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FIRST SEMESTER MCA(2020 SCHEME) Practical
Examination June 2021
20MCA135 DATA STRUCTURES LAB

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Batch - A

Q1: Sorting of an integer array.

Algorithm

step 1: Initialize start

step 2: Initialize the variables i, j, a, n and
an array with size 30.

step 3: Print "size of the array"

step 4: Read elements of the array as 'a'.

step 5: Print "elements of the array"

step 6: set $i=0$. Repeat step 7 and step 8 until
 $i < n$.

step 7: Read elements of array

step 8: $i = i + 1$

step 9: set $i=0$. Repeat step 10 to step 13 until $i < n$.

step 10: set $j=i+1$. Repeat step 11 until $j < n$.

step 11: if $(\text{number}[i] > \text{number}[j])$ then
 $a = \text{number}[i]$

$\text{number}[i] = \text{number}[j]$

$\text{number}[j] = a$

step 12: $j = j + 1$

step 13: $i = i + 1$

step 14: Print "the sorted array"

step 15: set $i = 0$. Repeat step 16 and step 17 until $i < n$.

step 16: Print `number[i]`

step 17: $i = i + 1$

step 18: End.

Programs

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
void main()
{
    int i, j, a, n, number[80];
    clrscr();
    printf("Enter the size of the array:");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    printf("Enter the elements of the array:");
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
        scanf("%d", &number[i]);
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        for (j = i + 1; j < n; j++)
        {
            if (number[i] > number[j])
            {
                a = number[i];
                number[i] = number[j];
                number[j] = a;
            }
        }
    }
    printf("The sorted array is:\n");
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
        printf("%d\n", number[i]);
    getch();
}
```


Output

Enter the size of the array: 5

Enter the elements of the array: 4 1 6 3 2

The sorted array is:

1

2

3

4

6

Q2: Implement Prim's algorithm.

Algorithm

step 1: start

step 2: Initialize variables $a, b, u, v, n, i, j, ne = 1$.

step 3: Initialize $visited[i] = 0$, min , $mincost = 0$,
 $cost[i][i] = 0$

step 4: Print "No. of nodes"

step 5: Read n .

step 6: Print "Adjacency matrix"

step 7: set $i = 1$. Repeat step 10 and step 11 until $i \leq n$.

step 8: set $j = 1$. Repeat step 10 and step 12 until $j \leq n$.

step 9: Read cost

step 10: if $(cost[i][j] == 0)$ then
 $cost[i][j] = 999$.

step 11: $i = i + 1$. Repeat step

step 12: $j = j + 1$.

step 13: set $visited[i] = 1$.

step 14: while $(ne < n)$

~~step 15~~ ^{step a} set $i = 1$, $min = 999$. Repeat step (a) ^{upto} step (d)
until $i \leq n$.

step b: set $j = 1$. Repeat step (c) upto step (d) until $j \leq n$.

step c: if $(visited[i] != 0)$

```

min = cost[i][j]
a = u = i
b = v = j
step d: if (visited[u] == 0 && visited[v] == 0) then
    print "edge and cost"
    mincost = min
    visited[b] = 1
step 15: set cost[a][b] = cost[b][a] = 999.
step 16: Print "Minimum cost"
step 17: stop

```



```

step 15 : i = i + 1
step 16 : j = j + 1
step 17 : Set cost[a][b] = cost[b][a] = 999
step 18 : Print "Minimum cost"
step 19 : stop

```

Program

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
void clrscr();
int a, b, u, v, n, i, j, nc = 1;
int visited[10] = {0}, min, mincost = 0, cost[10][10];
void main()
{
    clrscr();
    printf("Enter the nodes:");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    printf("Enter the adjacency matrix:\n");
    for(i=1; i<=n; i++)
        for(j=1; j<=n; j++)
        {
            scanf("%d", &cost[i][j]);
            if(cost[i][j] == 0)

```



```

    cost[i][j] = 999;
}
visited[i] = 1;
printf("\n");
while (ne < n)
{
    for (i = 1, min = 999; i <= n; i++)
        for (j = 1; j <= n; j++)
            if (cost[i][j] < min)
                if (visited[i] != 0)
                {
                    min = cost[i][j];
                    a = u = i;
                    b = v = j;
                }
            if (visited[u] == 0 || visited[v] == 0)
            {
                printf("\n edge %d: (%d %d) cost: %d", ne++, a, b, min);
                mincost += min;
                visited[b] = 1;
            }
            cost[a][b] = cost[b][a] = 999;
        }
    printf("\n Minimum cost: %d", mincost);
    getch();
}

```

Output

Enter the no. of nodes: 6
Enter the adjacency matrix:
0 3 1 6 0 0
3 0 5 0 3 0
1 5 0 5 6 4

6 0 5 0 0 2

0 3 6 0 0 6

0 0 4 2 6 0

edge 1: (13) cost: 1

edge 2: (12) cost: 3

edge 3: (25) cost: 3

edge 4: (36) cost: 4

edge 5: (64) cost: 2

Minimum cost: 13