Name:	
Haine.	

UniversalDispatchR

Showcase of exercises

This document showcases and documents all the exercises generated by ${\tt UniversalDispatchR}.$

Markdown syntax can be used in the .csv files themselves.

- ~~shine~~ → shine
- *shine* → shine
- **shine** → shine

Homemade syntax makes it possible to have IPA transcriptions or underlined words:

- /shine/ \rightarrow / \int am/
- [SaIn] $\rightarrow \int am$
- _shine_ → shine

1. Vocabulary

1.1 No box

	Reference file: pdfdata/9	900-vocabulary-demo.csv
1. le premier plan		4. un indice
2. <u>duper</u>		5. tenir tête, résister
3. un client		
2 No header		
	Reference file: pdfdata/9	900-vocabulary-demo.csv
• a customer	• a clue • to deceive	• to stand up to • the /'fo:graund/
1. le premier plan		4. un indice
2. <u>duper</u>		5. tenir tête, résister
3. un client		
3 Box in filename		
	Reference file: pdfdata/90	2-vocabularybox-demo.csv
• a clue • a	an exhibition • to set out	• a heap • /to rule / • to deliver
• to dec	eive • the /'forgraund/	• to stand up to • a customer
1. une exposition		6. le premier plan
2. duper		7. livrer, donner
3. un client		8. rendre une décision
4. un indice		9. un tas
5. tenir tête, <u>résister</u>		10. partir

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2. Translations

Reference file: pdfdata/903-translation-demo.csv

1.	Pourquoi devrions-nous l'écouter ?
2.	Elle <u>regarde</u> le profil du nouveau PDG sur les réseaux sociaux.
3.	Si les <u>syndicats</u> étaient parvenus à un accord, les salaires auraient été augmentés.
4.	Dans quelle mesure la situation a-t-elle changé depuis cet été ?
5.	Il se pourrait que le rédacteur ait été réticent à conclure le marché.

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3. Definitions

• a stance

Reference file: pdfdata/904-definitions-demo.csv

• to scour

• an antagonist

• a decade

• an inconvenience

		• th	roughout	• hitherto	• evidence	 underwhelming 	• a thrill	
1.	a st	tate of proble	ems or troub	le, often causir	ng a delay or los	s of comfort		
2.	not	causing <u>son</u>	neone to fee	l any excitemer	nt or admiration			
3.	a po	eriod of ten y	rears					
4.	a p	erson who is	strongly opp	oosed to some	thing or someor	ne		
5.	in e	very part, or	during the w	hole period of	time			
6.	a w	ay of thinkin	g about som	nething, especia	ally expressed in	a publicly stated opini	ion	
7.	to s	search a plac	e or thing ve	ery carefully in c	order to try to fin	d something		
8.	one	e or more rea	sons for beli	ieving that som	nething is or is n	ot true		
9.	unt	il now or unti	l a particula	r time				
10.	a fe	eeling of extre	eme excitem	nent, usually ca	used by someth	ing pleasant		

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4. Duolingo

Reference file: pdfdata/905-duolingo-demo.csv

1. Pourquoi devrions-nous l'écouter?



2. Elle regarde le profil du nouveau PDG sur les réseaux sociaux.



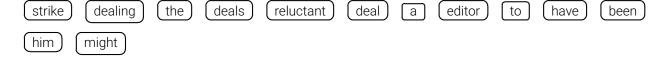
3. Si les syndicats étaient parvenus à un accord, les salaires auraient été augmentés.



4. Dans quelle mesure la situation a-t-elle changé depuis cet été?



5. Il se pourrait que le rédacteur ait été réticent à conclure le marché.



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5. Drag And Drop

5.1 With box

Reference file: pdfdata/906-draganddropwithbox-demo.csv

• casualty	• identical	• rı	unning	• der	mocrats	• according to
	• matters	• in	• where	as	• confide	nce

ASIDE FROM public schools, another covid and culture-war (1.)
institution had a steeper fall in public (2) in 2021 than the medica
establishment, (3.) Gallup, a pollster. In 2022 this downward trend
continued: only Americans' (4.) in the Supreme Court and the pres-
idency fell faster. And politics is making (5.) worse. The decline is
not new. In 1966 seven (6.) ten Americans said they had great con-
fidence in "the people in charge of (7.) medicine". By 2012 just three
in ten did, (8.) in 2018 public faith in the medical establishment was
nearly (9.) in both camps, by 2021 it had split, rising to 46% among
(10.) and falling to 32% among Republicans.

5.2 Without box

10

Reference file: pdfdata/906b-draganddropnobox-demo.csv

ASIDE FROM p	ublic schools, another covid an	d culture-war	(1.)			, no
institution had	a steeper fall in public (2.)			in 2021 t	han the me	edical
establishment,	(3.)	Gallup, a	pollster.	In 2022 this	downward	trend
continued: only	/ Americans' (4.)		in the	Supreme Cou	rt and the	pres-
idency fell faste	er. And politics is making (5.)			worse.	The decli	ne is
not new. In 1	966 seven (6.)		ten Ameri	icans said the	y had great	con-
fidence in "the	people in charge of (7.)			medicine". By	/ 2012 just	three
in ten did, (8.)		in 2018 publ	ic faith in t	the medical es	stablishment	was
nearly (9.)	in b	oth camps, b	y 2021 it h	nad split, risinç	g to 46% ar	nong
(10.)	and falling to	32% among Re	epublicans.			

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6. Dotfill

Reference file: pdfdata/907-dotfill-demo.csv

1.	What is the sky?
2.	Who she?
3.	Why o why?

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7. Tables

- la largeur des colonnes du rang 1 détermine celle du tableau
- on peut rajouter des en-têtes avec "header"
- options habituelles, simplement indicable dans l'en-tête :
 - "..." → pour des pointillés
 - "//" → pour de l'API
 - italics (*)
 - bold (**)
 - underlined (_)
 - crossed-out (~)

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7.1 Example n°1

Reference file: pdfdata/908-generic-demo.csv

Description	Plate number
Moll is dead, and all of the scavengers are present at her wake. A note on the coffin lid shows that she died aged 23 on 2 September 1731.	
Moll is in Bridewell Prison. She beats hemp for hangman's nooses, while the jailer threatens her and points to the task.	
Moll has gone /from/ kept woman to common prostitute. A magistrate with three armed bailiffs is coming through the door on the right side of the frame to arrest Moll for her activities.	
Moll is now <i>dying</i> of syphilis. Doctors argue over their medical methods, which appear to be a choice of bleeding and cupping. A woman rifles Moll's possessions for what she wishes to take away.	
The protagonist, Moll Hackabout, has arrived in London's Cheapside.	
Moll is now the mistress of a wealthy Jewish merchant. The presence of the servant, the monkey and the mahogany table of tea things all suggest the merchant's wealth has been made in the colonies. She pushes over a table to distract the merchant's attention as a second lover tiptoes out.	

7.2 Example n°2

Reference file: pdfdata/909-generic2-demo.csv

E	Bernie Alessandro Elie	1
В	Lise Tiffany Timothée	2
С	Sindia Sophie	3
D	Kimberly Verena Aïssatou	4
А	Laura Flore Minh Tu	5
F	Aminata Eddine	6
G	Joe Jack	7
D	Kimberly Verena Aïssatou	4
А	Laura Flore Minh Tu	5
F	Aminata Eddine	6
G	Joe Jack	7
Н		8
I	Stabda	10

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8. QCM

B. red

Reference file: pdfdata/910-qcm-demo.csv

D. blue

1. What is the colour of the sky?	
A. blue B. green	C. red D. yellow
2. What is the colour of blood ?	
A. red B. green	C. yellow D. blue
3. What is the colour of grass?	
A. yellow B. red	C. blue D. green
4. What is the colour of the $/san/$?	
A. yellow	C. green

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9. True or false

9.1 No justification

	Reference file: pdfdata/911-truefalse-demo.csv	
1. Is the sky blue?	TRU	UE FALSE
2. Is the /gra:s/ red?	TRU	UE FALSE
3. Is blood yellow?	TRU	UE FALSE
4. Is the <u>sun</u> green?	TRU	UE FALSE
9.2 With justification		
	Reference file: pdfdata/912-truefalse-demo.csv	
1. Is the sky blue?	Reference file: pdfdata/912-truefalse-demo.csv TRU	UE FALSE
1. Is the sky blue?2. Is the /gra:s/ red?		
	TRU	UE FALSE
2. Is the /grass/ red?	TRU	UE FALSE

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10. Exercise Types

You can specify the exercise type by using an optional argument to UniversalDispatcher.

Reference file: pdfdata/901-vocabulary-demo.csv

	• a customer	• a clue	• to deceive	• to stand up to	• the /'forgraund/	
1						
dup	er					
2						
un c	lient					
3						
un <i>ir</i>	ndice					
4. tenir	tête, résister					
5						
le pr	emier plan					

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11. Conjugation

A. has been seeking

B. sought

11.1 QCM

Reference file: pdfdata/913-conjugation1-demo.csv 1. The movement on September 16th, A. have begun C. began B. begins D. were beginning 2. when Mahsa Amini, whom Iran's morality police for wearing her headscarf "improperly", C. don't arrest A. had arrested B. have arrested D. has arrested 3. in their custody. A. died C. is dying B. dies 4. Beyond their remarkable bravery, little for certain about the protesters C. didn't know A. knows B. is known A. throngs C. have thronged B. thronged 6. The worst event a march on September 30th, C. have been A. was B. being 7. in which protesters justice for a girl allegedly raped by a police chief.

C. seeks

D. has sought

8. Police	fire	
A. has opened	C. opened	
B. didn't open		
9. and		
A. are killing B. kills	C. have been killing D. killed	
D. KIIIS	D. Killeu	
10. Since then, the share of protests	recorded as deadly	from 22% to 5%.
A. falls	C. fell	
B. has fallen	D. is falling	
1.2 BV indicated in brackets		
Poforo	nce file: pdfdata/914-conjugation2-demo.csv	
	(begin) on September 16th	
	(arrest) for wea	
roperly", (3.)	(die) in their custody. Beyond their	remarkable bravery, little
)	(know) for certain about the protesters who (5.)	
hrong) Iranian streets in recent	months. The worst event (6)	(be)
march on September 30th, in	which protesters (7.)	(seek) justice
or a girl allegedly raped by a poli	ice chief. Police (8.)	(open) fire and
)	(kill) 97 "marchers and rioters". Since then, the sha	re of protests recorded as
eadly (10.)	(fall) from 22% to 5%.	
1.3 BV in a box		
Defens	Class did at 1015 and in a discount of the control	
кетеге	nce file: pdfdata/915-conjugation3-demo.csv	
• be • fall • s	seek • die • arrest • open • know	v • kill
- 50 - 1411 - 5	·	- 13.11
	• throng • begin	
he movement (1.)	on September 16th, when Mahsa A	mini, whom Iran's morality
olice (2.)	for wearing her headscarf "improperly", (3.)	
- · · (- 		

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	in their custody. Beyond their remarkable bravery, little (4.) for cer-
	tain about the protesters who (5.) Iranian streets in recent months.
5	The worst event (6.) a march on September 30th, in which protesters
	justice for a girl allegedly raped by a police chief. Police (8.)
	fire and (9.)
	as deadly (10.) from 22% to 5%.

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12. Audio match

Students listen to definitions and must write them down. Then they match them with the words in the box.

Reference file: pdfdata/917-audiomatch.csv

• a scale • utility 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6.		• dim	• to mitigate	• to vie for	• to knock stg off	• to forsake
2.				• a scale	• utility	
3.	1					
3.						
4.	2					
5.	3					
6	4					
6						
	5.					
7	6					
	7					

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13. Article

Reference file: pdfdata/919-AmericasVotingAccessReforms.csv

The Economist explains

Oct 24th 2022

How much do America's voting-access reforms affect turnout?

The most divisive laws have the least impact

THE PANDEMIC brought big changes to how Americans vote. States, which administer elections, made it easier to cast ballots by mail, introduced ballot drop-boxes and extended voting deadlines. Turnout in the 2020 election was the highest ever. Then some states rolled back those innovations. Last year an advocacy group tallied 34 laws passed in 19 states that made it harder for Americans to vote—more than in any year since it started counting in 2011. Most were passed by Republican state lawmakers who argue that such restrictions, including tough voter-ID requirements, target rare instances of voter fraud and build confidence in elections. Democrats say the laws are designed to reduce turnout, particularly among minority and younger voters, and thus their party's vote share. Are they right?

Reforms to voting access fall into distinct buckets, with different implications for turnout. Convenience measures, such as postal and early voting, are designed to make it easier to vote at places and times other than at one's assigned precinct on election day. These laws may allow registered voters to vote by mail without needing special justification such as illness (as in 27 states), or to have a postal ballot mailed to them automatically (which eight states do). Yet their effect is modest. Automatically mailing ballots to everyone raised turnout by two percentage points in California, Utah and Washington state, according to a recent study. Neither party gained an advantage. Offering no-excuse postal voting in Texas during the 2020 election appeared to have little effect on turnout or partisan vote share: more people simply switched from in-person to postal voting.

Some convenience reforms have a counterintuitive impact. A study found that early voting can actually decrease turnout when implemented without other measures, such as automatic voter registration. When voting becomes a private, homebound activity, people no longer have the reminder or sense of civic participation that comes with a common election day.

Voter-ID requirements, which determine what people need to prove their identity in order to cast a ballot, incite the most criticism from Democrats. Demands can be simple—a voter's name and address, for instance. Or they can be more onerous: Texas, for example, accepts a concealed-handgun licence but not a student ID from a state university.

Even if ID restrictions are a cynical attempt by Republicans to craft rules that give them an advantage, Democratic anxieties over widespread voter suppression appear unfounded. Such laws have a negligible impact on turnout or the parties' respective vote share, according to a countrywide study published last year. Almost all registered voters who habitually vote have the requisite ID, so the affected population is in fact quite small (one study estimated that 0.5% of registered voters in Texas lacked the ID to comply with the state's strict law).

The fixation on voter-ID laws ignores the reform that would most improve turnout: making it easier to register to vote. Such measures include same-day registration, whereby people can register and vote on election day, and automatic registration in the course of other government business, such as getting a driving licence. A recent study found that automatic re-registration of people who moved within a county in California increased turnout at the 2018 midterm elections by nearly six percentage points. That should cheer anyone keen to expand the franchise.

(547 words)

https://www.economist.com/the-economist-explains/2022/10/24/how-much-do-americas-voting-access-reforms-affect-turnout

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14. Phono

14.1 English to IPA

	Reference file: pdfdata/920-engtoipa.csv	
1. despite	9. platonic	
2. although	10. cherubic	
3. trend	11. Italian	
4. eventual	10 transdian	
5. ominous	12. tragedian	
6. dramatic	13. magician	
7. pathetic	14. draconian	
8. acidic	15. Peruvian	
14.2 IPA to English	Reference file: pdfdata/920-engtoipa.csv	
1. /diˈspart/	9. /pləˈtɒnɪk/	
2. /ɔːlˈðəʊ/	10. /tʃəˈruːbɪk/	
3. /trend/	11. /rˈtæljən/	
4. /ıˈvent∫uəl/	12. /trəˈdʒiːdiən/	
5. /ˈɒmɪnəs/		
6. /drəˈmætɪk/	13. /məˈdʒɪʃən/	
7. /pəˈθetɪk/	14. /drəˈkəʊniən/	
8. /əˈsɪdɪk/	15. /pəˈruːviən/	

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14.3 QCM

10. cherubic

A. /tʃıərvəb'aıək/
B. /tʃɜːˈrvəbaɪk/

Reference file: pdfdata/920-engtoipa.csv

	Reference file: pdfdata/920-engtoipa.csv
1. despite	
A. /dar'spa:t/ B. /'dispait/	C. /dar'spart/ D. /di'spart/
2. although	
A. /ˈɔːlðɔː/ B. /ɔːlˈðəʊ/	C. /pl'ðɔɪ/ D. /:cðlʊe'/
3. trend	
A. /trənd/ B. /tri:nd/	C. /tr3:nd/ D. /trend/
4. eventual	
A. /'rviəntʃuiːl/ B. /ɜː'viːntʃɜːel/	C. /ɪˈventʃuəl/ D. /ˈɪvəntʃɜ : el/
5. ominous	
A. /əʊmaɪənˈəs/ B. /ˈɒmməs/	C. /ˈɔːmines/ D. /əʊmˈaɪənɜːs/
6. dramatic	
A. /dra:mætˈaɪək/ B. /drəˈmaʊtaɪək/	C. /dri:'meətik/ D. /drə'mætık/
7. pathetic	
A. /pɜ:θɜːtˈaɪək/B. /pəˈθetɪk/	C. /ˈpiːθɜːtaɪək/ D. /pəθɪətˈaɪək/
8. acidic	
A. /əˈsɪdɪk/ B. /ˈesɪdɜ ː k/	C. /əˈsɪdɜːk/ D. /ˈiːsaɪdɪk/
9. platonic	
A. /pls:'to:naɪk/ B. /pli:təʊn'ɪk/	C. /pliːˈtəʊnaɪk/ D. /pləˈtɒnɪk/

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C. /tʃəˈruːbɪk/

D. /tʃeˈruːbɪk/

- 11. Italian
 - A. /aɪəˈteəljɪən/
 - B. /aɪətælˈjən/

- C. /ıˈtæljən/
- D. /arˈtaʊljen/

- 12. tragedian
 - A. /ˈtredʒiːdaɪəiːn/
 - B. /trəˈdʒiːdiən/

- C. /triədʒɜːdˈaiəiən/
- D. /ˈtrɜːdʒɪədiiːn/

- 13. magician
 - A. /ˈmiːdʒaɪʃɜːn/
 - B. /mə'd3ıfan/

- C. /ˈmɜːdʒaɪəʃɪən/
- D. $/mie^{i}d3i \int ien/$

- 14. draconian
 - A. /dre'keunien/
 - B. /ˈdrɜːkəʊnɜːɜːn/

- C. /drekons:'i:n/
- D. /driːkəʊnɪˈən/

- 15. Peruvian
 - A. /ps:ruvs:'iən/
 - B. /peruːvaɪəˈiːn/

- C. /'peruvaien/
- D. /pəˈruːviən/

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15. Paragraph matching

This exercise jumbles the rows and generates a fillable column n°2. Usually to match a statement with a paragraph number from an article.

Reference file: pdfdata/921-privateschool-paragraphmatching.csv

Statement	Paragraph n°
In both countries, the path looks clear to structural changes to even out the playing field between state and private schools. Higher wages among privately educated Britons can be explained by other factors than the school itself. Worldwide, 1 in 20 students is educated privately.	
Private education is cheaper in the US than in the UK, but it is rising fast.	
1 in 3 undergraduates in prestigious US universities is privately educated.	
Most US private schools are religious.	
US universities feature a significant share of students from private schools.	
The share of privately educated students in both countries has been the same for quite some time. In the near future, the scales may still be tipped in favour of private schools in the US.	
The number of privately educated students is decreasing worldwide.	
Topical issues in the US benefit private schools.	
The number of privately educated students in the UK and US is not following the world's trend. Oxbridge grants more places to students from state schools than it used to.	
America features a surprisingly wider gap between classes than the UK.	
Top British politicians used to come from the same super-famous public school	
British fees have increased threefold in forty years.	
British students from private schools are twice as likely to win places at Oxbridge than those from state schools. Private education returns higher pays in the UK.	
Paying for US or UK education is still mostly worth it.	
That private education fares better is less a debate in the US than in the UK.	

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16. Dictation

The number of columns indicate the number of blank, dotted lines to write on.

16.1 One column (one line)

		Reference file: pdfdata/922-dictation.csv
1.		
2		
۷.		
3.		
4.		
5.		
6		
0.		
16.2	Two columns (t	wo lines)
		Reference file: pdfdata/922-dictation-TWOCOLUMNS.csv
1.		
2.		
3.		
J.		
4.		

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5.										

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17. Jumbled words

Reference file: pdfdata/923-jumblewords.csv
1. Quel est l'ordre des mots dans une phrase négative ?
Auxiliaire conjugué Sujet Négation Le reste
Quel est l'ordre des mots dans une phrase interrogative ?
Sujet Pronom interrogatif (Optionnel) Le reste Auxiliaire conjugué
18. Transformations
A series of transformations from an original sentence.
One series per row, one dotted line per extra-column.
Reference file: pdfdata/924-transformation-passif2.csv
1. Quelqu'un a oublié une clef USB <u>dans l'atelier</u> .
2. Ils sont en train de réparer la machine <u>dans l'entrepôt</u> .

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3.	Elle écrira un message <u>demain</u> .									
4.	Ils donnent les résultats <u>le mercredi</u> .									
5.	L'entreprise a acheté cette machine <u>l'année dernière</u> .									
6.	La machine éjecte le papier <u>de ce côté</u> .									
7.	Ils enverront la commande <u>demain</u> .									

19. Instructions

Just a way to write instructions. Second column for the number of allocated points.

Répondez aux questions suivantes en entourant la solution qui vous semble convenir. Attention! Les questions ne suivent pas l'ordre de l'enregistrement. Bonne réponse : 10 pts. Aucune réponse : 0pt. Réponse fausse: -5pts.

/100 pts

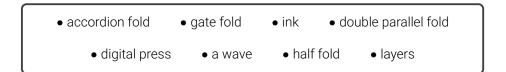
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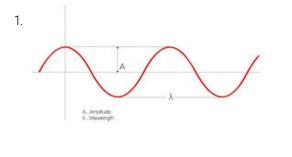
20. Flashcards

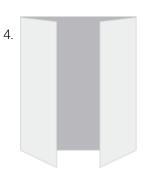
Just point to a directory containing images:

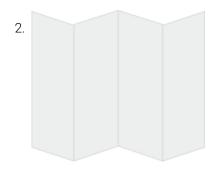
Reference folder: images/

Match the following expressions with the images below:











3.





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