

AIML Matrix Assignment

Using Beamer

Adyasa Mohanty and Krati Arela

IIT Hyderabad

February 14, 2019

Question

The sides of a rhombus ABC are parallel to the lines

$$(1 - 1)x + 2 = 0$$

$$(7 - 1)x + 3 = 0$$

If the diagonals of the rhombus intersect at $P = (1, 2)$ and the vertex A (different) from the origin is on the y-axis, then find the ordinate of A.

Code

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

A = np.array([1,-1])
B = np.array([7,-1])
C = np.linalg.norm(A)
D = np.linalg.norm(B)

E = np.array([(A[0]/C), (A[1]/C)])
F = np.array([(B[0]/D), (B[1]/D)])
G = E-F
H = E+F

slope1 = (G[1]/G[0])
slope2 = (H[1]/H[0])

POI = np.array([1,2])
x = np.linspace(0.,5.)
```

```
fig,ax = plt.subplots()
ax.plot(x,(slope1*(x-(POI[0]))+POI[1]),'-o',markersize=10,mark
ax.plot(x,(slope2*(x-(POI[0]))+POI[1]),'-o',markersize=10,mark

ax.set_xlim((0.,5.))
ax.set_ylim((0.,5.))

ax.xaxis.set_ticks(np.arange(0.,5.,0.5))
ax.yaxis.set_ticks(np.arange(0.,5.,0.5))

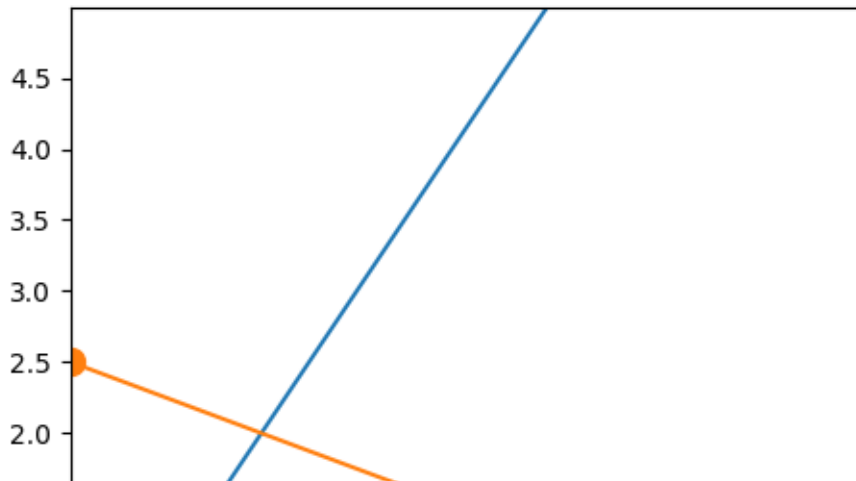
plt.show()
point1 = np.array([0,(slope1*(0-(POI[0]))+POI[1])])
point2 = np.array([0,(slope2*(0-(POI[0]))+POI[1])])
```

```
if point1[1] != 0:  
    print(point1)  
else:  
    print(point2)
```

Solution

Answer : $(0, 2.5)$

Plot



Thank You!