Testowalna aplikacja na Androida?

Spróbujmy z Clean Architecture.

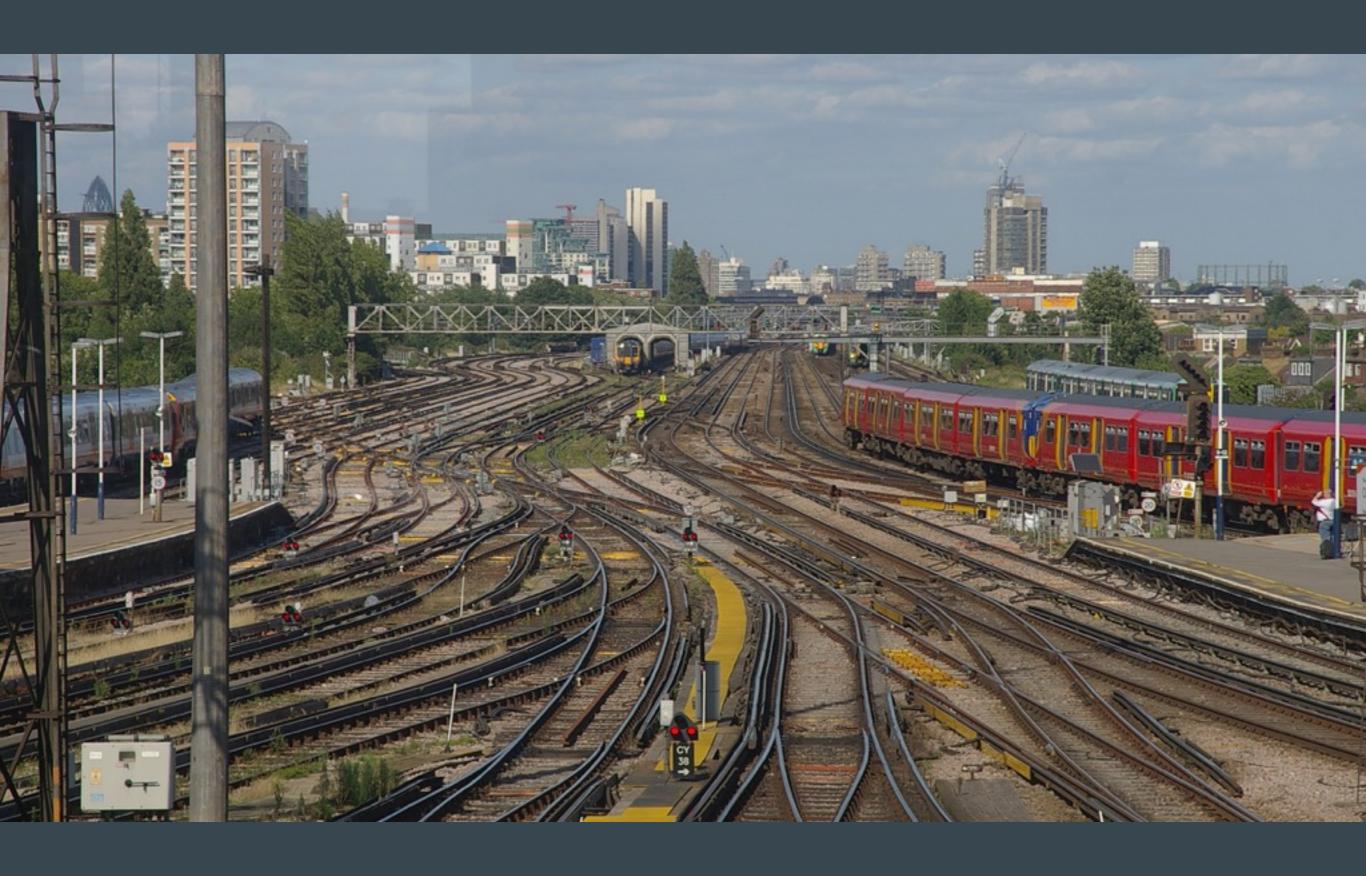
Michał Charmas

0 mnie

· Developer aplikacji mobilnych na Androida

Trener w firmie Bottega IT Solutions

Konsultant / Freelancer

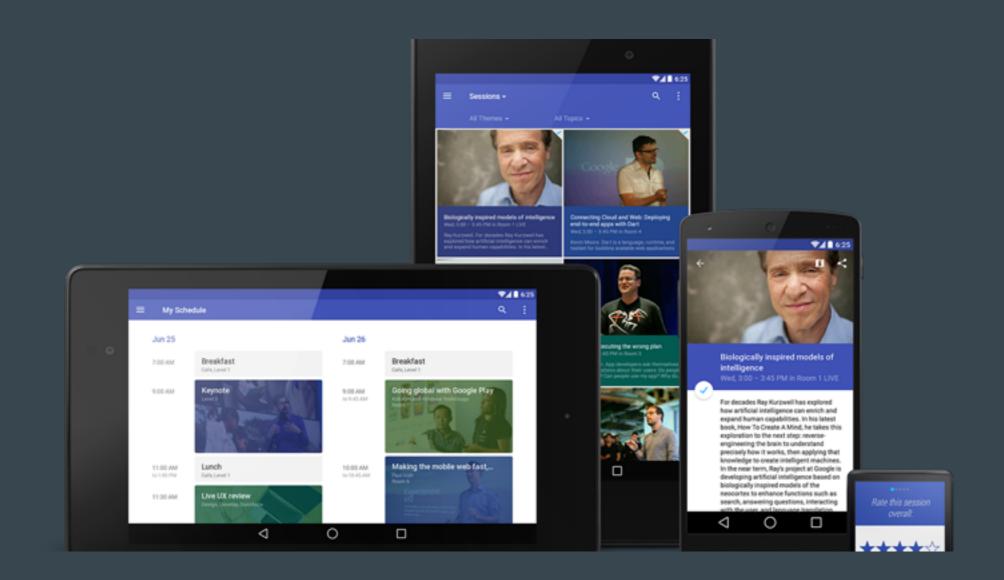


•	Kwestie techniczne / optymalizacyjne - raczej łatwe i dobrze opisane

Kwestie techniczne / optymalizacyjne - raczej łatwe i dobrze opisane

Jak żyć?

- jak nie psuć wcześniej działających ficzerów wprowadzonymi zmianami?
- jak wykrywać takie sytuacje?
- jak dzielić odpowiedzialność?
- jak osiągnąć mniejszy coupling?
- · jak testować?



ioChed 2014

"...the other primary goal is to serve as a practical example of **best practices** for Android app design and **development**."

-Android Developers Blog

- Gdzie zasada pojedynczej odpowiedzialności?
- Logika domenowa w UI
- · Logika UI pomieszana z asynchronicznym pobieraniem danych
- Callbacks everywhere
- Mapowanie kursorów na obiekty biznesowe w UI
- Activity i Fragmenty po 1000+ linii
- Całkowite uzależnienie od frameworka (import android.*)
- Testy?

$$A \longrightarrow B$$

$$2 \qquad 4$$

$$\begin{array}{c} A \\ 2 \\ \end{array}$$

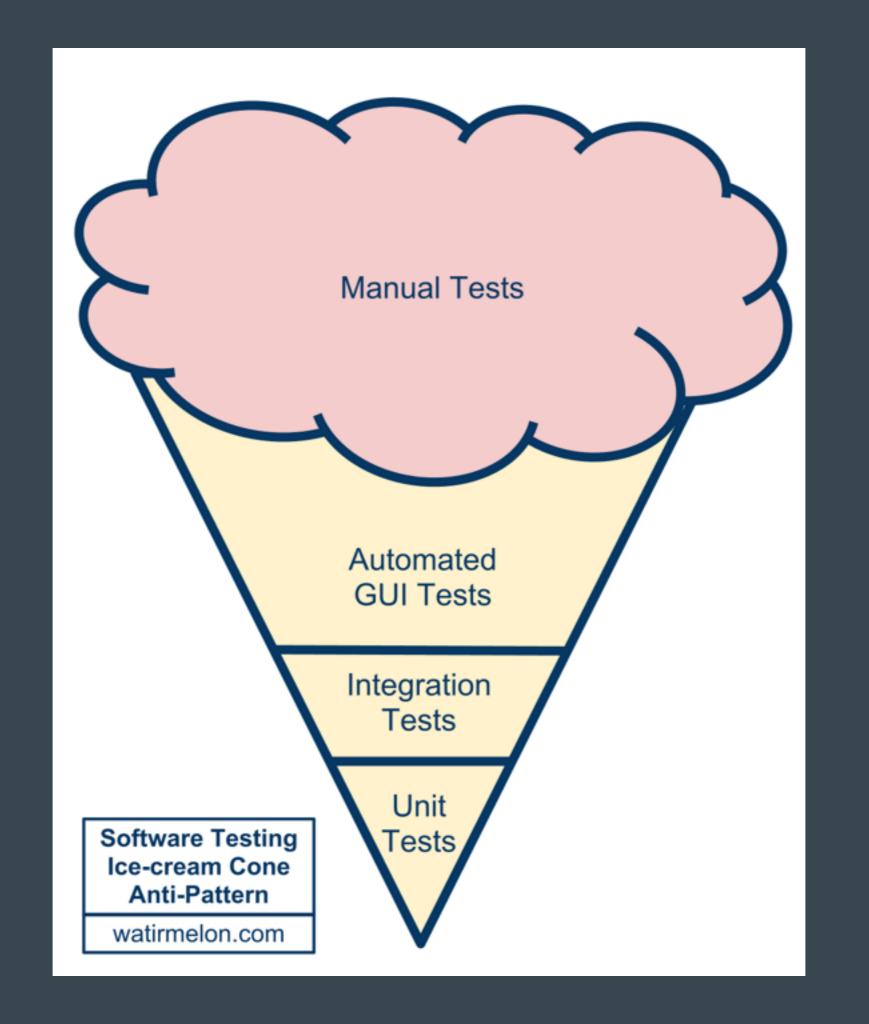
$$2 + 4 = 6$$

$$2 * 4 = 8$$

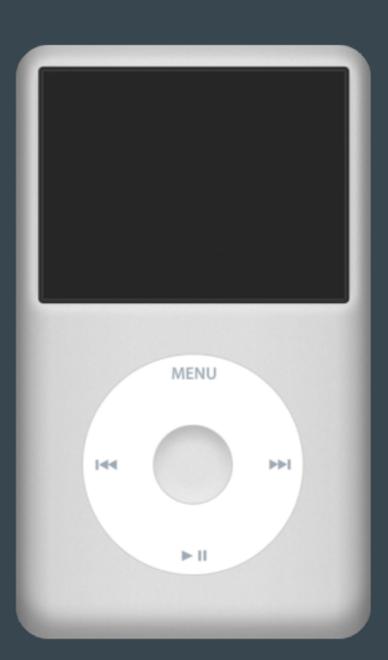
$$2 + 4 = 6$$

* J.B. Rainsberger - Integrated Tests Are A Scam (https://vimeo.com/80533536)

Ideal Software Testing Pyramid Manual watirmelon.com Session **Based Testing Automated GUI Tests Automated API Tests Automated Integration Tests Automated Component Tests Automated Unit Tests**









"Application components (...) are interfaces for your application to interact with the operating system; don't take them as a recommendation of the facilities you should architect your entire application around."

-Chet Haase, Developing for Android VII

Application

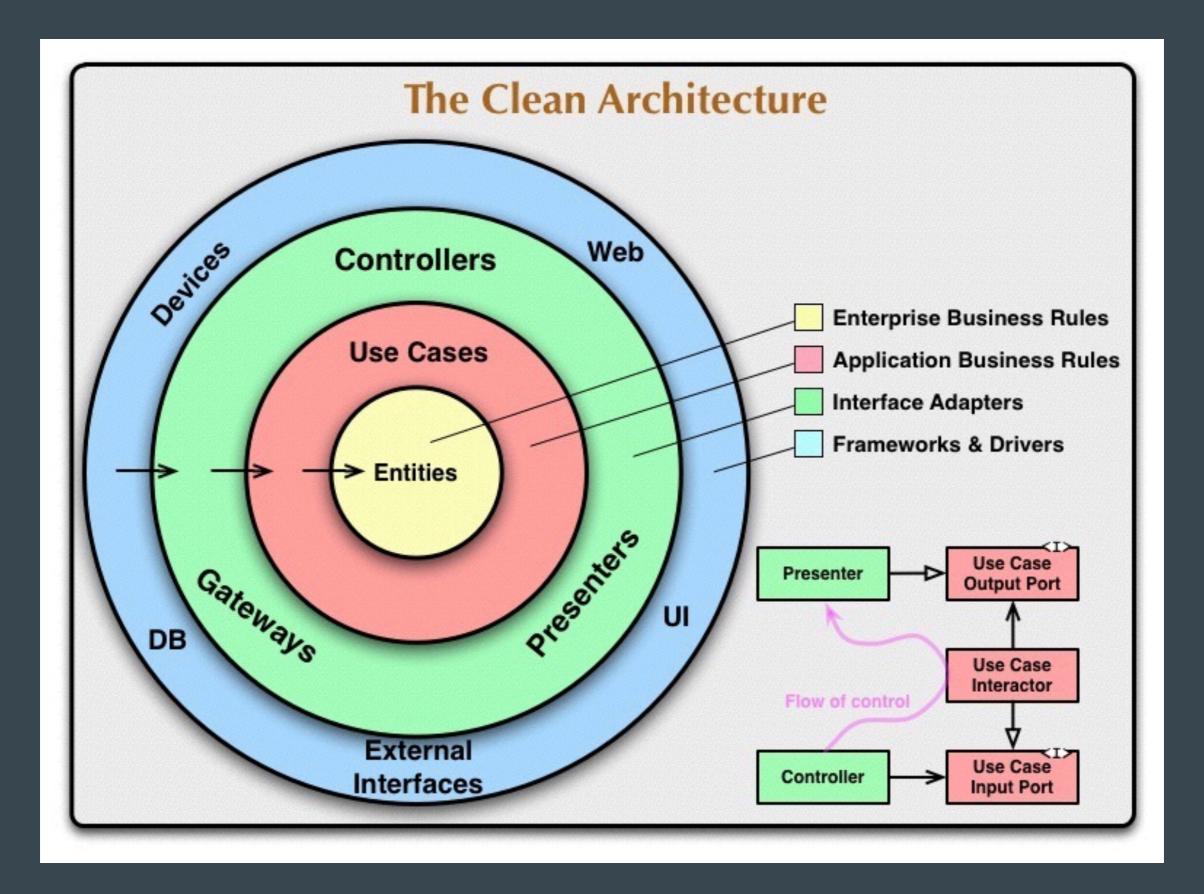
Networking

Persistance

Android SDK Models / Domain

Application			Android Application	
Netwo	Networking		Application	Android SDK
Persistance		——	Networking	
			Persistance	
Android SDK	Models / Domain		Models / Domain	

Application			Android Application	
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Android SDK	Models / Domain		Models / Domain	

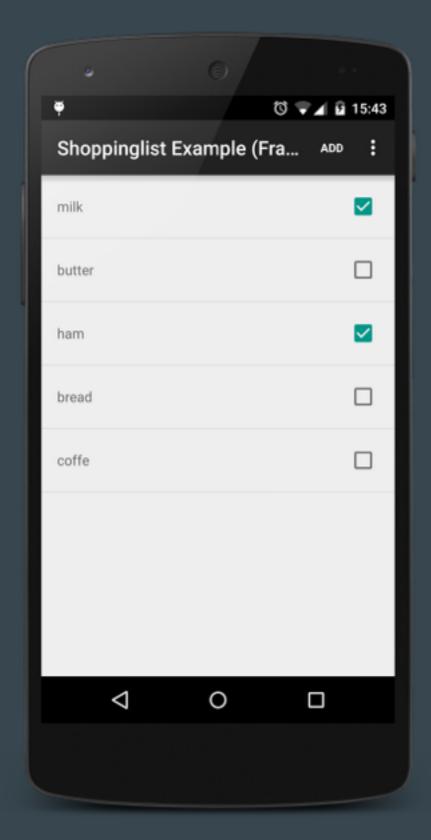


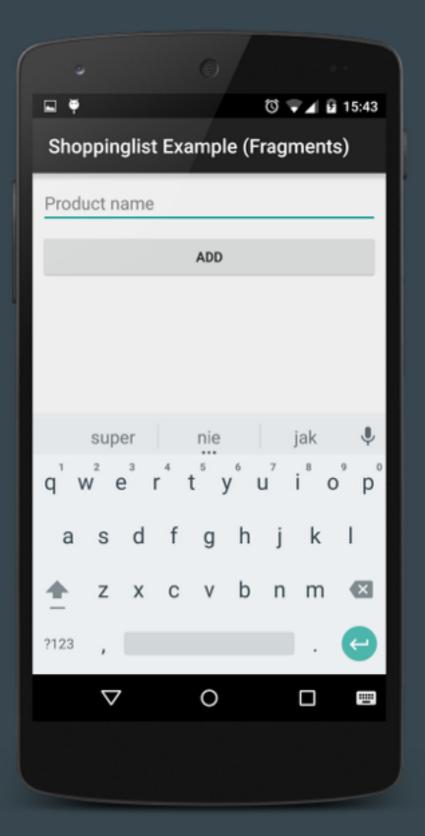
Niezależna od frameworka - zasda zależności.

· Niezależna od interfejsu użytkownika.

Niezależna od bazy danych.

 Testowalna - w oderwaniu od frameworka / bazy danych / serwera.





```
public class Product {
  private final long id;
  private final String name;
  private boolean isBought;
  public Product(long id, String name, boolean isBought){
    this.id = id;
    this.name = name;
    this.isBought = isBought;
  public void markBought() {
    this.isBought = true;
  public void markNotBought() {
    this.isBought = false;
  //getters
```

```
@Test public void testShouldBeBoughtWhenMarkedAsBought() throws Exception {
    Product product = new Product(0, "sample name", false);
    product.markBought();
    assertEquals(true, product.isBought());
}
```

```
public class ProductList implements Iterable<Product> {
 public Product addProduct(String productName) {
 public int removeBoughtProducts() {
 public Product getProduct(long id) {
 public int size() {
 @Override public Iterator<Product> iterator() {
```

```
public class ProductListTest {
  private static final String SAMPLE_PRODUCT_NAME = "sample product";
 @Test public void testShouldCreateProduct() throws Exception {
    ProductList products = new ProductList(null);
    Product product = products_addProduct(SAMPLE_PRODUCT_NAME);
   assertNotNull(product);
 @Test public void testShouldCreateEmptyProductList() throws Exception {
 @Test public void testShouldRemoveOnlyBoughtProducts() throws Exception {
 @Test public void testShouldSetLowestAvailableId() throws Exception {
```

"A good architecture emphasizes the use-cases and decouples them from peripheral concerns."

-Robert C. Martin

UseCases:

- AddProduct
- ListProducts
- ChangeProductBoughtStatus
- RemoveAllBoughtProducts

UseCases:

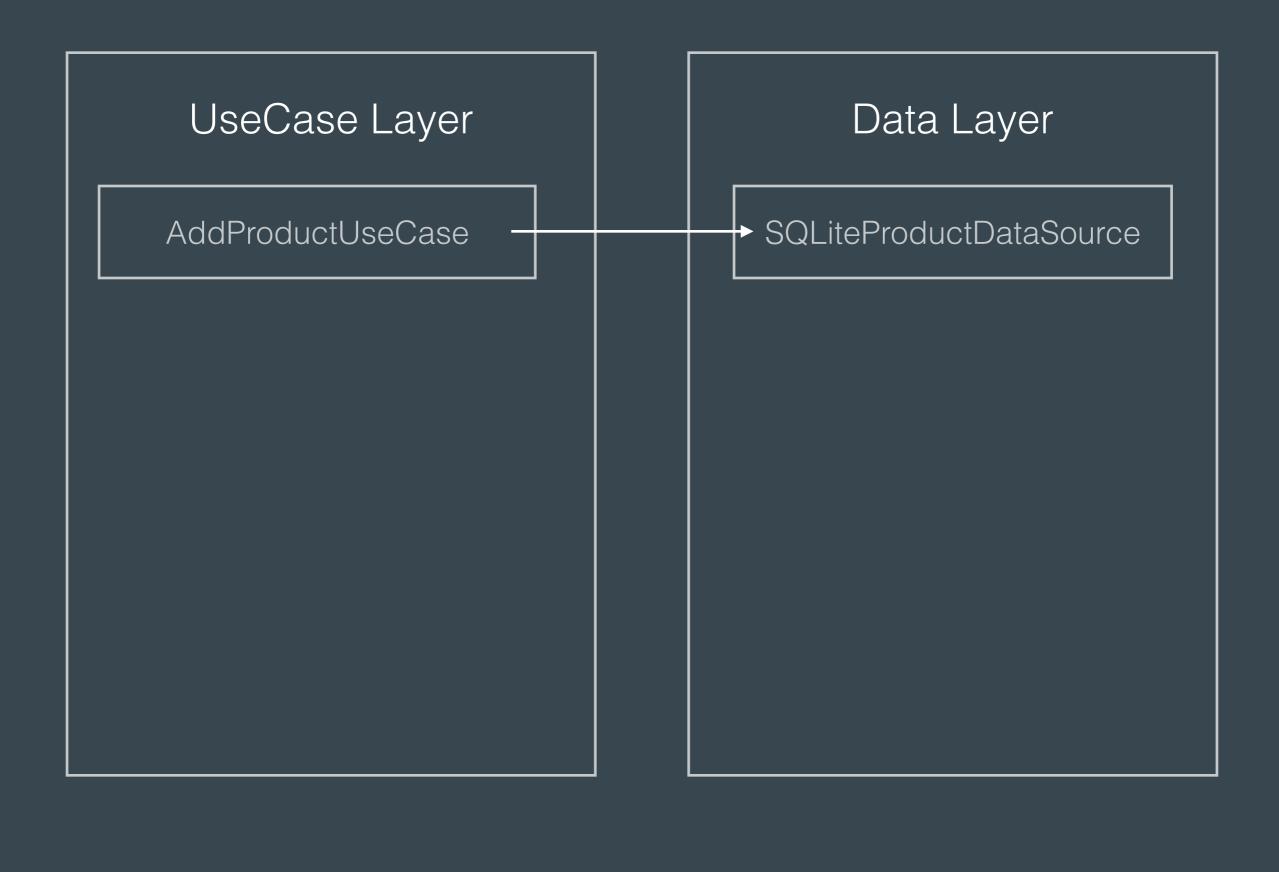
- AddProduct
- ListProducts

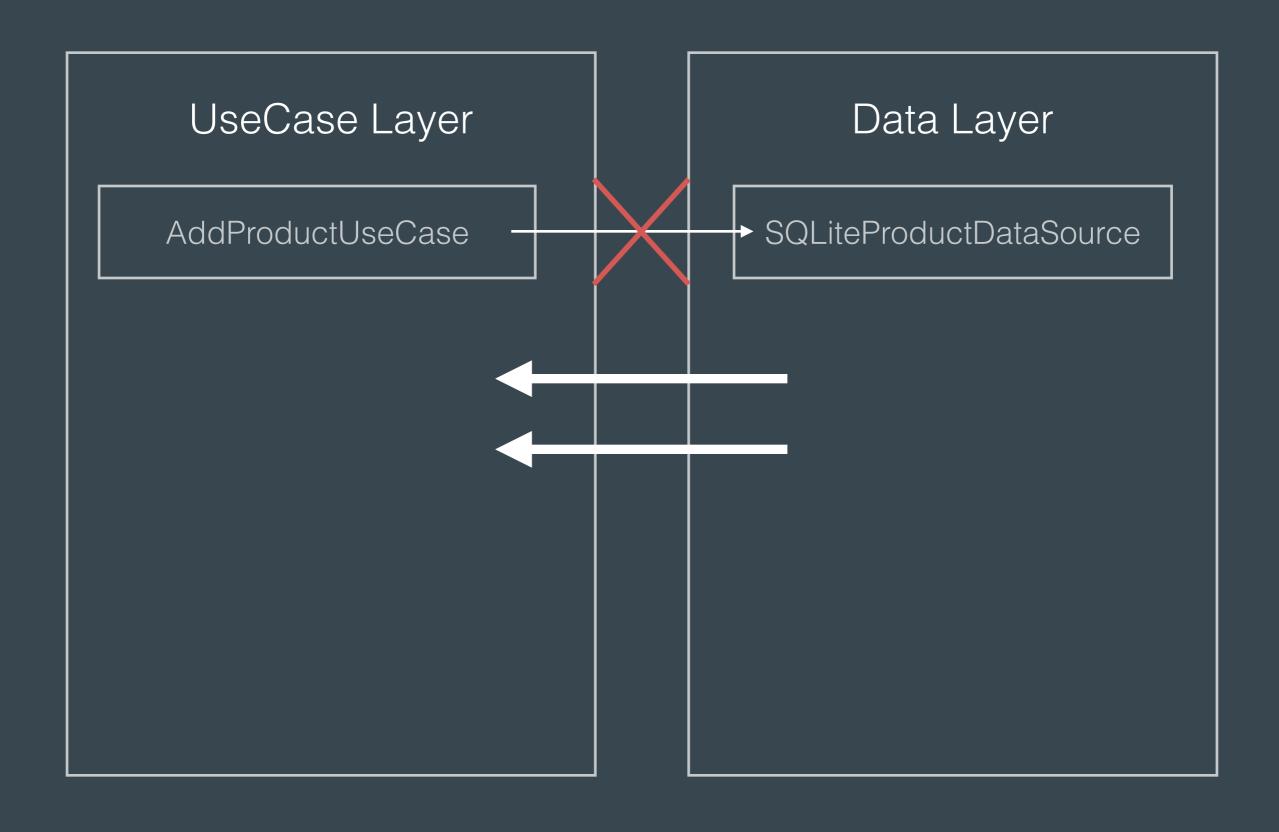
```
public interface UseCase<Result, Argument> {
   Result execute(Argument arg) throws Exception;
}

public interface UseCaseArgumentless<Result> {
   Result execute() throws Exception;
}
```

- ChangeProductBoughtStatus
- RemoveAllBoughtProducts

```
public class AddProductUseCaseTest {
  private AddProductUseCase useCase;
 @Before public void setUp() throws Exception {
   useCase = new AddProductUseCase();
 @Test public void testShouldAddProduct() throws Exception {
    useCase.execute("Sample product");
   //TODO: verify saved
```

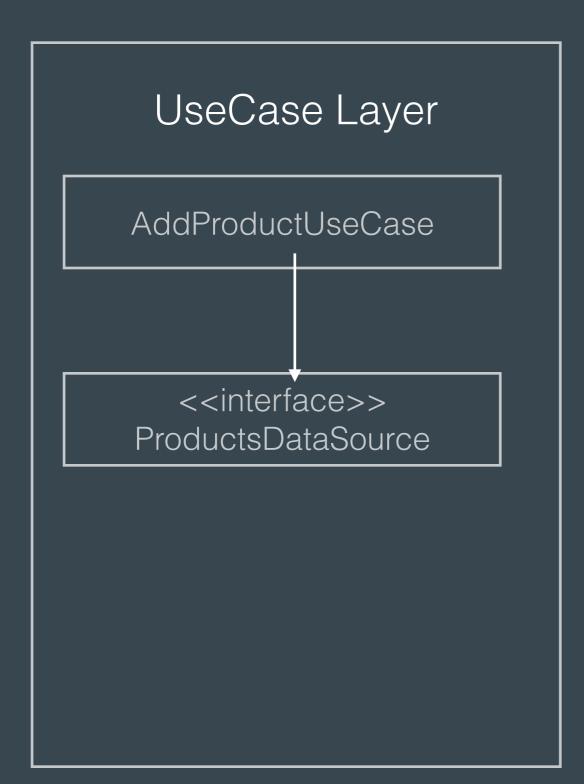




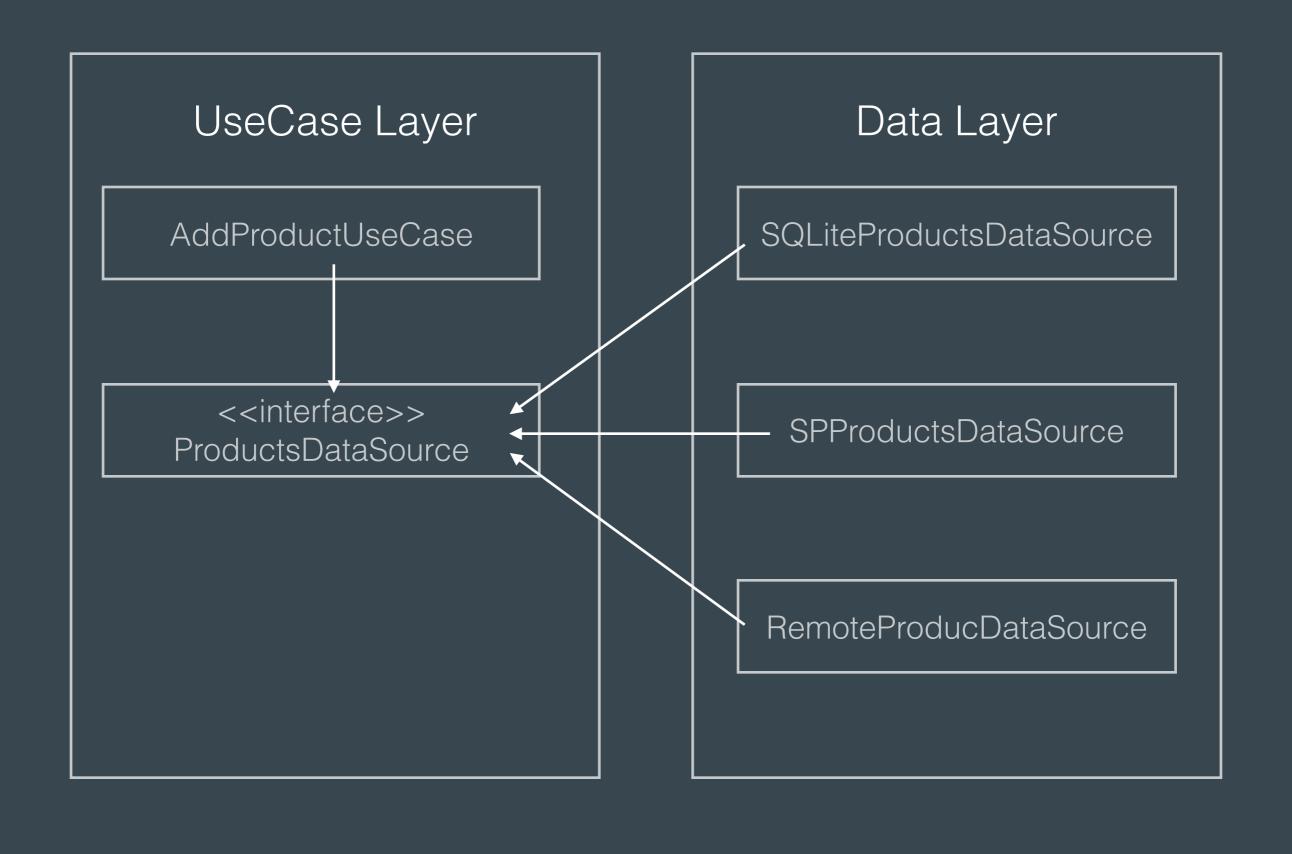
UseCase Layer

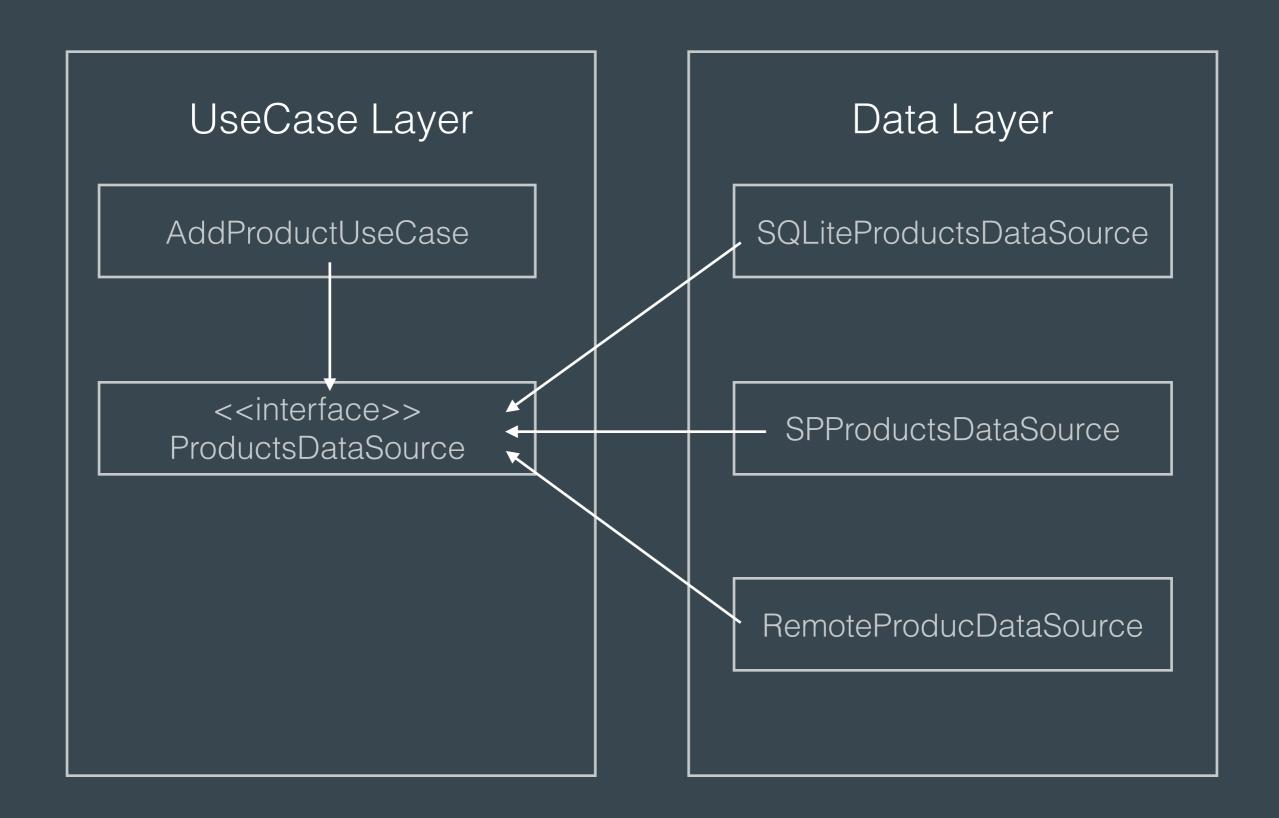
AddProductUseCase

Data Layer



Data Layer





Dependency Inversion Principle

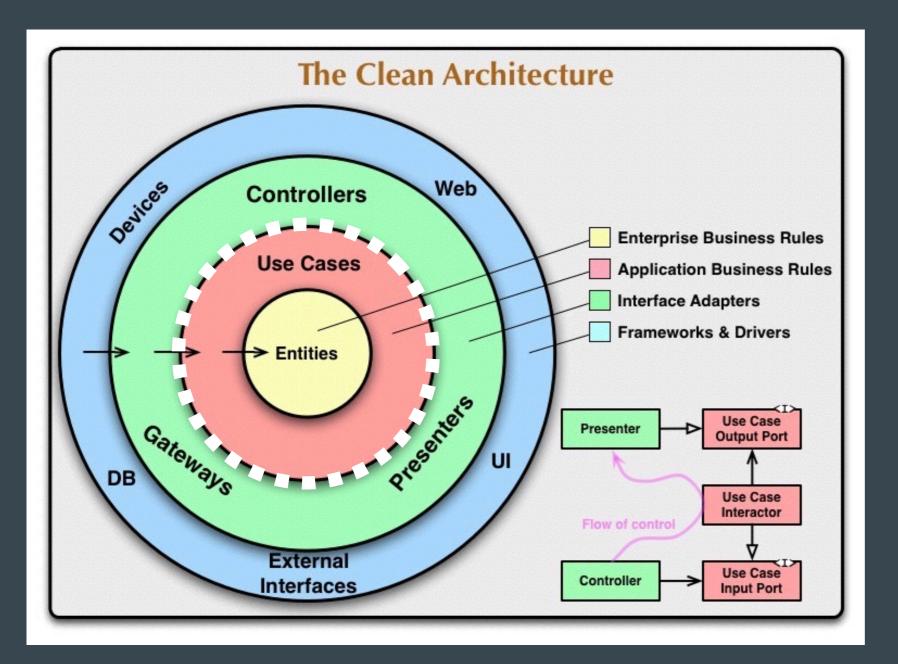
```
public interface ProductsDataSource {
   ProductList getProductList();
   void saveProductList(ProductList products);
}
```

```
public interface ProductsDataSource {
   ProductList getProductList();
   void saveProductList(ProductList products);
}
```

```
public class AddProductUseCaseTest {
    // setup

@Test public void testShouldAddProduct() throws Exception {
    when(productsDataSourceMock.getProductList()).thenReturn(mockProducts);
    useCase.execute(PRODUCT_NAME);
    verify(mockProducts, times(1)).addProduct(PRODUCT_NAME);
    verify(productsDataSourceMock).saveProductList(mockProducts);
}
```

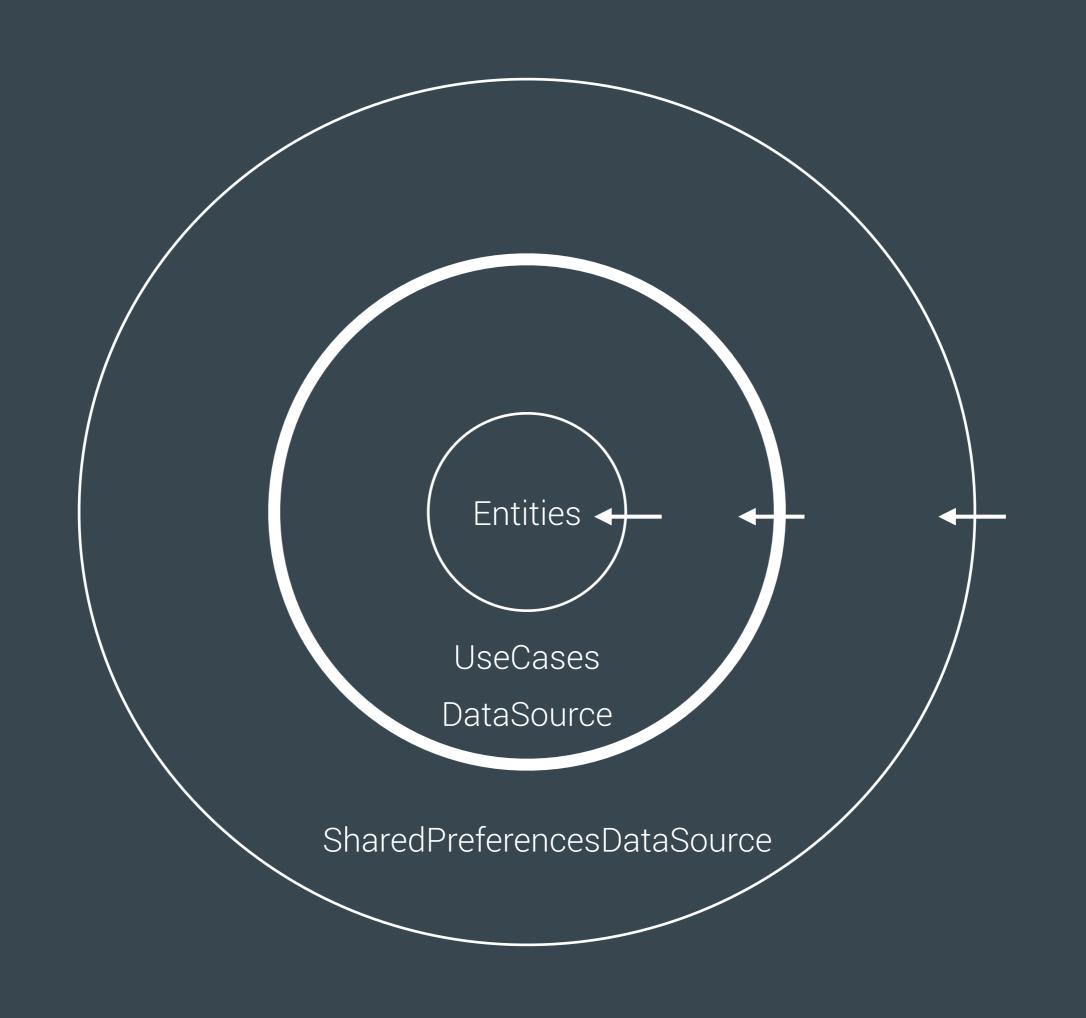
```
public class AddProductUseCase implements UseCase<Product, String> {
  private final ProductsDataSource productsDataSource;
  @Inject
  public AddProductUseCase(ProductsDataSource productsDataSource) {
    this.productsDataSource = productsDataSource;
  @Override
  public Product execute(final String productName) {
    if (productName == null || productName.trim().isEmpty()) {
      throw new ValidationException("Product name cannot be empty");
    ProductList productList = productsDataSource.getProductList();
    Product product = productList.addProduct(productName);
    productsDataSource.saveProductList(productList);
    return product;
```



- całkowicie niezależne od frameworka
- pure Java
- może zostać
 wyciągnięte do
 oddzielnego modułu czysto javowego

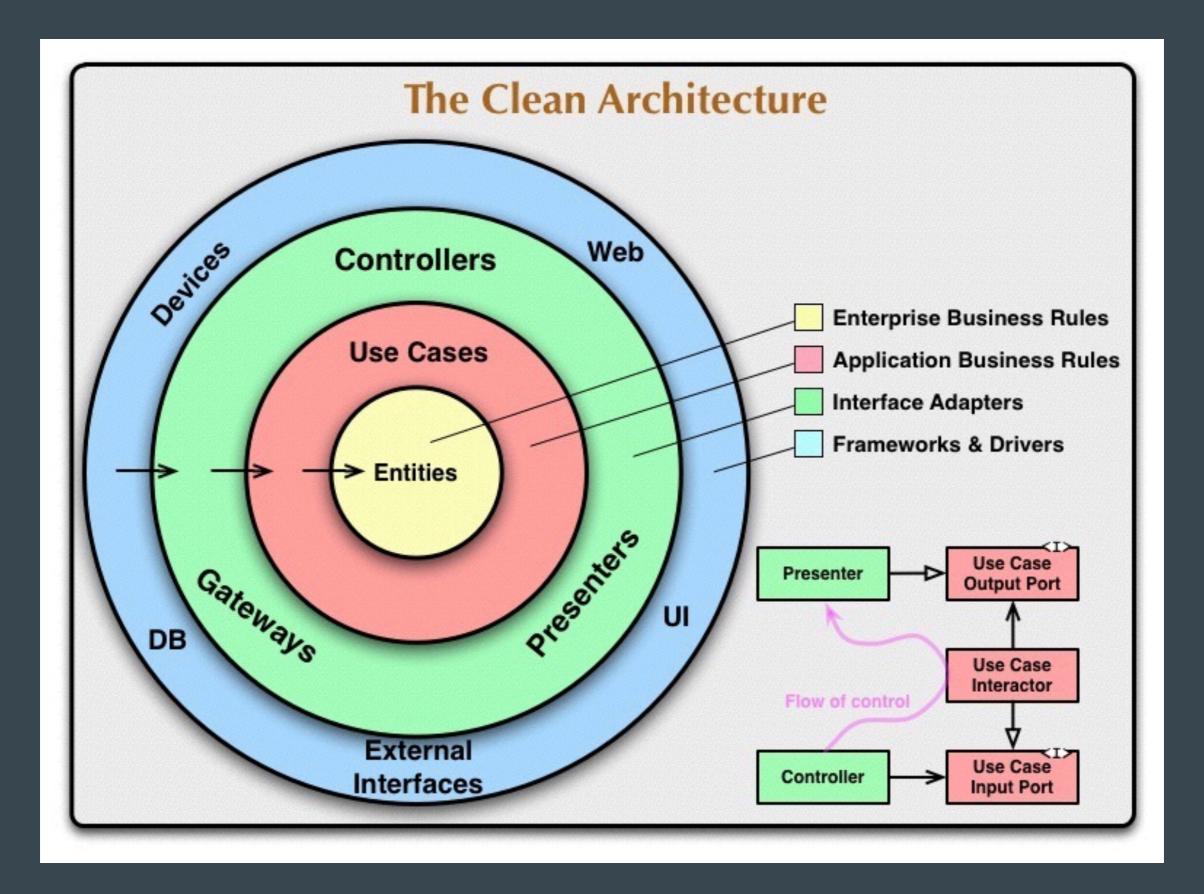
Persistence / Data



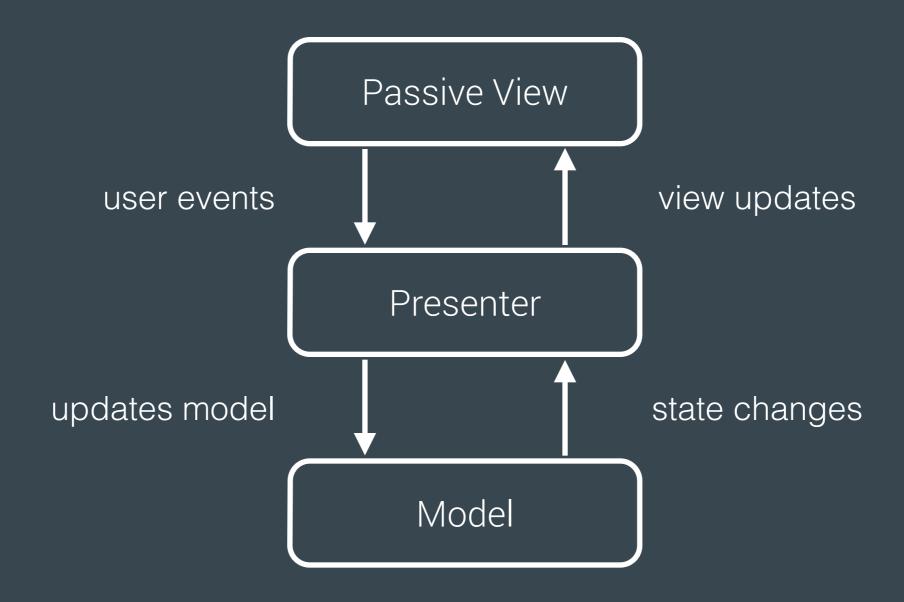


```
public class SharedPreferencesProductsDataSource implements ProductsDataSource {
  private static final String SP_PRODUCT_ENTITIES = "PRODUCT_ENTITIES";
  private final SharedPreferences sharedPreferences;
  private final ProductListJsonMapper productListJsonMapper;
 @Inject
  public SharedPreferencesProductsDataSource(SharedPreferences sharedPreferences,
     ProductListJsonMapper productListJsonMapper) {
    this.sharedPreferences = sharedPreferences:
   this.productListJsonMapper = productListJsonMapper;
 @Override public ProductList getProductList() {
   // use SP to get product list
 @Override public void saveProductList(ProductList products) {
   // use SP to store product list mapping with JSON
```

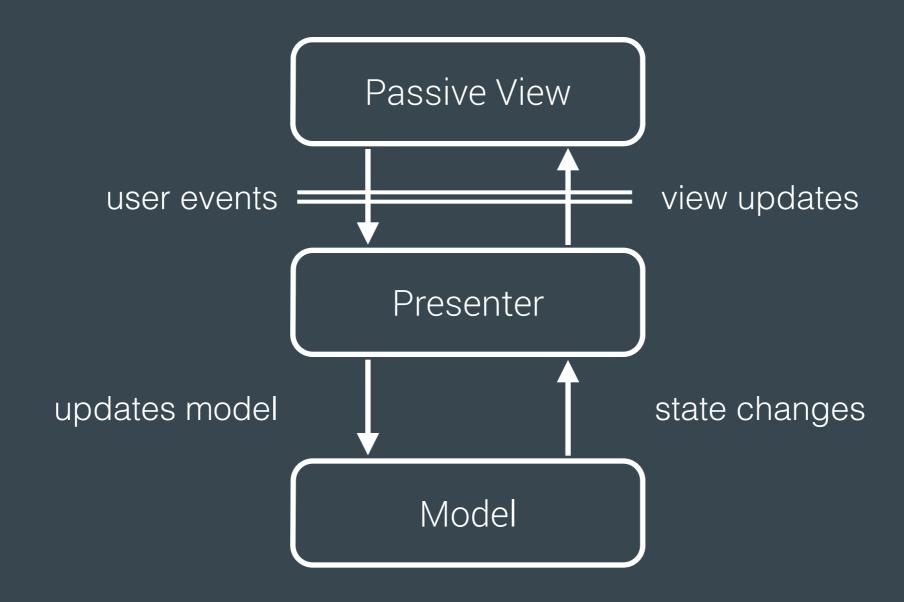
UI

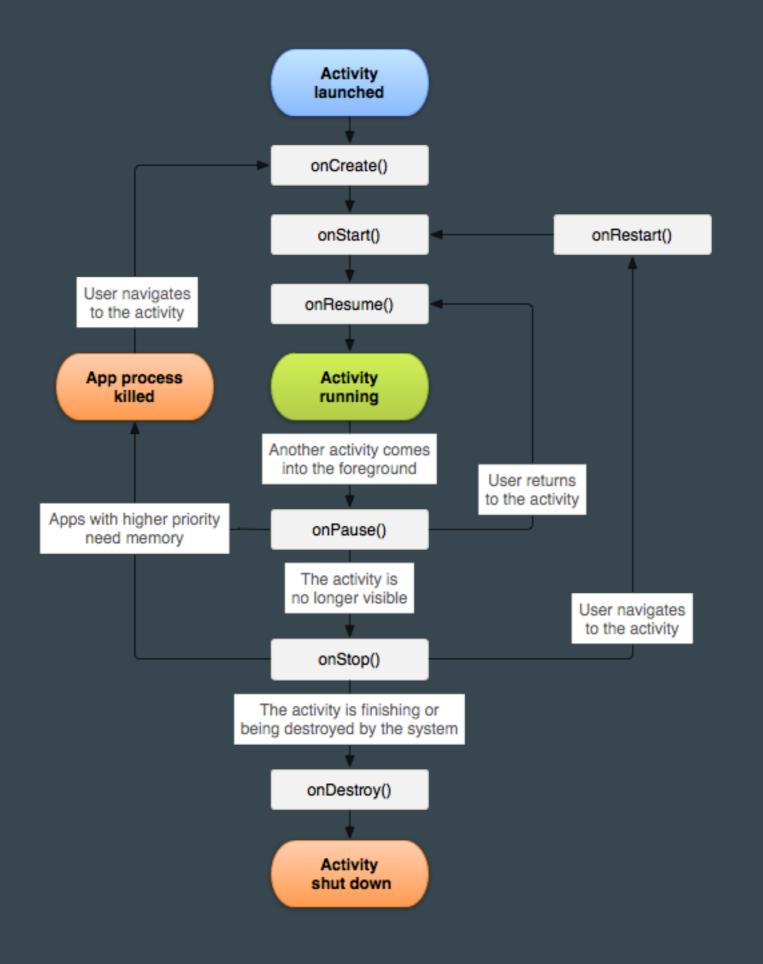


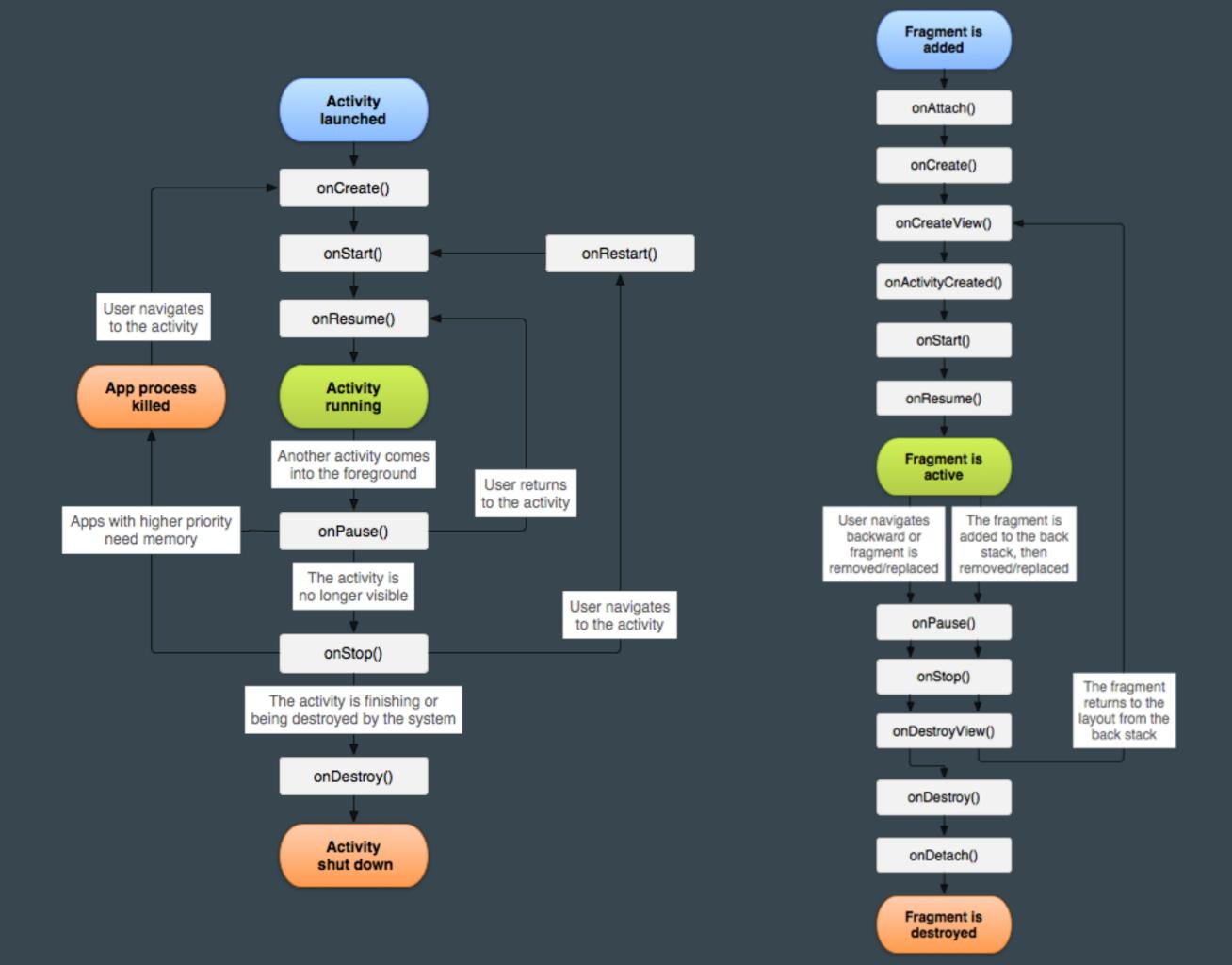
Model View Presenter



Model View Presenter







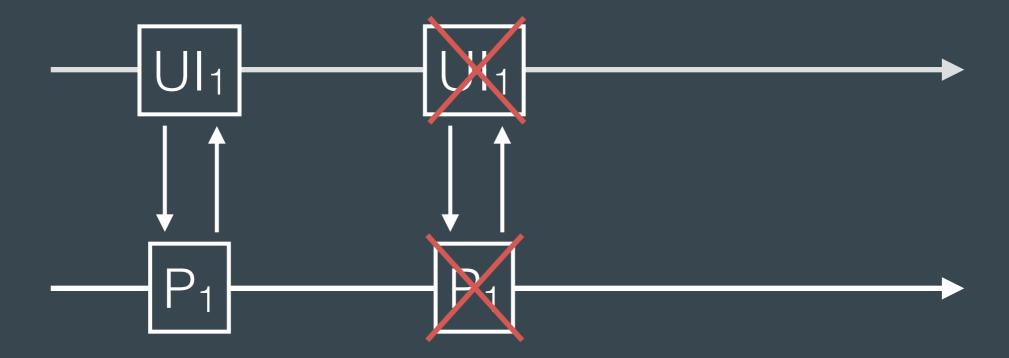
The Complete Android Activity/Fragment Lifecycle v0.9.3 2004-09-22 Steve Pamenty - stevep@theteur CC-8Y-5A-4.0 https://github.com/kku/android-lifecycle Key Fragment Lifecycle Activity Lifecycle Common Uncommon lifecycle events are ones that either the decumentation states are not intended for application use or which aren't often encountered in many apps Attached: fragment is associated with an activity onViewCreated() anActivityCreated) infestati) onViewStateRestored() onStart() onfanume() onCreateOptionsMenu() on/hepareOptionsMenu() User navigates backward or fragment is anthrapi) retainfratance the fragment is restracted

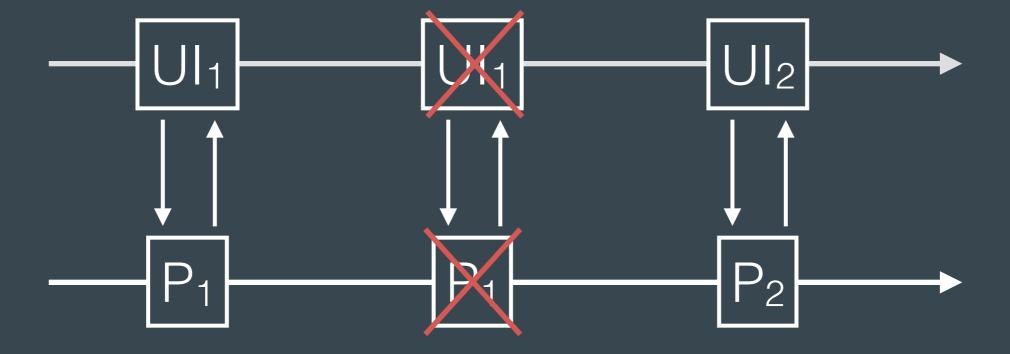
The Complete Android Activity/Fragment Lifecycle v0.9:8 2004-04-23 Steve Pamency <steve CC-8Y-5A 4.0 https://github.com/kxw/wndraid Fragment Lifecycle Activity Lifecycle Uncommon lifecycle sweltz are shes that either the decumentation states are not intended for application use or which aren't often encountered in many apps Attached: fragment is associated with an activity anActivityCreated) onViewStateRestored() onPrepareOptionsMenu()

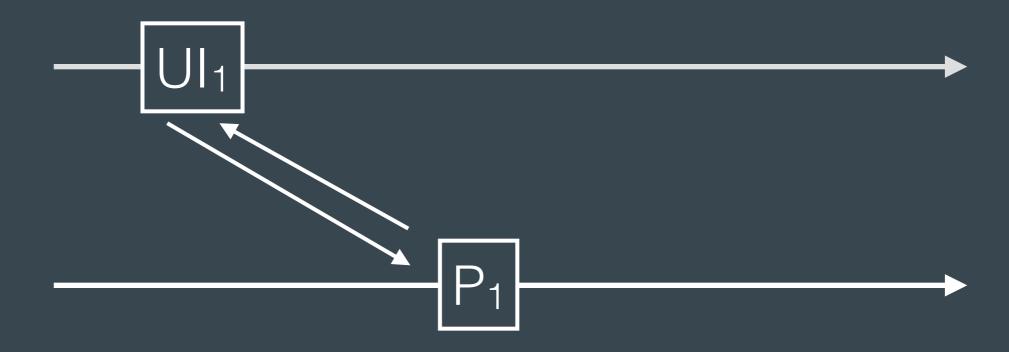
LOLCycle

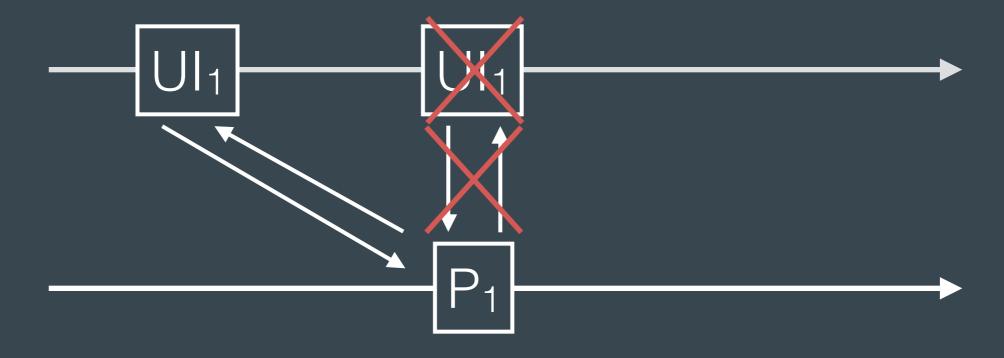
```
public interface Presenter<T extends UI> {
  void attachUI(T ui);
}
```

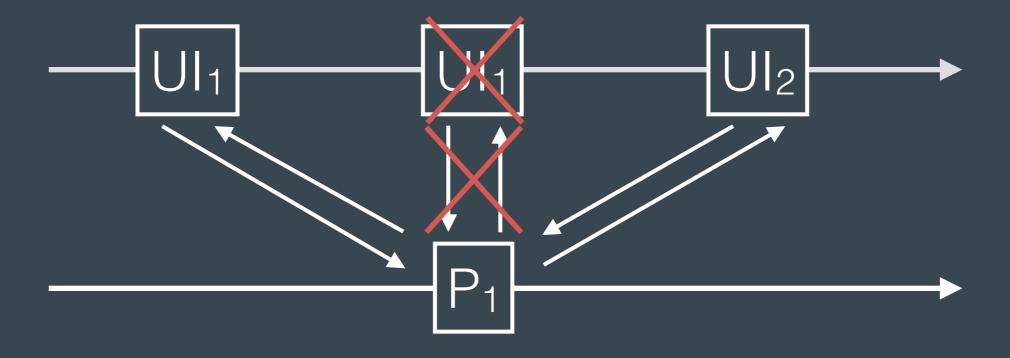








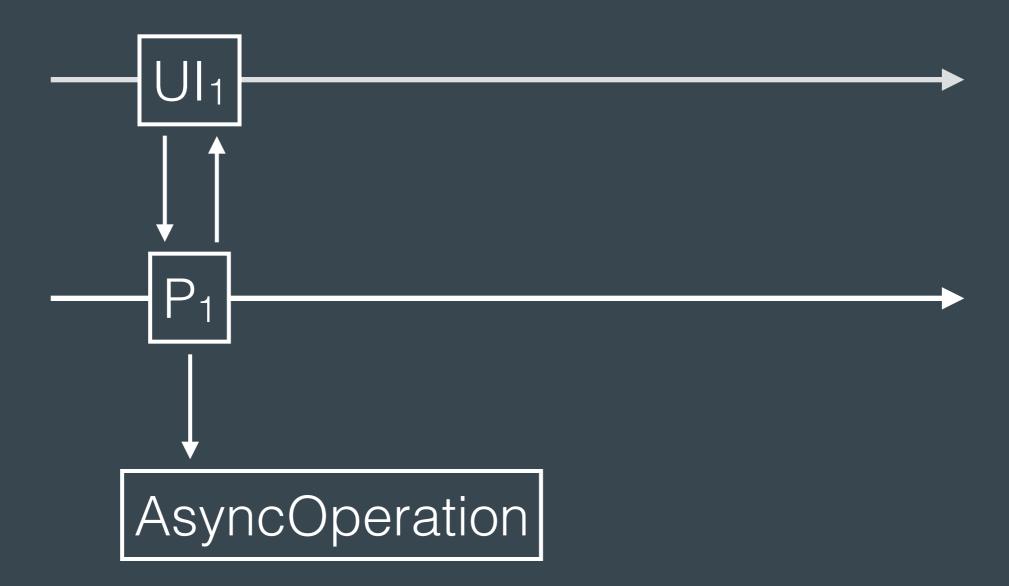


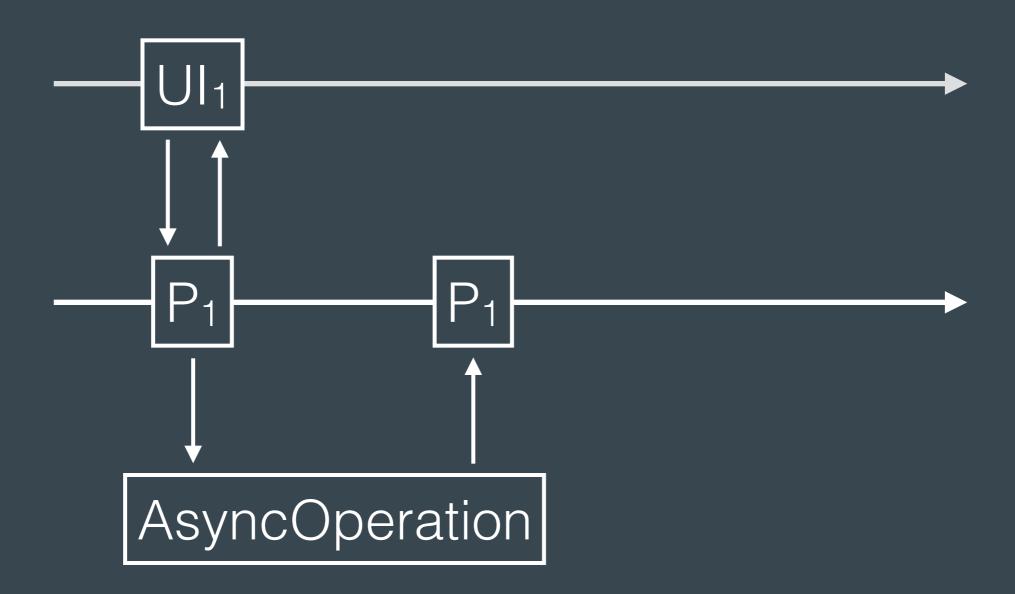


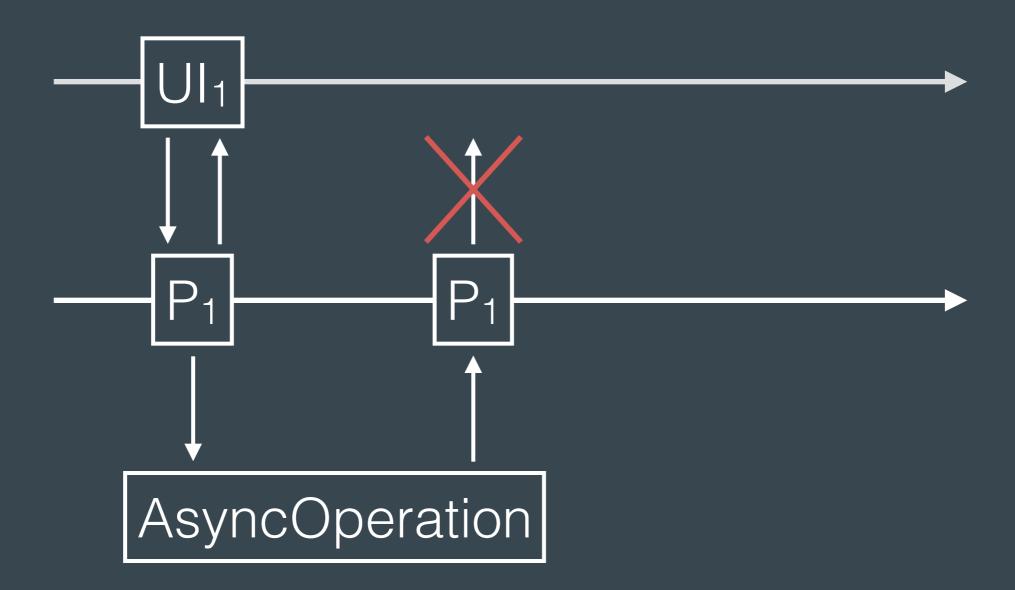
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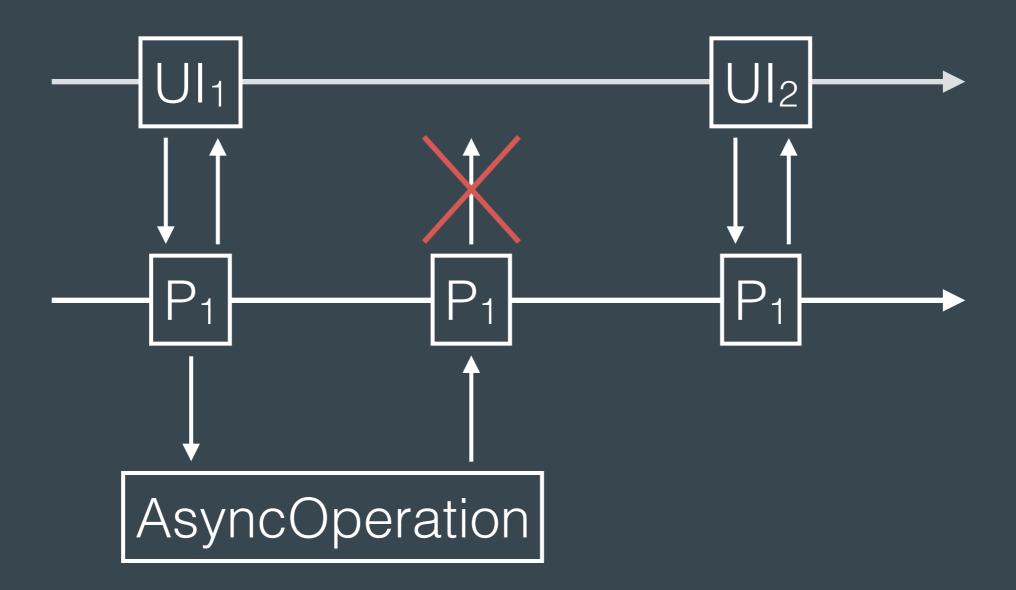
  void detachUI();
}
```

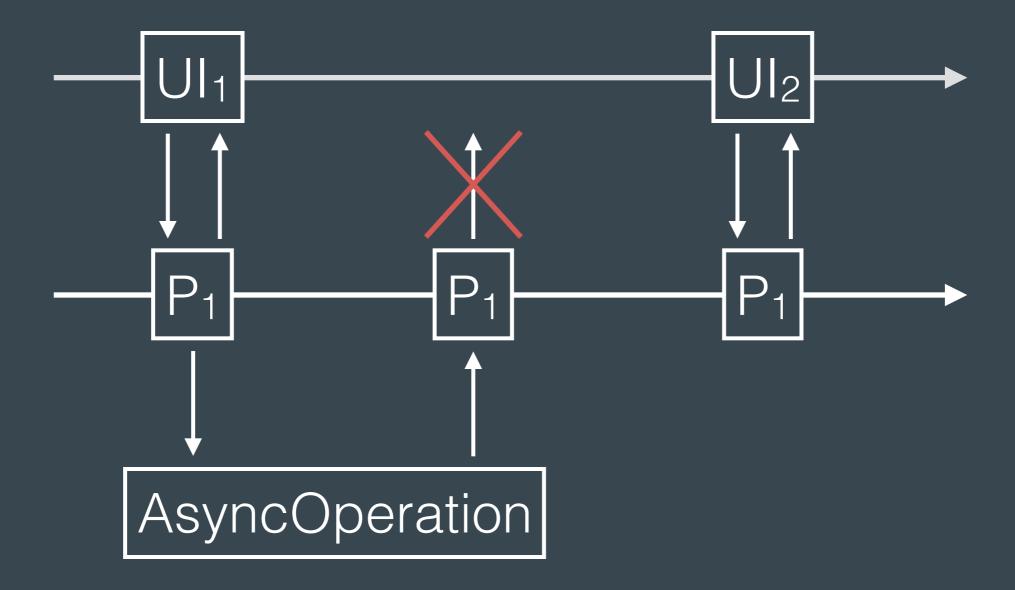












```
public interface UICommand<T> {
   void execute(T ui);
}

private Queue<UICommand<T>> commandQueue = new LinkedList<>();
```

```
public interface ProductListUI extends UI {
  void showProductList(List<ProductViewModel> productViewModels);

  void showProgress();

  void navigateToAddProduct();
}
```

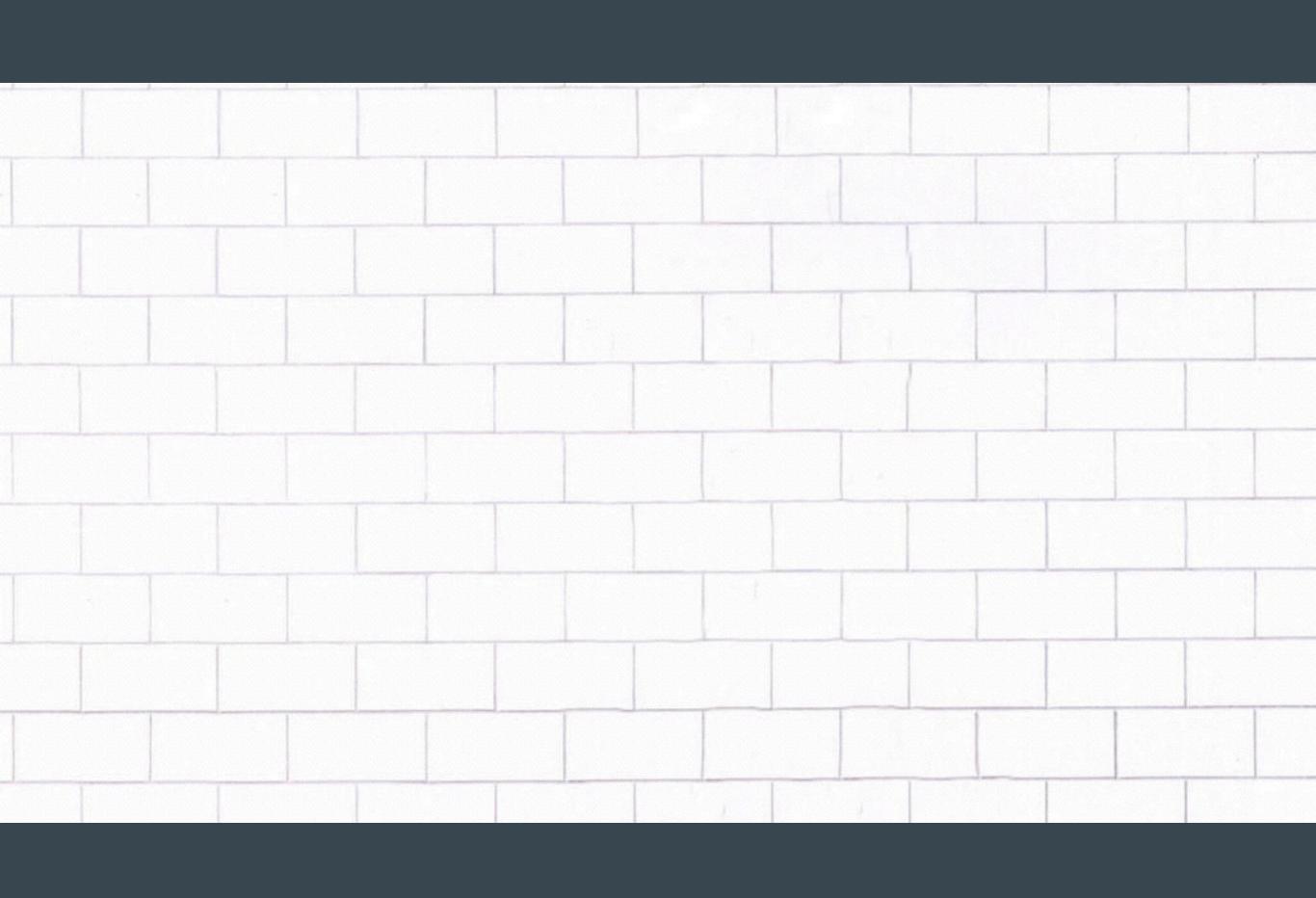
```
public interface ProductListUI extends UI {
  void showProductList(List<ProductViewModel> productViewModels);

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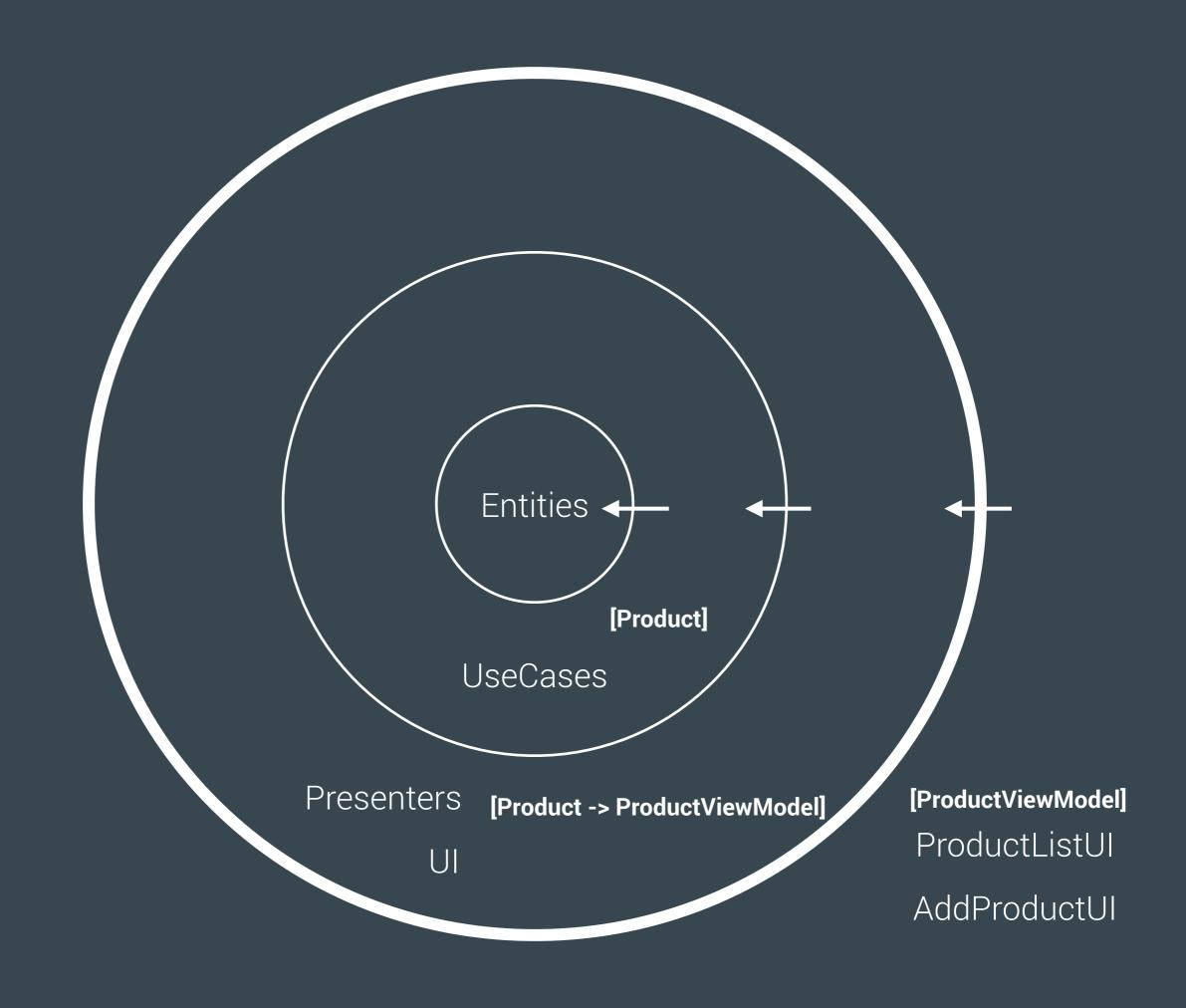
  void navigateToAddProduct();
}
```

```
public class ShowProgressCommand implements UICommand<ProductListUI> {
 @Override public void execute(ProductListUI ui) {
    ui.showProgress();
public class PresentContentCommand implements UICommand<Pre>ProductListUI> {
  private final List<ProductViewModel> products;
  public PresentContentCommand(List<ProductViewModel> products) {
    this.products = products;
 @Override public void execute(ProductListUI ui) {
    ui.showProductList(this.products);
```

```
@Singleton
public class ProductListPresenter
  extends BasePresenter<ProductListPresenter.ProductListUI> {
 @Override protected void onFirstUIAttachment() {
    updateProductList(true);
  public void productStatusChanged(long productId, boolean isBought) {
  public void onAddNewProduct() {
  public void onRemoveBoughtProducts() {
  private void updateProductList(boolean withProgress) {
    if (withProgress) {
      execute(new ShowProgressCommand(), true);
    asyncUseCase.wrap(listProductsUseCase).subscribe(
        new Action1<ProductList>() {
          @Override public void call(ProductList products) {
            List<ProductViewModel> viewModels = mapper.toViewModel(products);
            executeRepeat(new PresentContentCommand(viewModels));
```



```
public class ProductListFragment extends
  PresenterListFragment<ProductListPresenter.ProductListUI>
  implements ProductListPresenter.ProductListUI {
 @Inject ProductListPresenter presenter;
 @Override public void showProductList(List<ProductViewModel> productViewModels) {
    ProductListAdapter adapter = (ProductListAdapter) getListAdapter();
    if (adapter != null) {
      adapter.swapData(productViewModels);
   } else {
      setListAdapter(new ProductListAdapter(
        getActivity(),
        productViewModels,
        onProductStatusChangedListener)
    setListShown(true);
 @Override public void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    // setup
    onProductStatusChangedListener = new OnProductStatusChangedListener() {
      @Override public void onProductStatusChanged(long productId, boolean isBought)
        presenter.productStatusChanged(productId, isBought);
```



DI

Dagger

Kontener DI

- ma konstruktor @Inject wiem jak go znaleźć - tworzę i zwracam
- nie wiem skąd go wziąć? sięgam do modułu

daj obiekt

Moduły

Litania metod dostarczających zależności.

Dagger

ObjectGraph

Kontener DI

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Moduły

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daj obiekt

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daj obiekt

@Singleton

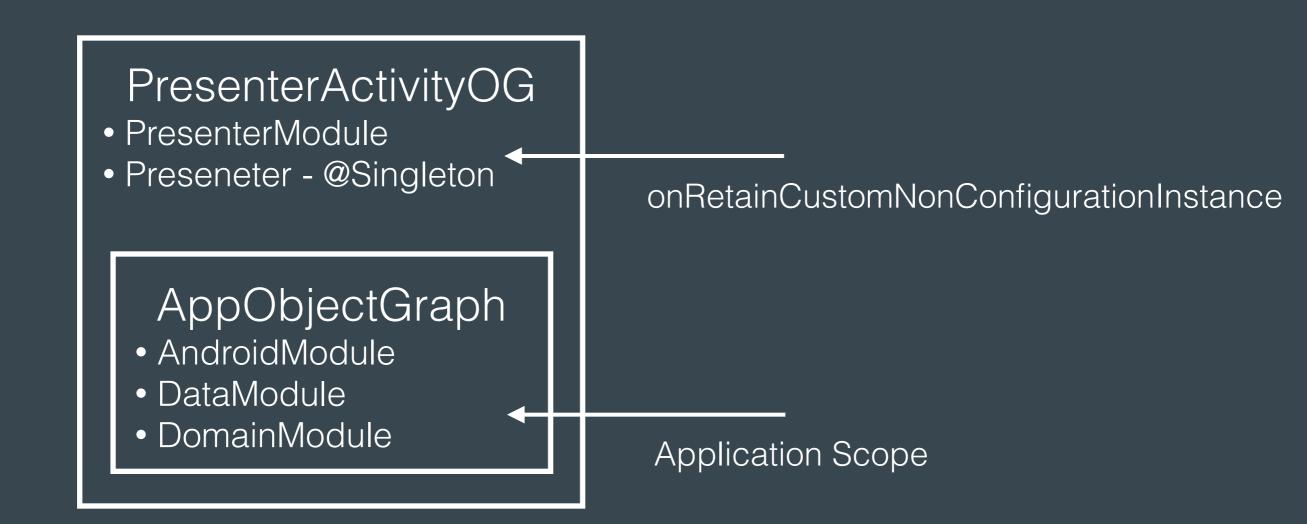
Moduły

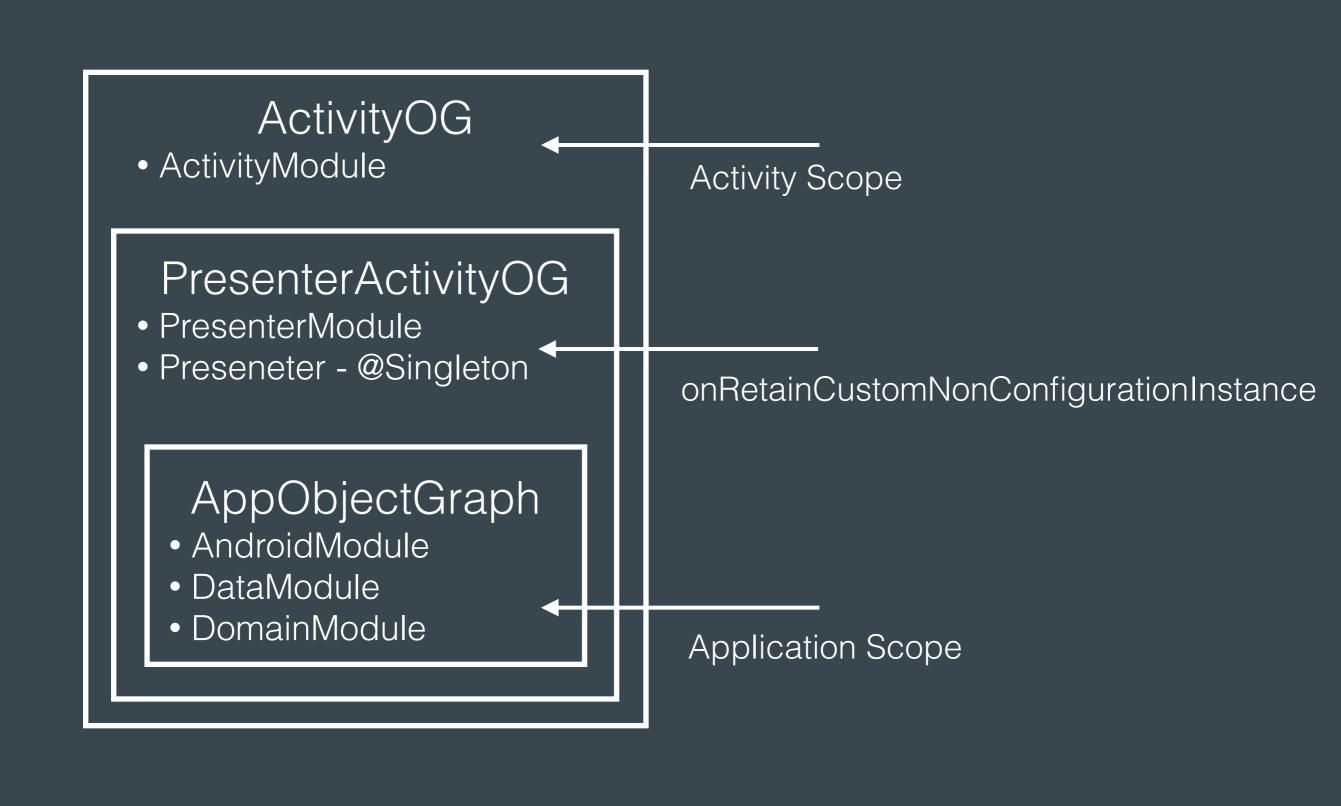
Litania metod dostarczających zależności.

AppObjectGraph

- AndroidModule
- DataModule
- DomainModule

Application Scope

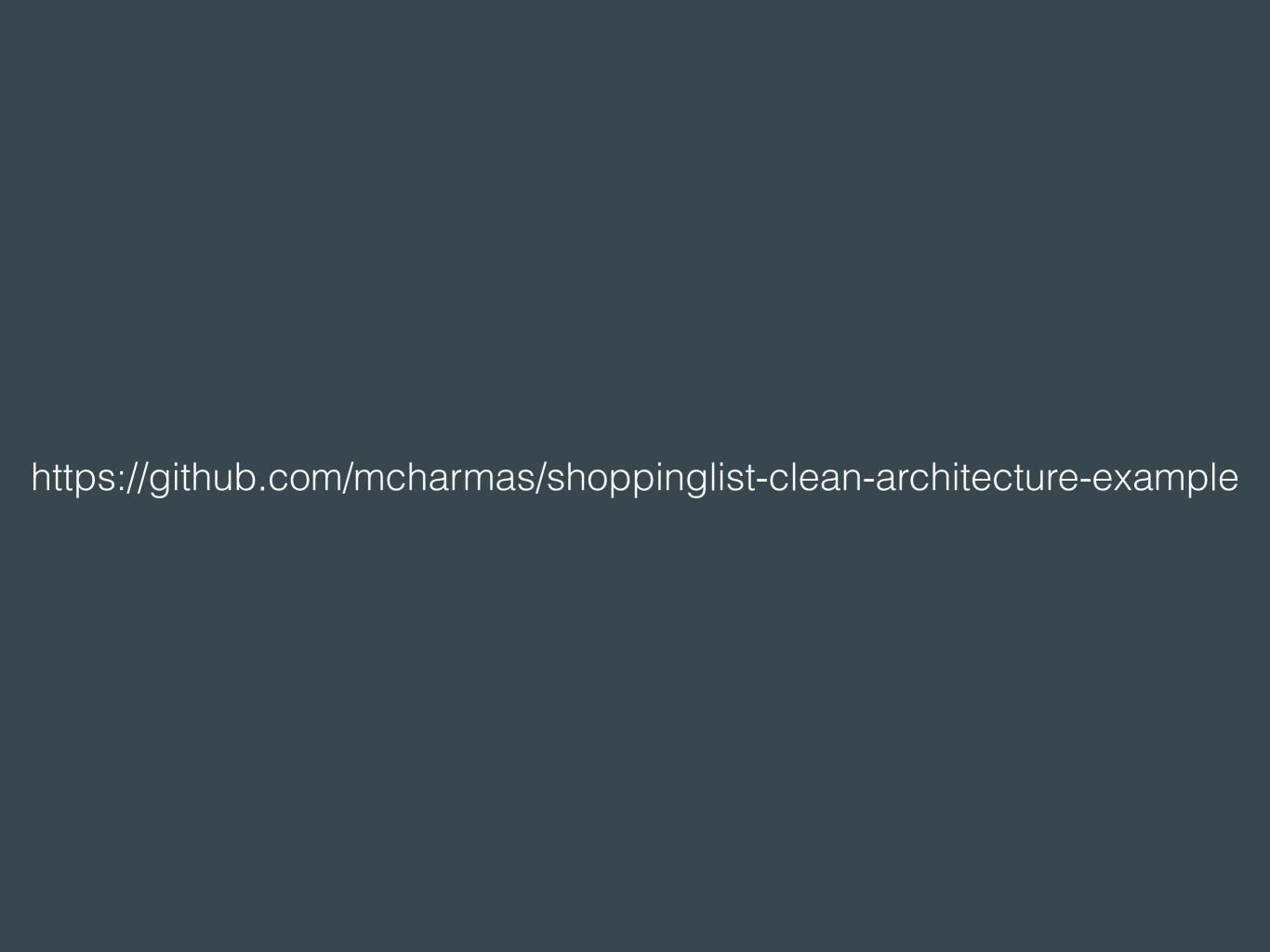




Morał?

Morał?

Dependency Inversion Principle FTW!



Q&A?

http://blog.8thlight.com/uncle-bob/2012/08/13/the-clean-architecture.html

http://blog.8thlight.com/uncle-bob/2011/09/30/Screaming-Architecture.html

https://vimeo.com/43612849

https://vimeo.com/80533536

http://tpierrain.blogspot.com/2013/08/a-zoom-on-hexagonalcleanonion.html