## CSD101: Introduction to Computer Programming Spring 2024 Semester

Full marks: 30 **Time: 45 minutes** \_\_\_\_ Name: Roll No.: 1. Consider the following program: 1+1+1 void main(){ char a, b; int c; scanf("%c%c%d", &a, &b, &c); if (a == 'a')if (b == 'a') printf("%c\n", b); else printf("% $c\n$ ", a); else printf("%d\n", c);} Write the output if the inputs are **b)** aa3 **c)** ab4 **a**) ba2 **Ans:** (a)2 (b)a (c) a 2. Rewrite the following code without using "break" statement so that the functionality of the code should not get changed: #include<stdio.h> void main() int num, sum = 0; while(1) printf("\nEnter any number. Enter 999 to stop:"); scanf("%d", &num); if(num == 999)break; sum += num; printf(" $\n$ SUM = %d $\n$ ", sum); } Ans: #include<stdio.h> void main() int num, sum = 0; printf("\nEnter any number. Enter 999 to stop:"); scanf("%d", &num); for(; num!=999)

sum += num;

```
printf("\nEnter any number. Enter 999 to stop:");
        scanf("%d", &num);
       printf("\nSUM = %d\n", sum);
       No partial marks.
   3. Write conditional operators to evaluate the following function
                                                                               2
          y = 2.4x + 3, for x \le 2
          y = 3x - 5, for x > 2
       Ans: y = (x \le 2)? (2.4x + 3): (3x - 5) or equivalent
       No partial marks.
   4. See the following code segment:
                                                                                       1
       char arr[3][4]={'a','z','b','y','c','x','d','w','e','v','f','u'};
       printf("%d\n", arr[1][2]);
       What will be printed?
       Ans: 100
   5. What will be the output of the following code segment:
                                                                                       1
char s[10]="Hello";
int i;
for(i=0;s[i]!='\0';i++);
       printf("%d\n", i);
Ans: 5
Only one value will be printed. Marks will be given only for this answer. For any other answer (even
containing 5) will get 0 marks.
   6. Rewrite the following code segment using while loop, so that, the same task will be
       performed:
do{
statement;
}while(expression);
Ans.
statement;
while(expression){
       statement;
   7. Study the code below and answer the questions that follow:
                                                                       1+1
```

```
#include<stdio.h>
 2
   /* Assume input given is >999 and <9999 */
 3
   pint main(){
 4
     int x, y = 0;
 5
     scanf("%d", &x);
 6
     while (x>0) {
 7
      y+=((y*=10), x%=10);
8
      x/=10;
 9
10
     printf("%d\n", y);
11
     return 0;
12
```

- (a) What will be printed if the input to the program is 5634? **Ans:** 4365
- (b) Give a precise one line description of what the program is doing?

Ans: It reverses a 4-digit number.

8. Study the code below and give the output of the program.

```
#include<stdio.h>
 1
 2
    pint main(){
 3
      int i=20, j, a[]={10};
  4
 5
       int i=-20;
  6
       i+=10;
 7
       printf("%d %d\n", i, a[0]);
 8
 9
      for (j=0; j<=2; j++) {</pre>
10
      i+=10;
11
      a[0] += 10;
12
      printf("%d %d\n", i+j, a[0]);
13
14
      return 0;
15 }
Ans:
-10 10
30 20
41 30
52 40
```

9. a. What will be the output of the following code segment:

```
for(i=0;i<6;i++){

if(i%2==0) continue;

printf("%d", i);}
```

b. If you write "break" instead of "continue" in the above segment, then what will be the output?

Ans: a. 135 b. Nothing will be printed

4

1+1

10. What will be printed if you run the following code segment:

```
4
```

```
int arr[3][4] = {
1, 4, 6, 0,
11, 1, 10, 1,
16, 68, 5, 2 };
int j=1;
printf("%d\t",arr[0][1]<arr[1][1]);
printf("%d\t",d\t",j,arr[0][j++]);
printf("%d\n",arr[j++][0]);

Ans. 0 2 4 16
```

Maintain the order. 1 mark for each correct answer.

11. Assume you have a string array s in your program. Write a code segment to reverse the string array, without using any extra array.

Ans. The NULL character should remain at the end. If the student writes a correct code without taking care of the NULL character, then cut 1 mark. Otherwise give 0.