CIS 111B Midterm Exam

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Submit a complete single document as the final product. Include all code, testing plans, design analysis and commentary that support your solutions.

Question 1 (15 pts) Examine the following code.

```
import java.net.MalformedURLException;
import java.net.URL;
import java.net.URLConnection;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Question1 {
      @SuppressWarnings({ "resource", "unused" })
      public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException {
      URLConnection connection = null;
      try {
             connection = new URL("http://sun.com").openConnection();
      } catch (IOException e) {
             e.printStackTrace();
      }
      String text = new Scanner(connection.getInputStream()).useDelimiter("\\Z").next();
}
```

a)Describe the data type of each part of the code in the last line of the program.

First is a String called text. String is not technically a primitive data type but it acts like one. After which is getInputStream which accepts a data type of string.

```
b)What is the content of the first 100 characters of text at the end of the program? 
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.0 Transitional//EN" 
"http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1/DTD/xhtm
```

Question 2 (15 pts) In My Programming Lab, complete the assigned problems 20829 and 20839 in chapter 7 section 13, ArrayLists.

```
20829:
a.set(0,3);
```

```
20839:
a.set(0, a.get(a.size() - 1) * 2);
```

Question 3 (15 points) **Java API Usage** Use the Java API documentation for Standard Edition 7 to answer the following:

a) List the full prototype for the methods that must be coded if a class implements the java.util interface named Iterator.

```
public interface Iterator {
   public boolean hasNext();
   public Object next ();
   throws NoSuchElementException
   public void remove ();
   throws UnsupportedOperationException, IllegalStateException
}
```

b) How many methods are in the class Track?

5

c) What package is the class Track located in? javax.sound.midi

Question 3 (15 pts) **Classes** – Write a class to represent a AlternativeEnergyCar. Select the fields and methods that fit the modeling of an alternative energy car. Make sure to include code for the constructors, set/get methods, a toString() method.

```
*/
 * @author Alex
* /
public class AECar implements Comparable<AECar> {
     public double speed;
      public double cost;
      public String fuelType;
      public double fuelEfficiency;
      public double horsePower;
      @Override
      public String toString() {
           return "AECar [speed=" + speed + ", cost=" + cost + ", fuelType=" +
fuelType + ", fuelEfficiency="
                        + fuelEfficiency + ", horsePower=" + horsePower + "]";
      public AECar(double speed, double cost) {
            super();
            this.speed = speed;
```

```
this.cost = cost;
public int CompareTo(AECar other)
      if(getCost() < other.getCost())</pre>
         return 1;
      if(getCost() > other.getCost())
         return -1;
      }
      else
         return 0;
public double getSpeed() {
      return speed;
public void setSpeed(double speed) {
      this.speed = speed;
public double getCost() {
     return cost;
public void setCost(double cost) {
      this.cost = cost;
public String getFuelType() {
      return fuelType;
public void setFuelType(String fuelType) {
      this.fuelType = fuelType;
public double getFuelEfficiency() {
     return fuelEfficiency;
public void setFuelEfficiency(double fuelEfficiency) {
      this.fuelEfficiency = fuelEfficiency;
public double getHorsePower() {
      return horsePower;
}
public void setHorsePower(double horsePower) {
      this.horsePower = horsePower;
}
/**
 * @param args
public static void main(String[] args) {
     // TODO Auto-generated method stub
}
```

}

Question 4 (15 pts) **Inheritance** – Create two abstract subclasses of AECar. Next create four additional subclasses. (Note: if you are having difficulty check out some online resources and see what categories of alternative energy cars exist.) Decide which properties should be pushed up into a super abstract class and which belong in the individual subclasses. You do not need to code every method – just place a stub placeholders.

```
public abstract class Hybrid extends AECar {
      double Emissions;
      public static void main(String[] args) {
             // TODO Auto-generated method stub
      public Hybrid() {
      public void refuel()
      public void setEmissions()
             this.Emissions = Emissions;
      public double getEmissions()
             return Emissions;
* @author Alex
public class Prius extends Hybrid {
      double fuelEfficiency;
      public double getfuelEfficiency() {
             return fuelEfficiency / 2; //Uses half the gas of ordinary Car
      }
      public void setfuelEfficiency(double fuelEfficiency) {
             fuelEfficiency = fuelEfficiency;
      }
```

```
String EngineType;
      public Prius() {
             // TODO Auto-generated constructor stub
      }
      /**
       * @param args
      public static void main(String[] args) {
             // TODO Auto-generated method stub
      }
      public int getGeneration() {
             return Generation;
      }
      public void setGeneration(int generation) {
             Generation = generation;
      }
      public String getEngineType() {
             return EngineType;
      }
      public void setEngineType(String engineType) {
             EngineType = engineType;
      }
}
public class HondaCivicHybrid extends Hybrid {
      String EngineType;
      double fuelEfficiency;
      public double getFuelEfficiency() {
             return fuelEfficiency;
      public void setFuelEfficiency(double fuelEfficiency) {
             this.fuelEfficiency = fuelEfficiency;
      public String getEngineType() {
             return EngineType;
```

int Generation;

```
public void setEngineType(String engineType) {
            EngineType = engineType;
      public HondaCivicHybrid() {
            // TODO Auto-generated constructor stub
      public static void main(String[] args) {
            // TODO Auto-generated method stub
      }
* @author Alex
public class NissanLeaf extends ElectricCar {
      */
      public NissanLeaf() {
            // TODO Auto-generated constructor stub
      }
      * @param args
      public static void main(String[] args) {
            // TODO Auto-generated method stub
      }
      String TransmissionType;
      public String getTransmissionType() {
            return TransmissionType;
      }
      public void setTransmissionType(String transmissionType) {
            TransmissionType = transmissionType;
```

```
}
double fuelEfficiency;

public double getFuelEfficiency() {
    return fuelEfficiency * 120; //Converts to Joules
}

public void setFuelEfficiency(double fuelEfficiency) {
    this.fuelEfficiency = fuelEfficiency;
}
```

Question 6 (15 pts) **Polymorphism** - Write a driver program that uses a AECar reference variable to point to three different types of classes, showing that inheritance is one mechanism for using polymorphism.

Question 7 (10 pts) **Interface** – Make the AECar class implement the Comparable Java interface. Write a driver program that sorts a list of 4 AECars according to price.

```
import java.util.Arrays;
public class Driver1 {
      public Driver1() {
            // TODO Auto-generated constructor stub
      public static void main(String[] args) {
            // TODO Auto-generated method stub
            AECar other = new AECar(200, 2000);
          AECar other1 = new AECar(220, 5000);
          AECar other2 = new AECar(270, 5500);
          AECar other3 = new AECar(280, 5700);
          AECar[] aecars = {other,other1,other2,other3};
            Arrays.sort(aecars);
            System.out.println("\nHere is a list of aecars sorted by price");
            for(int i = 0; i < aecars.length; i++)</pre>
               System.out.println(aecars[i].toString());
          }
      }
```