Data Stuctures

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Data Structure(DS)

A data structure is a way of organizing data so that it can be used effectively.

- Essential ingredient to creating.
- Help manage and organize data.
- Make code cleaner and easier to understand.
- Good coders now what data structure fits every given scenario.

Abstract Data Type (ADT)

An **Abstract Data Type** is an abstraction of a data structure which provides only the interface to which a data structure must adhere to.

• Language/implementation non-specific.

Examples:

Abstraction (ADT)	Implementation (DS)
List	Dynamic Array, Linked List
Queue	Linked List based queue, Array based queue, stack based queue
Map	tree Map, Hash Map
Vehicle	Golf Cart, Bike, Smart Car

Dynamic and Static arrays

Static Array

A Static Array is a fixed length container containing n elements indexable from range [0, n-1]

- Contiguous in memory (next to each other).
- Fixed size (cannot grow or shrink in size).

Used in

- Storing sequential data.
- Temporarily storing data.
- Buffers.
- In lookup tables.
- A lot of other places>

Complexity

Action	Static Array	Dynamic Array
Access	O(1)	O(1)
Search	O(n)	O(n)
Insertion	N/A	O(n)
Appending	N/A	O(1)
Deletion	N/A	O(n)

Dynamic Arrays

- Can grow or shink in size
 AKA Arraylists
 Typically implemented using a static array. ** penis