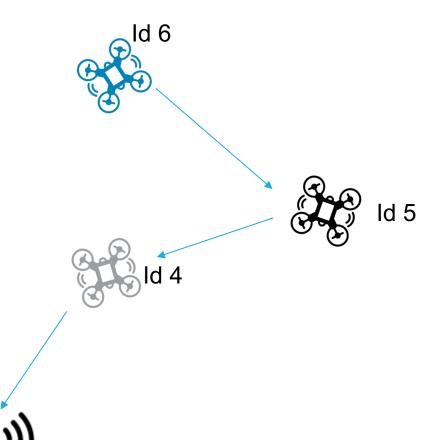


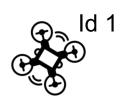
Packet!

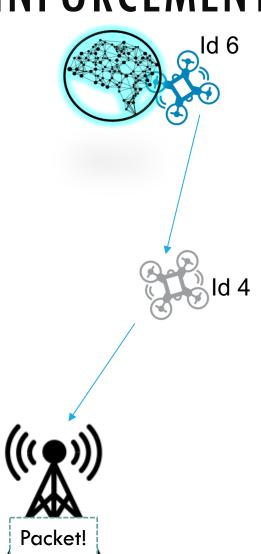


### HOMEWORK 2 — REINFORCEMENT LEARNING ROUTING







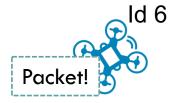












What can I do to deliver the packet?

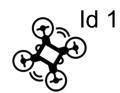




ld 5















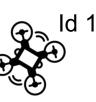
What can I do to deliver the packet?









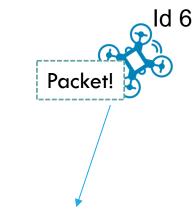




Physical delivery







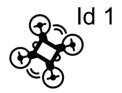
What can I do to deliver the packet?

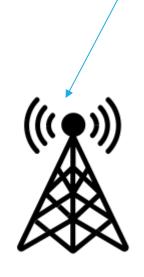




ld 5







Wait for another drone

Drones continuously explore an area of interest to detect and monitor the area, no circle trajectories.



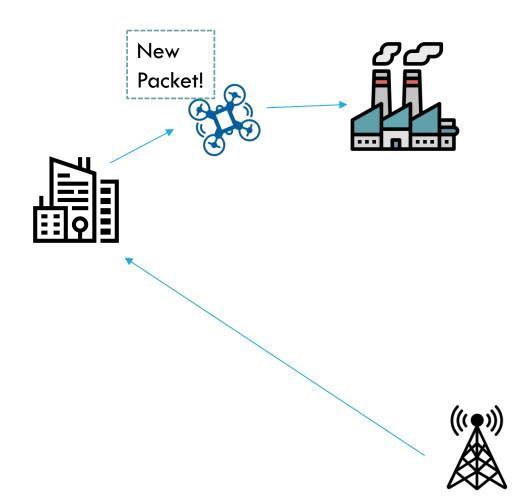








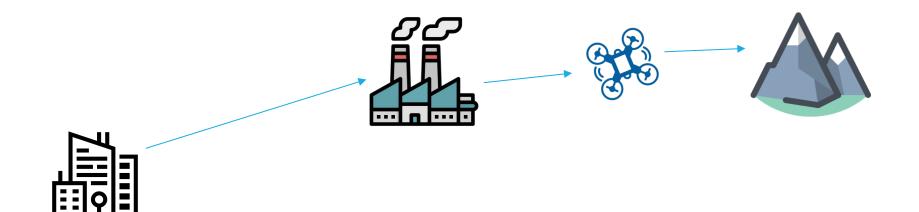








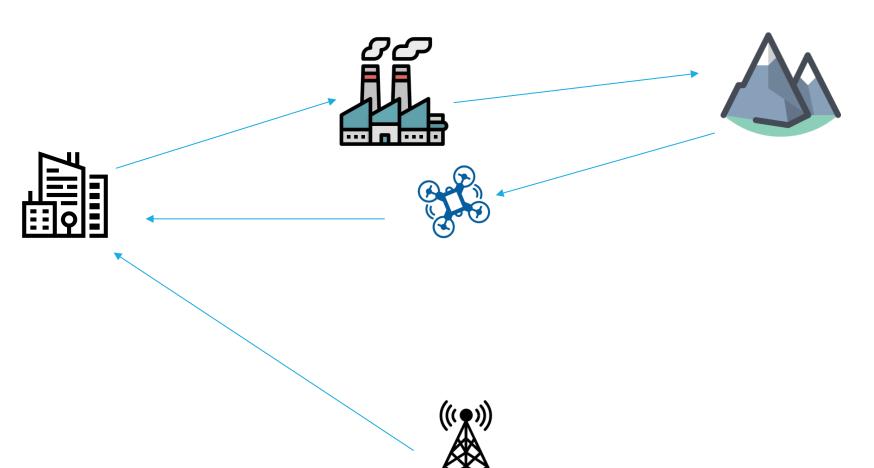






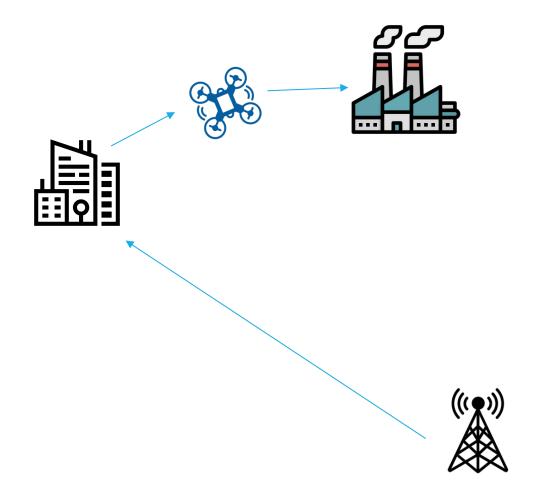








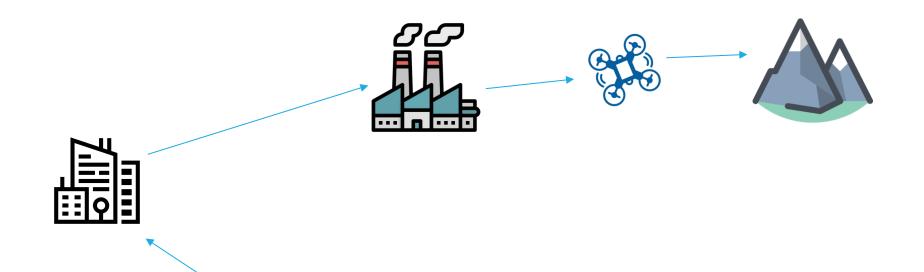








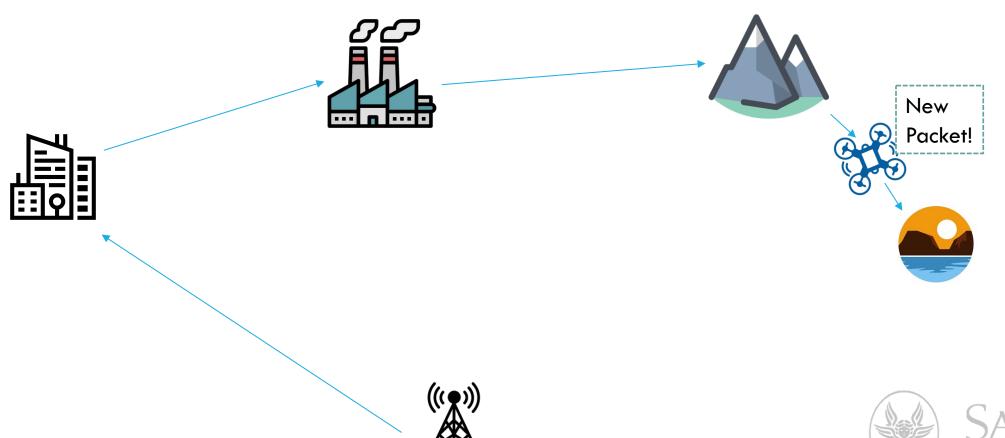




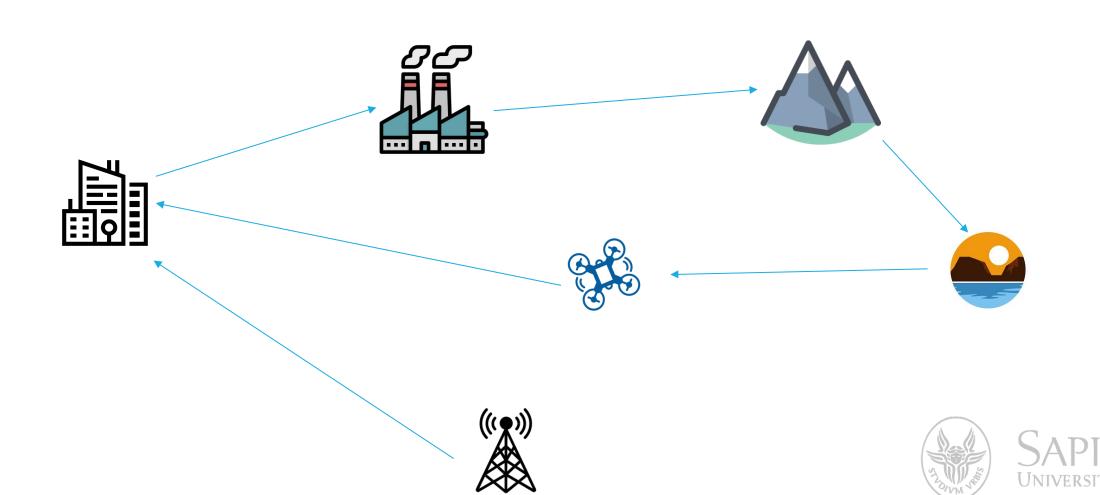




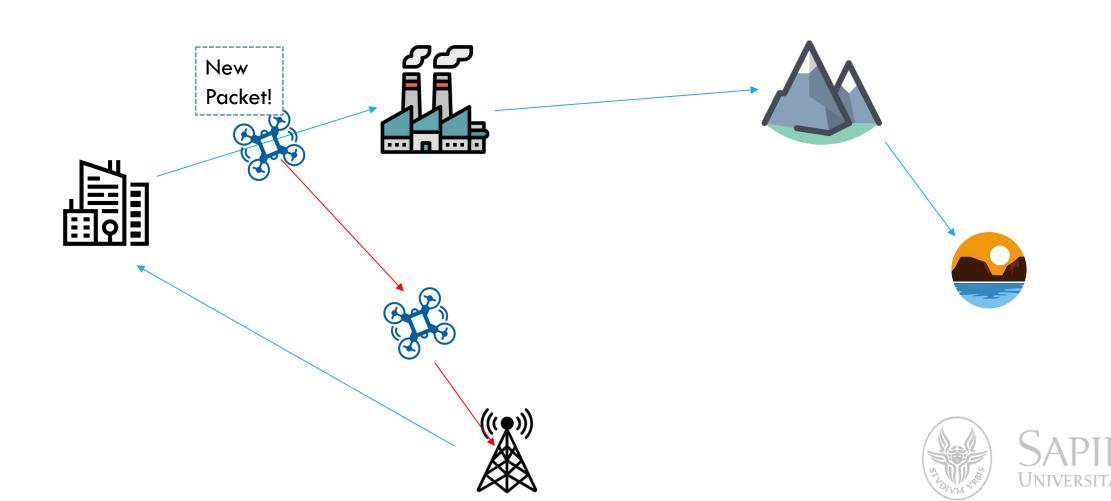








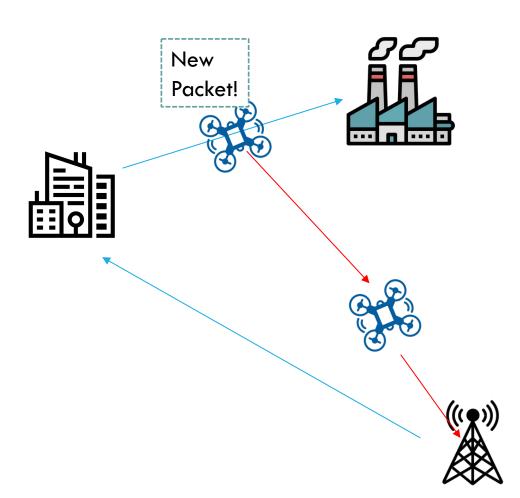
Idea: Using a squad of drones, physical delivery, and a routing protocol we can improve the delivery!!!



## HOMEWORK 2 — SCENARIO

Idea: Using a squad of drones, physical delivery, and a routing protocol we can improve the delivery!!!

We have a squad of N-drones ( $N \ge 2$ ), and NO ferries.



All the drones collect data!

Each drone may have a different speed.

During a physical delivery, you can't sense new data (you lost packets on the ground).

The drone routing can:

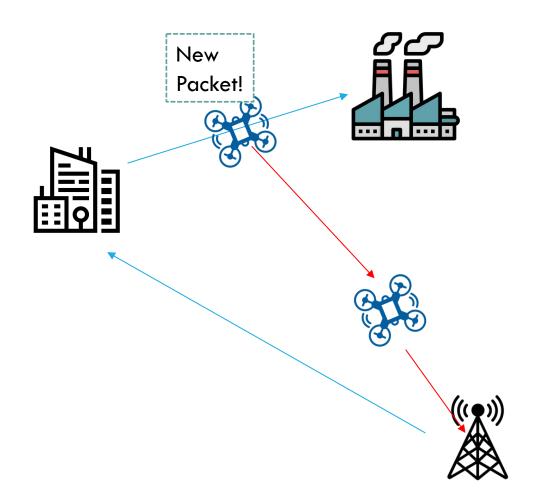
- Store the data and wait to arrive at the depot
- Send the data to a neighbor drone, which may arrive at the depot before him.
- Move the drone physically to the depot



## HOMEWORK 2 — SCENARIO

Idea: Using a squad of drones, physical delivery, and a routing protocol we can improve the delivery!!!

We have a squad of N-drones ( $N \ge 2$ ), and NO ferries.



#### **GOAL:**

Create a **Reinforcement Learning**Routing Protocol for drones.

To decide whether keep, send the packet, or move.



## HOMEWORK 2 — ASSUMPTIONS

Idea: Using a squad of drones and a routing protocol we can improve the delivery!!!

#### Use the hello packet as usually, and be aware that:

- The speed of each drone may be different
- The hello packet tells you if a drone is going to the depot, to physically deliver packets
- You can't assume to know your trajectories.
- We don't have anymore the energy residual!! We assume the mission is short respect to the drone batteries.
- Each drone has a unique "packet error rate", the radio onboard can be more or less powerfull depending on the drone, you don't know this info, but you can learn it.
- The packets have a limited time to live, now 4x respect hmw1.
- Depot has a bigger communication range (same of drones)



# HOMEWORK 2 — GOAL

You have to delivery as much as possible packets to the depot as primary task.

As secondary task you have to reduce the latency of the packets, but also the energy spent to physical movement toward the depot!

We keep the score:

$$1.5 \cdot |expired\_packets| \cdot ttl + \sum_{pck \in delivered} delivery\_time$$

But we have two new chart about the time/energy spent to move toward the depot for a delivery.

- Time : seconds need to reach the depot, and come back to the mission
- Energy: time + fixed cost (around 4seconds) to reverse rotors and change direction.



## HOMEWORK 2 — HOW

You can implement the Class below, using a Reinforcement Learning approach. We suggest you start with a simple bandit approach.

```
class AIRouting(BASE_routing):
   def __init__(self, drone, simulator):
       BASE_routing.__init__(self, drone, simulator)
       # random generator
       self.rnd_for_routing_ai = np.random.RandomState(self.simulator.seed)
       self.taken_actions = {} #id event : action taken
   def feedback(self, drone, id_event, delay, event):...
   def relay_selection(self, opt_neighbors, pkd):...
   def print(self):...
```

### HOMEWORK 2 — HOW

The main method is the same:

Now you have 3 actions:

- MOVE to depot (return -1)
- KEEP packet (return None)
- SEND packet (return the drone)

```
def relay_selection(self, opt_neighbors, pkd):
   """ arg min score -> geographical approach, take the drone closest to the depot """
   # Only if you need --> several features:
   # cell_index = util.TraversedCells.coord_to_cell(size_cell=self.simulator.prob_size_cell,
                                                    width_area=self.simulator.env_width,
                                                    x_pos=self.drone.coords[0], # e.g. 1500
                                                    y_pos=self.drone.coords[1])[0] # e.g. 500
   # print(cell_index)
   action = None
   # self.drone.history_path (which waypoint I traversed. We assume the mission is repeated)
   # self.drone.residual_energy (that tells us when I'll come back to the depot).
   # Store your current action --- you can add several stuff if needed to take a reward later
   self.taken_actions[pkd.event_ref.identifier] = (action)
   return None # here you should return a drone object!
```

Notice that, if you selected -1, you will move until your buffer is empty. But you need still select a relay drone, if any, to empty your buffer.



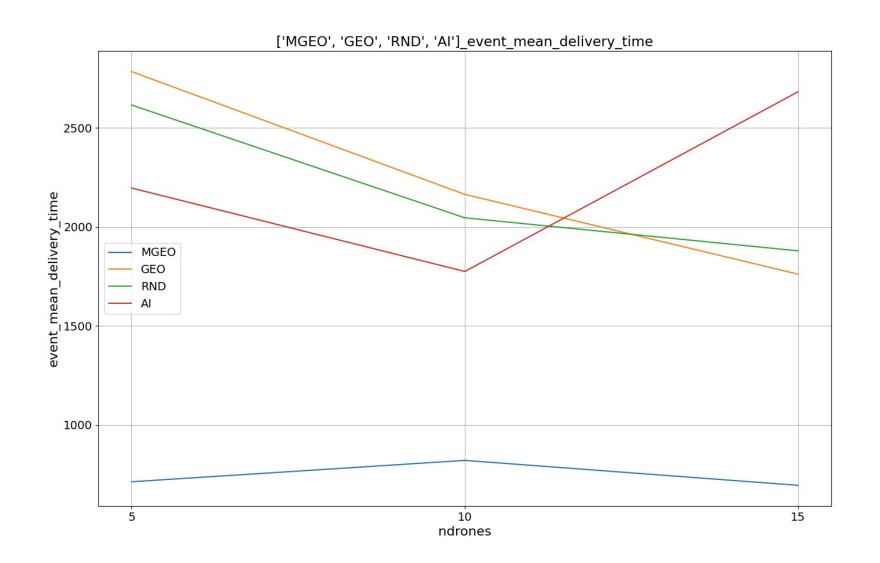


## HOMEWORK 2 — RUN MULTIPLE SIMULATIONS

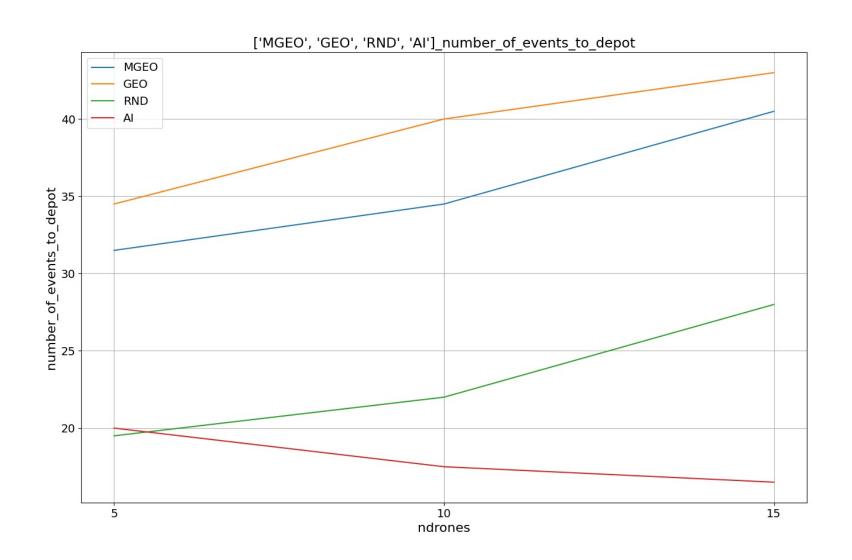
As for the first homework:

```
#test baselines
for nd in "2" "5" "10" "15" "20" "30" "40";
do
   for alg in "GEO" "RND" "AI" "MGEO";
    # if you experienced too much time to run experiments, remove "GEO" and "RND"
    do
        echo "run: ${alg} - ndrones ${nd} "
        python3 -m src.experiments.experiment_ndrones -nd ${nd} -i_s 1 -e_s 3 -alg ${alg} &
       #python3 -m src.experiments.experiment_ndrones -nd ${nd} -i_s 10 -e_s 20 -alg ${alg} &
        #python3 -m src.experiments.experiment_ndrones -nd ${nd} -i_s 20 -e_s 30 -alg ${alg} &
   done;
done;
wait
python3 -m src.experiments.json_and_plot -nd 2 -nd 5 -nd 10 -nd 15 -nd 20 -nd 30 -nd 40 -i_s 1
```

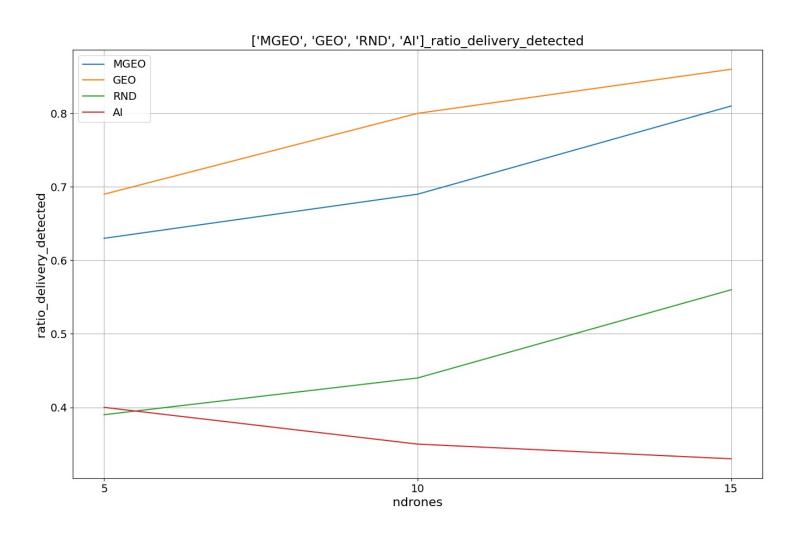






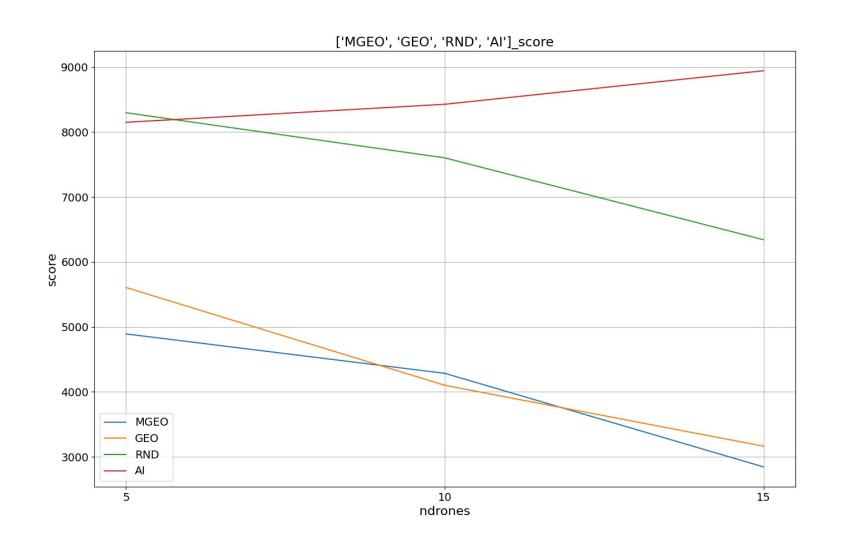




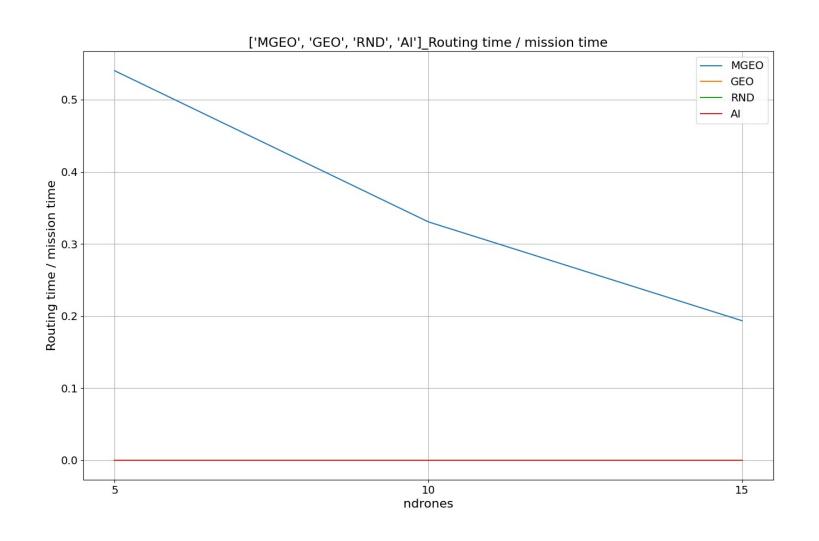




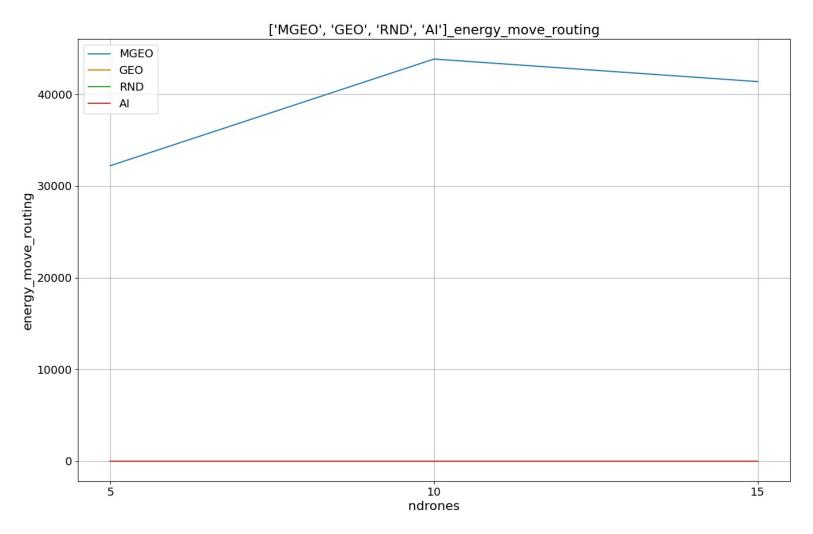




















### HOMEWORK 2 - SUBMISSION

#### How:

- email (subject=[Autonomous Networking A.A. 2021-2022] HMW2)
- Classroom

#### Format:

### A unique submission for each group is enough!

A zip called studentid1 surnmane1 studentid2 surnmane2 studentid3 surnmane3.zip with:

- a brief report, at most 1000 words (images, biography and final notes are not counted). The final notes should clarify which part was mainly done by whom (50 words for each student of the team). The final part is not included in the 1000 words, then max 1150 words.
- A unique src file with the algorithm. Create a new name for your proposal, "algorithmname" and add the first "studentid1" at the end of the name: "algorithmname studentid1".

E.g., group of students made by: "Black - id: 999" and "Donald - id: 01"

They create a new algorithm called "X\_RP", then, the delivery will be:

Zip: 999 black 01 donald.zip

Inside the zip:

- 999 black 01 donald report.txt
- 999\_black\_01\_donald\_routing\_protocol.py (which contains the algorithm class called "X\_RP\_999")

Currently the file algorithm is called "ai\_routing.py" and the algorithm is called AlRouting. Submit <u>only</u> this file but <u>change</u> the file name

and the algorithm name (see example here).





## HOMEWORK 2 — END

Possible write questions here:

https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/1PbrruWdEf2w3eAmlYkXpNnypV191EFsxh0FTPhOXlHQ/edit?usp=sharing

You can also send to me your question with an email, subject '[Autonomous Networking - A.A. 2021-2022] - question'

Deadline: 07 December 05:00 am.

## CONTACTS

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