

this is for module 2

Here's a structured breakdown of **Module 2: Programming Questions** with code examples and theory Q&A:

Module 2: Programming Questions Table

<u>Q.No</u>	Program Description	Key Concepts Tested	Complexity Level
1a	Count occurrences of a number in an array	Array traversal, conditional logic	Beginner
1b	Display elements at odd index positions	Array indexing, loop control (<code>i += 2</code>)	Beginner
2a	Display even numbers in an array	Modulus operator, array iteration	Beginner
2b	Count and display odd numbers in an array	Counter variables, conditional checks	Beginner
3	Calculate average of array elements	Floating-point arithmetic, array summation	Beginner
4	Illustrate single-dimensional array initialization	Array declaration/initialization	Beginner
5	Calculate average marks of 50 students	Large array handling, floating-point division	Intermediate
6	Different ways to declare/initialize 1D arrays	Array syntax variations	Intermediate
7	Linear search implementation	Search algorithms, function design	Intermediate
8	Sort array + find largest/second largest/smallest	Bubble sort, array manipulation	Advanced
9	Bubble sort implementation	Sorting algorithms, nested loops	Advanced
10	Linear search implementation	Search algorithms, function returns	Intermediate
11	Bubble sort explanation with example	Algorithm analysis, code walkthrough	Intermediate
12	Find largest element in array	Array traversal, comparison logic	Beginner
13	Matrix row/column sum calculation	2D array handling, nested loops	Intermediate
14	Matrix subtraction	2D array operations, nested loops	Intermediate
15	Display diagonals of 10×10 matrix	Matrix indexing, diagonal patterns	Intermediate
16	Initialize 3×4 matrix with specific values	2D array initialization	Beginner

Q.No	Program Description	Key Concepts Tested	Complexity Level
17	Initialize 3×4 matrix with partial values	Partial array initialization	Intermediate
18	2D array initialization methods	Array syntax variations	Intermediate
19	Check identity matrix	Matrix validation, conditional checks	Advanced
20	Matrix transpose	2D array manipulation	Intermediate
21	Matrix addition	2D array operations	Intermediate
22	Matrix equality check	Deep comparison of 2D arrays	Intermediate
23	Access matrix element (2nd row, 3rd column)	Matrix indexing	Beginner
24	Read/display 3×3 matrix	Basic I/O with 2D arrays	Beginner

Code for Complex Programs

1. Bubble Sort (Q9)

```
#include <stdio.h>

void bubbleSort(int arr[], int n) {
    for (int i = 0; i < n-1; i++) {
        for (int j = 0; j < n-i-1; j++) {
            if (arr[j] > arr[j+1]) {
                // Swap elements
                int temp = arr[j];
                arr[j] = arr[j+1];
                arr[j+1] = temp;
            }
        }
    }
}

int main() {
    int arr[] = {5, 3, 8, 1, 2};
    int n = sizeof(arr)/sizeof(arr[0]);

    bubbleSort(arr, n);

    printf("Sorted array: ");
    for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
        printf("%d ", arr[i]);
    }
    return 0;
}
```

2. Identity Matrix Check (Q19)

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main() {
    int n, isIdentity = 1;
    printf("Enter matrix size: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    int mat[n][n];

    printf("Enter elements:\n");
    for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
        for(int j=0; j<n; j++) {
            scanf("%d", &mat[i][j]);
            if((i == j && mat[i][j] != 1) || (i != j && mat[i][j] != 0)) {
                isIdentity = 0;
            }
        }
    }

    printf(isIdentity ? "Identity Matrix\n" : "Not Identity Matrix\n");
    return 0;
}
```

Theory Q&A

1. typedef vs enum

Feature	typedef	enum
Purpose	Creates type aliases	Defines named integer constants
Syntax	typedef int Age;	enum Color {RED, GREEN};
Value Assignment	No values assigned	Auto-incremented from 0
Use Case	Simplifying complex type names	Grouping related constants

2. String Handling Functions

Function	Purpose	Example
strlen()	Get string length	strlen("Hello") → 5
strcpy()	Copy string	strcpy(dest, src)
strcat()	Concatenate strings	strcat(str1, str2)
strcmp()	Compare strings lexicographically	strcmp("A", "B") → -1

3. Matrix Initialization Methods

```
// Method 1: Full initialization
int mat[2][2] = {{1,2}, {3,4}};

// Method 2: Partial initialization
int mat[3][3] = {{1,2}, {3}, {4,5,6}};

// Method 3: Row-major initialization
int mat[2][3] = {1,2,3,4,5,6};
```

Key Notes:

- Avoid `gets()` in favor of `fgets()` for safer input handling
- Use `strlen()` for string length instead of manual counting
- Bubble sort time complexity: $O(n^2)$
- Identity matrices require 1s on diagonal and 0s elsewhere

Let me know if you need explanations for specific programs or additional theory coverage!

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