

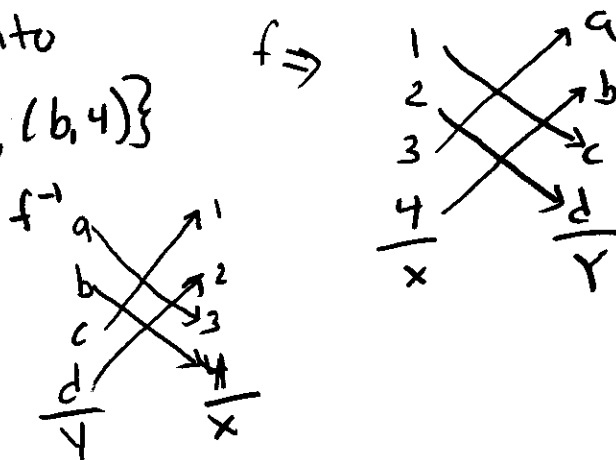
Discrete Math 3.1 Functions
pg 131
Section Review # 1, 4-8 ALL - see back of book

page 132 Exercises #1-15 odd

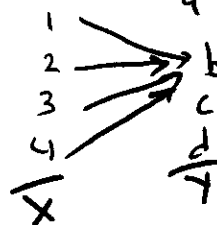
#1 see back of book

(3) It is a function, Domain: $X = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ range $Y = \{a, b, c, d\}$
it is both 1-1 and onto

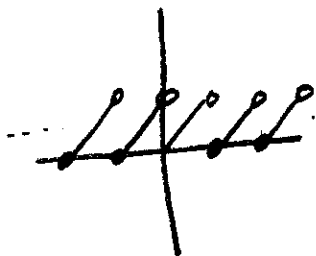
inverse $\{(c, 1), (d, 2), (a, 3), (b, 4)\}$
domain $\{a, b, c, d\}$ range $\{1, 2, 3, 4\}$



(5) It is a function. Domain: $X = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ range: $\{b\}$
It is NOT 1-1 (injective)
it is NOT onto (surjective)



(7) $f(x) = x - L \times J$



(11) $f(x) = n^2 - 1$
since $f(1) = f(-1)$ this function is not 1-1.

since $f(n)^2 = n^2 - 1 \geq -1$
 $\therefore f(n) \neq -2$, f is not onto

(13) see Back of Book

(15) $f(n) = n^3$

if $f(m) = f(n)$, then $m^3 = n^3$ or $m = n$, $\therefore f$ is 1 to 1
 $f(n) = n^3$, there does not exist k such that $f(k) = 5$
 $\therefore f(n) = n^3$ is not onto
integer