Quiz 1: Set A

Introduction to Computing and Programming (CSD101)

| Max. Marks: 15 | | Date: 12-09-2024 | |
|----------------|---|----------------------|--|
| Dι | uration: 35 min. | | |
| Name: | | Roll No. | |
| 1. | If integer needs two bytes of storage (a) $2^{16} - 1$ (b) $2^{15} - 1$ | | ed integer is (d) 2 ¹⁵ (1 mark) |
| | Solution: (a) | | |
| 2. | Match the following: | | (2 marks) |
| | : | Output function |] |
| | %f, %d, %c | function | |
| | printf | Address Operator | |
| | main() | Format specifier | |
| | & | Statement terminator | |
| | Solution: | | • |
| | ; | Statement terminator |] |
| | %f, %d, %c | Format specifier | |
| | printf | Output function | |
| | main() | function | |
| | & | Address Operator | |
| 3. | Point out the errors, if any in the foll | owing C statements | |
| | 3.1 (a) char = '5'; Solution: char is a keyword | | (0.5 mark) |
| | (b) 4/3 * 3.14 * r = vol; Solution: Variable "vol" should be left side | 2 | (0.5 marks) |
| | 3.2 | | (1 mark) |

4. Evaluate the following expression

x = y = 3%8/2 + 7 << 1/2

Solution: x = y = 8;

5. What will be output of the following programs:

(2 marks)

5.2 #include<stdio.h> int main()

```
{ int a =50;

switch(a) {

default: a=45;

case 49: a++;

case 50: a--;

case 51: a =a+1;}

printf("%d",a);}

Solution: 50
```

6. What are the functions of computers?

(1 mark)

Ans: input, output, processing data, storage

7. What is the significance of the default case in a switch statement? (1 mark)

Ans: The **default case** in a switch statement is executed when none of the defined case values match the expression. It acts as a fallback, ensuring that some action is taken even if no other cases are satisfied.

8. Convert the numbers in the given format

8.1 (21.35)₁₀ to ()₂

Solution: 10101.01011

(1 mark)

Solution: 701.1640

} return 0; }

(2 marks) 9. Write a C program to check whether a number is palindrome or not Program: #include <stdio.h> int main() { int num, reversedNum = 0, remainder, originalNum; // Input the number from the user printf("Enter an integer: "); scanf("%d", &num); originalNum = num; // Store the original number to compare later // Reverse the digits of the number while (num != 0) { remainder = num % 10; // Get the last digit of the number reversedNum = reversedNum * 10 + remainder; // Build the reversed number num = num / 10; // Remove the last digit from the original number // Check if the original number and reversed number are the same example 121 if (originalNum == reversedNum) { printf("%d is a palindrome.\n", originalNum); printf("%d is not a palindrome.\n", originalNum);