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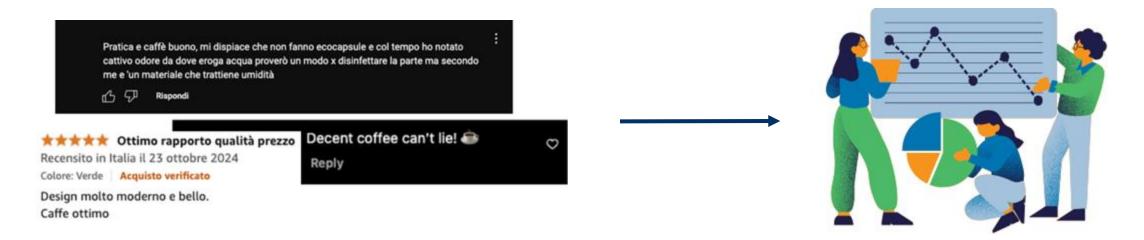




Project Value Proposition



For marketers seeking deeper insights on product launches, our analytics software transforms raw online comments and reviews into actionable metrics.









Developing **AI software** to accurately assess the **real impact of a product launch** by analyzing **consumer sentiment** across social media **comments**and third-party **reviews**.

Sustainable Development Goal:



Responsible
Consumption
and Production





Hypothesis



Large Language Models can be effectively used to extract valuable insights from consumer comments and reviews to enhance marketing strategies.

Specifically:

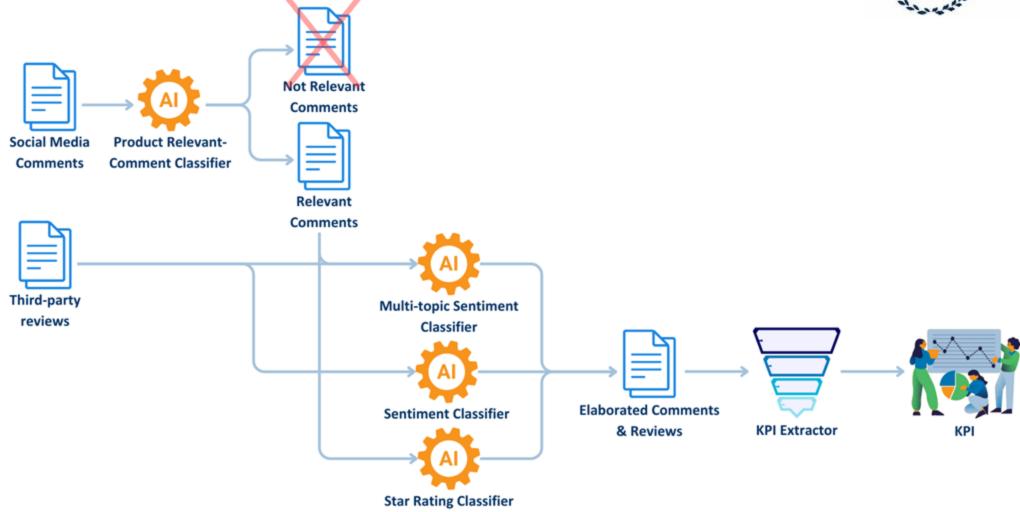
- LLMs can effectively identify product-relevant comments.
- **LLMs** can extract **key product aspects** from reviews sand comments and assign **appropriate sentiments** to each.
- LLMs can successfully assess sentiment in comments and assign rating stars to reviews.





Method - Pipeline

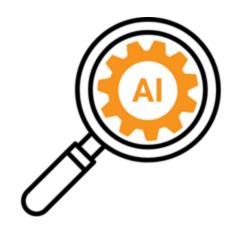






Method - Classification Block and Models





The **core** of the pipeline is the **classification block**, responsible for all classification tasks. Its structure adapts to the **model type** used:

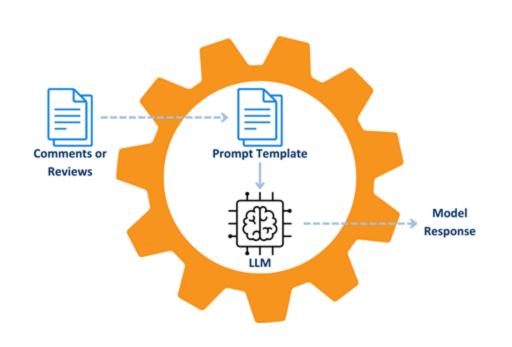
- General-Purpose Models (Chat-like LLMs): Flexible and versatile for various tasks.
- Specialized Task-Based Models: Fine-tuned for specific tasks,
 offering higher precision in narrow domains.



Method - General Purpose Classification Block



The general purpose classification block comprises two main components:



Prompt Template:

- Clearly defines the classification task.
- Includes examples (few-shot prompting only).
- Specifies the structured output format for consistent model responses.

General-Purpose Model (LLM):

- Processes the task-specific prompt (combining prompt template and input data).
- Generates task-specific responses.





Method - General Purpose Models









Gemma2: large language model from Google, different versions: 2B, 9B and 27B

Llama3: large language model from Meta, 8B, 70B and 405B

Mistral: large language model from Mistral Al

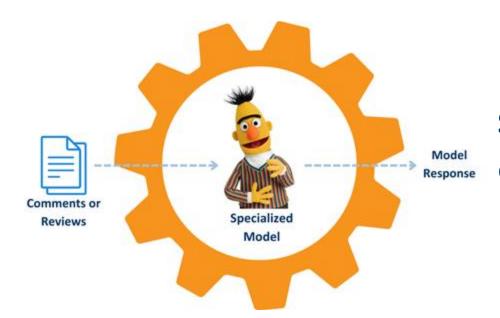




Method - Specialized Classification Block



The specialized model classification block comprises two main components:



Specialized BERT-base Model: Takes reviews or comments as input and generates a response based on the specific task.





Method - Specialized Models





Sentiment Classification

- distilbert-base-multilingual-cased-sentiments
- twitter-xlm-roberta-base-sentiment-finetuned
- twitter-roberta-base-sentiment-latest

Star Rating Prediction

- bert-base-multilingual-uncased-sentiment
- multilingual-sentiment-analysis

*from Hugging Face





Method - Prompting Approach



Zero-shot:

The model predicts the answer given only the description of the task in natural language.

Translate English to French: —— task description

cheese ⇒ ← prompt





Method - Prompting Approach



Few-shot: The model sees a few examples of the task.

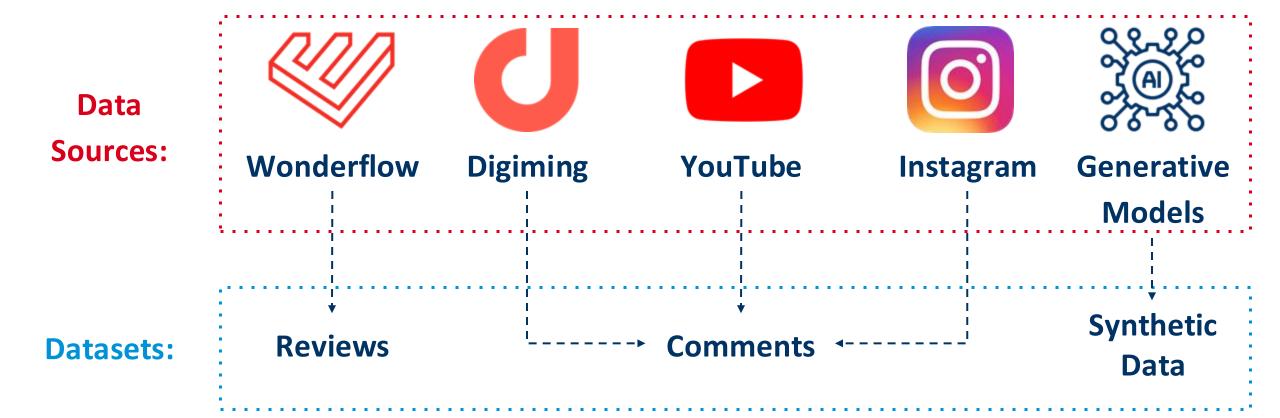
task description Translate English to French: examples sea otter => loutre de mer peppermint => menthe poivrée plush girafe => girafe peluche cheese => prompt





Experiments - Data









Experiments - Datasets



Reviews:

Records: 2930

Sampled records: 500

• Star Rating label ration: 100%

Multi-Topic Sentiment label

ratio: **95%**

• Tiny Eco Reviews: 79

Comments:

• Records: **577**

• Labelled Comments:

0%

• Tiny Eco Comments: 77

Synthetic Data:

Comments Records: 236

Reviews Records: 500

Labelled Comments and

Reviews: **100**%

Some reviews may have incomplete labels, e.g.:

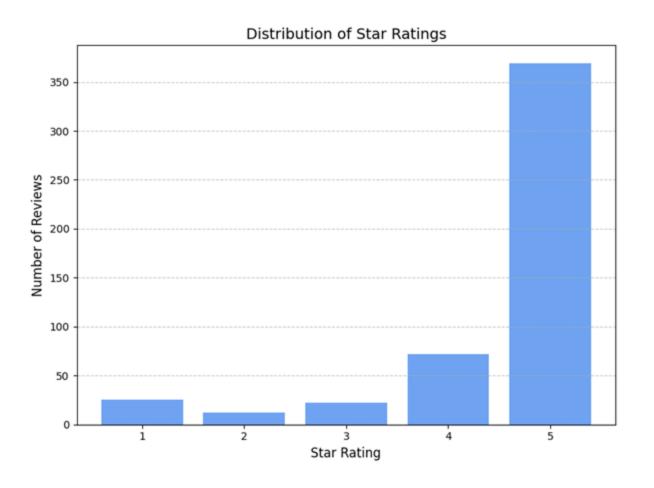
"Excellent machine. Fair price and guaranteed quality." - Positive Aspects: ["Price & worth"]

Where is "Coffee Quality"?







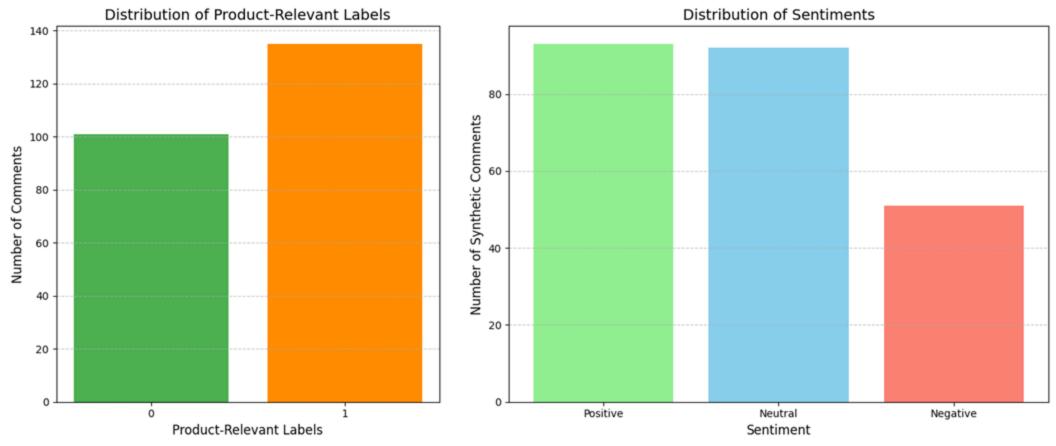


Heavily skewed toward higher ratings!









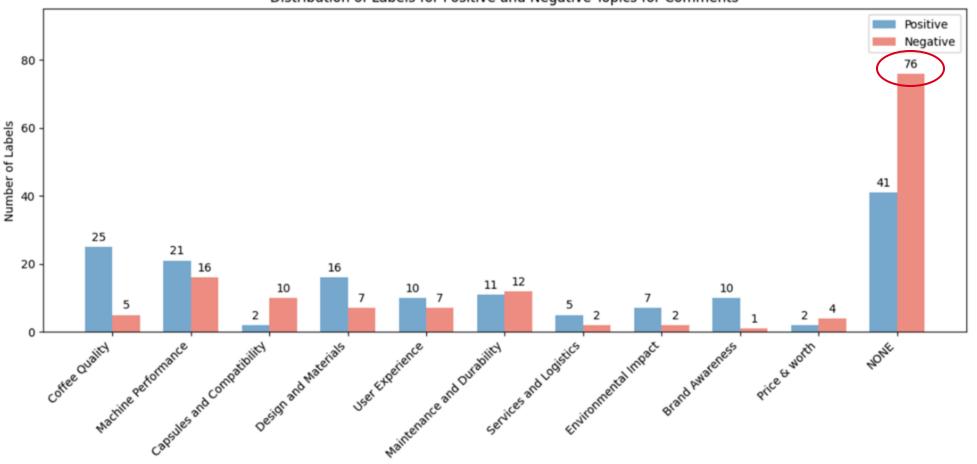
Much more balanced!







Distribution of Labels for Positive and Negative Topics for Comments

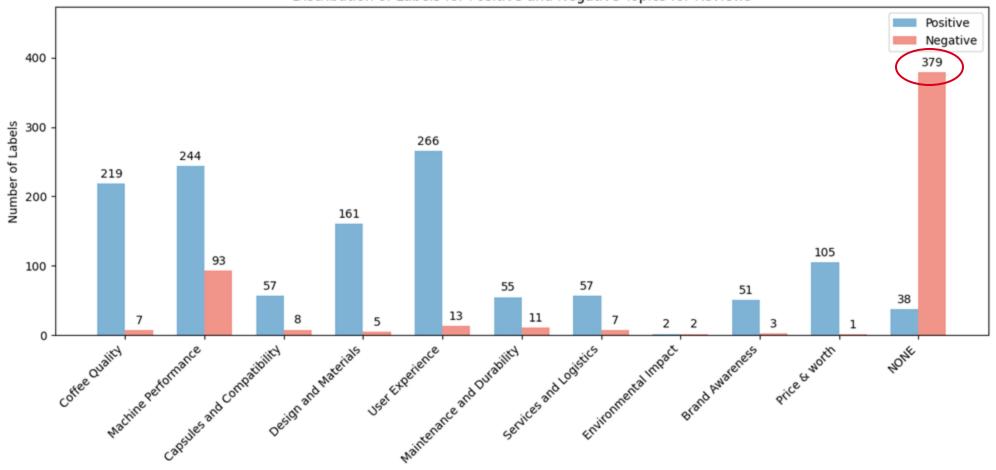








Distribution of Labels for Positive and Negative Topics for Reviews





Experiments - Tasks



1. Product Relevant-Comment Classification

3. Sentiment Classification

- o Positive
- Negative
- o Neutral

- 1. Multi-topic Sentiment Classification
 - Positive Topics
 - Negative Topics

3. Star Rating Prediction:







Experiments - Product Relevant-Comment Classification



• **Data:** 236 synthetic comments

• Batch-size: 15 comments

Model	Acc.	Pre.	Rec.	F1	Time (s)
Gemma 0-shot	0.758	0.738	0.896	0.809	3.40
Gemma Few-shot	0.814	0.783	0.933	0.851	3.63
Llama 0-shot	0.763	0.737	0.911	0.815	2.77
Llama Few-shot	0.826	0.794	0.941	0.861	2.93
Mistral 0-shot	0.758	0.747	0.874	0.805	3.25
Mistral Few-shot	0.797	0.764	0.933	0.840	3.53

Table 1: Metrics and Execution Times for Models for Product Relevant-Comment Classification





Experiments - Multi-topic Sentiment Classification



• Data: 500 labeled reviews + 236 synthetic comments

• Batch-size: 5 comment/review

Model	F1 (Neg.)	F1 (Pos.)	Prec. (Neg.)	Prec. (Pos.)	Rec. (Neg.)	Rec. (Pos.)	Time (s)
Gemma 0-shot	0.895	0.732	0.901	0.834	0.900	0.705	12.10
Gemma Few-shot	0.899	0.732	0.905	0.844	0.904	0.694	12.82
Llama 0-shot	0.880	0.745 0.730	0.901	0.795	0.879	0.718	8.27
Llama Few-shot	0.878		0.895	0.811	0.874	0.694	9.55
Mistral 0-shot	0.873	0.738	0.885	0.761	0.873	0.735 0.679	11.12
Mistral Few-shot	0.880	0.715	0.905	0.789	0.873		20.96

Table 2: Weighted Metrics and Execution Times for Models for Multi-topic Sentiment Classification





Experiments - Sentiment Classification



• **Data:** 236 synthetic comments

Batch-size: 20 (general purpose model) and 50 (specialized model)

Acc.	Prec.	Rec.	F1	Time (s)
0.869	0.878	0.869	0.866	3.75 3.95
				1
0.814	0.825	0.814	0.813	2.76 2.96
0.877	0.880	0.877	0.876	4.75
0.860	0.860	0.860	0.859	3.71
0.496	0.436	0.496	0.388	6.52×10^{-3}
0.682 0.831	0.751 0.837	0.682 0.831	0.680 0.829	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c } 6.77 \times 10^{-3} \\ 8.41 \times 10^{-3} \end{array}$
	0.869 0.852 0.818 0.814 0.877 0.860 0.496	0.869 0.878 0.852 0.856 0.818 0.818 0.814 0.825 0.877 0.880 0.860 0.860 0.496 0.436 0.682 0.751	0.869 0.878 0.869 0.852 0.856 0.852 0.818 0.818 0.818 0.814 0.825 0.814 0.877 0.880 0.877 0.860 0.860 0.860 0.496 0.436 0.496 0.682 0.751 0.682	0.869 0.878 0.869 0.866 0.852 0.856 0.852 0.849 0.818 0.818 0.818 0.815 0.814 0.825 0.814 0.812 0.877 0.880 0.877 0.876 0.860 0.860 0.860 0.859 0.496 0.436 0.496 0.388 0.682 0.751 0.682 0.680

Table 3: Weighted Metrics and Execution Times for Models for Sentiment Classification





Experiments - Star Rating Prediction



• **Data:** 500 labeled reviews

• Batch-size: 20 (general purpose model) and 50 (specialized model)

Model	Acc.	Prec.	Rec.	F1	Off-1 Acc.	Time (s)
Gemma 0-shot	0.596	0.763	0.596	0.650	0.908	8.07
Gemma Few-shot	0.592	0.765	0.592	0.647	0.908	8.17
Llama 0-shot	0.682	0.764	0.682	0.713	0.948	5.73
Llama Few-shot	0.682	0.777	0.682	0.715	0.942	5.92
Mistral 0-shot	0.498	0.741	0.498	0.567	0.912	6.12
Mistral Few-shot	0.434	0.732	0.434	0.510	0.902	6.45
BBM-rating	0.692	0.757	0.692	0.718	0.955	0.158
MLA-rating	0.552	0.706	0.552	0.606	0.845	10.45 ×10 ⁻³

Table 4: Weighted Metrics, Accuracy, Off-by-One Accuracy, and Execution Times for Models for Star Rating Classification





Conclusion



We can conclude by saying that:

- **LLMs** are able to identify **relevant product comments**, with an accuracy of up to **82.6%**.
- LLMs are able to extract product aspects from reviews and comments and assign sentiment to them, with an F1 score of up to 89.9% for negative aspects and 74.5% for positive aspects.
- LLMs are able to assign sentiment to comments and rating stars to reviews, with an accuracy of up to 87.7% and 69.2% (95,5 off-by-one) respectively.







In conclusion we chose these models:

- Gemma 2 few-shot: for Product Relevant-Comment Classification and Multitopic Sentiment Classification.
- Twitter RoBERTa latest: for Sentiment Classification.
- BERT base multilingual: for Star Rating Prediction.



