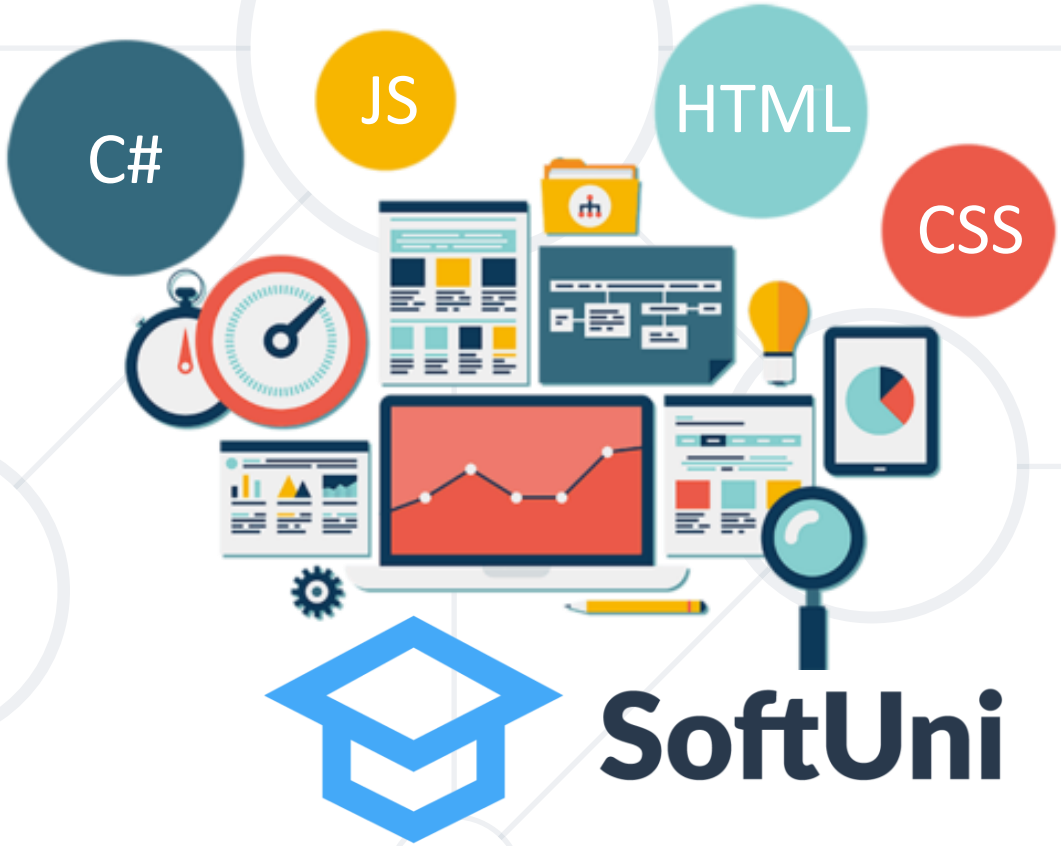
Basic Web

MVC, ASP.NET Core, Razor



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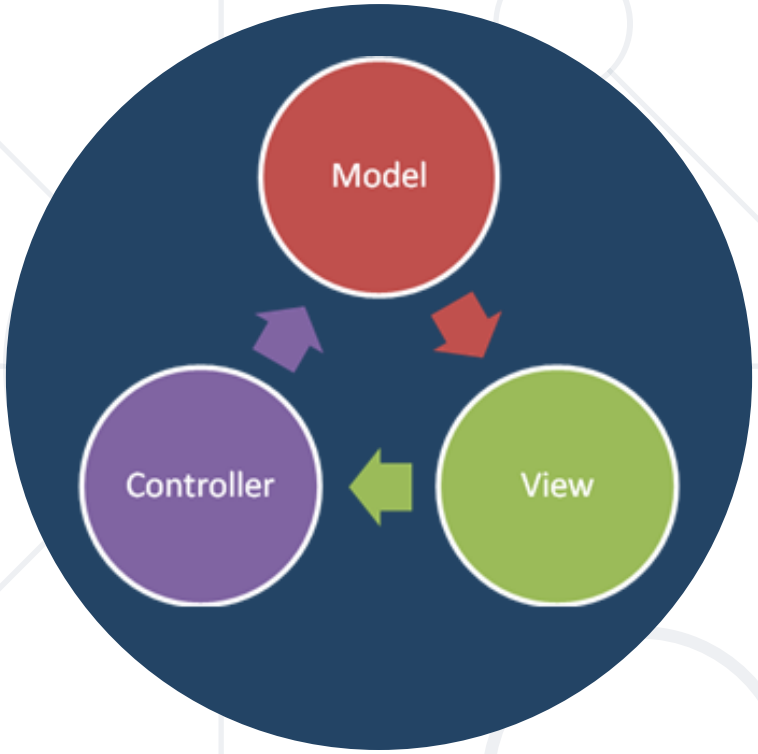
#fund-csharp



Model – View – Controller

MVC

MVC

- **Model-View-Controller** (MVC) is an architectural pattern
- Separates an application into **three main groups**
  - **Views, controller, models**
- Helps to achieve **separation of concerns**
- Delineation of responsibilities makes the application
  - Easy to read and understand the logic (better structure)
  - Easy to implement new functionalities and extensions
  - Easy to test and debug

Controller (Logic)

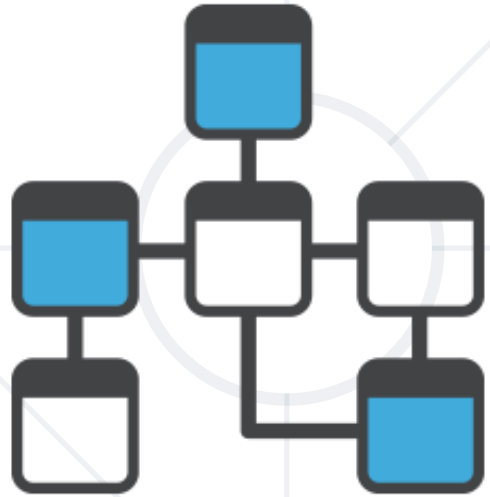
- The **core** MVC component – holds the **logic**
- Processes the requests and renders the views
- A set of classes that handles
  - **Handling data** submitted by the user
  - Overall application **flow**
  - Application-specific **logic** (business logic)
- Every controller has one or more **"actions"**

View (User Interface)

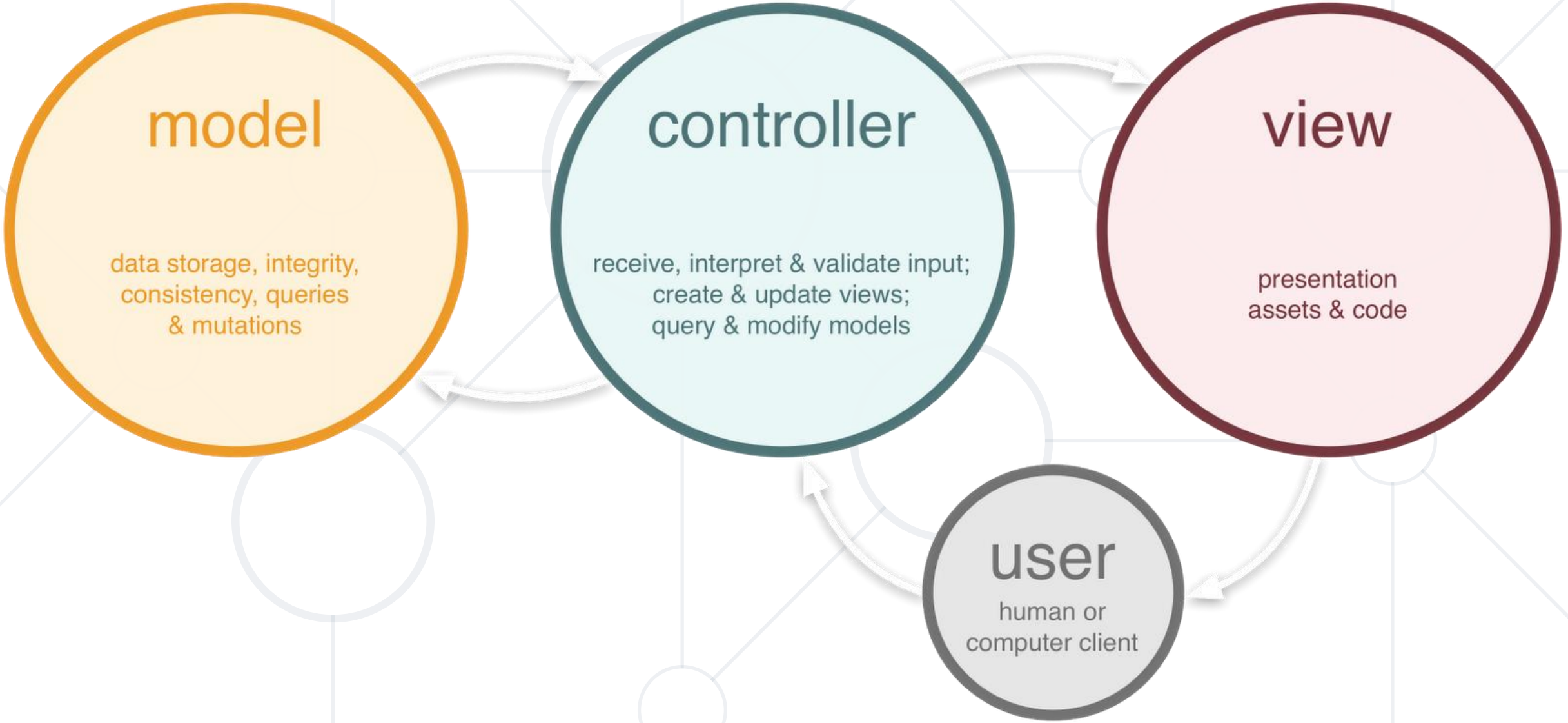
- Defines how the application's **user interface** (UI) will be displayed
- May support master views (**layouts**)
- May support sub-views (**partial views** or controls)
- May use **templates** to **dynamically generate** HTML

Model (Data)

- Set of **classes** that describes the **data** we are working with
- Rules for **how** the data can be **changed** and **manipulated**
- May contain **data validation rules**
- Often **encapsulates** data stored in a database



MVC


model
data storage, integrity, consistency, queries & mutations
controller
receive, interpret & validate input; create & update views; query & modify models
view
presentation assets & code
user
human or computer client

ASP.NET Core Framework

Web Application MVC Framework for C# and .NET

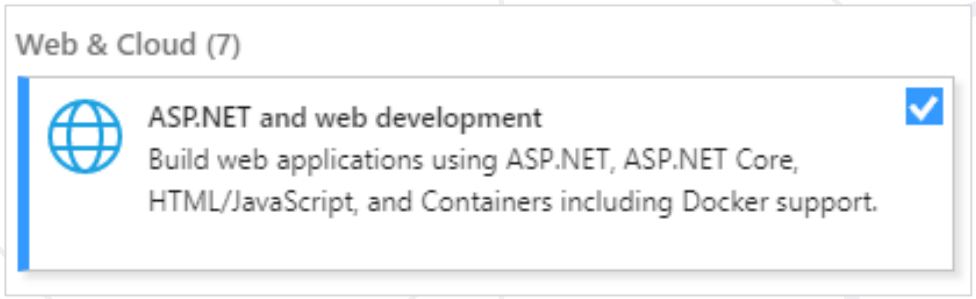
Web Framework

- **Framework** == set of resources and tools, used as base for building a software system
- **Web application framework** – provides a standard way to build and deploy **Web applications**
- Designed to support the development of
  - Web services
  - Web resources
  - Web APIs

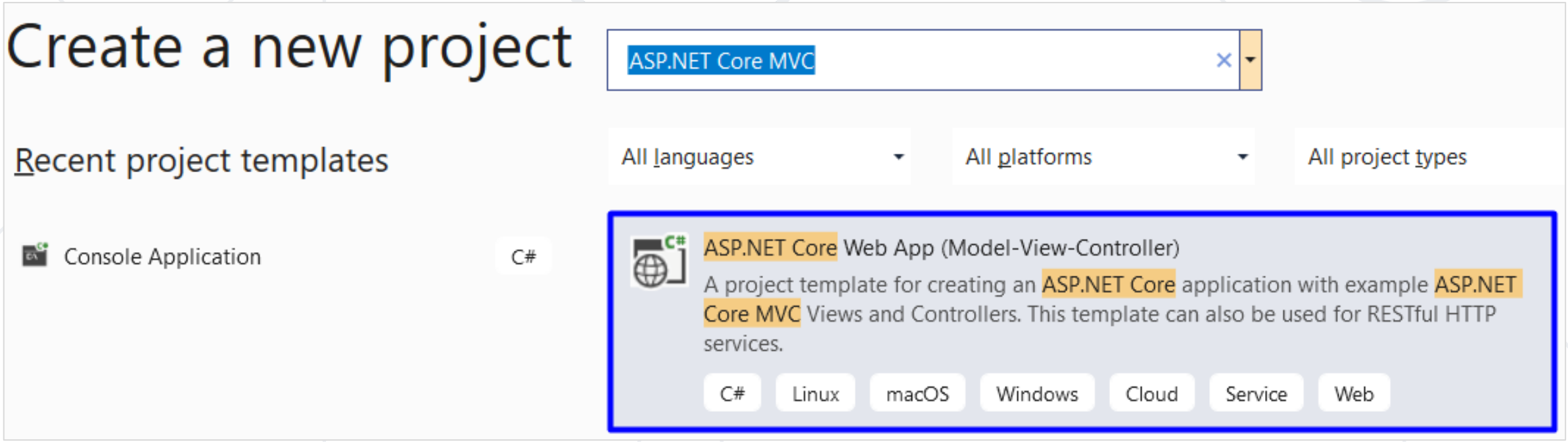
ASP.NET Core MVC

- Lightweight, open-source and highly testable Web application framework
- Uses the **Model-View-Controller** design pattern
- Cross-platform – targeting the .NET Core platform
  - Runs on multiple operating systems

Create ASP.NET Core MVC App: Project Type



Install this in Visual Studio!



Create ASP.NET MVC App: Choose Template

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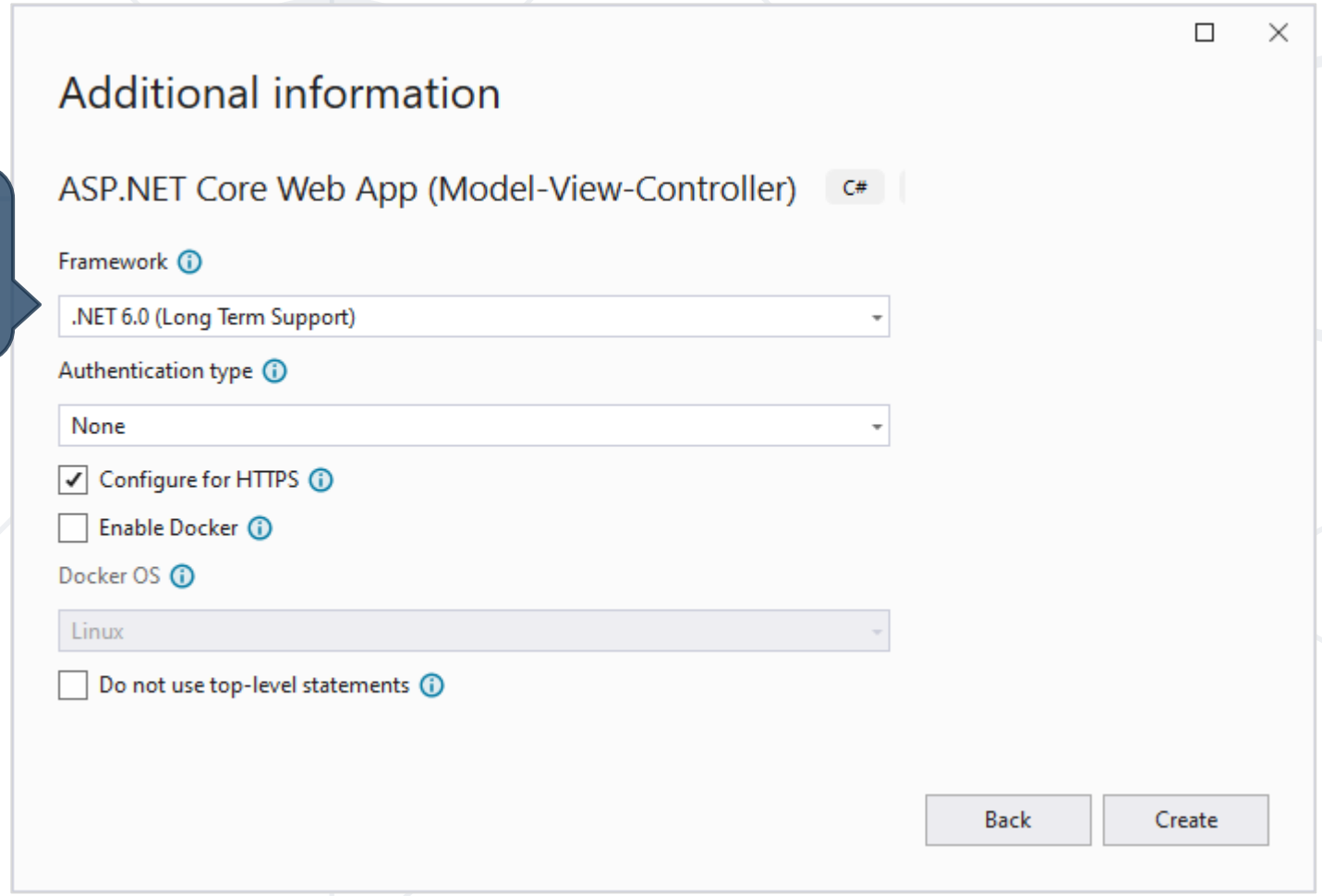
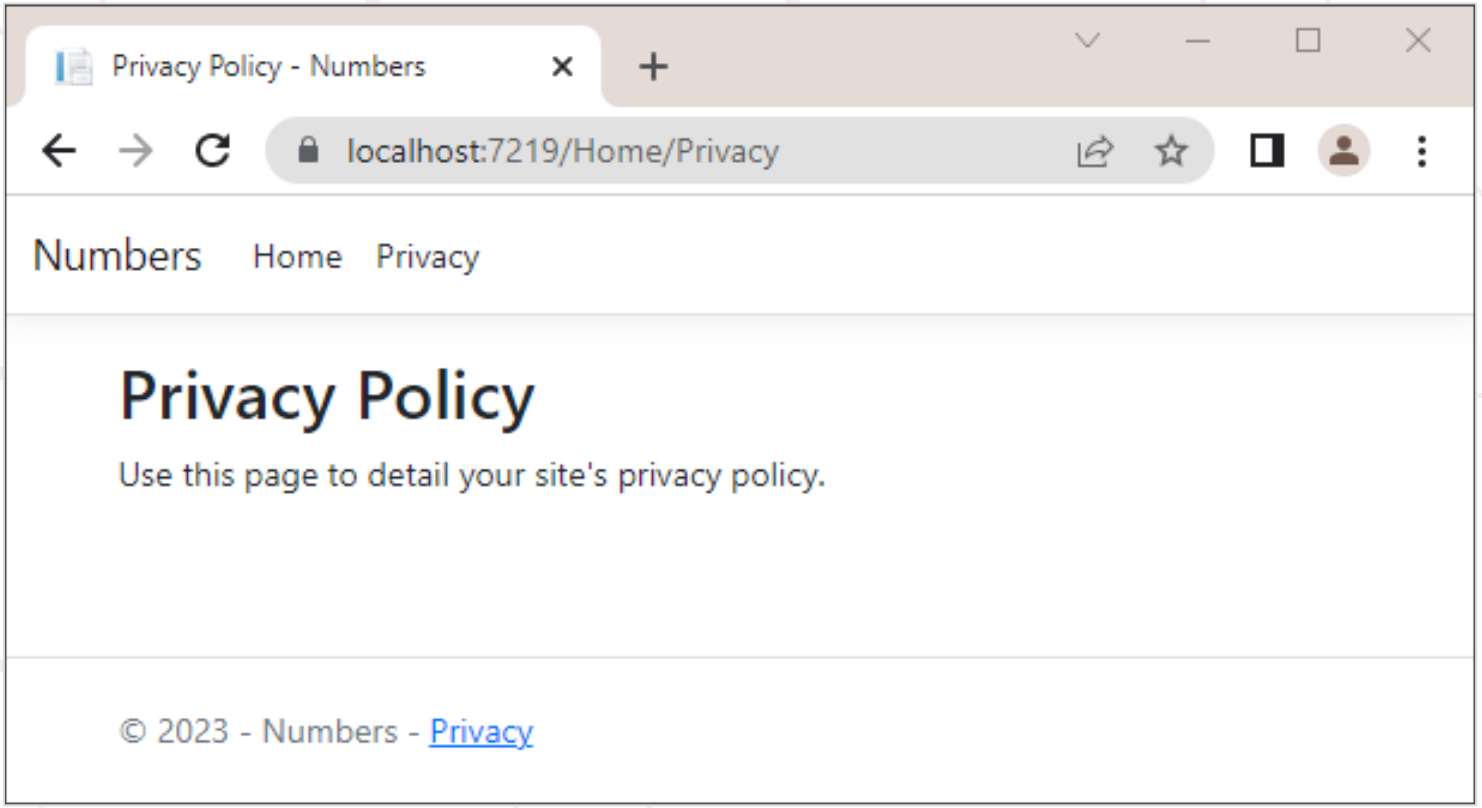
Choose the .NET version



The "Privacy" Page in the Browser

- Run the app, by pressing **[Ctrl + F5]**
  - Open the "**Privacy**" page on https://localhost:7219/Home/Privacy

The **port number** is auto-generated



MVC App: What's Inside?

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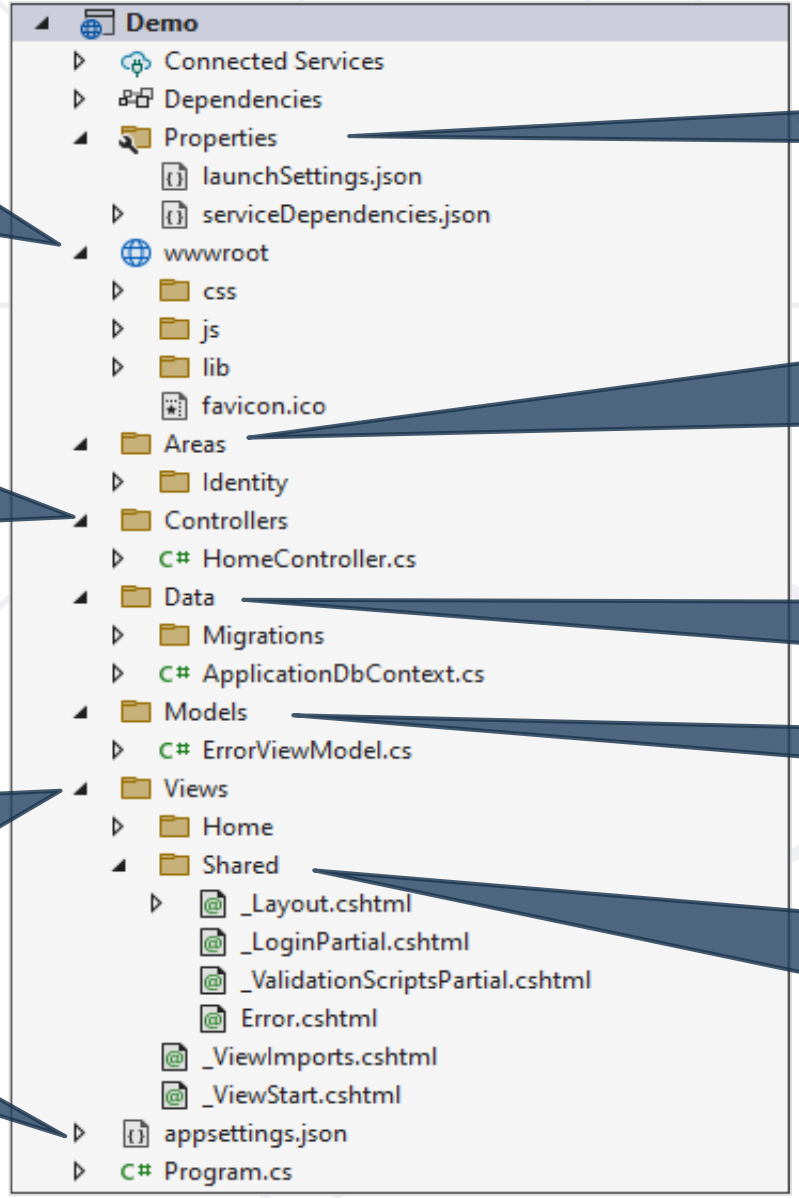
Static files: CSS styles images, fonts, …

Controller classes holding actions

Views: HTML templates for the pages

App start files



NuGet packages

Areas: physically partition a web app in separate units

Data: EF models + DB context + migrations

Models: view models

Shared views: layout for all pages + partial views

Controllers in ASP.NET Core

- MVC controllers hold logic to process user interactions
- The URL `/Home/Privacy` invokes `HomeController` → `Privacy()`

\Controllers\HomeController.cs

```
public class HomeController : Controller
{
    public IActionResult Privacy()
    {
        return View();
    }
}
```

Controller's methods are called actions

Renders Views\Home\Index.cshtml

ASP.NET Core App Routing

- Routing is configured within Configure Method in the **Program** Class

```
app.MapControllerRoute(
    name: "default",
    pattern: "{controller=Home}/{action=Index}/{id?}");
});
```

id route parameter is optional

Route values are determined by splitting the URL into segments

- Template Matches URL path like
  - /Orders/Details/17
  - /Orders/All
- Also match the URL path "/", {controller} and {action} parameters have default values Home and Index

Views in ASP.NET Core

- Views render the HTML code for the **invoked action**
- Views combine **HTML** and **C# code**
- ASP.NET MVC uses **Razor** view engine
  - **Markup syntax** for embedding server-based code into webpages
  - Syntax consists of **Razor markup**, **C#**, and **HTML**
  - Files generally have a `.cshtml` file extension
- By convention **Action** and **View** name are identical

The "Razor" Syntax (Templating Engine)

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\Views\Home\Index.cshtml

```
@{
    ViewData["Title] = "Home Page";
}
<h2>@title</h2>
<h3>@ViewBag.Message</h3>
<p>Use this page to detail your site's info.</p>
```

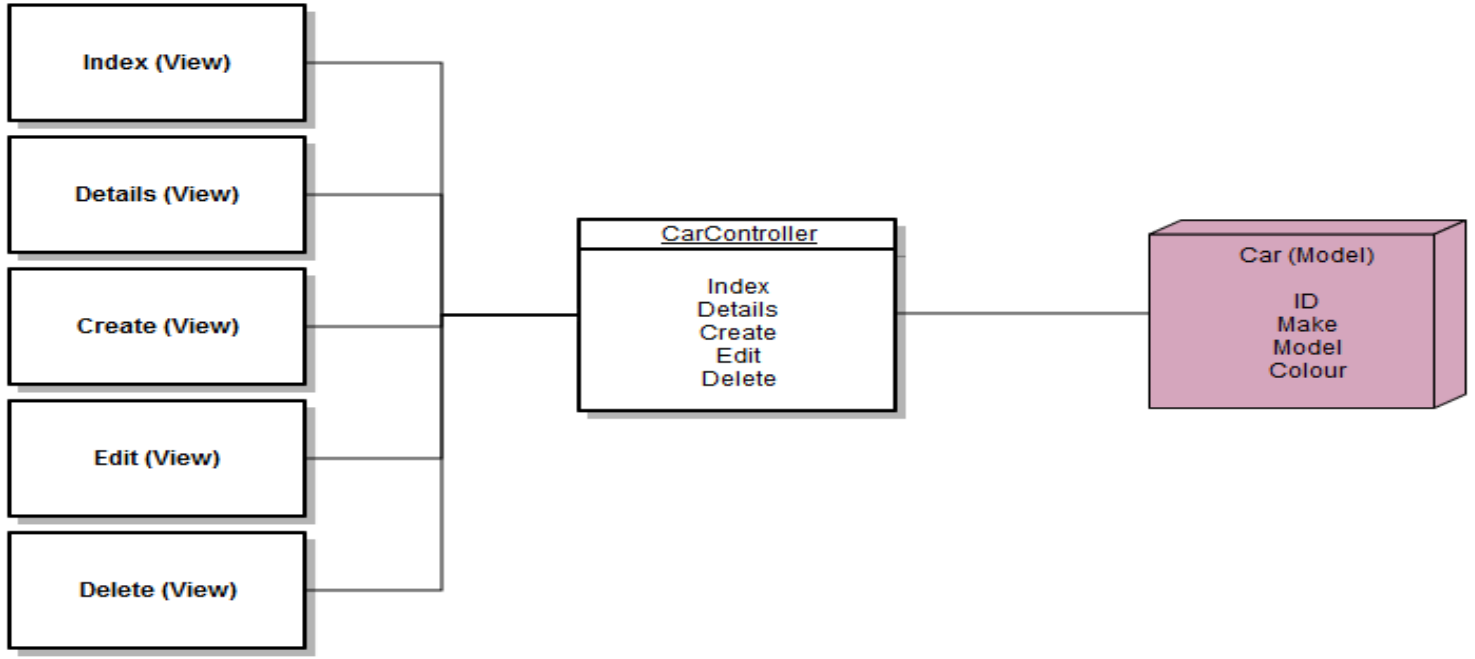
@ { … } inserts C# code block

@Something prints a C# variable

Everything else is HTML code

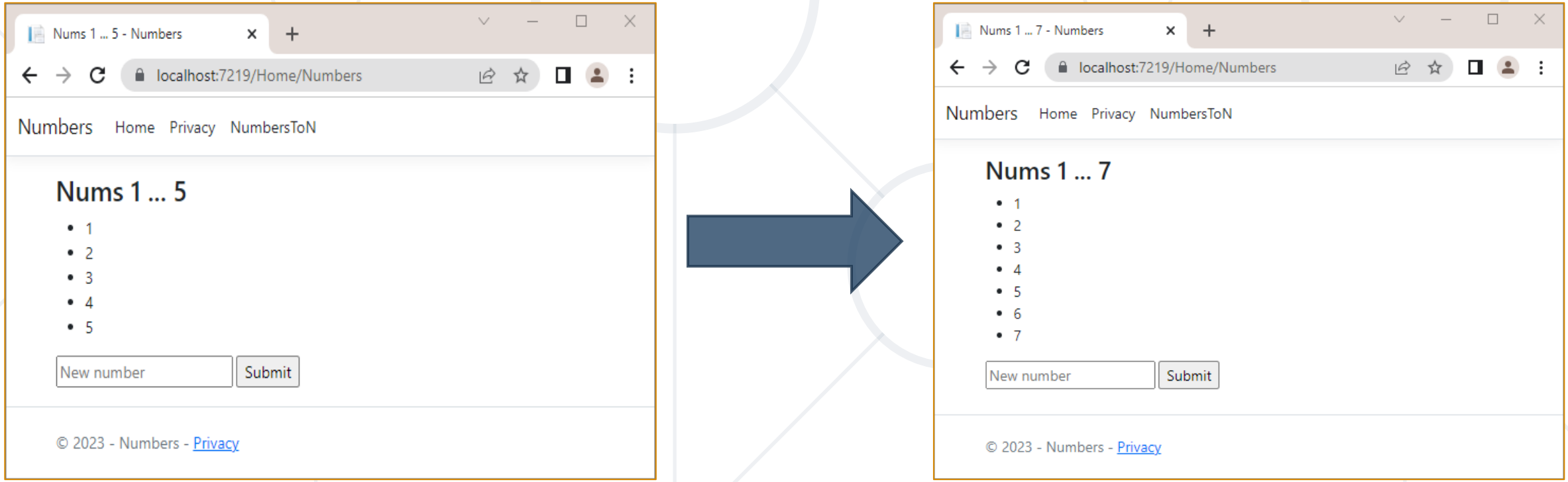
Models in ASP.NET Core

- Represent the state of the application
- May be used by controllers to pass data to Views
- Determine how the data will be stored



Example: Number Generator

- Let's create an application that displays the numbers in range [1…n], where n will be given by the user via a form input

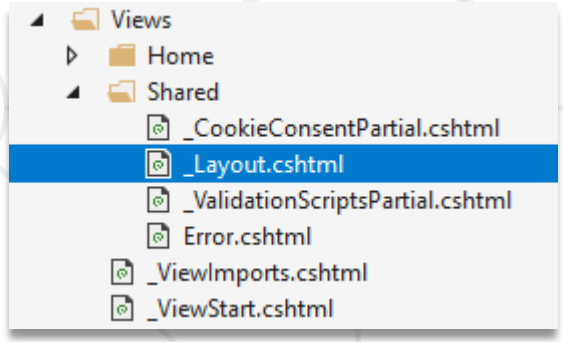


Adding Navigation

- Change the **_Layout.cshtml** file in your project

_Layout.cshtml

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>...</head>
<body>
    <header>
        <nav class="navbar navbar-expand-sm navbar-toggleable-sm navbar-light bg-white border-bottom box-shadow mb-3">
            <div class="container-fluid">
                <a class="navbar-brand" asp-area="" asp-controller="Home" asp-action="Index">Numbers</a>
                <button class="navbar-toggler" type="button" data-bs-toggle="collapse"
                        data-bs-target=".navbar-collapse" aria-controls="navbarSupportedContent"
                        aria-expanded="false" aria-label="Toggle navigation">
                    <span class="navbar-toggler-icon"></span>
                </button>
                <div class="navbar-collapse collapse d-sm-inline-flex justify-content-between">
                    <ul class="navbar-nav flex-grow-1">
                        <li class="nav-item">
                            <a class="nav-link text-dark" asp-area="" asp-controller="Home" asp-action="Index">Home</a>
                        </li>
                        <li class="nav-item">
                            <a class="nav-link text-dark" asp-area="" asp-controller="Home" asp-action="Privacy">Privacy</a>
                        </li>
                        <li class="nav-item">
                            <a class="nav-link text-dark" asp-controller="Home"
                               asp-action="Numbers">NumbersToN</a>
                        </li>
                    </ul>
                </div>
            </div>
        </nav>
    </header>
    <div class="container">
        <main role="main" class="pb-3">
            @RenderBody()
        </main>
    </div>
```



Process GET Request

- We need a **functionality** to handle our interaction
- Create new action method **Numbers** in **HomeController.cs**
- The **id** from **URL** will be passed as **parameter**

IActionResult represents the view result

```
public IActionResult Numbers(int id)
{
    int numbersRange = id;
    ViewBag.numbersRange = numbersRange;
    return this.View();
}
```

ViewBag is used to pass data to the **View**

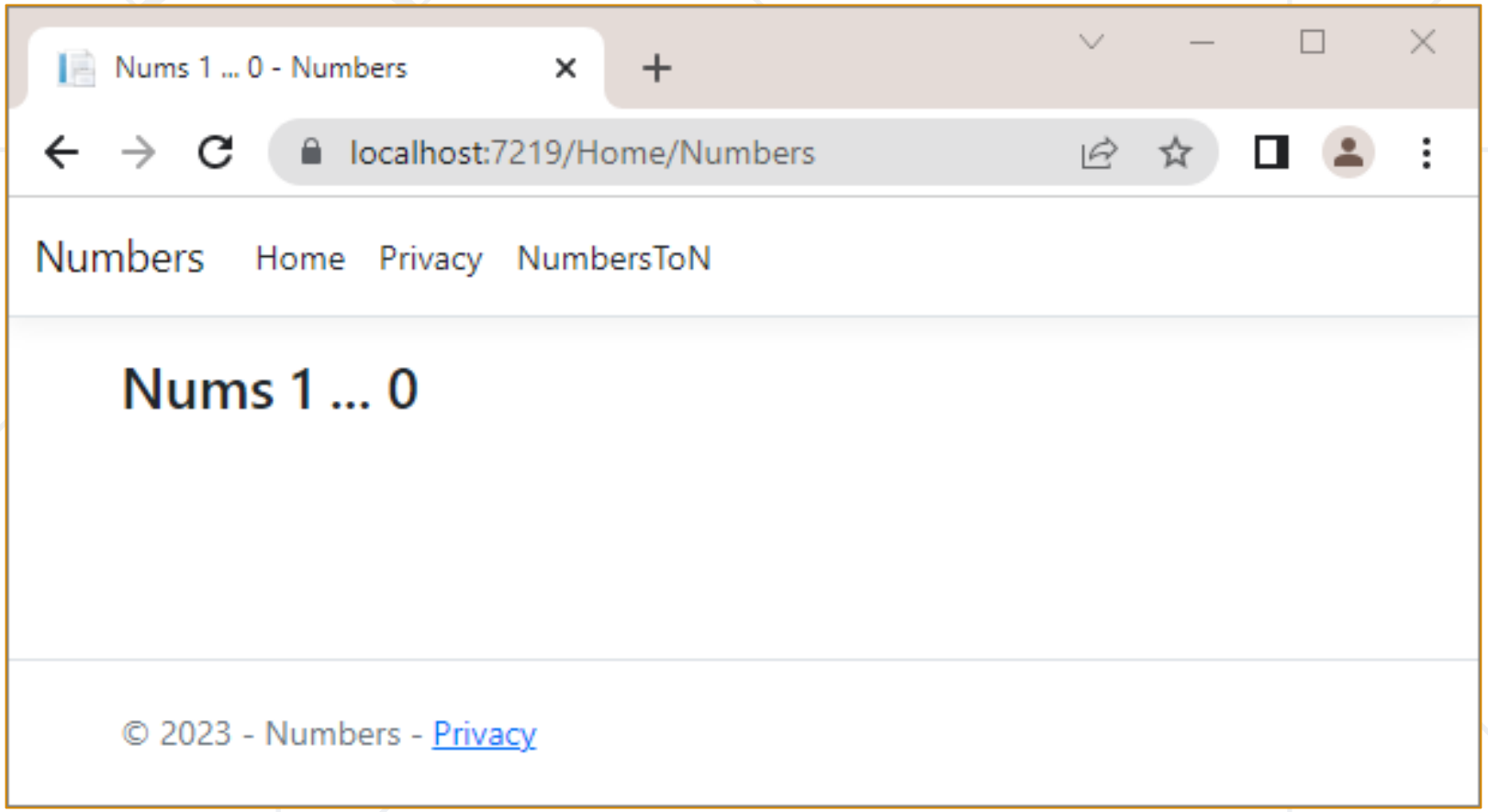
Create View

- Create a new Razor View **Numbers.cshtml** in **Views\Home** folder
- Use **Razor View Engine** to generate appropriate title and render unordered HTML list of numbers

```
@{
  ViewBag.Title ="Nums 1 .. " + ViewBag.Count;
}
<h2>@ViewBag.Title</h2>
<ul>
      @for (int i = 1; i <= ViewBag.Count; i++)
      {
         <li>@i</li>
      }
</ul>
```

Nums 1 … 10

- After clicking on **NumbersToN** we should be able to see this



Process POST Request (1)

- Add `Form` at the end of the `Numbers.cshtml`, so we can post the number range we want to generate

We must specify the request method

The name must be exactly the same as the action parameter name

```
<form method="POST">
    <input type="text" placeholder="New number" name="number" />
    <button type="submit">Submit</button>
</form>
```

Process POST Request (2)

- Create new **Action** method in **HomeController**

If we want to procces POST request, we must use [HttpPost] attribute

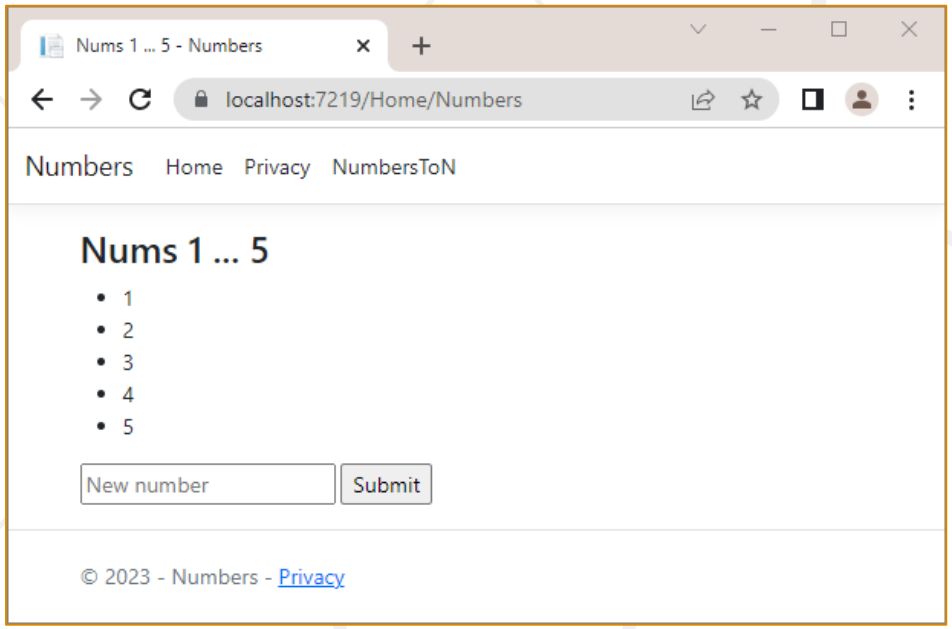
Both actions have identical names, but parameter types are different

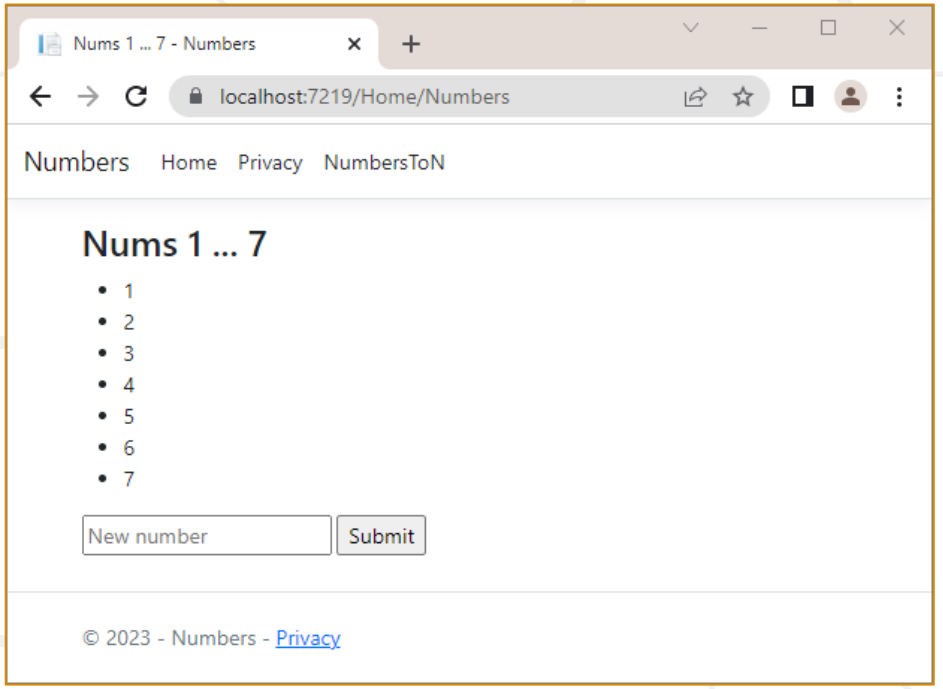
```
[HttpPost]
public IActionResult Numbers(string number)
{
    int numbersRange = int.Parse(number);
    ViewBag.numbersRange = numbersRange;
    return this.View();
}
```

Use the same ViewBag property name to pass the data

Number Generator

- Now the app should be able to generate custom range





Summary

- **Framework** is a set of resources and tools for app building
- **MVC** is an architectural pattern
- **Views** and **Controllers** functionalities
- **View Engine** (like Razor) is used to create dynamic Web pages

Questions?

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