Compound data types

复合数据结构

- Have seen a sampling of different classes of algorithms 不同类别的算法
 - Exhaustive enumeration 穷举
 - Guess and check 猜测和验证
 - Bisection 二分法
 - Divide and conquer 分离和解决
- All have been applied so far to simple data types

简单数据类型

- Numbers 数字
- Strings 字符串

Compound data types 复合数据类型

- Tuples
- Lists
- Dictionaries

Tuples

- Ordered sequence of elements (similar to strings) 有序的元素序列
- Elements can be more than just characters 元素不仅仅是字符

```
t1 = (1, 'two', 3)
print(t1)

t2 = (t1, 'four')
print(t2)
```

Operations on tuples

对元组的操作

$$t1 = (1, 'two', 3)$$

 $t2 = (t1, 'four')$

- Concatenation 级联
- Indexing 索引
- Slicing 切片
- Singletons 单个元素

Manipulating tuples

元组的操作

• Can iterate over tuples just as we can iterate over strings 元组可以像字符串一样被迭代

```
def findDivisors(n1, n2):
    """assumes n1 and n2 positive ints
    returns tuple containing
    common divisors of n1 and n2"""
    divisors = () # the empty tuple
    for i in range(1, min(n1, n2) + 1):
        if n1%i == 0 and n2%i == 0:
             divisors = divisors + (i,)
    return divisors
```

Manipulating tuples

Can iterate over tuples just as we can iterate over strings

```
divs = findDivisors(20, 100)
total = 0
for d in divs:
    total += d
print(total)
```