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TS1.4-TS-DEF

Transition system (TS)

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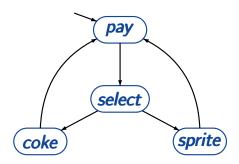
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- $S_0 \subseteq S$ the set of initial states,
- AP a set of atomic propositions,
- $L: S \rightarrow 2^{AP}$ the labeling function



Let *Var* be a set of typed variables.

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function that formalizes the effect of the actions example: if α is the assignment x:=x+y then $Effect(\alpha, [x=1, y=7]) = [x=8, y=7]$

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 ℓ , ℓ' are locations, $g \in Cond(Var)$, $\alpha \in Act$

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program graph \mathcal{P} over Var $\downarrow \downarrow$ transition system $\mathcal{T}_{\mathcal{P}}$

program graph ${\cal P}$ over ${\it Var}$ $\downarrow \downarrow$ transition system ${\it T}_{\cal P}$

states in $\mathcal{T}_{\mathcal{P}}$ have the form $\langle \ell, \eta \rangle$ location variable evaluation

TS-semantics of a program graph

Let $\mathcal{P} = (Loc, Act, Effect, \hookrightarrow, Loc_0, g_0)$ be a PG. The transition system of \mathcal{P} is:

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$$\frac{\ell \stackrel{\mathbf{g}: \alpha}{\longrightarrow} \ell' \land \eta \models \mathbf{g}}{\langle \ell, \eta \rangle \stackrel{\alpha}{\longrightarrow} \langle \ell', Effect(\alpha, \eta) \rangle}$$

Structured operational semantics (SOS)

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is a shortform notation in **SOS**-style.

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is a shortform notation in SOS-style.

It means that \longrightarrow is the smallest relation such that:

if
$$\ell \xrightarrow{g:\alpha} \ell' \land \eta \models g$$
 then $\langle \ell, \eta \rangle \xrightarrow{\alpha} \langle \ell', \textit{Effect}(\alpha, \eta) \rangle$

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Overview

overview2.2

Introduction

Modelling parallel systems

Transition systems

Modeling hard- and software systems

Parallelism and communication

 \leftarrow

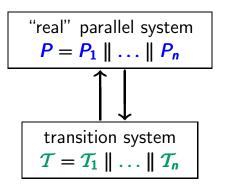
Linear Time Properties

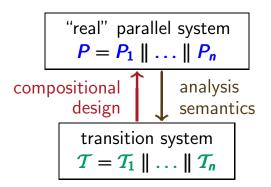
Regular Properties

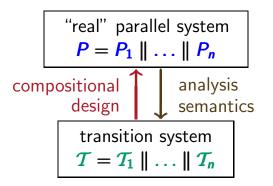
Linear Temporal Logic

Computation-Tree Logic

Equivalences and Abstraction







goal: define semantic parallel operators on transition systems or program graphs that model "real" parallel operators

- interleaving of concurrent, independent actions of parallel processes (modelled by TS)
- representation by nondeterministic choice:
 "which subprocess performs the next step?"

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parallel execution of α and β on two processors

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parallel execution of α and β on two processors



serial execution on

a single processor
in arbitrary order

Interleaving operator ||| for TS

$$T_1 = (S_1, Act_1, \longrightarrow_1, S_{0,1}, AP_1, L_1)$$

$$T_2 = (S_2, Act_2, \longrightarrow_2, S_{0,2}, AP_2, L_2)$$

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$$\mathcal{T}_2 = (S_2, Act_2, \longrightarrow_2, S_{0,2}, AP_2, L_2)$$

The transition system $T_1 \parallel T_2$ is defined by:

$$T_1 \mid \mid \mid T_2 = (S_1 \times S_2, Act_1 \cup Act_2, \longrightarrow, S_{0,1} \times S_{0,2}, AP, L)$$

where the transition relation \longrightarrow is given by:

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$$\frac{s_1 \xrightarrow{\alpha}_1 s'_1}{\langle s_1, s_2 \rangle \xrightarrow{\alpha} \langle s'_1, s_2 \rangle} \qquad \frac{s_2 \xrightarrow{\alpha}_2 s'_2}{\langle s_1, s_2 \rangle \xrightarrow{\alpha} \langle s_1, s'_2 \rangle}$$

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atomic propositions: $AP = AP_1 \uplus AP_2$

labeling function: $L(\langle s_1, s_2 \rangle) = L_1(s_1) \cup L_2(s_2)$

just a simple notation for operational semantics

premise conclusion just a simple notation for operational semantics

premise conclusion

E.g., "the relation \longrightarrow is given by ..."

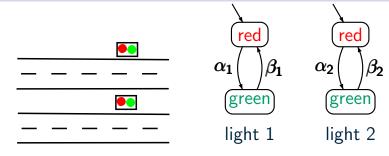
$$\frac{s_1 \xrightarrow{\alpha}_1 s_1'}{\langle s_1, s_2 \rangle \xrightarrow{\alpha} \langle s_1', s_2 \rangle} \qquad \frac{s_2 \xrightarrow{\alpha}_2 s_2'}{\langle s_1, s_2 \rangle \xrightarrow{\alpha} \langle s_1, s_2' \rangle}$$

means that \longrightarrow is the smallest relation such that:

(1) If
$$s_1 \xrightarrow{\alpha}_1 s'_1$$
, then $\langle s_1, s_2 \rangle \xrightarrow{\alpha} \langle s'_1, s_2 \rangle$

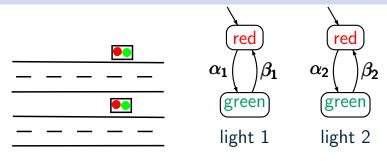
(2) If
$$s_2 \xrightarrow{\alpha}_2 s_2$$
, then $\langle s_1, s_2 \rangle \xrightarrow{\alpha} \langle s_1, s_2' \rangle$

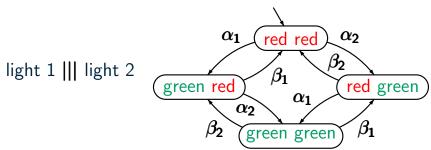
Useless lights for non-crossing streets



Useless lights for non-crossing streets







dependent actions $\alpha = x = 2x$ and $\beta = x = x + 1$

representations in transition systems





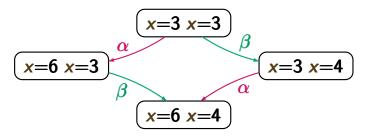
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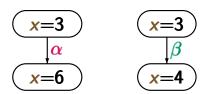


interleaving operator |||

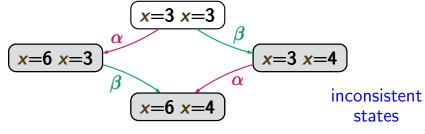


dependent actions
$$\alpha = x = 2x$$
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representations in transition systems



interleaving operator ||| for transition systems "fails"



... for modeling parallel systems with subprocesses communicating via shared variables

program graph
$$\mathcal{P}_1$$
 ($Loc_1, \ldots, \hookrightarrow_1, \ldots$)

program graph
$$\mathcal{P}_2$$
 ($Loc_2, \ldots, \hookrightarrow_2, \ldots$)

interleaving operator

$$\mathcal{P}_1 ||| \mathcal{P}_2 = (Loc_1 \times Loc_2, \ldots, \hookrightarrow, \ldots)$$

program graph
$$\mathcal{P}_1$$
 ($Loc_1, \ldots, \hookrightarrow_1, \ldots$)

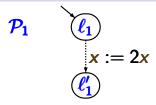
program graph
$$\mathcal{P}_2$$
 ($Loc_2, \ldots, \hookrightarrow_2, \ldots$)

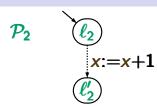
interleaving operator

$$\mathcal{P}_1 ||| \mathcal{P}_2 = (Loc_1 \times Loc_2, \ldots, \hookrightarrow, \ldots)$$

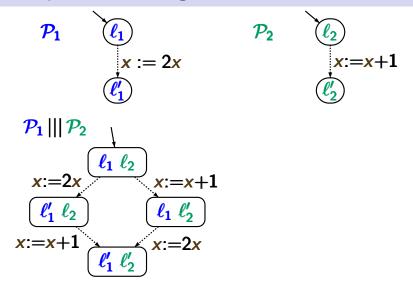
$$\begin{array}{ccc}
\ell_1 & \stackrel{g: \alpha}{\longrightarrow}_1 \ell'_1 & \ell_2 & \stackrel{g: \alpha}{\longrightarrow}_2 \ell'_2 \\
\hline
\langle \ell_1, \ell_2 \rangle & \stackrel{g: \alpha}{\longrightarrow}_3 \langle \ell'_1, \ell_2 \rangle & \langle \ell_1, \ell_2 \rangle & \stackrel{g: \alpha}{\longrightarrow}_3 \langle \ell_1, \ell'_2 \rangle
\end{array}$$

Example: interleaving for PG



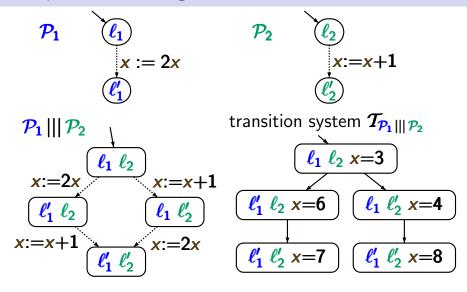


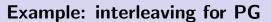
Example: interleaving for PG



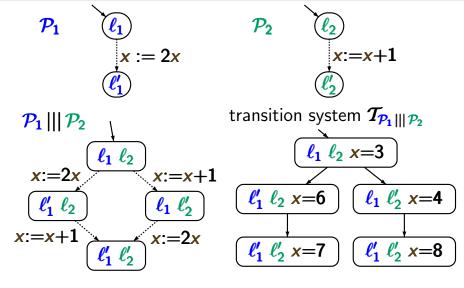
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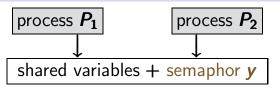


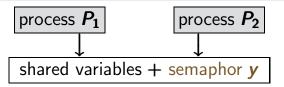


PC2.2-7



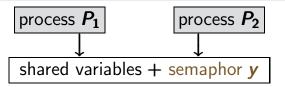
note: $T_{\mathcal{P}_1 ||| \mathcal{P}_2} \neq T_{\mathcal{P}_1} ||| T_{\mathcal{P}_2}$





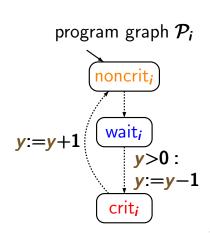
protocol for process P_i

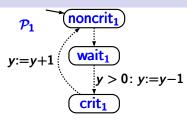
```
LOOP FOREVER
 noncritical actions;
 AWAIT y > 0 DO
         y := y - 1
 UD
 critical actions.
 y := y + 1
FND I.OOP
```

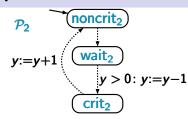


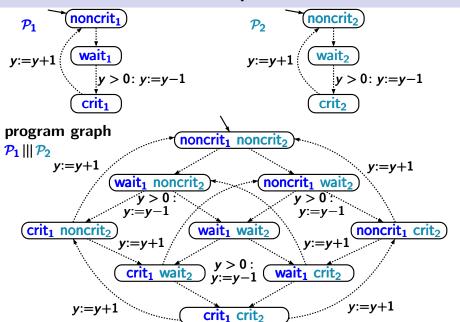
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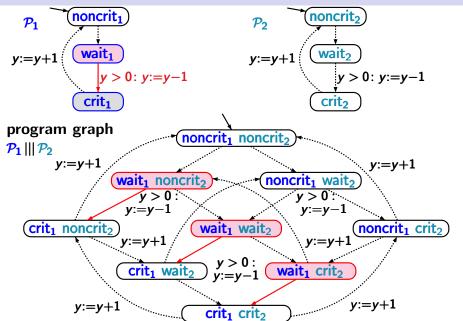
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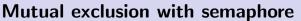




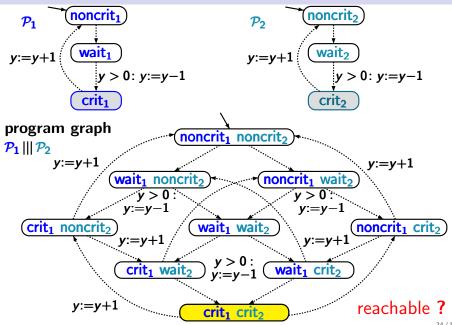




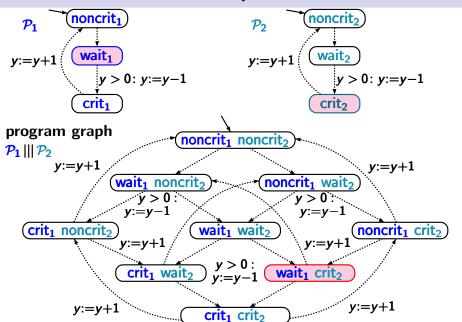


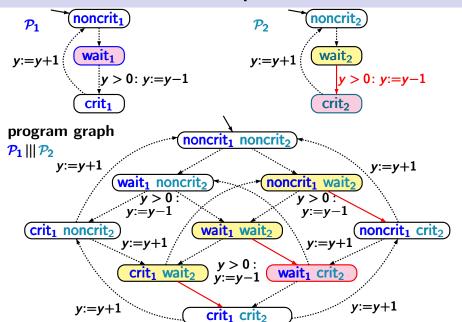


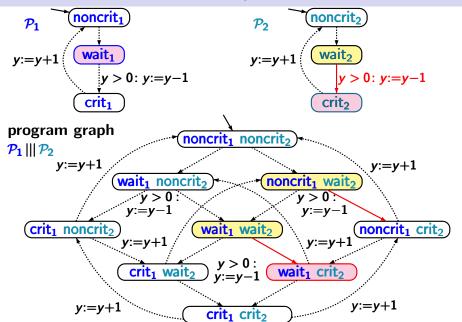
PC2.2-10

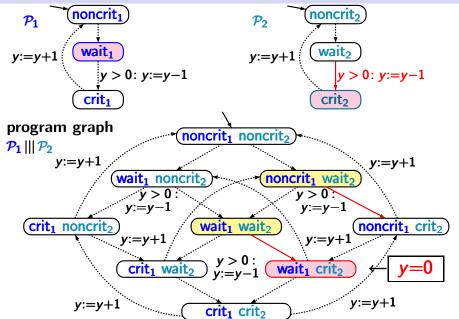


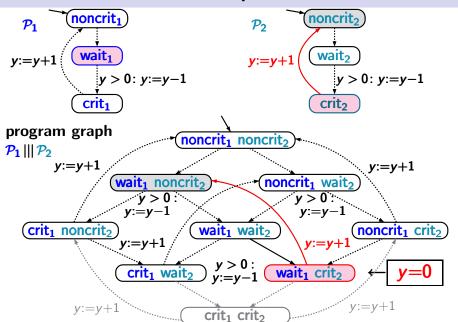
34 / 145

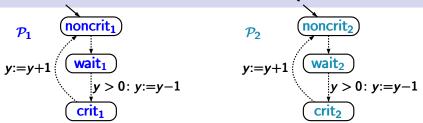




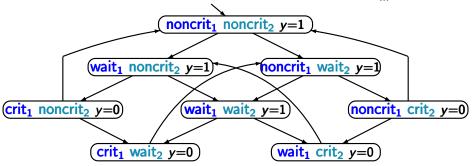


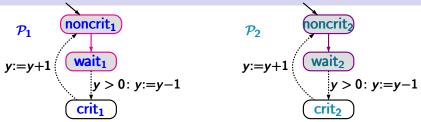




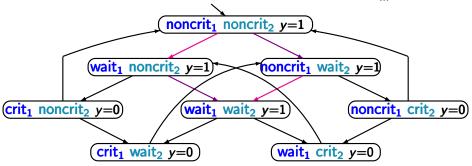


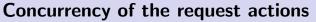
reachable fragment of the transition system $\mathcal{T}_{\mathcal{P}_1 \mid \mid \mid \mathcal{P}_2}$



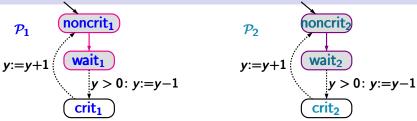


reachable fragment of the transition system $\mathcal{T}_{\mathcal{P}_1 \mid\mid\mid \mathcal{P}_2}$

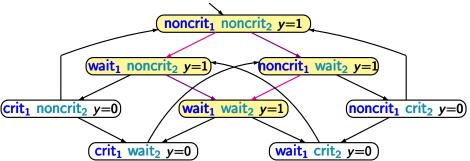


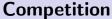


PC2.2-11

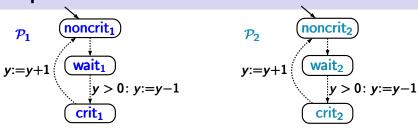


interleaving of the independent request actions

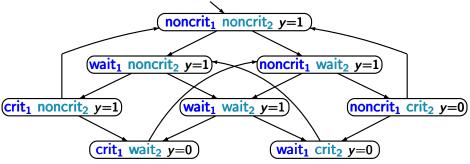




PC2.2-11A

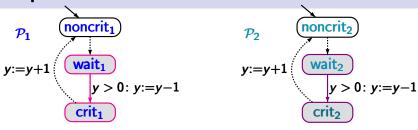


reachable fragment of the transition system $\mathcal{T}_{\mathcal{P}_1 \mid\mid\mid \mathcal{P}_2}$

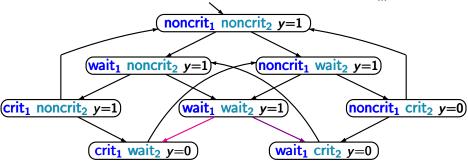




PC2.2-11A

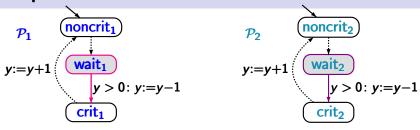


reachable fragment of the transition system $\mathcal{T}_{\mathcal{P}_1 \mid\mid\mid \mathcal{P}_2}$

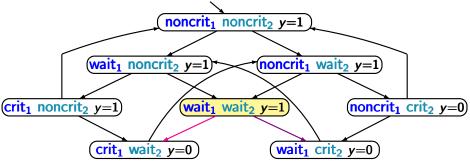


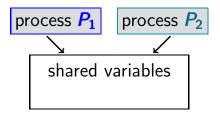


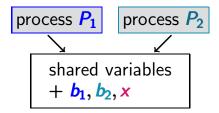
PC2.2-11A

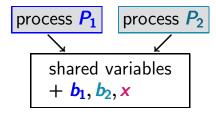


... competition between the waiting processes ...

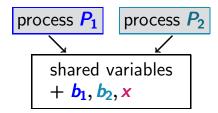








 b_1, b_2 Boolean variables, $x \in \{1, 2\}$



b_1, b_2 Boolean variables, $x \in \{1, 2\}$

```
LOOP FOREVER (* protocol for P_1 *)

noncritical actions;
b_1:=1; x:=2;

AWAIT x=1 \lor \neg b_2 DO critical section OD

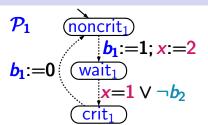
b_1:=0

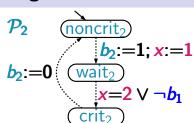
END LOOP
```

END LOOP

```
noncrit<sub>1</sub>
process P<sub>1</sub>
                  process P<sub>2</sub>
                                                    b_1:=1:x:=2
                                                wait<sub>1</sub>
                                      b_1 := 0
     shared variables
                                                    x=1 \vee \neg b_2
      + b_1, b_2, x
                                                  crit<sub>1</sub>
b_1, b_2 Boolean variables, x \in \{1, 2\}
                                         (* protocol for P_1 *)
     LOOP FOREVER
          noncritical actions:
          b_1:=1: x:=2:
          AWAIT x=1 \lor \neg b DO critical section OD
          b_1 := 0
```

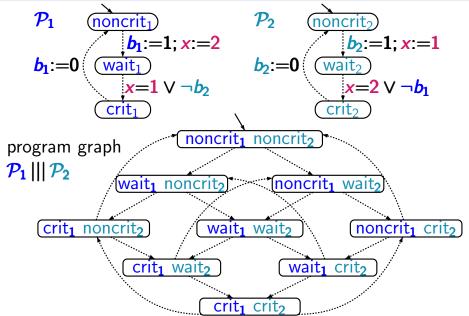
```
noncrit<sub>1</sub>
process P<sub>1</sub>
                 process P<sub>2</sub>
                                                    b_1:=1:x:=2
                                                wait<sub>1</sub>
                                      b_1 := 0
     shared variables
                                                    x=1 \vee \neg b_2
     + b_1, b_2, x
                                                 crit<sub>1</sub>
b_1, b_2 Boolean variables, x \in \{1, 2\}
                                        (* protocol for P_1 *)
     LOOP FOREVER
          noncritical actions:
          atomic{b_1 := 1 ; x := 2};
          AWAIT x=1 \lor \neg b DO critical section OD
          b_1 := 0
     END LOOP
```





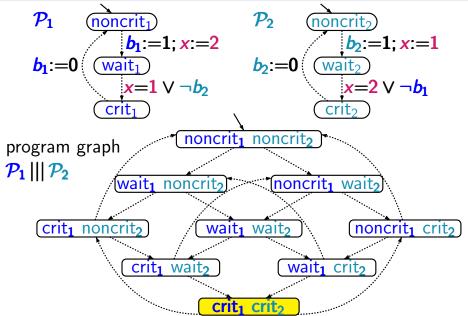
Program graphs for Peterson algorithm

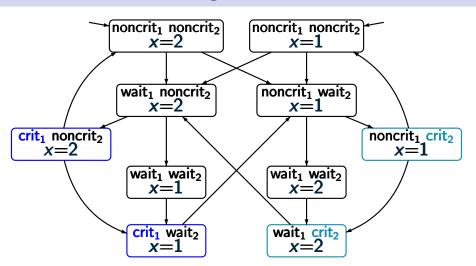
PC2.2-13

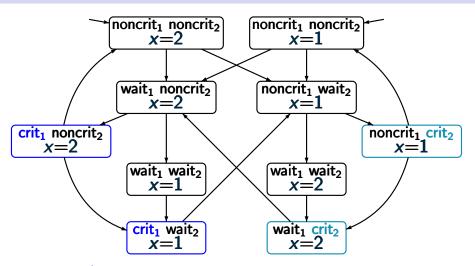


Program graphs for Peterson algorithm

PC2.2-13

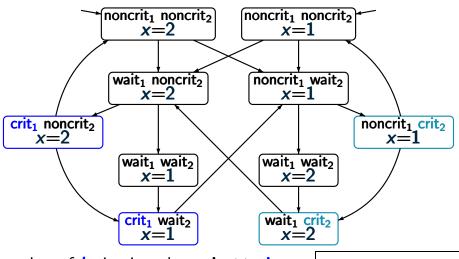






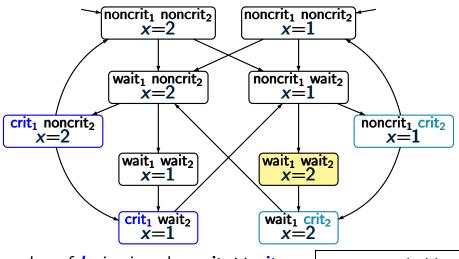
value of b_1 is given by wait₁ V crit₁ value of b_2 is given by wait₂ V crit₂

PC2.2-14



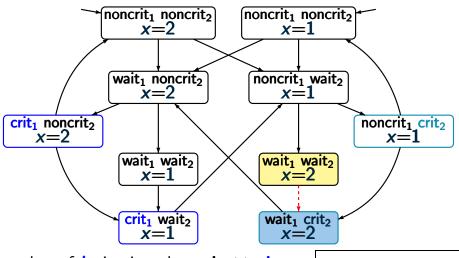
value of b_1 is given by wait₁ V crit₁ value of b_2 is given by wait₂ V crit₂

PC2.2-14



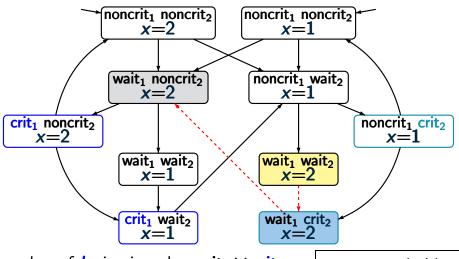
value of b_1 is given by wait₁ V crit₁ value of b_2 is given by wait₂ V crit₂

PC2.2-14



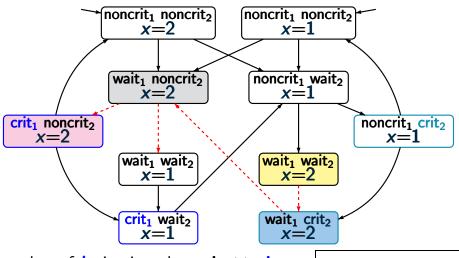
value of b_1 is given by wait₁ V crit₁ value of b_2 is given by wait₂ V crit₂

PC2.2-14



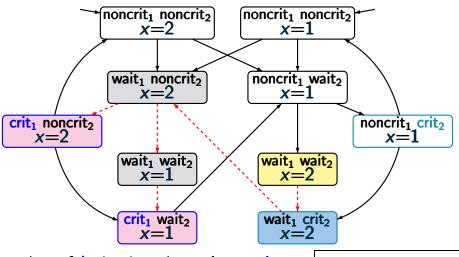
value of **b**₁ is given by **wait**₁ V **crit**₁ value of **b**₂ is given by **wait**₂ V **crit**₂

PC2.2-14

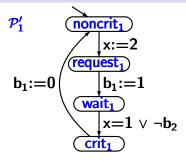


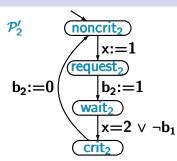
value of b_1 is given by wait₁ V crit₁ value of b_2 is given by wait₂ V crit₂

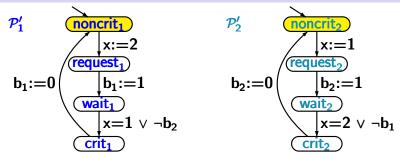
PC2.2-14



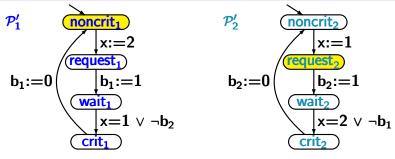
value of **b**₁ is given by **wait**₁ V **crit**₁ value of **b**₂ is given by **wait**₂ V **crit**₂

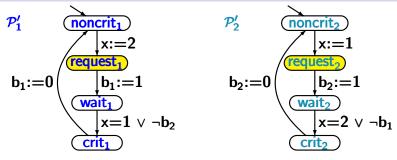


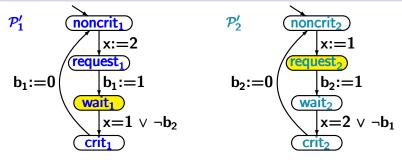


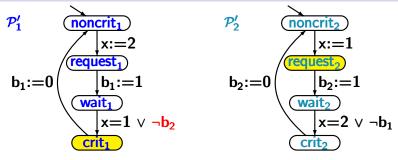


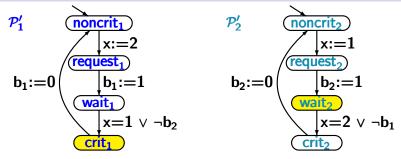
$$noncrit_1$$
 $noncrit_2$ $x=1$ $\neg b_1$ $\neg b_2$

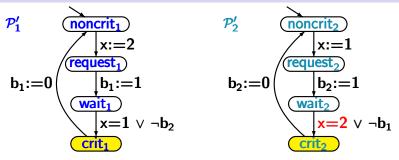




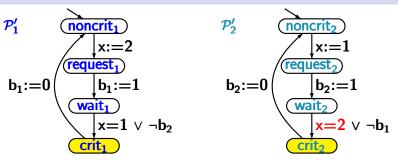








```
noncrit<sub>1</sub>
              noncrit_2 x=1
                                         \neg b_1
noncrit_1 request<sub>2</sub> x=1 \neg b_1
                                                  \neg b_2
request_1 request_2 x=2 \neg b_1 \neg b_2
    wait_1 request<sub>2</sub> x=2
                                           b_1
                                                  \neg b_2
             request<sub>2</sub> x=2
     crit<sub>1</sub>
                                            b_1 \neg b_2
                           x=2
                                           b_1
     crit<sub>1</sub>
              wait<sub>2</sub>
                                                    b_2
                             x=2
     crit<sub>1</sub>
              crit<sub>2</sub>
                                            b<sub>1</sub>
                                                     b2
```



```
noncrit<sub>1</sub>
             noncrit_2 x=1
                                        \neg b_1
noncrit_1 request<sub>2</sub> x=1 \neg b_1
                                                 \neg b_2
request_1 request_2 x=2 \neg b_1 \neg b_2
    wait_1 request<sub>2</sub> x=2
                                           b_1 \neg b_2
             request<sub>2</sub> x=2
     crit<sub>1</sub>
                                           b_1 \neg b_2
                          x=2
                                           b_1 b_2
     crit<sub>1</sub>
             wait<sub>2</sub>
                            x=2
     crit<sub>1</sub>
              crit<sub>2</sub>
                                                   b_2
                                           b<sub>1</sub>
```

 true concurrency: interleaving operator ||| for TS (no communication, no dependencies)

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- communication via shared variables
 - * description of subsystems by program graphs
 - interleaving ||| for program graphs
 - * TS is obtained by "unfolding"

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 - * operator $\|_{Syn}$ for TS
 - * interleaving for independent actions
 - * synchronization over actions in *Syn*

Operators for parallelism and communication

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Operators for parallelism and communication

- true concurrency: interleaving operator ||| for TS (no communication, no dependencies)
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 - * description of subsystems by program graphs
 - * interleaving ||| for program graphs
 - * TS is obtained by "unfolding"
- synchronous message passing ← data abstract
 - * operator $\|_{Syn}$ for TS
 - * interleaving for independent actions
 - * synchronization over actions in Syn
- channel systems
 communication via shared variables + via channels

$$T_1 = (S_1, Act_1, \rightarrow_1, \ldots), T_2 = (S_2, Act_2, \rightarrow_2, \ldots)$$
 TS

 $Syn \subseteq Act_1 \cap Act_2$ set of synchronization actions

$$T_1 = (S_1, Act_1, \rightarrow_1, ...), T_2 = (S_2, Act_2, \rightarrow_2, ...)$$
 TS

 $Syn \subseteq Act_1 \cap Act_2$ set of synchronization actions composite transition system:

$$T_1 \parallel_{Syn} T_2 = (S_1 \times S_2, Act_1 \cup Act_2, \rightarrow, \dots)$$

for modeling the concurrent execution of \mathcal{T}_1 and \mathcal{T}_2 with synchronization over all actions in Syn

$$T_1 = (S_1, Act_1, \rightarrow_1, \ldots), T_2 = (S_2, Act_2, \rightarrow_2, \ldots)$$
 TS

 $Syn \subseteq Act_1 \cap Act_2$ set of synchronization actions composite transition system:

$$T_1 \parallel_{Syn} T_2 = (S_1 \times S_2, Act_1 \cup Act_2, \rightarrow, \dots)$$

interleaving for all actions $\alpha \in Act_i \setminus Syn$:

$$\frac{s_1 \xrightarrow{\alpha}_1 s_1'}{\langle s_1, s_2 \rangle \xrightarrow{\alpha} \langle s_1', s_2 \rangle} \qquad \frac{s_2 \xrightarrow{\alpha}_2 s_2'}{\langle s_1, s_2 \rangle \xrightarrow{\alpha} \langle s_1, s_2' \rangle}$$

$$T_1 = (S_1, Act_1, \rightarrow_1, \ldots), T_2 = (S_2, Act_2, \rightarrow_2, \ldots)$$
 TS

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handshaking (rendezvous) for all $\alpha \in Syn$:

$$T_1 = (S_1, Act_1, \rightarrow_1, \ldots), T_2 = (S_2, Act_2, \rightarrow_2, \ldots)$$
 TS

 $Syn \subseteq Act_1 \cap Act_2$ set of synchronization actions

composite transition system:

$$T_1 \parallel_{Syn} T_2 = (S_1 \times S_2, Act_1 \cup Act_2, \rightarrow, \ldots)$$

interleaving for all actions $\alpha \in Act_i \setminus Syn$:

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handshaking (rendezvous) for all $\alpha \in Syn$:

$$\frac{s_1 \xrightarrow{\alpha}_1 s_1' \land s_2 \xrightarrow{\alpha}_2 s_2'}{\langle s_1, s_2 \rangle \xrightarrow{\alpha} \langle s_1', s_2' \rangle}$$

by synchronous message passing

by synchronous message passing using an arbiter

protocol for process P_i

```
LOOP FOREVER DO
noncritical actions
request
critical section
release
noncritical actions
OD
```

protocol for process P_i

LOOP FOREVER DO
noncritical actions
request
critical section
release
noncritical actions
OD

request release

protocol for process P_i

LOOP FOREVER DO
noncritical actions
request
critical section
release
noncritical actions
OD

transition system T_i noncrit_i

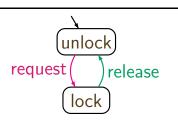
wait_i

request

crit_i

Arbiter:

selects nondeterministically a synchronization partner T_1 or T_2



 $(T_1 \mid \mid T_2) \mid \mid_{Syn} Arbiter$ where $Syn = \{\text{request}, \text{release}\}$



 $(T_1 || T_2) ||_{Syn} Arbiter$ where $Syn = \{request, release\}$ noncrit₁ noncrit₂ unlock release release wait₁ noncrit₂ noncrit₁ wait₂ unlock unlock request request crit₁ noncrit₂ wait₁ wait₂ noncrit₁ crit₂ lock unlock lock request release release crit₁ wait₂ wait₁ crit₂ lock lock

nondeterministic choice: who enters the critical section?

Synchronous message passing

synchronization operator || Syn for three or more processes

Synchronous message passing

```
T_1 = (S_1, Act_1, \rightarrow_1, \dots)
T_2 = (S_2, Act_2, \rightarrow_2, \dots)
T_3 = (S_3, Act_3, \rightarrow_3, \dots)
T_4 = (S_4, Act_4, \rightarrow_4, \dots)
\vdots
transition systems
```

```
T_1 = (S_1, Act_1, \rightarrow_1, \dots)
T_2 = (S_2, Act_2, \rightarrow_2, \dots)
T_3 = (S_3, Act_3, \rightarrow_3, \dots)
T_4 = (S_4, Act_4, \rightarrow_4, \dots)
:
:
:
for Syn \subseteq Act_1 \cup Act_2 \cup Act_3 \cup Act_4 \cup \dots
```

$$T_1 \parallel_{Syn} T_2 \parallel_{Syn} T_3 \parallel_{Syn} T_4 \parallel_{Syn} \dots \stackrel{\text{def}}{=}$$

$$\left(\left(\left(T_1 \parallel_{Syn} T_2 \right) \parallel_{Syn} T_3 \right) \parallel_{Syn} T_4 \right) \parallel_{Syn} \dots$$

```
T_1 = (S_1, Act_1, \rightarrow_1, \dots)
T_2 = (S_2, Act_2, \rightarrow_2, \dots)
T_3 = (S_3, Act_3, \rightarrow_3, \dots)
T_4 = (S_4, Act_4, \rightarrow_4, \dots)
T_4 = (S_4, Act_4, \rightarrow_4, \dots)
transition systems
for Syn \subseteq Act_1 \cup Act_2 \cup Act_3 \cup Act_4 \cup ...
                     T_1 \parallel_{Syn} T_2 \parallel_{Syn} T_3 \parallel_{Syn} T_4 \parallel_{Syn} \dots \stackrel{\text{def}}{=}
\left( \left( \left( T_1 \parallel_{Syn} T_2 \right) \parallel_{Syn} T_3 \right) \parallel_{Syn} T_4 \right) \parallel_{Syn} \dots
```

or any other order of paranthesis

```
T_1 = (S_1, Act_1, \rightarrow_1, \dots)
T_2 = (S_2, Act_2, \rightarrow_2, \dots)
T_3 = (S_3, Act_3, \rightarrow_3, \dots)
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T_4 = (S_4, Act_4, \rightarrow_4, \dots)
transition systems
for Syn \subseteq Act_1 \cup Act_2 \cup Act_3 \cup Act_4 \cup ...
                     T_1 \parallel_{Syn} T_2 \parallel_{Syn} T_3 \parallel_{Syn} T_4 \parallel_{Syn} \dots \stackrel{\text{def}}{=}
\left( \left( \left( T_1 \parallel_{Syn} T_2 \right) \parallel_{Syn} T_3 \right) \parallel_{Syn} T_4 \right) \parallel_{Syn} \dots
```

where, e.g.,
$$\mathcal{T}_1 \parallel_{\mathit{Syn}} \mathcal{T}_2 \stackrel{\mathsf{def}}{=} \mathcal{T}_1 \parallel_{\mathit{H}} \mathcal{T}_2$$
 with $\mathcal{H} = \mathit{Syn} \cap \mathit{Act}_1 \cap \mathit{Act}_2$

```
T_1 = (S_1, Act_1, \rightarrow_1, ...)

T_2 = (S_2, Act_2, \rightarrow_2, ...)

T_3 = (S_3, Act_3, \rightarrow_3, ...)

T_4 = (S_4, Act_4, \rightarrow_4, ...)

\vdots
```

transition systems s.t. $Act_i \cap Act_j \cap Act_k = \emptyset$ if i, j, k are pairwise distinct

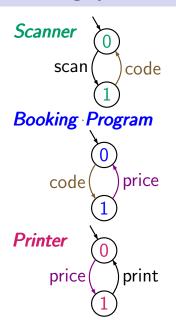
```
T_1 \| T_2 \| T_3 \| T_4 \| \dots \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} 
 \left( \left( \left( T_1 \|_{Syn_{1,2}} T_2 \right) \|_{Syn_{1,2,3}} T_3 \right) \|_{Syn_{1,2,3,4}} T_4 \right) \dots
```

```
where Syn_{1,2} = Act_1 \cap Act_2

Syn_{1,2,3} = (Act_1 \cup Act_2) \cap Act_3

Syn_{1,2,3,4} = (Act_1 \cup Act_2 \cup Act_3) \cap Act_4

\vdots
```



Scanner | BP | Printer

