



WELCOME TO FRONT-END WEB DEVELOPMENT

Please sit next to a different classmate and write your name on your name tag.

Wi-fi: GA-Guest pw: yellowpencil

How to get a certificate



Complete 80% of the homework





Don't miss more than 3 classes



Complete and present a final project





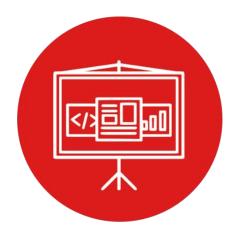
Course dates

Course dates:

- Tuesdays and Thursdays, 6:30pm 9:30pm
- 03/30 to 06/06

Substitute on:

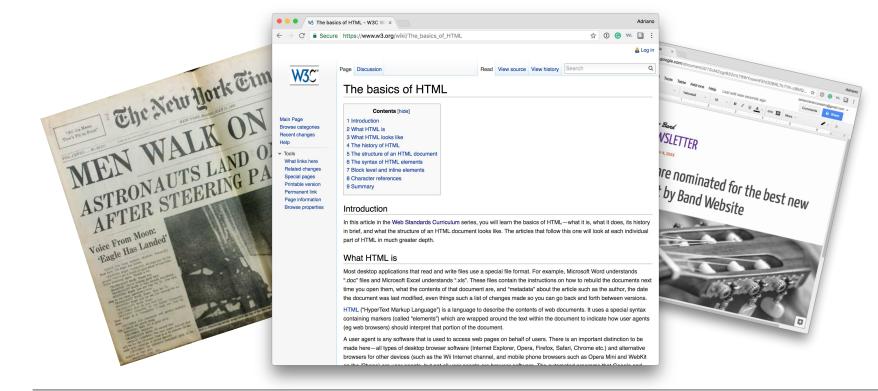
• 04/18 and 04/20



HTML

LESSON 01 HTML BASICS RECAP

Content and structure are king



Enter HTML...

HyperText **Markup** Language

HTML - The **Markup** Language for the Web

HTML is used for:

- Defining structure
- Giving meaning to content

```
1  <title>FEWD - Lesson 1 Recap</title>
2
3  <h1>HTML - The Markup Language for the Web</h1>
4
5  HTML is used for:
6
7  
8   li>Defining Structure
9   Giving meaning to content
0
```

Semantics in HTML

Semantics means
giving content meaning and structure
by using the correct HTML element
regardless of style or appearance

Good semantics improve:

- **accessibility**: help assistive technologies read and interpret your webpage
- **searchability** help computers make sense of your content
- **interoperability** help programmers better understand and maintain the structure of your webpage

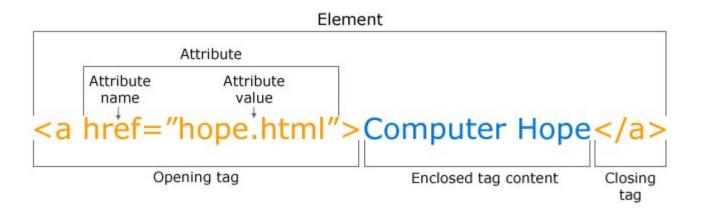
A few semantic elements

- header
- footer
- nav
- section
- article
- h1...h6
- p
- a
- ul/ol li
- blockquote
- img
- video
- audio
- ..

Interesting trivia

The HTML5 working group came up with semantics such as header, footer, nav, section after **Google analyzed 1 billion pages** to see what authors were using to describe their div and other elements

Breakdown of an HTML Tag



Breakdown of an HTML file

The basic HTML skeleton consists of:

- **DOCTYPE** tells the browser the code is HTML
- <html> wraps all the code for the page
- <head> includes metadata about the page like <title>, etc
- **<body>** holds all the content