

Complete the following tasks. You need to show work for full credit. In particular, for integrals, you may use resources like *Wolfram Alpha* to check your answers, but you need to show your work during Math 32 homework and exams. Some answers have been provided.

Assemble your work into one PDF document and upload the PDF back into our CatCourses page.

1. Compute each of the following antiderivatives.

(a) $\int e^{-x/32} dx$

(b) $\int x e^{-x/32} dx$

(c) $\int x^2 e^{-x/32} dx$

2. Using your work from the previous problem, compute each of the following definite integrals.

(a) $\int_0^\infty e^{-x/32} dx$

(b) $\int_0^\infty x e^{-x/32} dx$

(c) $\int_0^\infty x^2 e^{-x/32} dx$

3. **FizzBuzz and the Law of De Morgan** In this setting, the universal set is the set of natural numbers from 1 to 32

$$\{1, 2, 3, 4, \dots, 32\}$$

Let T be the subset of numbers that are divisible by 3 and let F be the subset of numbers that are divisible by 5.

- (a) Write out lists of the elements of each of the following sets: F , T , F^c , T^c
- (b) We will do a “proof by example” of De Morgan’s Law
- Write out lists of the elements of $(F \cup T)^c$
 - Write out lists of the elements of $F^c \cap T^c$
 - Make an observation about the previous two calculations.

4. The function $p(a)$ is defined for all real numbers a as

$$p(a) = \begin{cases} 1/36, & a = 1 \\ 3/36, & a = 2 \\ 5/36, & a = 3 \\ 7/36, & a = 4 \\ 9/36, & a = 5 \\ 11/36, & a = 6 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

- (a) Sketch the graph of the function $p(a)$.
(b) What are the values of $p(-0.5)$, $p(0)$, $p(2)$, $p(3.5)$, and $p(7)$?
5. Consider the function $f(x)$ defined for all real numbers x as

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 3/4, & 0 \leq x \leq 1 \\ 1/8, & 2 \leq x \leq 4 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- (a) Sketch the graph of f .
(b) For each of the following definite integrals, sketch the graph with the correct area under the curve and compute the value.
- i. $\int_0^3 f(x) dx$
ii. $\int_{-\infty}^1 f(x) dx$
iii. $\int_{1.5}^{\infty} f(x) dx$
6. Solve for x

$$\frac{64}{3} = 16 \log_{\sqrt{x}} 64 + 8 \log_{\sqrt{x}} 64 + 4 \log_{\sqrt{x}} 64 + \dots$$

7. If you roll a pair of fair standard six-sided dice, what is the probability that
- (a) the sum is 7;
(b) the larger number is at least 5;
(c) both numbers are at least 5?

Some answers

1.

2. (a) 32

(b) 1024

(c) 65536

3.

4. (a) (graph with 6 dots in a straight line)

(b) $p(-0.5) = 0$, $p(0) = 0$, $p(2) = \frac{3}{36}$, $p(3.5) = 0$, $p(7) = 0$

5. (a) (two horizontal lines)

(b) $\int_0^3 f(x) dx = \frac{7}{8}$, $\int_{-\infty}^1 f(x) dx = \frac{3}{4}$, $\int_{1.5}^{\infty} f(x) dx = \frac{1}{4}$

6. $x = 262144$

7. (a) $6/36$

(b) $20/36$

(c) $4/36$