Graph-Based Topic Ranking for Keyphrase Extraction

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Problem statement

Keyphrases

- Word or multi-word expressions
- Overview of a document's content

Applications

- Document indexing
- Document clustering
- Text summarization

- Query expansion
- Targeted advertising
- etc.

Lack of annotated documents

Many documents have no associated keyphrases.

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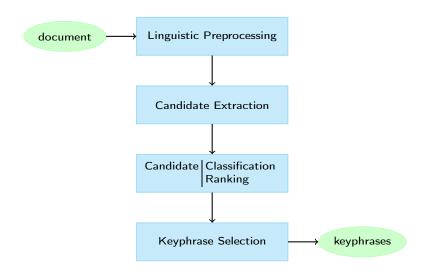
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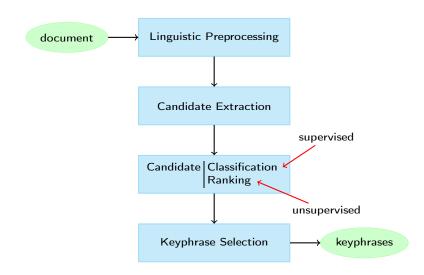
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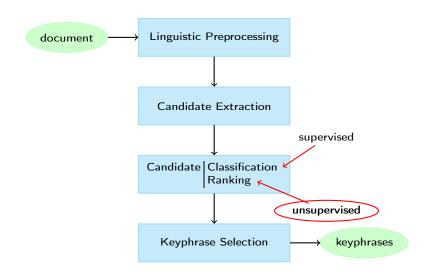
Automatic keyphrase extraction



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Automatic keyphrase extraction



Example

Project Euclid and the role of research libraries in scholarly publishing

Project Euclid, a joint electronic journal publishing initiative of Cornell University Library and Duke University Press is discussed in the broader contexts of the changing patterns of scholarly communication and the publishing scene of mathematics. Specific aspects of the project such as partnerships and the creation of an economic model are presented as well as what it takes to be a publisher. Libraries have gained important and relevant experience through the creation and management of digital libraries, but they need to develop further skills if they want to adopt a new role in the life cycle of scholarly communication.

Unsupervised methods

Mostly ranking technics using:

- language models
- clusters
- or graphs of word co-occurrences
 - weighted with co-occurrence number or semantic measure
 - refined with similar documents
 - biased with topic probabilities

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(Tomokiyo and Hurst, 2003)

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(Liu et al., 2009)

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(Mihalcea and Tarau, 2004, TextRank)

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(Wan and Xiao, 2008; Tsatsaronis et al., 2010)

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Graph-based approach: TextRank

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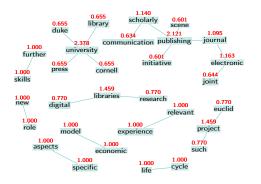


Generated Keyphrase

electronic journal publishing scholarly publishing libraries university project economic relevant

PageRank's "voting" concept

Graph-based approach: TextRank

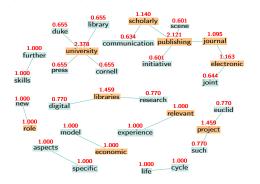


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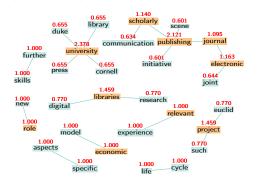


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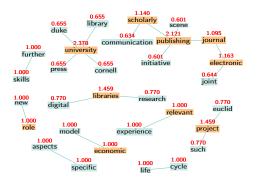


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Limitations

- Word nodes
- Co-occurence window
- Several nodes for one topic

This Work

Limitations of previous work

- Word nodes
- Co-occurence window
- Several nodes for one topic

Proposal

- Topic nodes
- Complete graph construction

This Work

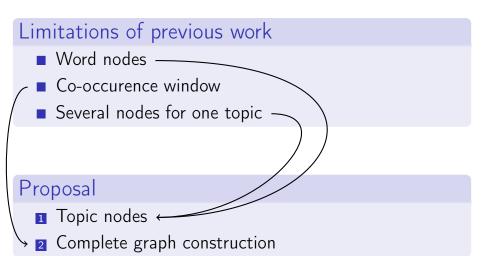
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Plan

TopicRank

Evaluation

Conclusion and Future Work

Plan

TopicRank

2 Evaluation

3 Conclusion and Future Work

- Candidate extraction
- Candidate clustering
- **3** Graph construction
- 4 Topic ranking
- Keyphrase selection

Project Euclid and the role of research libraries in scholarly publishing

Project Euclid, a joint electronic journal publishing initiative of Cornell University Library and Duke University Press is discussed in the broader contexts of the changing patterns of scholarly communication and the publishing scene of mathematics. Specific aspects of the project such as partnerships and the creation of an economic model are presented as well as what it takes to be a publisher. Libraries have gained important and relevant experience through the creation and management of digital libraries, but they need to develop further skills if they want to adopt a new role in the life cycle of scholarly communication.

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- \Rightarrow (NOUN|ADJ)+
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no linguistiç knowledge

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- Candidate clustering
- ⇒ Hierarchical clustering
 - **Graph construction**
 - 4 Topic ranking
 - Keyphrase selection

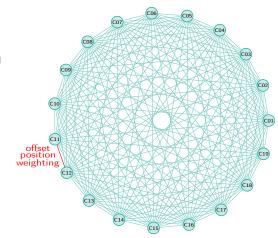
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C03	1 0 . 11
	publisher
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C16	creation
C17	life cycle
C18	patterns
C19	management

naive topic similarity

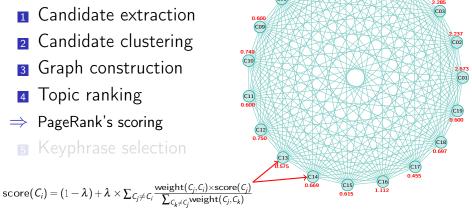
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- Candidate clustering
- 3 Graph construction
- ⇒ Complete graph
 - 4 Topic ranking
 - 5 Keyphrase selection



- Candidate extraction
- Candidate clustering
- Graph construction
- Topic ranking
- ⇒ PageRank's scoring



0.612

1.451

- Candidate extraction
- Candidate clustering
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- **5** Keyphrase selection
- ⇒ First appearing one

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Plan

TopicRank

Evaluation

3 Conclusion and Future Work

Datasets

Two English datasets:

- Inspec contains 500 abstracts of journal papers
 - ▶ 136.3 tokens/document
- SemEval (2010) contains 100 scientific papers
 - ▶ 5179.6 tokens/document

- WikiNews contains 100 news articles
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Baselines

- TF-IDF weighting
- TextRank
 - ▶ Word co-occurrence graph with a window of 2
 - ▶ Keyphrase generation based on keywords (10-bests)
- SingleRank
 - ▶ Word co-occurrence graph with a window of 10
 - ► Candidate keyphrases scored by their words' score (sum)

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Measures

- Cut-off at 10 keyphrases
- F-score ⇒ compromise between precision and recall

$$\textit{f-score} = (1+\beta^2) \times \frac{\mathsf{precision} \times \mathsf{recall}}{(\beta^2 \times \mathit{precision}) + \mathit{recall}}$$

$$\beta = 1$$

- Problem of dealing with gold standard
- ⇒ Stemmed form comparisons

Main results

Method	Inspec	SemEval	WikiNews	DEFT
TF-IDF	33.4	10.5	34.3	13.2
TextRank	12.7	5.6	8.6	5.7
SingleRank	35.2	3.7	19.7	5.9
TopicRank	27.9	12.1	35.6	15.1

- Improvement over TF-IDF
- Significant improvement over graph-based methods
- Performance loss on Inspec

Individual contributions

Method	Inspec	SemEval	WikiNews	DEFT
SingleRank	35.2	3.7	19.7	5.9
+phrases	22.1	8.0	28.9	13.5
+topics	26.8	11.9	31.4	14.8
+complete	35.5	4.4	20.3	5.8
TopicRank	27.9	12.1	35.6	15.1

- Nodes: Topics > candidates > words
- Complete graph > co-occurrence graph
- Contribution improve performances
- The above statements are false on Inspec

Keyphrase selection

Keyphrase selection	Inspec	SemEval	WikiNews	DEFT
First position	27.9	12.1	35.6	15.1
Frequency	26.8	1.4	26.2	2.5
Centroid	24.7	1.5	28.5	3.4
Upper bound	35.6	30.3	42.9	19.3

■ Still room for improvement

Plan

TopicRank

2 Evaluation

3 Conclusion and Future Work

Conclusion and Future Work

What we have done:

- Proposed TopicRank
- Topic ranking instead of word ranking
- Complete graph
- Experiments conducted of four standard datasets
- Good results
- Promising upper bound results

Still to do

- Experiment various topic identifications
- Provide a keyphrase selection strategy getting closer to the upper bound

Conclusion and Future Work

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Thank you

Candidate Extraction

- Focusing on nouns and adjectives is "enough" for English
- Prepositions and determiners should also be considered for French

Statistic	Corpus		
	SemEval	DEFT	
Containing nouns	95.9%	79.3%	
Containing proper nouns	5.8%	16.8%	
Containing adjectives	40.5%	28.8%	
Containing verbs	3.4%	0.5%	
Containing adverbs	0.6%	0.5%	
Containing prepositions	1.2%	12.7%	
Containing determiners	0.0%	8.1%	
Containing others	2.1%	5.8%	

Candidate Clustering

The hierarchical clustering is an iterative algorithm:

- Initial state: candidates keyphrases are clusters
- Clusters with the highest similarity are merged together
- Clusters similarity is the average similarity between their candidates c_i:

$$\mathsf{similarity}(c_1,c_2) = \frac{||\mathsf{stem}(c_1) \cap \mathsf{stem}(c_2)||}{||\mathsf{stem}(c_1) \cup \mathsf{stem}(c_2)||}$$

■ A similarity threshold is set to 0.25

Graph Construction

- Nodes are topics
- Every nodes are connected to each other
- Connections between topics are weighted by the semantic strength between them
- Topics appearing close to each other have a high semantic strength:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{weight}(t_i, t_j) &= \sum_{c_i \in t_i} \sum_{c_j \in t_j} \mathsf{dist}(c_i, c_j) \\ \mathsf{dist}(c_i, c_j) &= \sum_{p_i \in \mathsf{pos}(c_i)} \sum_{p_j \in \mathsf{pos}(c_j)} \frac{1}{|p_i - p_j|} \end{aligned}$$

Backups Graph Construction

	Inspec	SemEval	WikiNews	DEFT
clusters/documents	20.9	272.4	52.4	546.5

Topic Ranking

PageRank's "voting" concept

High-scoring topics contribute more to the score of their connected topics.

$$score(C_i) = (1 - \lambda) + \lambda \times \sum_{C_j \neq C_i} \frac{weight(C_i, C_j) \times score(C_j)}{\sum_{C_k \neq C_j} weight(C_j, C_k)}$$

$$\lambda = 0.85$$

Main Results

Method	Inspec			SemEval			W	'ikiNe	ws	DEFT			
	Р	R	F	Р	R	F	Р	R	F	Р	R	F	
TF-IDF	32.7	38.6	33.4	13.2	8.9	10.5	33.9	35.9	34.3	10.3	19.1	13.2	
TextRank	14.2	12.5	12.7	7.9	4.5	5.6	9.3	8.3	8.6	4.9	7.1	5.7	
SingleRank	34.8	40.4	35.2	4.6	3.2	3.7	19.4	20.7	19.7	4.5	9.0	5.9	
TopicRank	27.6	31.5	27.9	14.9	10.3	12.1	35.0	37.5	35.6	11.7	21.7	15.1	

Contributions Evaluation

Method	Inspec			S	SemEval			/ikiNe	ws	DEFT			
	Р	R	F	Р	R	F	Р	R	F	Р	R	F	
SingleRank	34.8	40.4	35.2	4.6	3.2	3.7	19.4	20.7	19.7	4.5	9.0	5.9	
+phrases +topics +complete	26.6	30.2	26.8	14.7	10.2	11.9	31.0	32.8	31.4			13.5 14.8 5.8	
TopicRank	27.6	31.5	27.9	14.9	10.3	12.1	35.0	37.5	35.6	11.7	21.7	15.1	

Keyphrase Selection Evaluation

Keyphrase selection	Inspec			SemEval			WikiNews			DEFT		
	Р	R	F	Р	R	F	Р	R	F	Р	R	F
First position	27.6	31.5	27.9	14.9	10.3	12.1	35.0	37.5	35.6	11.7	21.7	15.1
Frequency	26.7	30.2	26.8	1.7	1.2	1.4	25.7	27.6	26.2	1.9	3.8	2.5
Centroid	24.5	28.0	24.7	1.9	1.2	1.5	28.1	29.9	28.5	2.6	5.0	3.4
Upper bound	36.4	39.0	35.6	37.6	25.8	30.3	42.5	44.8	42.9	14.9	28.0	19.3

Zhiyuan Liu, Peng Li, Yabin Zheng, and Maosong Sun.
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