CS1632, LECTURE 13: SYSTEMS TESTING THE WEB WITH KATALON

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Background

- Systems testing: testing the entire system as a whole
 - We would like to automate systems testing, just like we did for unit testing
- So far, all of our testing has been text-based java programs
- Automating testing for text-based programs is easy!
 - Just create an "input script" file and redirect to stdin
 - Redirect stdout to file and compare to expected output
- Turns out not everybody uses a text-based interface
 - GUIs, web pages, mobile applications, etc.
 - How do we deal with these?

Testing Concepts are Similar

We will use different tools to test more complicated interfaces

- But the basic concepts remain the same
 - Testing is about comparing observed behavior vs. expected behavior
 - Preconditions
 - Execution steps
 - Postconditions

Testing the Web

Just an example – other GUIs work similarly

• Keep in mind that we are going to *expect* certain things to occur or be seen, and then *observe* whether or not they occur or are seen.

Web = text

- Specially formatted and displayed text, but text!
- Text in the form of HTML

Theoretically, we could test web pages like so

```
// Any downsides to this?
@Test
public void testWeb() {
   String expectedHtml =
   "<html><head></head><body>Hello world</body></html";
   String pageText = getPage("http://example.com");
   assertEquals(expectedHtml, pageText);
}</pre>
```

Downsides

1. Fragile tests

Change the page, change the entire test.

2. What about JavaScript?

- Just check JS code letter by letter?
- Remember JS is also a program. We should check functionality not code.

3. Unreadable

Unclear which element in the HTML page tester is trying to check.

4. Simplistic and low-level

- No semantic understanding (e.g. of links, textboxes)
- No sense of HTML hierarchy
- Tries to deal with a flat text string almost like assembly programming

Web Testing Frameworks

- Sure, you could program everything in assembly
 - You could yourself parse HTML into a tree data structure
 - You could yourself interpret and run JS code on HTML elements
- Why not have a library that does all of that for you?
 - That creates the HTML tree for you and provides APIs to search it
 - That generates various events like clicking on a button or typing
 - That exercises JS code for you to modify the HTML page
- That library is a web testing framework
 - Framework often also includes an IDE to auto-generate test code, by simply interacting with the website on a web browser.

What is Selenium?

- An open-source web testing framework.
- Battle-hardened.
- Works with Windows, OS X, Linux, other OSes.
- Works with Java, Ruby, Python, other languages.
- Works with most modern web browsers.
- Has its own IDE.
- Can also be used for quick scripting.

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Ref: https://seleniumhq.wordpress.com/2017/08/09/firefox-55-and-selenium-ide/

What is Katalon?

- The Selenium core library is fine, it's the IDE that's obsolete
- Lots of 3rd party IDEs using Selenium core have popped up

- One of them is Katalon
 - Provides all the features of Selenium IDE and more
 - Hides most of the technical complexities making it easier for testers
 - Is increasing its market share

Getting Started with Katalon

1. Download Chrome (if you have not)

2. Go to Chrome Web Store

3. Add extension Katalon Automation Recorder.

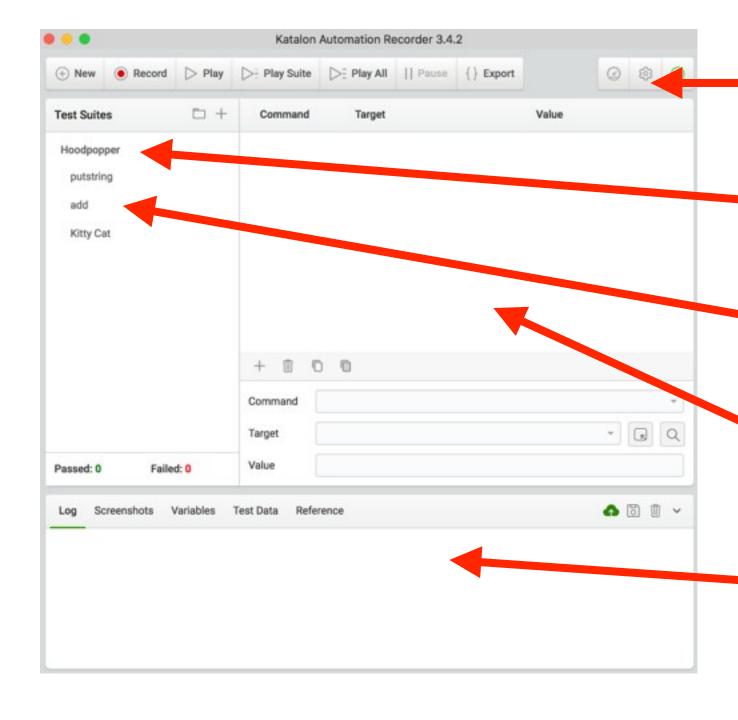
4. Click on the "K" icon in the upper right-hand corner

Katalon

■ What we would call a "test plan", Katalon calls a "test suite"

■ Test suites contain test cases

■ Test cases contain test steps



- Settings
- **Test Suite**

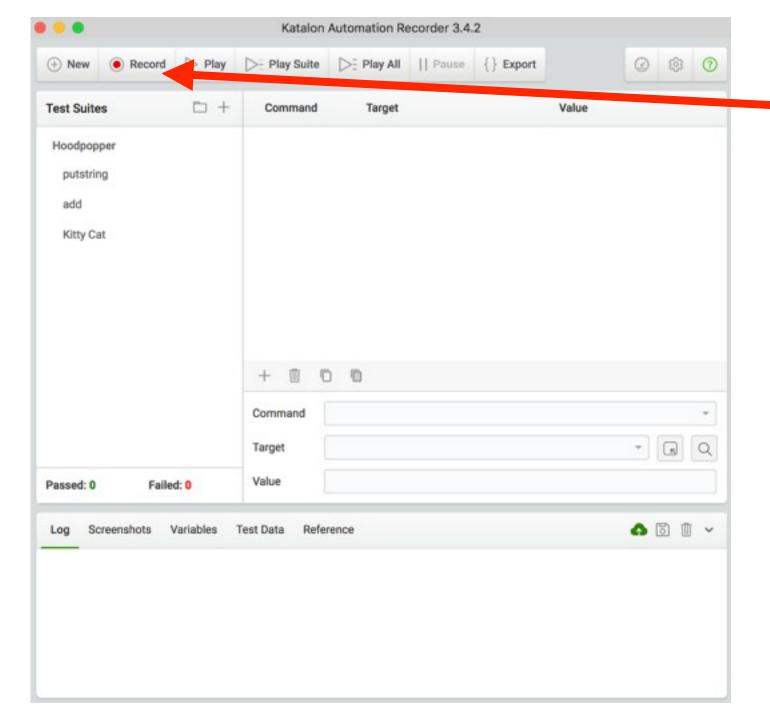
Test Cases

Test Steps

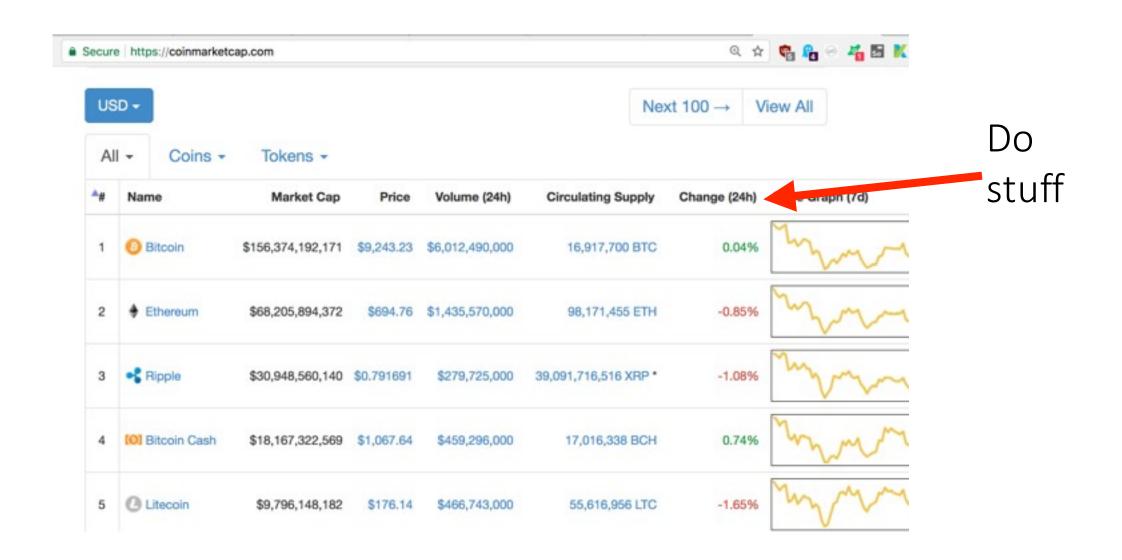
Logging output

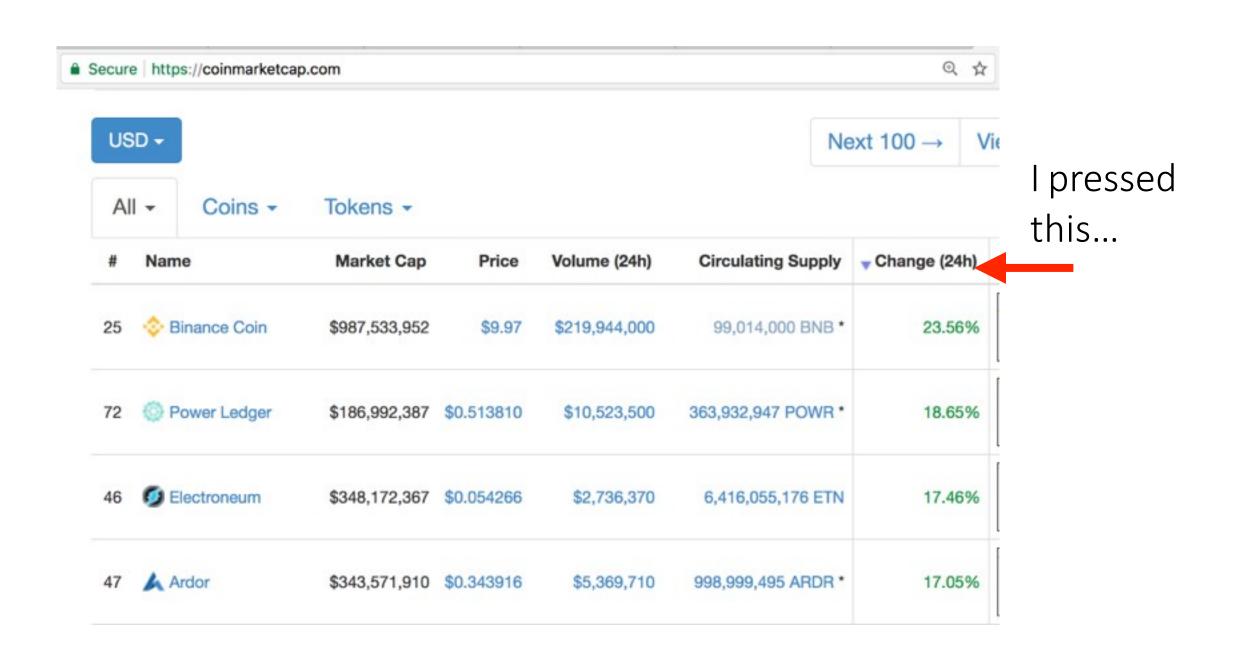
Simple Scripting

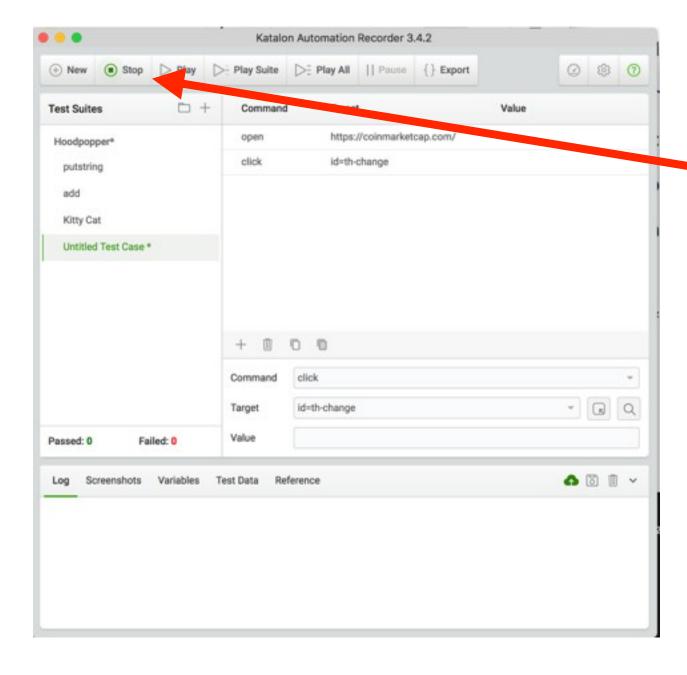
- 1. Create a new test case
- 2. Record an operation (Press "Record")
- 3. Do something
- 4. Stop recording
- 5. Run test case it does what you just did



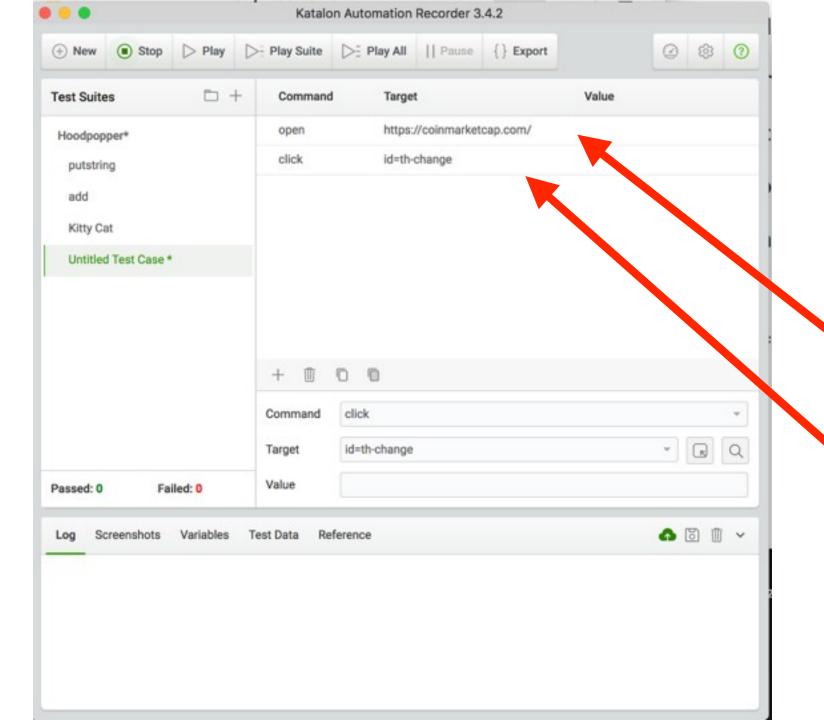
Record







Stop recording



Auto-generated web testing script:

open URL

Click on element with id=th-change

You can add your own commands

- Modify a recorded script or create from scratch
- Click "+" button to add a test step
- Can then click to modify
- Note that it is NOT a textbox, so it is a little awkward to use

The test step is divided into three parts

- Command What to do
 - E.g. open a page, click on something, type

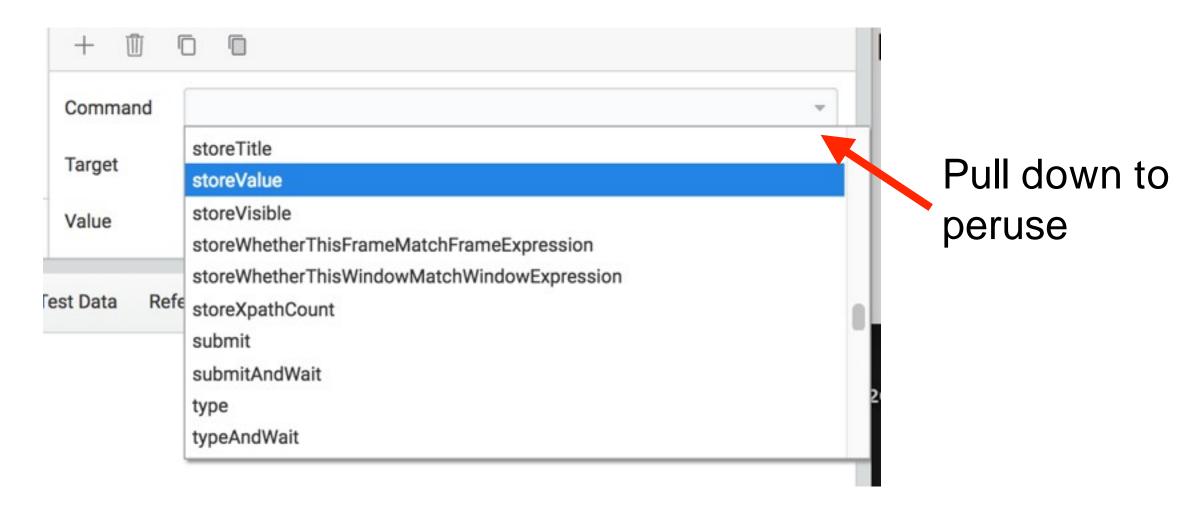
- Target To what?
 - E.g. A URL or an element on the page

- Value How?
 - E.g. Type what?

Common Commands

- open open a URL
- click click on a web element
- type type something in a web element
- assert assert that something is true
 - The *sine qua non* of testing!

Many, many, many others



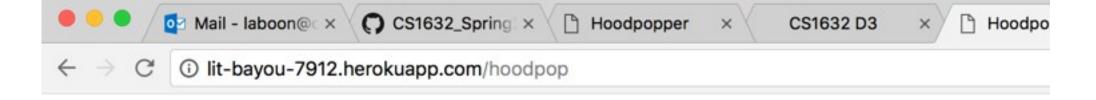
Hello, assertions, my old friend...
I've come to assert you again..

We are going to use assertions to specify expected behavior

Same as traditional Junit assertions, just at different level of abstraction

A subset of Katalon (Selenium) assertions...

- assertText Assert that text for element equals a regex
- assertTextPresent Assert that regex exists somewhere on the page
- assertElementPresent Assert that element exists somewhere on page
- assertCookie Assert that a cookie exists
- assertAlert Assert that an alert took place
- assertEditable Assert that an element is editable
- assertEval Evaluate some JavaScript and assert the result

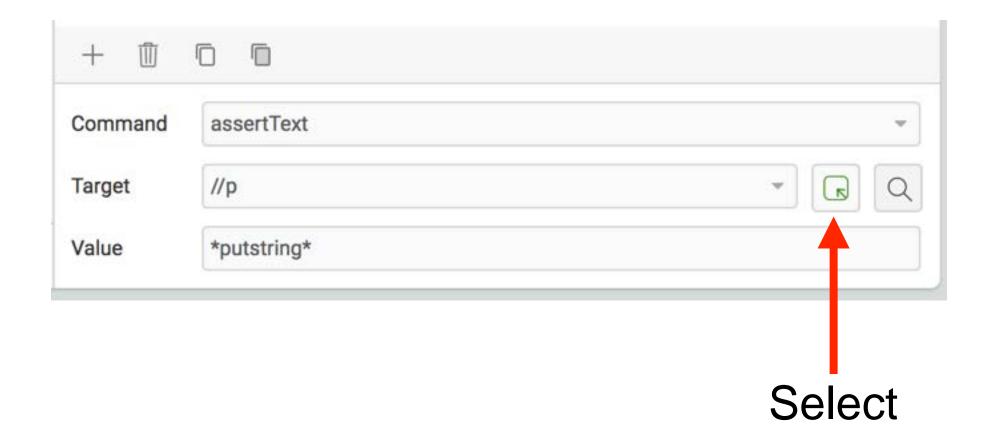


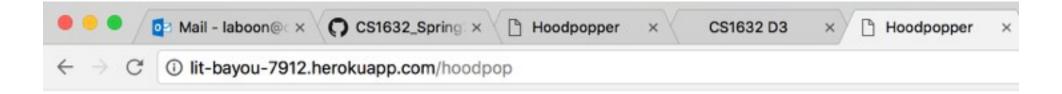
Hood Popped - Compile Operation

I want to assert something about this particular text section... but how?

Select can help specify a target

- Lots of ways to specify an element on a webpage
 - CSS
 - xpath
 - id
 - Other tag
- Select can help you find one that works
 - It will find a value which uniquely identifies that element





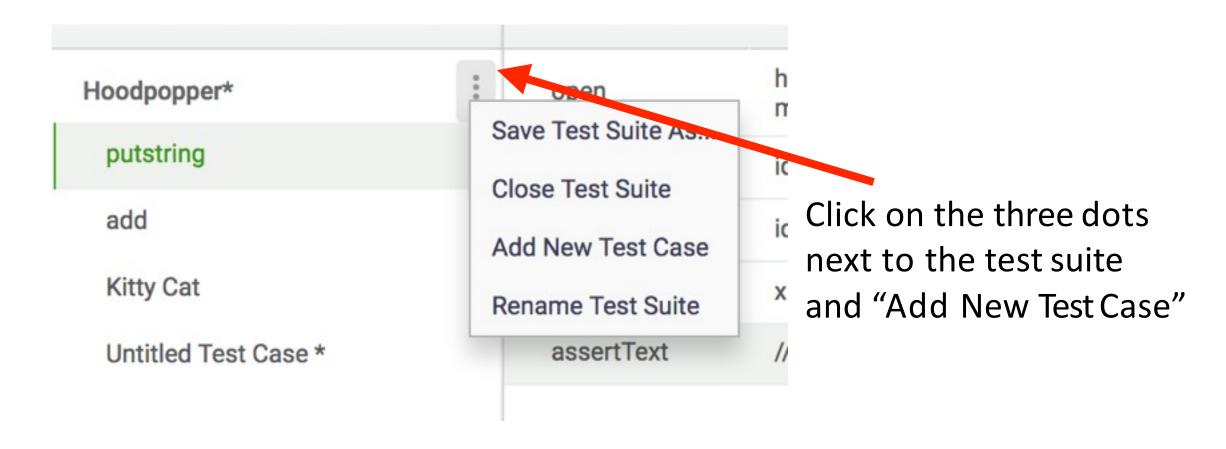
Hood Popped - Compile Operation

Click on what you want to select



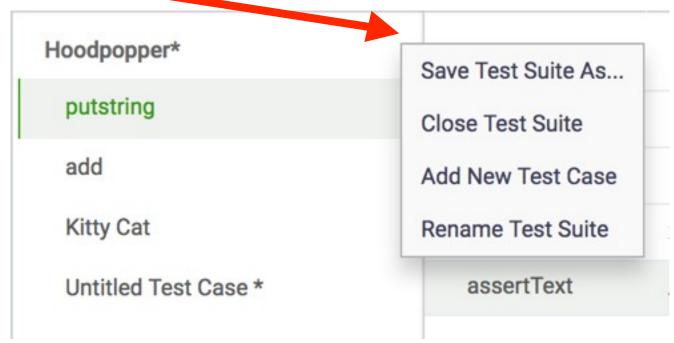
Finds a way to uniquely specify that element!

Adding a test case to a test suite

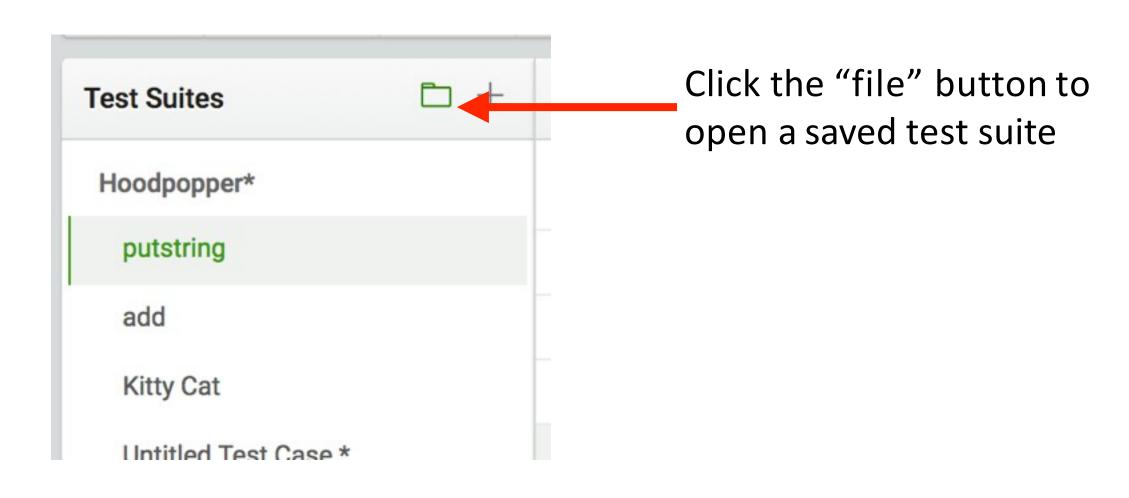


Saving A Test Suite

- Save test suite by pressing button with three dots next to it and "Save Test Suite As..."
- Note: the button only appears when you hover over it. It shows up around here



Opening a Test Suite



Let's Walk Through A Test Case

No Textbook Reading for This Chapter!

• Yay.

• Instead, please skim over: https://docs.katalon.com/katalon-recorder/docs/selenese-selenium-ide-commands-reference.html

It shows all the assertions you can do and more!