## ANASEPT® ANTIMICROBIAL SKIN AND WOUND GEL

The clear, safe and most effective choice for skin and wound antisepsis™

Kills all bacteria, fungi, viruses and spores without harming healthy tissue



## product description: Anasept Antimicrobial Skin and Wound Gel is an

Anasept Antimicrobial Skin and Wound Gel is an extremely safe topical hydrogel with exceptionally rapid broad spectrum bactericidal, including the antibiotic resistant strains CRE, MRSA & VRE, fungicidal, virucidal and sporicidal properties through the action of sodium hypochlorite. There is no known microbial resistance to Anasept Antimicrobial Skin & Wound Gel.

Anasept Antimicrobial Skin and Wound Gel is pure, completely colorless, isotonic, non-cytotoxic, tissue compatible viscous hydrogel. Anasept Antimicrobial Skin & Wound Gel has a 2 year shelf-life when stored at normal room temperature up to 25° C (77° F).

## time kill studies:

Extremely high concentrations of pathogenic microorganisms were exposed to Anasept Antimicrobial Skin and Wound Gel over the course of precisely timed intervals in the presence of an interfering substance that simulates the organic load conditions of the wound environment and is know to inhibit the action of antimicrobial agents. Anasept Antimicrobial Skin and Wound Gel proved 100% effective against all pathogenic micro-organisms tested within the first ten minutes of application except for Acinetobacter baumannii where it was shown to be 99.998% effective in the same test period (see tables).

# anasep<sup>®</sup>

## indications for use:

Anasept Gel is intended for OTC use for management of skin abrasions, minor irritations, lacerations, cuts, exit sites and intact skin.

Anasept Gel is
or OTC use for
Skin abrasions,
cerations, cuts,
and intact skin.

Professional Use: Anasept
Gel is intended to be used
under the
supervision of a healthcare
professional in the management
of wounds such as stage I-IV
pressure ulcers, partial & full
thickness wounds, diabetic foot &
leg ulcers, post surgical wounds, first
& second degree burns, grafted &
donor sites.

\*J. Lindfors. A Comparison of an Antimicrobial Wound Cleanser to Normal Saline in Reduction of Bioburden and its Effect on Wound Healing. Ostomy / Wound Management 2004; 50 (8): 28-41.

Website: www.anacapa-tech.net

## KILLS MRSA & VRE IN 60 SECONDS

micro-organisms.

## 24 hour challenge test:

Anasept Antimicrobial Skin and Wound Gel was subjected to a high concentration of pathogenic micro-organisms (amount known to cause infection) in the presence of an interfering substance that simulates the organic load of the wound and is known to inactivate the antimicrobial agents. The duration of antimicrobial effectiveness of Anasept Antimicrobial Skin and Wound Gel was determined in a re-challenge of the original test sample with a high concentration of freshly prepared micro-organisms after 24 hours of initial exposure to pathogenic

**Sustained duration** 

of action:

Anasept Antimicrobial Skin and Wound Gel was shown to maintain microbiocidal activity even after 24 hours and repeated exposure to pathogenic micro-organisms in the simulated wound environment. The gel reduced all pathogenic test organisms by more than 99% within the first fifteen minutes of repeated exposure.

#### TIME KILL STUDIES

Test Organisms: Table of Antimicrobial Activity

| Pathogenic Bacteria:                              | Initial Organism Exposure Time/% Kill |         |         |          |         |
|---|---------------------------------------|---------|---------|----------|---------|
|   | Count                                 | I min.  | 3 min.  | 5 min.   | I0 min. |
| Acinetobacter baumannii                           | 107                                   | 99.722% | 99.977% | 99.996%  | 99.998% |
| Carbapenem Resistant E. coli (CRE)                | 106                                   | 99.999% | 99.999% | 99.999%  | 99.999% |
| Clostridium difficile                             | 105                                   | 100%    | 100%    | 100%     | 100%    |
| Escherichia coli                                  | 107                                   | 99.25%  | 99.986% | 99.9995% | 100%    |
| Methicillin Resistant Staphylococcus aureus (MRSA | ) I 0 <sup>7</sup>                    | 100%    | 100%    | 100%     | 100%    |
| Proteus mirabilis                                 | 107                                   | 99.888% | 99.998% | 99.9998% | 100%    |
| Pseudomonas aeruginosa                            | 107                                   | 99.996% | 100%    | 100%     | 100%    |
| Serratia marcescens                               | 107                                   | 100%    | 100%    | 100%     | 100%    |
| Staphylococcus aureus                             | I 0 <sup>7</sup>                      | 100%    | 100%    | 100%     | 100%    |
| Vancomycin Resistant Enterococcus faecalis (VRE)  | 107                                   | 100%    | 100%    | 100%     | 100%    |
| Pathogenic Fungi:                                 |                                       |         |         |          |         |
| Aspergillus niger                                 | 106                                   | 100%    | 100%    | 100%     | 100%    |
| Candida albicans                                  | 106                                   | 100%    | 100%    | 100%     | 100%    |

TIME KILL STUDIES

Test Organism: Table of Sporicidal Activity

| Test Organism                 | Initial Microrganism Count/ML | Exposure<br>Time | Percent<br>Reduction | Log<br>Reduction |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| Clostridium difficile - spore | 106                           | 15 minutes       | 99.986%              | >4.0             |



TIME KILL STUDIES - 24 HOUR CHALLENGE:

Test Organisms: Table of Antimicrobial Activity

| Pathogenic Bacteria:                               | Initial Organism Ct. /   | Exposure t           | time after re | e-challenge |
|--|--------------------------|----------------------|---------------|-------------|
|  | Re-challenge Organism Ct | at 24 hours / % Kill |               |             |
|  |                          | 5 min.               | 10 min.       | 15 min.     |
| Acinetobacter baumannii                            | 107 / 107                | 13.64%               | 85.25%        | 99.25%      |
| Escherichia coli                                   | 107 / 107                | 71.25%               | 96.63%        | 99.49%      |
| Methicillin Resistant Staphylococcus aureus (MRSA) | 107 / 107                | 95.69%               | 99.38%        | 99.78%      |
| Proteus mirabilis                                  | 107 / 107                | 67.14%               | 97.71%        | 99.74%      |
| Pseudomonas aeruginosa                             | 107 / 107                | 84.35%               | 98%           | 99.88%      |
| Serratia marcescens                                | 107 / 107                | 96%                  | 99.36%        | 99.94%      |
| Staphylococcus aureus                              | 107 / 107                | 95.91%               | 96.45%        | 99.16%      |
| Vancomycin Resistant Enterococcus faecalis (VRE)   | 107 / 107                | 92.8%                | 96.9%         | 99.61%      |
| Pathogenic Fungi:                                  |                          |                      |               |             |
| Candida albicans                                   | 106 / 106                | 98.89%               | 99.99%        | 99.9996%    |
| Mix of all above including Candida albicans        | 107 / 107                | 88.75%               | 97.31%        | 99.8%       |

safety

Anasept® Antimicrobial Skin and Wound
Gel has been subjected to rigorous safety and
toxicological evaluations to comply with FDA
regulations at an independent FDA registered testing
facility and shown to meet all criteria for safe use.

- Modified Skin Irritation Study(FSHA method 7 day exposure with repeated insult to intact and abraded skin)
- Cytotoxicity (USP method)
- Systemic Toxicity (USP method)
- ISO Sensitization Study.
- ISO Vaginal Irritation Study

  Test reports available upon written request

clinically tested:
Anasept® Antimicrobial Skin & Wound Cleanser,

Anasept® Antimicrobial Skin & Wound Cleanser the liquid version of Anasept Antimicrobial Skin & Wound Gel is clinically proven to reduce wound bioburden levels and improve the rate of healing.\*



Anasept® is also available as Anasept Antimicrobial Skin & Wound Cleanser in a wide-variety of dispensers specifically designed for skin & wound cleansing applications. Anasept Antimicrobial Skin & Wound Cleanser has all the same powerful broad spectrum antimicrobial and safety features inherent in Anasept Antimicrobial Skin & Wound Gel.

Anasept® is a registered trademark of Anacapa Technologies, Inc.

Anasept products are manufactured in the USA.

EXTERNAL USE ONLY.
NOT FOR OPTHALMIC USE.

latex FREE



#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE:**

#### Wound Care:

- I) Debride wound, if necessary or cleanse wound with a wound cleanser such as Anasept® Antimicrobial Skin and Wound Cleanser.
  - 2) Apply a generous amount (1/4 " to 1/2 "thick) of Anasept Antimicrobial Skin and Wound Gel to entire wound bed, including areas of undermining.
    - 3) Apply a thin coating to peri-wound skin area and allow to dry.
    - 4) Cover with appropriate wound dressing or covering (avoid silver and other wound dressings containing heavy metals).
  - 5) Change dressing once a day. Maintain a moist wound environment between dressing changes.

NOTE: Anasept products contain sodium chloride which is not compatible with wound care products that contain silver.

Silver in the presence of sodium chloride will be converted to insoluble silver chloride and become inactive.

#### Indwelling Vascular Catheters:

- I) Apply sufficient quantity of Anasept Antimicrobial Skin & Wound Gel to completely cover skin area around the indwelling vascular catheter.
- 2) Cover with appropriate site dressing.

#### Ostomy

- I) Apply a thin coating of Anasept Antimicrobial Skin & Wound Gel to peri-stomal area.
- 2) Allow to dry.
- 3) Apply Ostomy appliance.

#### Skin Care:

- 1) Cleanse affected area with appropriate skin cleanser.
- 2) Allow to dry.
- 3) Apply a thin coating of Anasept Antimicrobial Skin & Wound Gel.
- 4) Reapply as necessary.

### **Ordering Information**

Anasept® Antimicrobial Skin and Wound Gel

| Catalog No. | NDC Number   | Size | Case Quantity |
|-------------|--------------|------|---------------|
| 5003G       | 67180-500-03 | 3oz  | 12            |

Medicare Reimbursement Code: HCPCS #A6248

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