

* Disclaimer: I do not guarantee that the following list is complete.

This exam will cover Chapters **15, 16**.

1. Chapter 15.

- (a) Recall that you learned 4 examples of dynamic programming: Fibonacci numbers, Rod Cutting, Matrix chain multiplication, Computing LCS.
- (b) Can you fill out a DP table? For example, can you fill out the DP table for LCS to compute the length of LCS? We can ask this question for each of the four DP problems.
- (c) Bottom up approach vs Top down approach. For example, given a bottom-up DP, can you give a pseudocode of top-down approach using memoization? We saw how to do this for Fibonacci and Rod Cutting.
- (d) For each problem, can you give the recursion?
- (e) Given a recursion, can you give an efficient implementation (pseudocode) of the recursion using DP?
- (f) Can you describe a DP based algorithm? (I'll often just ask you to give an algorithm for computing the optimum, for example, the maximum profit one can get out of a rod of length n). To get full points, you must have the following: 1. DP table entries, 2. Recursion 3. In which order you compute the entries, and 4. What is the optimum.
- (g) Can you construct an optimal solution? For example, outputting a rod cutting to generate the maximum revenue.
- (h) Can you analyze the running time? You must specify 1. the number of DP entries/subproblems, 2. RT for computing each entry 3. RT for computing the optimum.

2. Chapter 16.

- (a) We covered two examples of greedy algorithms. Interval Selection (Activity Selection) and Huffman code.
- (b) There could be many different greedy algorithms. If a greedy algorithm is not optimal, can you find a counter example? (that is, an example for which the algorithm fails to produce an optimal solution).
- (c) We learned a key lemma to prove the optimality of EF for the Interval Selection problem. You should be able to prove it.
- (d) Fixed-length vs. Variable-length code. Prefix (Prefix-free) Code.
- (e) Can you illustrate the execution of the Huffman algorithm?