python_log

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# IPython log file
# citi = cities
units = "imperial"
url = "http://api.openweathermap.org/data/2.5/weather?"
owm.utils.load_config
settings = {"units": units, "APPID": api_key}
query_url = f"{url}appid={api_key}&units={units}&q="
# set up lists to hold reponse info
weather_response = []
cityList = []
citNam = []
lat = []
temp = []
humi = []
eSea = []
eGnd = []
clouds = []
wind = []
code = []
# for citi in cities:
   weather_response = owm.find_city(citi, **settings)
#
   selection = ('id','coord.lat','coord.lon')
   data = weather_response(selection)
    cityList.append(data)
# Loop through the list of cities and perform a request for data on each
# for city in cities:
   response = requests.get(query_url + city).json()
#
    lat.append(response['coord']['lat'])
   temp.append(response['main']['temp'])
#
    cloud.append(response['clouds']['all'])
    wind.append(response['wind']['speed'])
# logger.disabled = True
# logger.disabled = False
# cnt=1
with open('output_data/data.json', 'w', encoding='utf-8') as f:
  get_ipython().run_line_magic('logon', '-o -q')
  for city in cities:
     response = requests.get(query_url + city).json()
     json.dump(response, f, ensure_ascii=False, indent=4)
     response1=response
     try:
       print(f"For the city named {(response1['name'])}, ID Number-{(response1['id'])}: LAT={(response1['coord']['lat'])} WIND:
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python log
       response1=∏
       citNam.append(response['name']) #and citNam.append(cnt)
       code.append(response['id'])
       lat.append(response['coord']['lat'])
       temp.append(response['main']['temp max'])
       humi.append(response['main']['humidity'])
       clouds.append(response['clouds']['all'])
       wind.append(response['wind']['speed'])
       eSea.append(response['main']['sea_level'])
       eGnd.append(response['main']['grnd level'])
     except KeyError:
            print(f"The NAME is NO GOOD")
    print(f"The {code} information received is: {wind}")
    print(f"The latitude information received is: {lat}")
    print(f"The temperature information received is: {temp}")
    print(f"The cloud information received is: {cloud}")
    print(f"The wind information received is: {wind}")
    print(f"The {city} latitude information received is: {lat}")
    print(f"The {city} temperature information received is: {temp}")
    print(f"The {city} cloud information received is: {cloud}")
    print(f"The {city} wind information received is: {wind}")
## loop throught the list of units and append them to cityList list
# for citi in cities:
    query_url = f"{url}appid={api_key}&q={citi}"
    weather response = requests.get(query url)
    response= weather response.json()
    lat.append(response['coord']['lat'])
    temp.append(response['main']['temp'])
    cloud.append(response['clouds']['all'])
    wind.append(response['wind']['speed'])
    cityList.append(weather json)
    for city in cities:
    response = requests.get(query url + city).json()
    selection = ('name','id','coord.lat','coord.lon',"main.temp", 'main.temp max',"main.humidity", "wind.speed",'clouds.all')
print(var dic list())
print(var dic list())
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for I in Is:

print(len(l)) print(var_dic_list()) print(var_dic_list()) dictionary = {} dictionary={

ls=[citNam, code, lat, temp, humi, clouds, wind]

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python_log fig1=plt.scatter(latitude, temperature, marker='.', facecolors="blue", edgecolors="blue")
# Set the upper and lower limits of our y axis
plt.ylim(0,120)
# Set the upper and lower limits of our x axis
plt.xlim(-80,100)
# Create a title, x label, and y label for our chart
plt.title("Max Temperature v Latitude")
plt.xlabel("Latitude")
plt.ylabel("Temperature (Degrees F)")
# Save an image of the chart and print to screen
# NOTE: If your plot shrinks after saving an image,
# update matplotlib to 2.2 or higher,
# or simply run the above cells again.
plt.savefig("output data/temp v Latitude.png")
plt.show()
print(var_dic_list())
print(var dic list())
fig = plt.figure()
fig1=plt.scatter(latitude, humidity, marker=".", facecolors="blue", edgecolors="blue")
# Set the upper and lower limits of our y axis
plt.ylim(0,105)
# Set the upper and lower limits of our x axis
plt.xlim(-80,100)
# Create a title, x label, and y label for our chart
plt.title("Humidity v Latitude")
plt.xlabel("Latitude")
plt.ylabel("Humidity (%)")
# Save an image of the chart and print to screen
# NOTE: If your plot shrinks after saving an image,
# update matplotlib to 2.2 or higher,
# or simply run the above cells again.
plt.savefig("output data/humidity v Latitude.png")
plt.show()
print(var_dic_list())
print(var_dic_list())
fig = plt.figure()
fig1=plt.scatter(latitude, cloudiness, marker=".", facecolors="blue", edgecolors="blue")
# Set the upper and lower limits of our y axis
plt.ylim(-5,105)
# Set the upper and lower limits of our x axis
plt.xlim(-80,100)
# Create a title, x label, and y label for our chart
plt.title("Cloudiness v Latitude")
plt.xlabel("Latitude")
plt.ylabel("Cloudiness (%)")
# Save an image of the chart and print to screen
# NOTE: If your plot shrinks after saving an image,
# update matplotlib to 2.2 or higher,
# or simply run the above cells again.
plt.savefig("output data/cloudiness v Latitude.png")
plt.show()
print(var_dic_list())
print(var_dic_list())
fig = plt.figure()
fig1=plt.scatter(latitude, wind_speed, marker=".", facecolors="blue", edgecolors="blue")
# Set the upper and lower limits of our years Page 3
# Set the upper and lower limits of our y axis
plt.ylim(0,40)
# Set the upper and lower limits of our x axis
plt.xlim(-80,100)
# Create a title, x label, and y label for our chart
plt.title("Wind Speed v Latitude")
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se1['clouds']['all'])}")