
You're expected to work on the problems before coming to the lab. Discussion session is not meant to be a lecture. TAs will guide the discussion and correct your solutions if needed. We may not release solutions for all problems. If you're better prepared for discussion, you will learn more. TAs will record names of the students who actively engage in discussion and report them to the instructor. The instructor will factor in participation in final grade.

In the following, you can assume that all elements in the input are distinct.

1. (Basic) Using Figure 7.1 as a model, illustrate the operation of Partition on the array $A = \langle 13, 19, 9, 5, 12, 8, 7, 4, 21, 2 \rangle$.
2. (Basic) Is Quick-Sort an in-place sorting algorithm? How about Merge-sort, Heap-sort, Insertion-sort?
3. (Basic) The running time of Randomized-Quicksort that picks the pivot uniformly at random is always $O(n \log n)$ for any input of size n . True or False?
4. (Basic) The expected running time of Randomized-Quicksort that picks the pivot uniformly at random is $O(n \log n)$ for any input of size n . True or False?
5. (Basic) The running time of (Deterministic) Quicksort is $O(n^2)$. True or False?
6. (Basic) Suppose the input is a random permutation of integers 1 through n . The average-case running time of (Deterministic) Quicksort is $\Theta(n^2)$. True or False?
7. (Basic) Solve $T(n) = T(0.9n) + T(0.1n) + \Theta(n)$. What is your answer? No need to give any explanations. Solve $T(n) = T((2/3)n) + T((1/3)n) + \Theta(n)$. What is your answer?