

TEK5010 Multiagent systems

Lecture 2: Agents, communication and cooperation

Exercise: Decision theory

Question 1

a) Is this a decision-making problem or a problem of strategic interaction? Explain the variables used. What are the requirements for maximizing expected utility?

This is a decision-making problem since:

- 1) Optimization does not take other agents' actions into account
- 2) Environment is static
- 3) One shot/round

Definition of expected utility:

$$\hat{u}(Ag, Env) = \sum_{r \in R(Ag, Env)} u(r)P(r|Ag, Env)$$

Where $\sum P(*) = 1$ makes it a proper density function.

We must decide stakeholders, agents Ag_1 , and Ag_2 , and their corresponding available states e , with utility u and probabilities p of ending up in the different e 's (i.e. over all the possible different runs r).

where

$Env = \langle E, e_0, \tau \rangle$ is the environment

$E = \{e_0, e_1, \dots, e_6\}$ is the set of possible states,

e_0 is the initial state

$\tau \left(e_0 \xrightarrow{\alpha_0} \right) = \{e_1, e_2, e_3\}$ is state transform of action α_0

$\tau \left(e_0 \xrightarrow{\alpha_1} \right) = \{e_4, e_5, e_6\}$ is state transform of action α_1

So, we have two agents; Ag_1 uses action α_0 and Ag_2 uses action α_1

By example, we have probability of ending up in another state

$$P\left(e_0 \xrightarrow{\alpha_0} e_1 \middle| Ag_1, Env\right) = 0.3$$

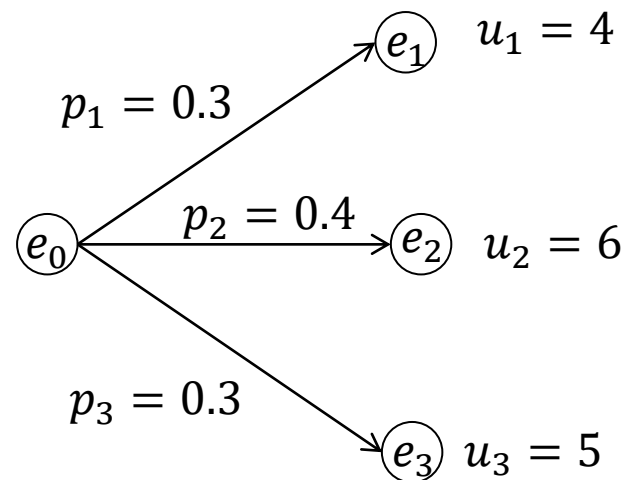
The corresponding utility of ending up in that state is, by example

$$u\left(e_0 \xrightarrow{\alpha_0} e_1\right) = 4$$

b) Given these definitions, determine the expected utility of agents Ag_1 and Ag_2 with respect to Env and u , and explain which agent is optimal with respect to Env and u .

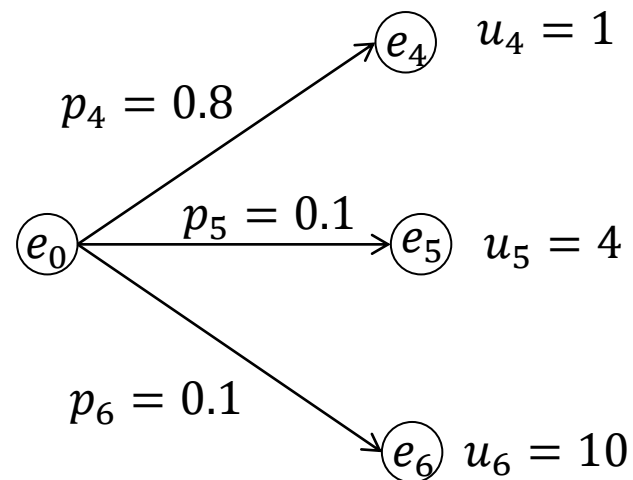
We need to calculate the expected utility of both agents using their actions.

Ag_1 :



$$\begin{aligned}\hat{u}(Ag_1) &= E(u) = p_1 u_1 + p_2 u_2 + p_3 u_3 \\ &= 0.3 \cdot 4 + 0.4 \cdot 6 + 0.3 \cdot 5 = 5.1\end{aligned}$$

Ag_2 :



$$\begin{aligned}\hat{u}(Ag_2) &= E(u) = p_4 u_4 + p_5 u_5 + p_6 u_6 \\ &= 0.8 \cdot 1 + 0.1 \cdot 4 + 0.1 \cdot 10 = 2.2\end{aligned}$$

$\Rightarrow Ag_1$ using action α_0 is optimal in this environment since expected utility is higher for this agent than for agent 2

$$\hat{u}(Ag_1, Env) > \hat{u}(Ag_2, Env)$$