

1. Create a list called `years_list`, starting with the year of your birth, and each year thereafter until the year of your fifth birthday. For example, if you were born in 1980. the list would be `years_list = [1980, 1981, 1982, 1983, 1984, 1985]`.

Answer

```
In [1]: 1 year_list=[i for i in range(1995,2001)]
```

```
In [2]: 1 year_list
```

```
Out[2]: [1995, 1996, 1997, 1998, 1999, 2000]
```

2. In which year in `years_list` was your third birthday? Remember, you were 0 years of age for your first year.

Answer

```
In [3]: 1 year_list[3]
```

```
Out[3]: 1998
```

3. In the `years_list`, which year were you the oldest?

Answer

```
In [4]: 1 year_list[-1]
```

```
Out[4]: 2000
```

4. Make a list called `things` with these three strings as elements: "mozzarella", "cinderella", "salmonella".

Answer

```
In [5]: 1 things=["mozzarella", "cinderella", "salmonella"]
```

```
In [6]: 1 things
```

```
Out[6]: ['mozzarella', 'cinderella', 'salmonella']
```

5. Capitalize the element in things that refers to a person and then print the list. Did it change the element in the list?

Answer

```
In [7]: 1 things[1].capitalize()
```

```
Out[7]: 'Cinderella'
```

6. Make a surprise list with the elements "Groucho," "Chico," and "Harpo."

Answer

```
In [10]: 1 surprise = ['Groucho', 'Chico', 'Harpo']
```

```
In [11]: 1 surprise
```

```
Out[11]: ['Groucho', 'Chico', 'Harpo']
```

7. Lowercase the last element of the surprise list, reverse it, and then capitalize it.

Answer

```
In [12]: 1 surprise[-1] = surprise[-1].lower()
          2 surprise
Out[12]: ['Groucho', 'Chico', 'harpo']

In [13]: 1 surprise[-1] = surprise[-1][::-1]
          2 surprise[-1]
Out[13]: 'oprah'

In [14]: 1 surprise[-1].capitalize()
Out[14]: 'Oprah'
```

8. Make an English-to-French dictionary called e2f and print it. Here are your starter words: dog is chien, cat is chat, and walrus is morse.

Answer

```
In [15]: 1 e2f = {'dog': 'chien', 'cat': 'chat', 'walrus': 'morse'}

In [16]: 1 e2f
Out[16]: {'dog': 'chien', 'cat': 'chat', 'walrus': 'morse'}
```

9. Write the French word for walrus in your three-word dictionary e2f.

Answer

```
In [17]: 1 e2f['walrus']
Out[17]: 'morse'
```

10. Make a French-to-English dictionary called f2e from e2f. Use the items method.

Answer

```
In [18]: 1 f2e={}
          2 for english, french in e2f.items():
          3     f2e[french]=english

In [19]: 1 f2e

Out[19]: {'chien': 'dog', 'chat': 'cat', 'morse': 'walrus'}
```

11. Print the English version of the French word chien using f2e.

Answer

```
In [20]: 1 f2e['chien']

Out[20]: 'dog'
```

12. Make and print a set of English words from the keys in e2f.

Answer

```
In [21]: 1 print(set(e2f.keys()))

{'cat', 'dog', 'walrus'}
```

13. Make a multilevel dictionary called life. Use these strings for the topmost keys: 'animals', 'plants', and 'other'. Make the 'animals' key refer to another dictionary with the keys 'cats', 'octopi', and 'emus'. Make the 'cats' key refer to a list of strings with the values 'Henri', 'Grumpy', and 'Lucy'. Make all the other keys refer to empty dictionaries.

Answer

```
In [22]: 1 life = {
2         'animals': {
3             'cats': [
4                 'Henri', 'Grumpy', 'Lucy'
5             ],
6             'octopi': {},
7             'emus': {}
8         },
9         'plants': {},
10        'other': {}
11    }

In [23]: 1 life

Out[23]: {'animals': {'cats': ['Henri', 'Grumpy', 'Lucy'], 'octopi': {}, 'emus': {}},
          'plants': {},
          'other': {}}
```

14. Print the top-level keys of life

Answer

```
In [24]: 1 print(life.keys())

dict_keys(['animals', 'plants', 'other'])
```

15. Print the keys for life['animals'].

Answer

```
In [25]: 1 life['animals'].keys()

Out[25]: dict_keys(['cats', 'octopi', 'emus'])
```

16. Print the values for life['animals']['cats']

Answer

```
In [27]: 1 print(life['animals']['cats'])

['Henri', 'Grumpy', 'Lucy']
```