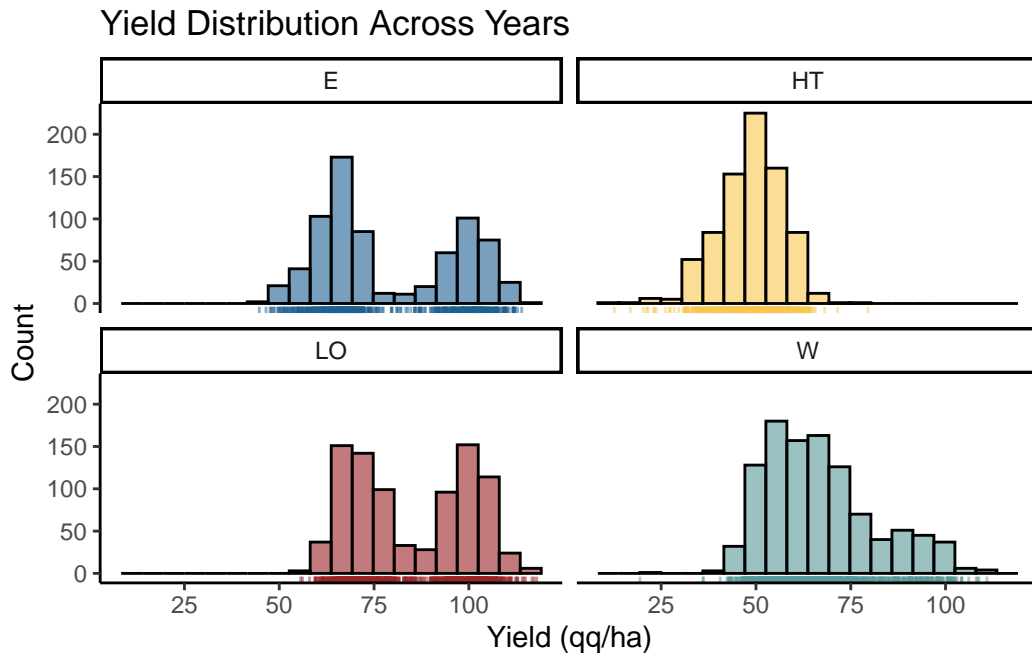
histo_01
```



```
# Faceting by Year
histo_02 <-
corn_data %>%
ggplot(aes(x = yield)) +
  geom_histogram(aes(fill = Year), bins = 30, alpha = 0.6, color = "black") +
  labs(title = "Yield Distribution Across Years", x = "Yield (qq/ha)", y = "Count") +
  scale_fill_manual(values = my_colors)+
  geom_rug(aes(color = topo), alpha = 0.5)+
  scale_color_manual(values = my_colors)+
  facet_wrap(~topo)+
  theme_classic()+
  theme(legend.position = "none")
histo_02
```



```
corn_data %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = yield)) +
    geom_histogram(aes(fill = topo), bins = 20, alpha = 0.6, color = "black") +
    labs(title = "Yield Distribution Across Years", x = "Yield (qq/ha)", y = "Count") +
    scale_fill_manual(values = my_colors)+
    geom_rug(aes(color = topo), alpha = 0.5)+
    scale_color_manual(values = my_colors)+
    facet_wrap(~topo)+
    theme_classic()+
    theme(legend.position = "none")
```



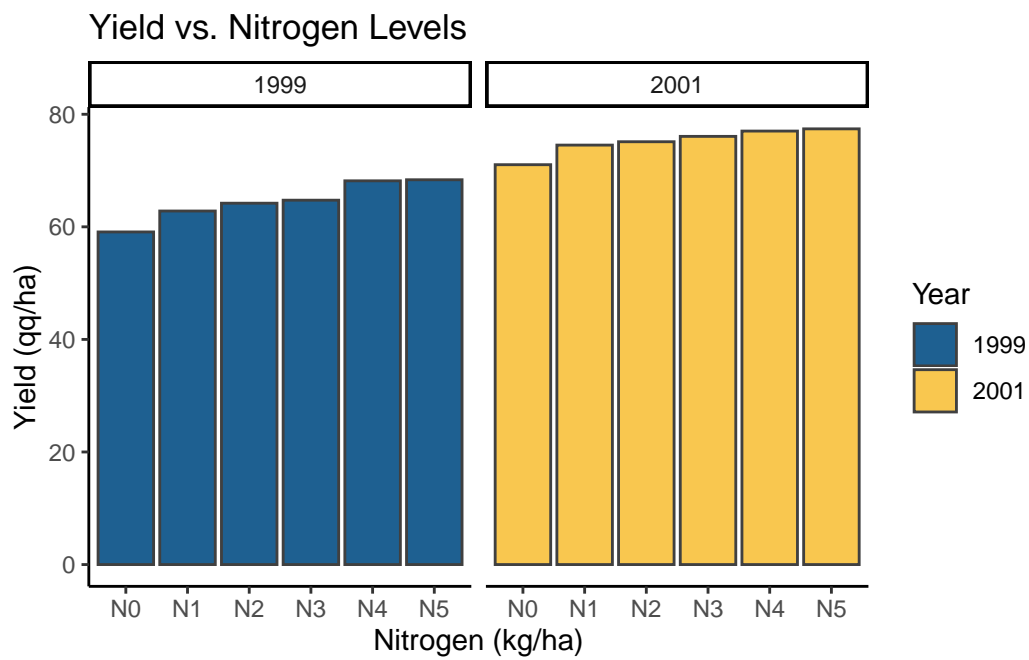
3.3 Column/Bar plot

```
# Prepare summarized data frame
aggregated_corn <- corn_data %>% group_by(Year, year, nitro, nf) %>%
  summarize(yield_mean = mean(yield),
            sd_yield = sd(yield))
```

``summarise()`` has grouped output by 'Year', 'year', 'nitro'. You can override using the ``.groups`` argument.

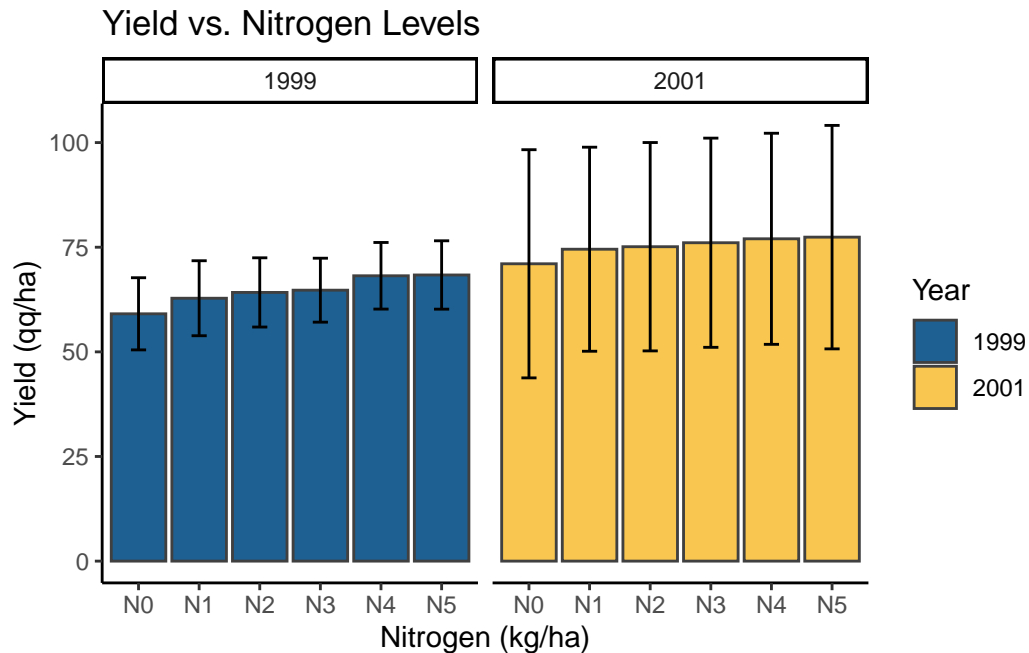
```
# Column plot
colplot_01 <-
  aggregated_corn %>%
  ggplot() +
    geom_col(aes(x = nf, y = yield_mean, fill = Year),
             color = "grey25") + # Triangle shape
    scale_fill_manual(values = my_colors)+
    labs(title = "Yield vs. Nitrogen Levels", x = "Nitrogen (kg/ha)", y = "Yield (qq/ha)") +
    facet_wrap(~Year)+
    theme_classic()
```

colplot_01



```
# Add SD bars
colplot_02 <-
colplot_01 +
  geom_errorbar(data = aggregated_corn,
    aes(ymin = yield_mean - sd_yield,
        ymax = yield_mean + sd_yield,
        x = nf),
    width = .25)
```

colplot_02

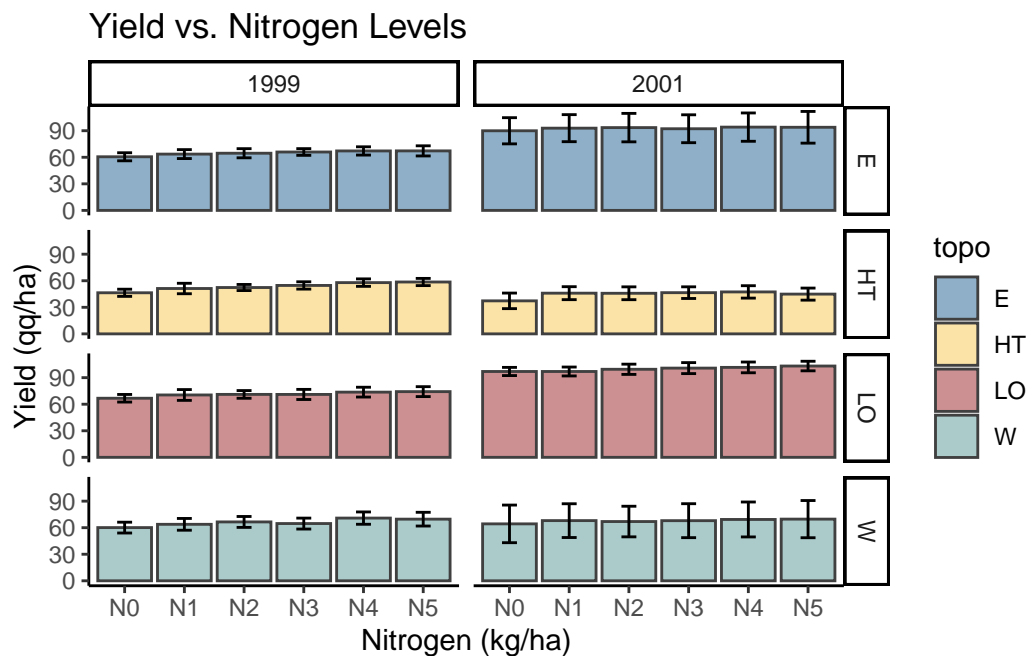


```
# facet by topography
aggregated_topo <- corn_data %>% group_by(Year, year, nitro, nf, topo) %>%
  summarize(yield_mean = mean(yield),
            sd_yield = sd(yield))
```

`summarise()` has grouped output by 'Year', 'year', 'nitro', 'nf'. You can override using the `.groups` argument.

```
# facet by topography and Year
colplot_03 <-
aggregated_topo %>%
ggplot() +
  geom_col(aes(x = nf, y = yield_mean, fill = topo),
           color = "grey25", alpha = 0.5) + # Triangle shape
  geom_errorbar(aes(ymin = yield_mean - sd_yield,
                   ymax = yield_mean + sd_yield, x = nf),
               width = .25)+
  labs(title = "Yield vs. Nitrogen Levels", x = "Nitrogen (kg/ha)", y = "Yield (qq/ha)") +
  facet_grid(topo~Year)+
  scale_fill_manual(values = my_colors)+
  theme_classic()

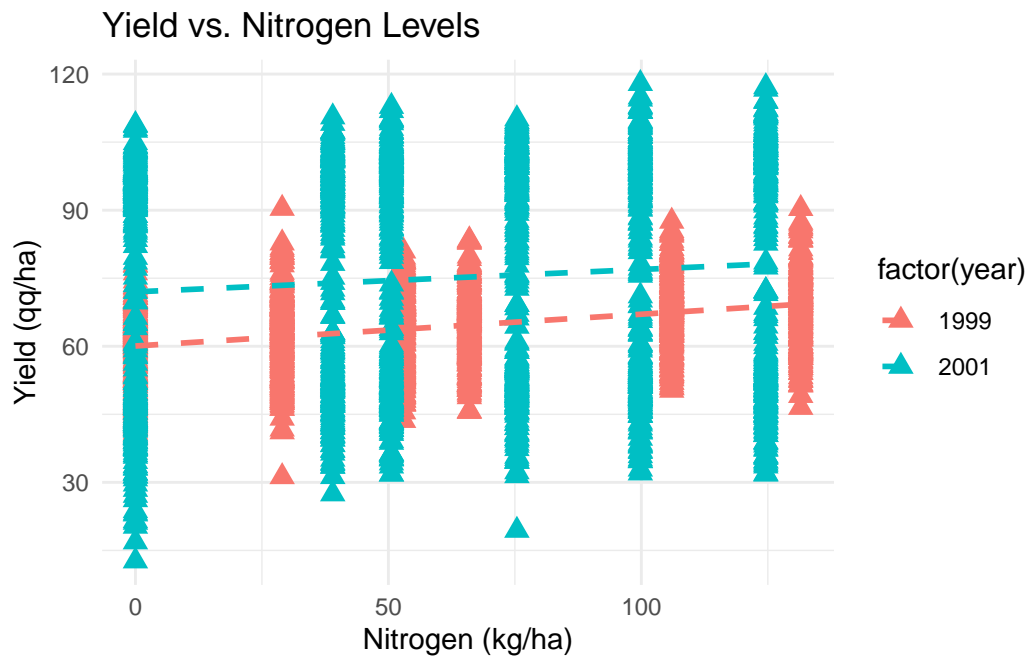
colplot_03
```

3.4 Scatter Plot with Custom Shapes and Line Types

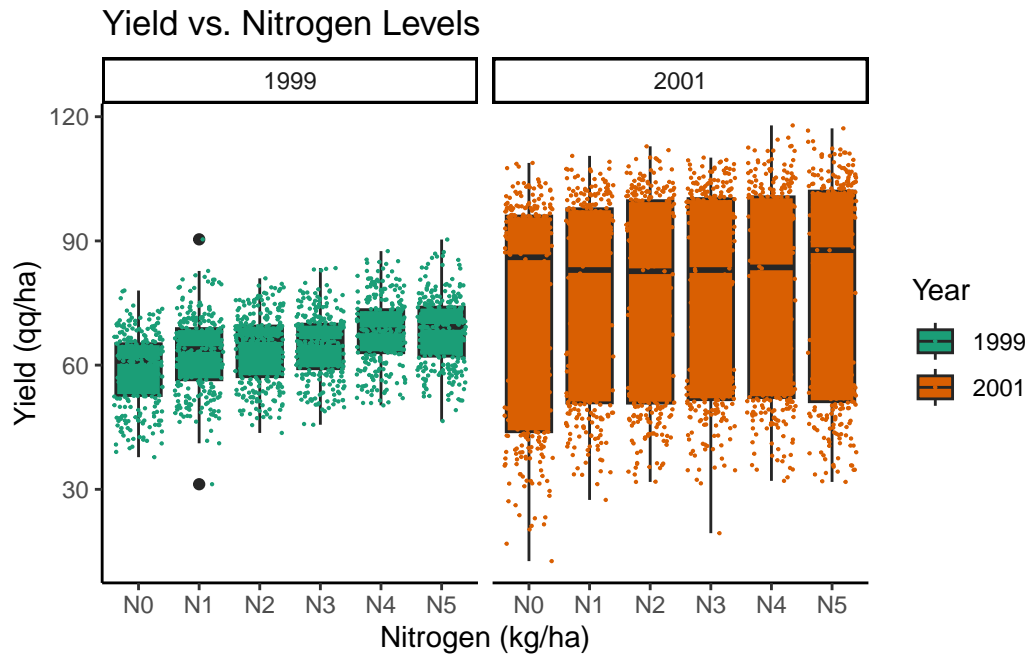
```
corn_data %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = nitro, y = yield, color = factor(year))) +
    geom_point(size = 3, shape = 17) + # Triangle shape
    geom_smooth(method = "lm", se = FALSE, linetype = "dashed") +
    labs(title = "Yield vs. Nitrogen Levels", x = "Nitrogen (kg/ha)", y = "Yield (qq/ha)") +
    theme_minimal()
```

`geom_smooth()` using formula = 'y ~ x'



3.5 BoxPlot with Custom Shapes and Line Types

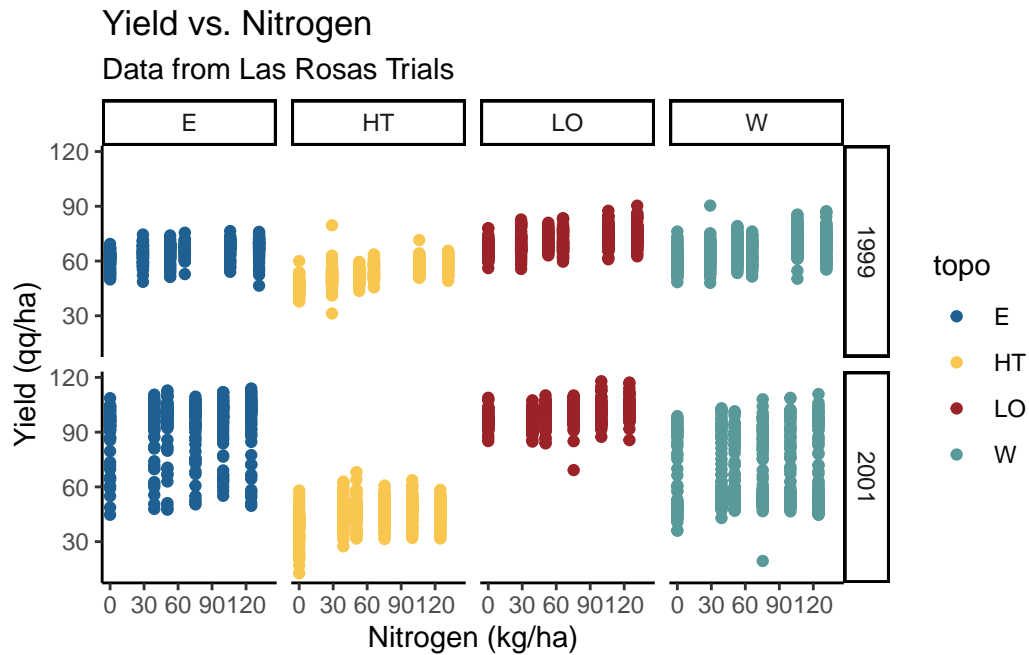
```
corn_data %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = nf, y = yield)) +
    geom_boxplot(aes(fill = Year), color = "grey15", size = 0.5) +
    geom_jitter(aes(x = nf, y = yield, color=Year), size = 0.1)+
    scale_fill_brewer(palette=2, type = "qual")+
    scale_color_brewer(palette=2, type = "qual")+
    labs(title = "Yield vs. Nitrogen Levels",
         x = "Nitrogen (kg/ha)", y = "Yield (qq/ha)") +
    facet_wrap(~Year)+
    theme_classic()
```



4 2. Axis & Titles

```
scatter_plot <-
corn_data %>%
ggplot(aes(x = nitro, y = yield, color = topo)) +
  geom_point()+
  # Add labels
  labs(title = "Yield vs. Nitrogen",
        subtitle = "Data from Las Rosas Trials",
        x = "Nitrogen (kg/ha)",
        y = "Yield (qq/ha)") +
  # Add manual color scale
  scale_color_manual(values = my_colors)+
  # Modify scale of x-axis
  scale_x_continuous(limits = c(0,140), breaks = seq(0,150, by=30))+
  facet_grid(Year~topo)+
  theme_classic()

scatter_plot
```

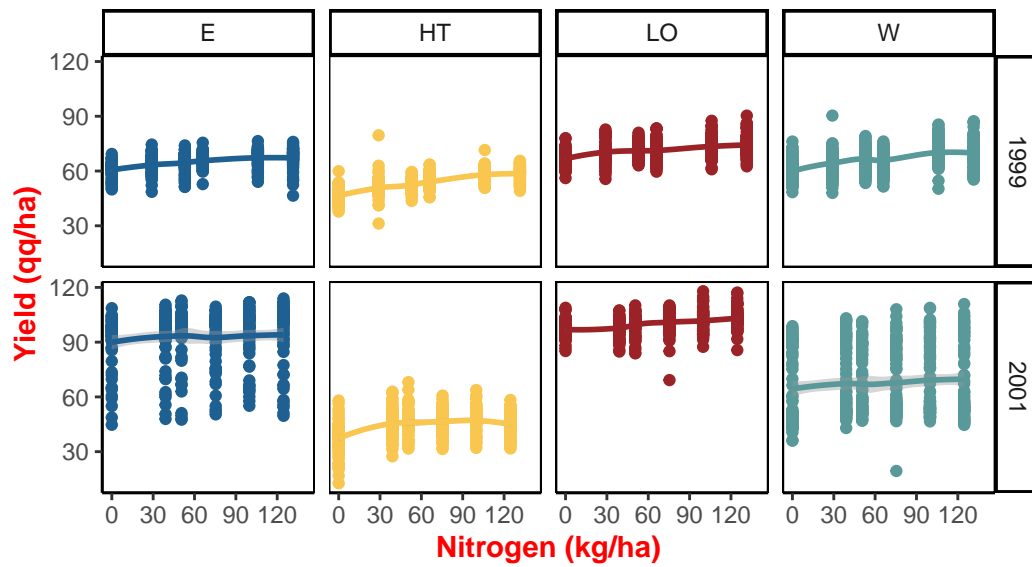


```
# Update
scatter_plot +
  # Add regression line
  geom_smooth()+
  theme(legend.position = "none", # Remove legend
        # Add panel border
        panel.border = element_rect(linetype = "solid", fill = NA),
        # Edit axis title text
        axis.title = element_text(face = "bold", color = "red"))
```

`geom_smooth()` using method = 'loess' and formula = 'y ~ x'

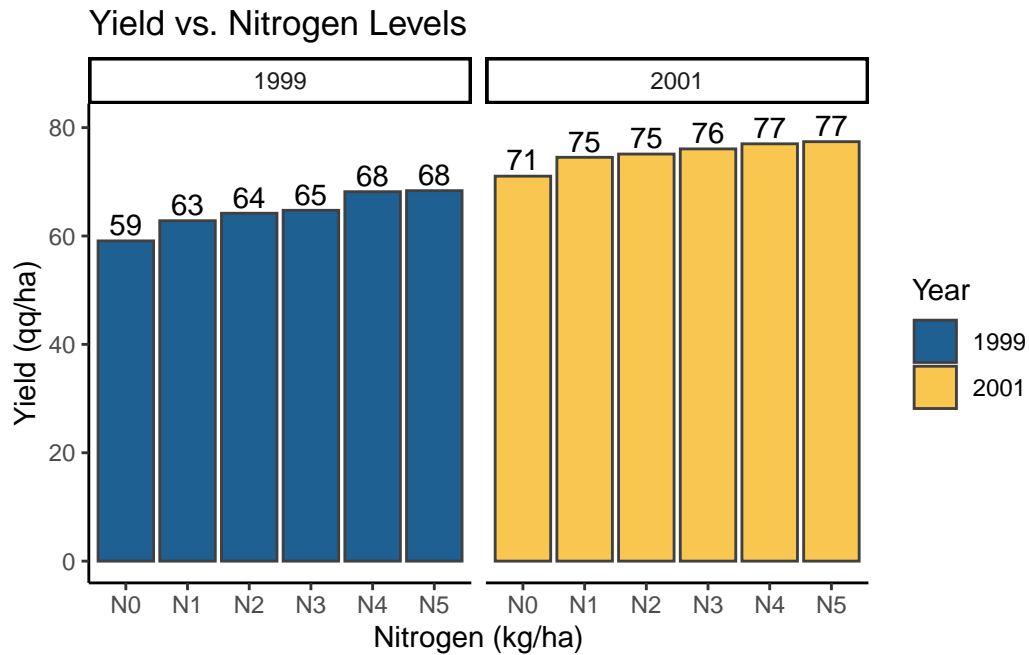
Yield vs. Nitrogen

Data from Las Rosas Trials



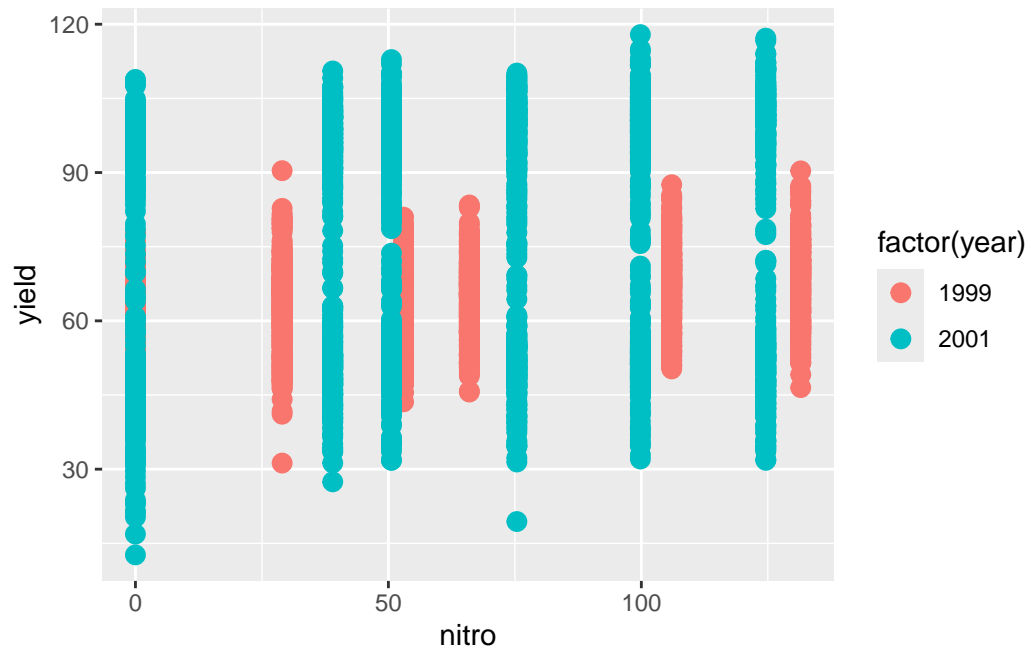
5 3. Annotating text

```
colplot_01 +
  geom_text(aes(label = round(yield_mean,0), x = nf, y = yield_mean + 3))+
  scale_color_manual(values=my_colors)
```

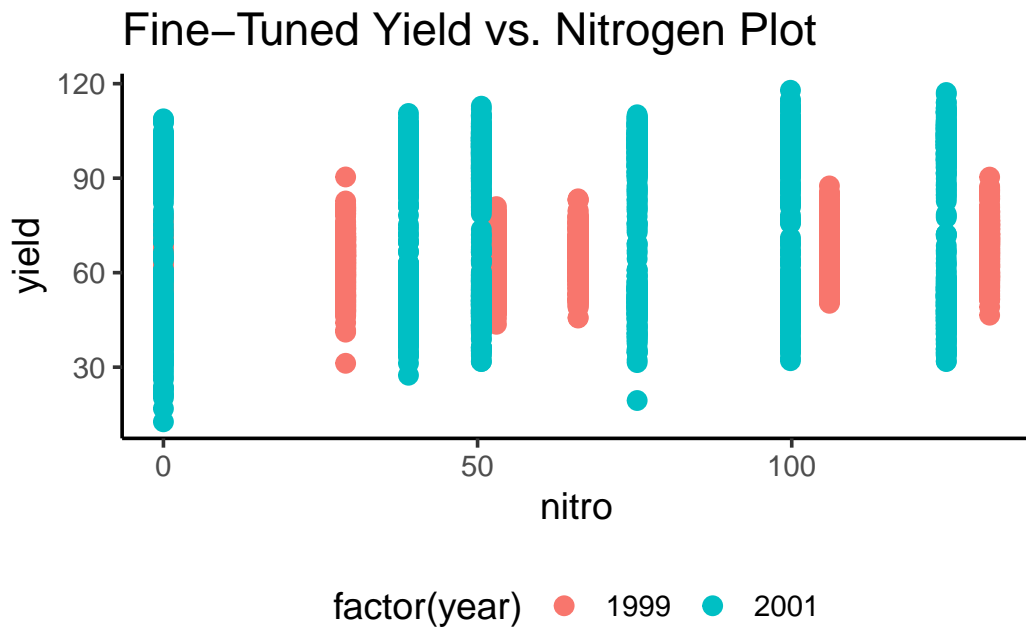


6 4. Adjusting Themes for Presentation

```
base_plot <- ggplot(corn_data, aes(x = nitro, y = yield, color = factor(year))) +  
  geom_point(size = 3)  
base_plot
```

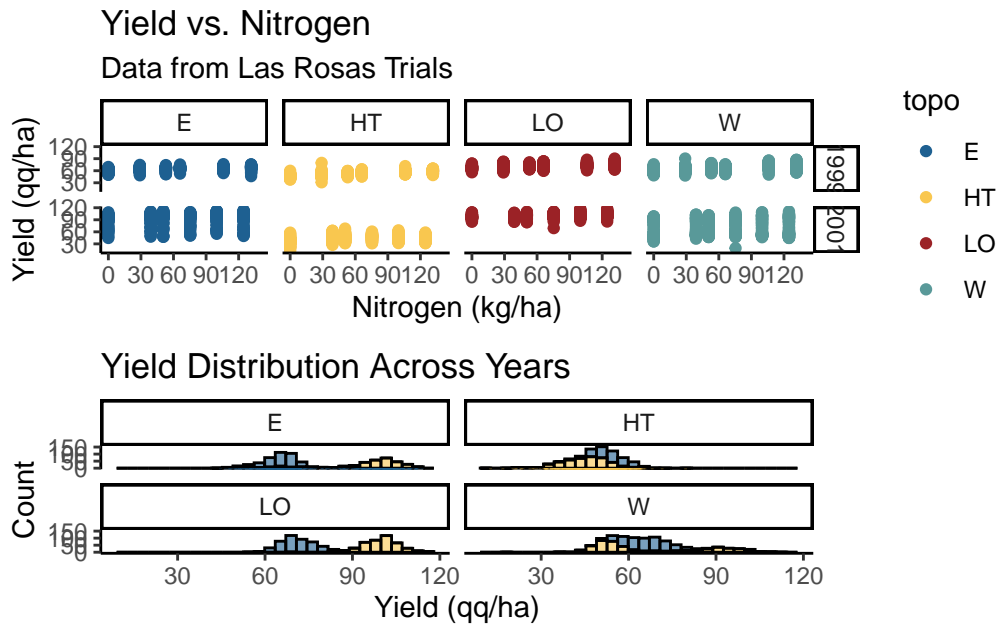


```
base_plot +
  labs(title = "Fine-Tuned Yield vs. Nitrogen Plot") +
  theme_classic(base_size = 14) + # Larger base font
  theme(legend.position = "bottom")
```



7 5. Combining Multiple Plots with Custom Layouts

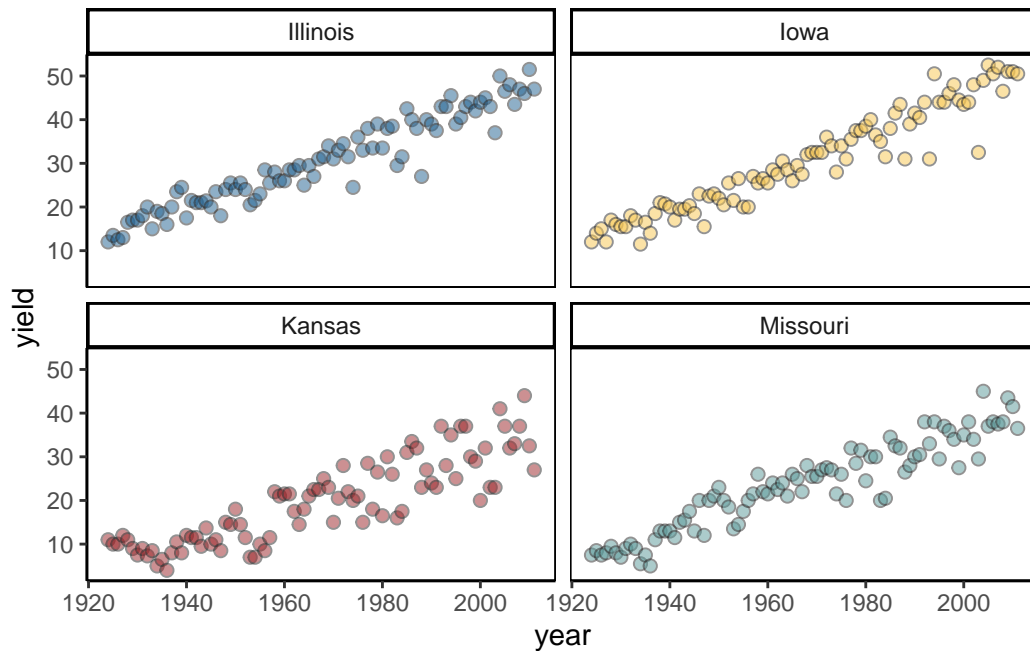
```
p1 <- scatter_plot  
p2 <- histo_02  
p1 + p2 + plot_layout(ncol = 1)
```

8 6. Animated plots

```
static_plot <-
  nass_soybean %>%
  dplyr::filter(state %in% select_states) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = year, y = yield)) +
  geom_point(aes(fill = state,
                  group = seq_along(year)),
             color = "grey15", shape = 21, size = 2, alpha = 0.5)+
  scale_fill_manual(values=my_colors)+
  #scale_color_manual(values=my_colors)+
  facet_wrap(~state)+
  theme_classic()+
  # Add panel border
  theme(legend.position = "none",
        panel.border = element_rect(linetype = "solid", fill = NA))

static_plot
```



```

animated_plot <-
  static_plot+
  transition_reveal(year)

# Render the animation
# gganimate::animate(animated_plot, fps = 20, duration = 4,
#                      width = 400, height = 300,
#                      renderer = gifski_renderer())

# Save
# anim_save(filename = "animated_plot.gif", animation = last_animation())

```

9 Conclusion

This expanded tutorial provides various ggplot2 customization techniques relevant to agricultural research. Experiment with different styling options to enhance the clarity and impact of your visualizations!