## **▼** MODULE 3

```
import pandas as pd
# make an array
array = [2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12]
# create a series
series_obj = pd.Series(array)
# convert series object into array
arr = series_obj.values
     array([ 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12])
# reshaping series
reshaped_arr = arr.reshape((3, 2))
# show
reshaped_arr
# import pandas library
import pandas as pd
# make an array
array = ["ankit","shaurya",
"shivangi", "priya",
"jeet", "ananya"]
# create a series
series_obj = pd.Series(array)
print("Given Series:\n", series_obj)
# convert series object into array
arr = series_obj.values
arr
     Given Series:
     0
             ankit
     1
          shaurya
          shivangi
            priya
     3
     4
             jeet
           ananya
     dtype: object
     array(['ankit', 'shaurya', 'shivangi', 'priya', 'jeet', 'ananya'],
# reshaping series
reshaped_arr = arr.reshape((2, 3))
# show
print("After Reshaping: \n", reshaped_arr)
     After Reshaping:
     [['ankit' 'shaurya' 'shivangi']
     ['priya' 'jeet' 'ananya']]
PIVOTING
import pandas as pd
# creating a dataframe
df = pd.DataFrame({'A': ['John', 'Boby', 'Mina'],
'B': ['Masters', 'Graduate', 'Graduate'],
'C': [27, 23, 21]})
df
```

```
df.pivot('A', 'B', 'C')
     <ipython-input-8-d3da59eff764>:1: FutureWarning: In a future version of pandas all arguments of DataFrame.pivot will be keyword-only.
       df.pivot('A', 'B', 'C')
         B Graduate Masters
         Α
      Boby
                23.0
      John
                NaN
                         27.0
      Mina
                21.0
                         NaN
# value is a list
df.pivot(index ='A', columns ='B', values =['C', 'A'])
            Graduate Masters Graduate Masters
         Α
      Boby
                  23
                         NaN
                                   Boby
                                            NaN
      John
                NaN
                           27
                                   NaN
                                            John
      Mina
                  21
                         NaN
                                   Mina
                                            NaN
df = pd.DataFrame({'Name': ['John', 'Sammy', 'Stephan', 'Joe', 'Emily', 'Tom'],
'Gender': ['Male', 'Female', 'Male',
'Female', 'Female', 'Male'],
'Age': [45, 6, 4, 36, 12, 43]})
print("Dataset")
print(df)
print("-"*40)
# categorizing in age groups
def age_bucket(age):
 if age <= 18:
   return "<18"
 else:
   return ">18"
df['Age Group'] = df['Age'].apply(age_bucket)
# calculating gender percentage
gender = pd.DataFrame(df.Gender.value_counts(normalize=True)*100).reset_index()
gender.columns = ['Gender', '%Gender']
df = pd.merge(left=df, right=gender, how='inner', on=['Gender'])
# creating pivot table
table = pd.pivot_table(df, index=['Gender', '%Gender', 'Age Group'],
values=['Name'], aggfunc={'Name': 'count',})
# display table
print("Table")
print(table)
     Dataset
           Name Gender Age
     0
                  Male
           John
                         45
     1
          Sammy
                 Female
                          6
     2
        Stephan
                  Male
                Female
                          36
     3
           Joe
     4
          Emily Female
                          12
     5
           Tom
                  Male
     Table
                               Name
     Gender %Gender Age Group
     Female 50.0
                    <18
                                  2
                    >18
                                  1
     Male
           50.0
                    <18
                                  1
                    >18
```

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