

# Security Guide for VMware MCP Server

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This document outlines security best practices and hardening procedures for the VMware MCP Server in production environments.

## Authentication and Authorization

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### VMware Authentication

#### 1. Use Service Accounts

```
bash
# Create dedicated service account in vCenter
# Grant minimal required permissions
# Use strong, unique passwords
```

#### 2. Certificate-Based Authentication

```
bash
# Enable certificate authentication
export VMWARE_VERIFY_SSL=true
# Use proper CA-signed certificates
```

#### 3. Role-Based Access Control (RBAC)

```
```bash
# Enable RBAC in configuration
export ENABLE_RBAC=true

# Define custom roles with minimal privileges
# Map users to appropriate roles
```
```

## API Security

#### 1. JWT Token Security

```
```bash
# Use strong secret key (256-bit minimum)
export SECRET_KEY=$(openssl rand -base64 32)

# Set appropriate token expiration
export JWT_EXPIRE_MINUTES=30
```
```

#### 1. HTTPS/TLS Configuration

```
bash
# Use TLS 1.2+ only
# Implement proper certificate management
# Enable HSTS headers
```

# Network Security

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## Firewall Configuration

```
# Allow only necessary ports
# VMware MCP Server
iptables -A INPUT -p tcp --dport 8080 -j ACCEPT

# VMware vCenter (HTTPS)
iptables -A OUTPUT -p tcp --dport 443 -j ACCEPT

# Ollama (if enabled)
iptables -A OUTPUT -p tcp --dport 11434 -j ACCEPT

# n8n (if enabled)
iptables -A OUTPUT -p tcp --dport 5678 -j ACCEPT

# Block all other traffic
iptables -P INPUT DROP
iptables -P FORWARD DROP
```

## Network Segmentation

### 1. DMZ Deployment

- Deploy MCP server in DMZ
- Restrict access to management networks only
- Use jump hosts for administrative access

### 2. VPN Access

- Require VPN for all administrative access
- Implement multi-factor authentication
- Use certificate-based VPN authentication

## Data Protection

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### Encryption

#### 1. Data at Rest

```
```bash
# Encrypt configuration files
gpg --cipher-algo AES256 --compress-algo 1 --symmetric config/.env

# Use encrypted storage for logs
# Implement database encryption if using external DB
```
```

#### 1. Data in Transit

```
bash
# All communications must use TLS
# Implement certificate pinning
# Use mutual TLS where possible
```

## Secrets Management

### 1. Environment Variables

```
bash
```

```
# Never hardcode secrets in code
# Use secure secret management systems
# Rotate secrets regularly
```

## 2. HashiCorp Vault Integration

```
```bash
# Example Vault integration
export VAULT_ADDR="https://vault.example.com"
export VAULT_TOKEN="$(vault auth -method=ldap username=admin)"

# Retrieve secrets from Vault
VMWARE_PASSWORD=$(vault kv get -field=password secret/vmware/vcenter)
```
```

# Logging and Monitoring

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## Audit Logging

### 1. Enable Comprehensive Logging

```
bash
export ENABLE_AUDIT_LOG=true
export LOG_LEVEL=INFO
export LOG_FORMAT=json
```

### 2. Log Forwarding

```
bash
# Forward logs to SIEM
# Configure log retention policies
# Implement log integrity checking
```

## Security Monitoring

### 1. Failed Authentication Monitoring

```
bash
# Monitor for brute force attacks
# Implement account lockout policies
# Alert on suspicious activities
```

### 2. Performance Monitoring

```
bash
# Monitor for DoS attacks
# Implement rate limiting
# Set up resource usage alerts
```

# Container Security

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## Docker Hardening

### 1. Base Image Security

```
```dockerfile
# Use minimal base images
FROM python:3.11-slim
```

```
# Run as non-root user
RUN useradd -create-home -shell /bin/bash vmware
USER vmware
```

```
# Remove unnecessary packages
RUN apt-get remove -purge -y wget curl
```
```

## 1. Runtime Security

```
bash
# Run with security options
docker run --security-opt=no-new-privileges \
--cap-drop=ALL \
--read-only \
--tmpfs /tmp \
vmware-mcp-server
```

# Kubernetes Security

## 1. Pod Security Standards

```
```yaml
apiVersion: v1
kind: Pod
metadata:
  name: vmware-mcp-server
spec:
  securityContext:
    runAsNonRoot: true
    runAsUser: 1000
    fsGroup: 1000
  containers:
    - name: vmware-mcp-server
      securityContext:
        allowPrivilegeEscalation: false
        readOnlyRootFilesystem: true
        capabilities:
          drop:
            - ALL
```
```

## 2. Network Policies

```
```yaml
apiVersion: networking.k8s.io/v1
kind: NetworkPolicy
metadata:
  name: vmware-mcp-server-netpol
spec:
  podSelector:
  matchLabels:
```

```
app: vmware-mcp-server
policyTypes:
```

- Ingress
- Egress
- ingress:
  - from:
  - namespaceSelector:
    - matchLabels:
      - name: management
    - ports:
  - protocol: TCP
    - port: 8080
- ``

## Vulnerability Management

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### Regular Updates

#### 1. Dependency Management

```
```bash
# Regular dependency updates
pip-audit -requirement requirements.txt

# Automated security scanning
safety check -requirement requirements.txt
```
```

#### 1. Base Image Updates

```
```bash
# Regular base image updates
docker pull python:3.11-slim

# Vulnerability scanning
trivy image vmware-mcp-server:latest
```
```

### Security Testing

#### 1. Static Code Analysis

```
```bash
# Security linting
bandit -r src/

# Code quality analysis
sonarqube-scanner
```
```

#### 1. Penetration Testing

```
bash
# Regular penetration testing
# API security testing
# Infrastructure security assessment
```

# Incident Response

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## Preparation

### 1. Incident Response Plan

- Define roles and responsibilities
- Establish communication channels
- Create runbooks for common scenarios

### 2. Backup and Recovery

```
```bash
# Regular configuration backups
tar -czf vmware-mcp-backup-$(date +%Y%m%d).tar.gz config/ data/

# Test recovery procedures
# Document recovery time objectives (RTO)
```
```

## Detection and Response

### 1. Automated Alerting

```
bash
# Configure alerts for:
# - Failed authentication attempts
# - Unusual API usage patterns
# - System resource exhaustion
# - Certificate expiration
```

### 2. Forensic Capabilities

```
bash
# Enable detailed logging
# Preserve log integrity
# Implement log correlation
```

## Compliance

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## Regulatory Requirements

### 1. SOX Compliance

- Implement change management processes
- Maintain audit trails
- Segregate duties

### 2. GDPR Compliance

- Implement data minimization
- Provide data portability
- Enable right to erasure

## Industry Standards

### 1. CIS Controls

- Implement CIS benchmarks
- Regular compliance assessment
- Continuous monitoring

## 2. NIST Framework

- Follow NIST cybersecurity framework
- Implement risk management processes
- Regular security assessments

# Security Checklist

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## Pre-Production

- ☐ Change all default passwords
- ☐ Enable TLS/SSL encryption
- ☐ Configure proper firewall rules
- ☐ Implement RBAC
- ☐ Enable audit logging
- ☐ Configure monitoring and alerting
- ☐ Perform security testing
- ☐ Document security procedures

## Production

- ☐ Regular security updates
- ☐ Monitor security logs
- ☐ Perform regular backups
- ☐ Test incident response procedures
- ☐ Review access permissions
- ☐ Update security documentation
- ☐ Conduct security training
- ☐ Perform compliance audits

## Post-Incident

- ☐ Conduct post-incident review
- ☐ Update security procedures
- ☐ Implement lessons learned
- ☐ Update incident response plan
- ☐ Communicate with stakeholders
- ☐ Document improvements
- ☐ Schedule follow-up assessments

# Contact Information

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For security issues or questions:

- Security Team: security@example.com
- Emergency Contact: +1-555-SECURITY
- Incident Response: incident-response@example.com

# References

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- [VMware Security Hardening Guides](https://docs.vmware.com/en/VMware-vSphere/index.html) (https://docs.vmware.com/en/VMware-vSphere/index.html)
- [OWASP API Security Top 10](https://owasp.org/www-project-api-security/) (https://owasp.org/www-project-api-security/)

- [NIST Cybersecurity Framework](https://www.nist.gov/cyberframework) (<https://www.nist.gov/cyberframework>)
- [CIS Controls](https://www.cisecurity.org/controls/) (<https://www.cisecurity.org/controls/>)