1. Tulis query untuk mendapatkan jumlah customer tiap bulan yang melakukan order pada tahun 1997.

# Jawab:

a. Query

```
-- Query No. 1
SELECT MONTH(OrderDate) AS OrderMonth,
COUNT(DISTINCT CustomerID) AS CostumerCount
FROM Orders
WHERE YEAR(OrderDate) = 1997
GROUP BY MONTH(OrderDate);
```

b. Screenshot Output

| ■ Results |            |  |               |  |  |
|-----------|------------|--|---------------|--|--|
|           | OrderMonth |  | CostumerCount |  |  |
| 1         | 1          |  | 27            |  |  |
| 2         | 2          |  | 21            |  |  |
| 3         | 3          |  | 24            |  |  |
| 4         | 4          |  | 27            |  |  |
| 5         | 5          |  | 26            |  |  |
| 6         | 6          |  | 25            |  |  |
| 7         | 7          |  | 25            |  |  |
| 8         | 8          |  | 30            |  |  |
| 9         | 9          |  | 27            |  |  |
| 10        | 10         |  | 28            |  |  |
| 11        | 11         |  | 27            |  |  |
| 12        | 12         |  | 37            |  |  |

2. Tulis query untuk mendapatkan nama employee yang termasuk Sales Representative.

# Jawab:

a. Query

```
-- Query No. 2
SELECT CONCAT(FirstName, ' ', LastName) AS EmployeeName, Title
FROM Employees
WHERE Title = 'Sales Representative';
```

b. Screenshot Output



3. Tulis query untuk mendapatkan top 5 nama produk yang quantitynya paling banyak diorder pada bulan Januari 1997.

#### Jawab:

```
a. Query
```

```
-- Query No. 3
```

```
SELECT
TOP 5
Orders.OrderDate,
[Order Details].Quantity,
Products.ProductName
FROM Orders
INNER JOIN [Order Details] ON [Order Details].OrderID = Orders.OrderID
INNER JOIN Products ON [Order Details].ProductID = Products.ProductID
WHERE YEAR(OrderDate) = 1997 AND MONTH(OrderDate) = 1
ORDER BY Quantity DESC;
```

b. Screenshot Output

| ⊞ Results |           |                     |          |                        |  |  |
|-----------|-----------|---------------------|----------|------------------------|--|--|
|           | OrderDate |                     | Quantity | ProductName            |  |  |
| 1         | 1997      | -01-01 00:00:00.000 | 70       | Gnocchi di nonna Alice |  |  |
| 2         | 1997      | -01-03 00:00:00.000 | 70       | Chocolade              |  |  |
| 3         | 1997      | -01-30 00:00:00.000 | 70       | Raclette Courdavault   |  |  |
| 4         | 1997      | -01-02 00:00:00.000 | 65       | Vegie-spread           |  |  |
| 5         | 1997      | -01-01 00:00:00.000 | 60       | Flotemysost            |  |  |

4. Tulis query untuk mendapatkan nama company yang melakukan order Chai pada bulan Juni 1997.

### Jawab:

a. Query

```
-- Query No. 4

SELECT

Orders.OrderDate,
Products.ProductName,
Customers.CompanyName
FROM Orders

INNER JOIN [Order Details] ON [Order Details].OrderID = Orders.OrderID

INNER JOIN Products ON Products.ProductID = [Order Details].ProductID

INNER JOIN Customers ON Orders.CustomerID = Customers.CustomerID

WHERE YEAR(OrderDate) = 1997 AND MONTH(OrderDate) = 6

AND ProductName LIKE '%Chai%';
```

b. Screenshot Output



5. Tulis query untuk mendapatkan jumlah OrderID yang pernah melakukan pembelian (unit\_price dikali quantity) <=100, 100<x<=250, 250<x<=500, dan >500.

#### Jawab:

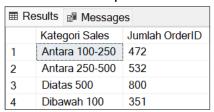
a. Query

```
-- Query No. 5

SELECT
[Kategori Sales],
COUNT(OrderID) AS 'Jumlah OrderID'
FROM
(
SELECT Orders.OrderID,
CASE
```

```
WHEN ([Order Details].UnitPrice * [Order
Details].Quantity) <= 100 THEN 'Dibawah 100'</pre>
              WHEN ([Order Details].UnitPrice * [Order
Details].Quantity) > 100
                     AND ([Order Details].UnitPrice * [Order
Details].Quantity) <= 250 THEN 'Antara 100-250'
              WHEN ([Order Details].UnitPrice * [Order
Details].Quantity) > 250
                     AND ([Order Details].UnitPrice * [Order
Details].Quantity) <= 500 THEN 'Antara 250-500'
              WHEN ([Order Details].UnitPrice * [Order
Details].Quantity) > 500 THEN 'Diatas 500'
       END as "Kategori Sales"
FROM Orders
INNER JOIN [Order Details] ON [Order Details].OrderID = Orders.OrderID
) AS SalesCategoryTable
GROUP BY [Kategori Sales];
```

b. Screenshot Output



6. Tulis query untuk mendapatkan Company name pada tabel customer yang melakukan pembelian di atas 500 pada tahun 1997.

#### Jawab:

a. Query

```
-- Query No. 6
SELECT * FROM (
SELECT
Customers.CompanyName,
SUM([Order Details].UnitPrice * [Order Details].Quantity) AS 'TotalSales'
FROM Orders
INNER JOIN [Order Details] ON [Order Details].OrderID = Orders.OrderID
INNER JOIN Customers ON Customers.CustomerID = Orders.CustomerID
WHERE YEAR(OrderDate) = 1997
GROUP BY CompanyName
) AS CompanyNameTotalSales
WHERE TotalSales > 500;
```

b. Screenshot Output

| ⊞ Re | ⊞ Results                  |            |  |  |  |
|------|----------------------------|------------|--|--|--|
|      | CompanyName                | TotalSales |  |  |  |
| 1    | Vaffeljernet               | 9710,50    |  |  |  |
| 2    | Ottilies Käseladen         | 8398,60    |  |  |  |
| 3    | Santé Gourmet              | 700,00     |  |  |  |
| 4    | Let's Stop N Shop          | 2039,42    |  |  |  |
| 5    | Hungry Coyote Import Store | 2283,20    |  |  |  |
| 6    | Morgenstern Gesundkost     | 3596,40    |  |  |  |
| 7    | HILARION-Abastos           | 14026,18   |  |  |  |
| 8    | Ricardo Adocicados         | 4338,90    |  |  |  |
| 9    | Pericles Comidas clásicas  | 2065,40    |  |  |  |
| 10   | Wartian Herkku             | 13106,30   |  |  |  |

7. Tulis query untuk mendapatkan nama produk yang merupakan Top 5 sales tertinggi tiap bulan di tahun 1997.

#### Jawab:

a. Query

```
-- Query No. 7
WITH MonthlySales AS (
       SELECT
               Products.ProductName,
              MONTH(Orders.OrderDate) AS Month,
               SUM([Order Details].UnitPrice * [Order Details].Quantity) AS
'TotalSales'
       FROM Orders
       JOIN [Order Details] ON [Order Details].OrderID = Orders.OrderID
       JOIN Products ON Products.ProductID = [Order Details].ProductID
       WHERE YEAR(OrderDate) = 1997
       GROUP BY MONTH(OrderDate), ProductName
SELECT
       Month,
       ProductName,
       Rank
       FROM (
               SELECT
                      ROW NUMBER() OVER (PARTITION BY Month Order By
TotalSales DESC) AS Rank
              FROM MonthlySales
       ) AS MonthlyRankTable
WHERE Rank <= 5;
```

b. Screenshot Output

| ■ Results ■ Messages |       |                        |      |  |  |
|----------------------|-------|------------------------|------|--|--|
|                      | Month | ProductName            | Rank |  |  |
| 1                    | 1     | Côte de Blaye          | 1    |  |  |
| 2                    | 1     | Raclette Courdavault   | 2    |  |  |
| 3                    | 1     | Vegie-spread           | 3    |  |  |
| 4                    | 1     | Gnocchi di nonna Alice | 4    |  |  |
| 5                    | 1     | Alice Mutton           | 5    |  |  |
| 6                    | 2     | Pâté chinois           | 1    |  |  |
| 7                    | 2     | Sirop d'érable         | 2    |  |  |
| 8                    | 2     | Gnocchi di nonna Alice | 3    |  |  |
| 9                    | 2     | Thüringer Rostbratw    | 4    |  |  |
| 10                   | 2     | Rössle Sauerkraut      | 5    |  |  |
| 11                   | 3     | Raclette Courdavault   | 1    |  |  |
| 12                   | 3     | Côte de Blaye          | 2    |  |  |
| 13                   | 3     | Manjimup Dried Apples  | 3    |  |  |
| 14                   | 3     | Thüringer Rostbratw    | 4    |  |  |
| 15                   | 3     | Camembert Pierrot      | 5    |  |  |
| 16                   | 4     | Gnocchi di nonna Alice | 1    |  |  |
| 17                   | 4     | Schoggi Schokolade     | 2    |  |  |
| 18                   | 4     | Thüringer Rostbratw    | 3    |  |  |
| 19                   | 4     | Côte de Blaye          | 4    |  |  |
| 20                   | 4     | Camembert Pierrot      | 5    |  |  |

8. Buatlah view untuk melihat Order Details yang berisi OrderID, ProductID, ProductName, UnitPrice, Quantity, Discount, Harga setelah diskon.

Jawab:

```
a. Query
```

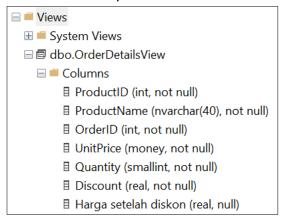
```
-- View No. 8
CREATE VIEW OrderDetailsView AS
```

```
Products.ProductID,
Products.ProductName,
[Order Details].OrderID,
[Order Details].UnitPrice,
[Order Details].Quantity, [Order Details].Discount,
([Order Details].UnitPrice
* [Order Details].Quantity)
- ([Order Details].UnitPrice
* [Order Details].UnitPrice
* [Order Details].Quantity
* [Order Details].Discount) AS 'Harga setelah diskon'

FROM [Order Details]

JOIN Products ON Products.ProductID = [Order Details].ProductID;
```

b. Screenshot Output



9. Buatlah procedure Invoice untuk memanggil CustomerID, CustomerName/company name, OrderID, OrderDate, RequiredDate, ShippedDate jika terdapat inputan CustomerID tertentu.

### Jawab:

a. Query

```
-- Procedure No.9

CREATE PROCEDURE Invoice (@customerID INT)

AS

BEGIN

SELECT

Customers.CustomerID,

CONCAT(Customers.ContactName, ' / ', Customers.CompanyName) AS

'CustomerName/CompanyName',

Orders.OrderID,

Orders.OrderDate,

Orders.RequiredDate,

Orders.ShippedDate

FROM Customers

INNER JOIN Orders ON Customers.CustomerID = Orders.CustomerID

WHERE Customers.CustomerID = @customerID
```

b. Screenshot Output

```
    □ Programmability
    □ Stored Procedures
    □ System Stored Procedures
    □ In Invoice
    □ Parameters
    □ @ CustomerID (int, Input, No default)
    In Returns integer
```