poa\_access

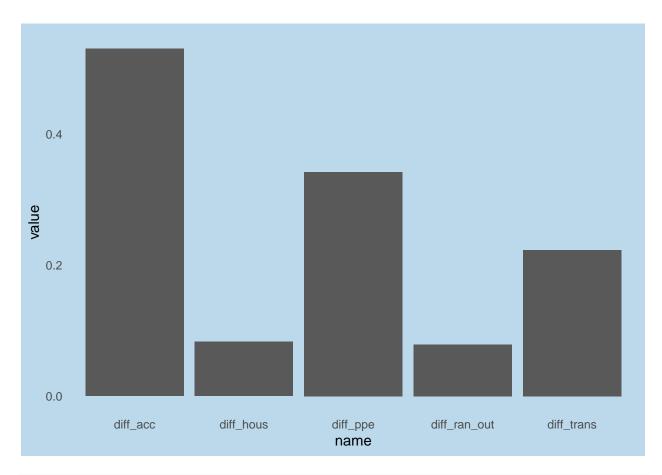
Arielle Herman

4/9/2022

### 6.1)People who had difficulty accessing resources [20]

Run binary distribution over population Indicators: food, PPE, transportation, housing Yes = 1+ indicators No = 0 indicators Run binary distribution by sub-demographics Compare and find gaps (test unequal proportions) Run categorical distribution over population Run categorical distribution over sub-demographics Compare and find gaps (test unequal proportions)

- by borough, difficulty accessing cleaning supplies surpasses the other variables
- by decade, overpowered by accessing cleaning supplies and housing



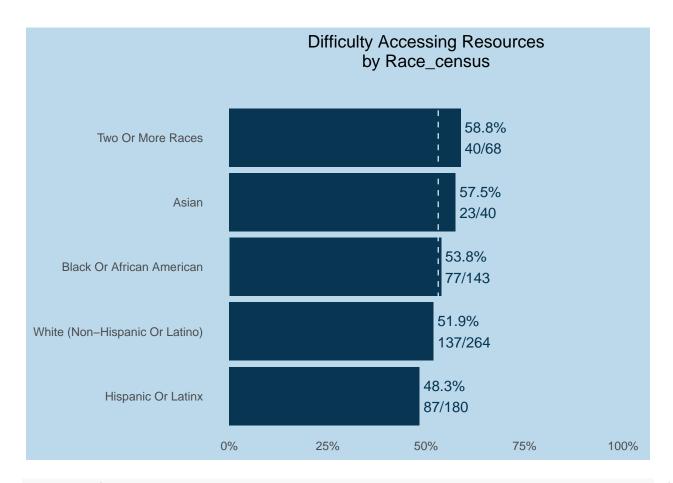
### demographics

```
##
                {\tt borough}
                                      decade
                                                                            race_census
                                                               gen
              "borough"
                                    "decade"
                                                             "gen"
##
                                                                          "race_census"
##
                not_eng
                                                    sch_level_cat
                                                                          hh_ch_0_17_bi
                                         {\tt mar}
              "not_eng"
                                       "mar"
                                                  "sch_level_cat"
                                                                        "hh_ch_0_17_bi"
##
              hh_65_bi
##
                                    inc_dist
                                                emp_status_before
                                                                      emp_status_after
             "hh_65_bi"
                                  "inc_dist" "emp_status_before"
##
                                                                    "emp_status_after"
##
                res_cat
##
              "res_cat"
```

### # make a venn diagram

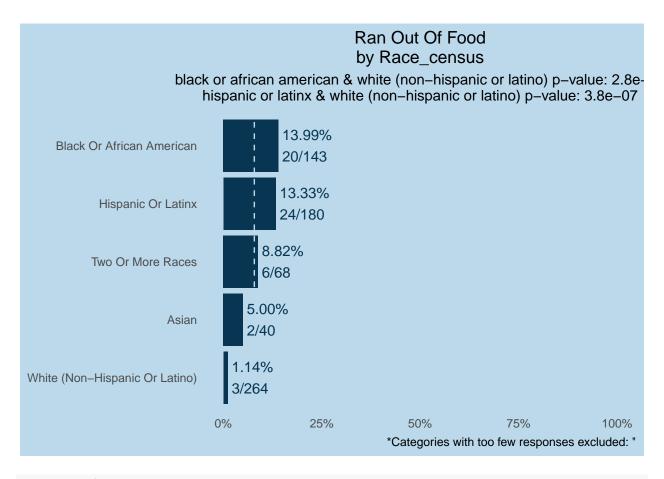
make\_plots(wrangled, "race\_census", "diff\_acc", title = "Difficulty Accessing Resources", show = "true"

## \$race\_census



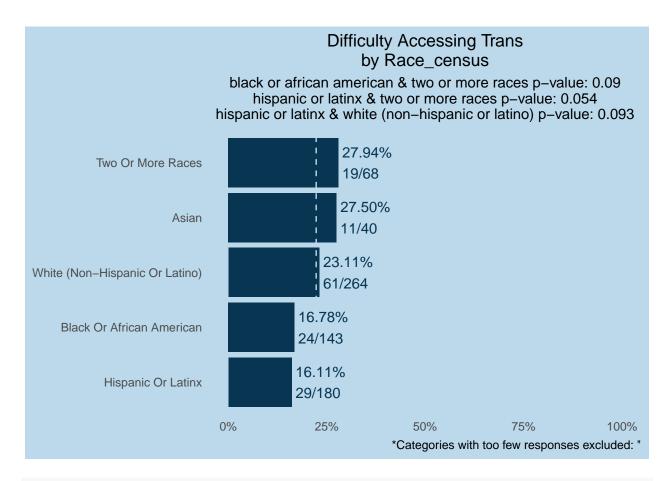
make\_plots(wrangled, "race\_census", "diff\_ran\_out", title = "Ran out of food", show = "true")

## \$race\_census



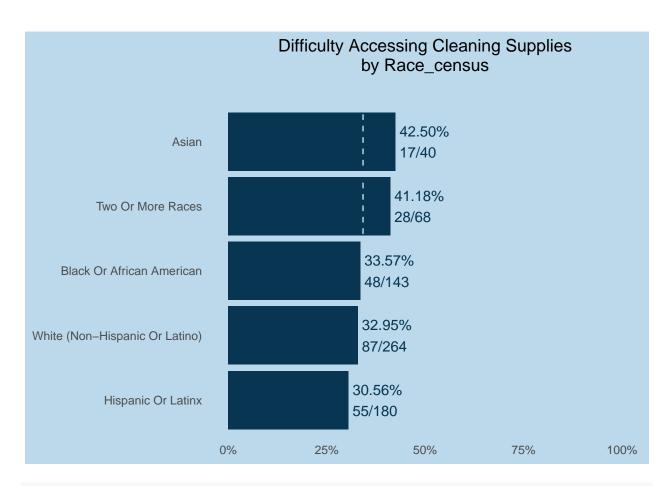
make\_plots(wrangled, "race\_census", "diff\_trans", title = "Difficulty accessing trans", show = "true")

## \$race\_census



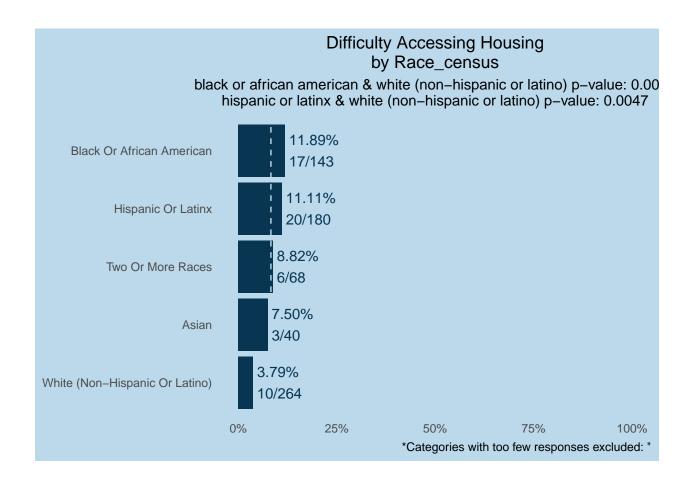
make\_plots(wrangled, "race\_census", "diff\_ppe", title = "Difficulty accessing cleaning supplies", show

## \$race\_census



make\_plots(wrangled, "race\_census", "diff\_hous", title = "Difficulty accessing housing", show = "true")

## \$race\_census



## 6.2) Local resource utilized over each challenge[33]

Run distribution of each resource people would turn to for each challenge over population Run distribution of each resource people would turn to for each challenge over sub-demographics (a-k) Compare and find gaps (test unequal proportions)

```
mean(str_detect(wrangled$lr_cc, ";"), na.rm = TRUE)

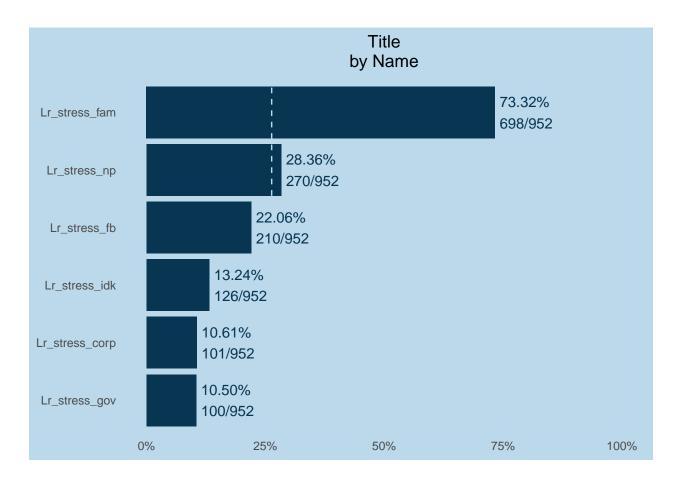
## [1] 0.2121849

# lots of respondents just marked off not sure
wrangled %>% filter(str_detect(lr_cc, "not sure")) %>% count(lr_cc)
```

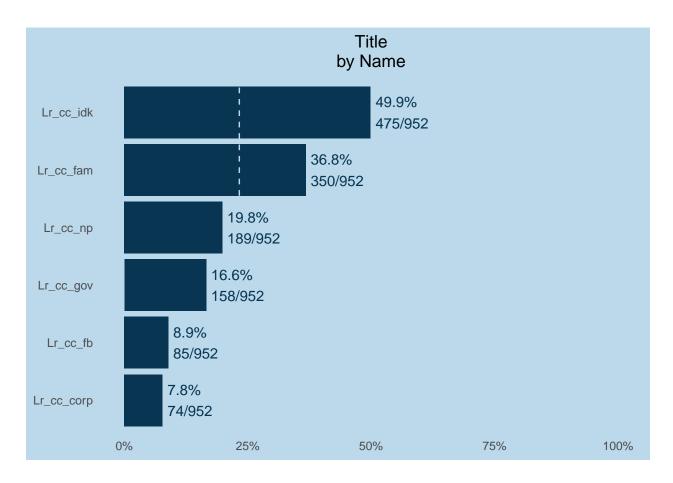
```
## # A tibble: 10 x 2
##
      lr_cc
                                                                                     n
##
      <chr>
                                                                                 <int>
  1 community non-profits;friends/family;not sure
##
                                                                                     1
  2 community non-profits;government;friends/family;not sure
                                                                                     1
  3 community non-profits; government; not sure
                                                                                     1
## 4 community non-profits; not sure
                                                                                     3
                                                                                     3
## 5 faith-based; community non-profits; government; corporate/business; friend~
## 6 faith-based; community non-profits; not sure
                                                                                     1
## 7 faith-based; not sure
                                                                                     2
```

```
7
## 8 friends/family; not sure
## 9 government; not sure
                                                                                   3
## 10 not sure
                                                                                 453
wrangled %>% filter(if_all(starts_with("lr") & is.character, ~.=="not sure")) %>%
  select(starts_with("lr")) %>% nrow() # people who just marked off not sure for everything
## Warning: Predicate functions must be wrapped in 'where()'.
##
     # Bad
##
     data %>% select(is.character)
##
##
    # Good
##
##
    data %>% select(where(is.character))
##
## i Please update your code.
## This message is displayed once per session.
## [1] 25
resource_qs <- c("lr_stress_", "lr_cc_", "lr_trans_", "lr_food_", "lr_wtr_", "lr_hc_", "lr_ec_", "lr_hc</pre>
setNames(resource_qs, resource_qs)
                                              lr_food_
##
    lr_stress_
                                lr_trans_
                                                                           lr_hc_
                     lr_cc_
                                                            lr_wtr_
                                           "lr_food_"
## "lr_stress_"
                    "lr_cc_" "lr_trans_"
                                                           "lr_wtr_"
                                                                         "lr hc "
        lr_ec_
                     lr_hc_
       "lr_ec_"
                    "lr_hc_"
##
lapply(resource_qs, function(q) {
 df <- wrangled %>% pivot_longer(cols = starts_with(q))
  make_plots(df, by_vars = "name", hyp_var = "value")[["name"]] +
    labs(subtitle = NULL)
})
```

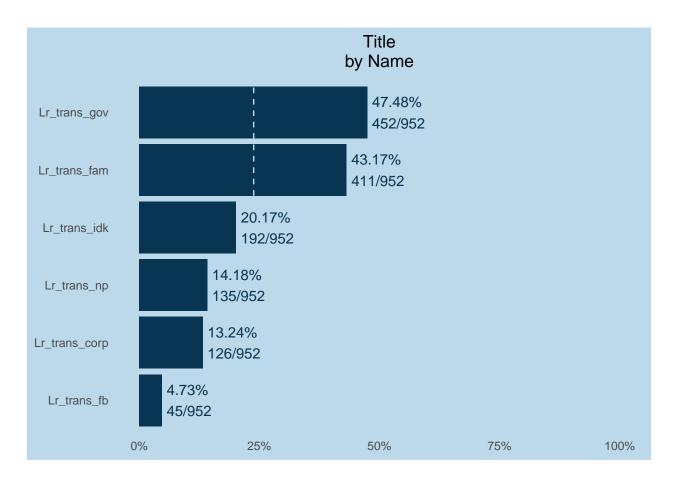
## [[1]]



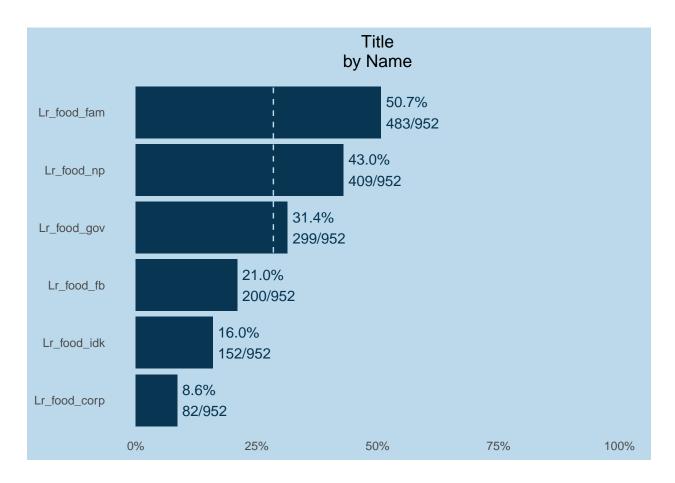
## [[2]]



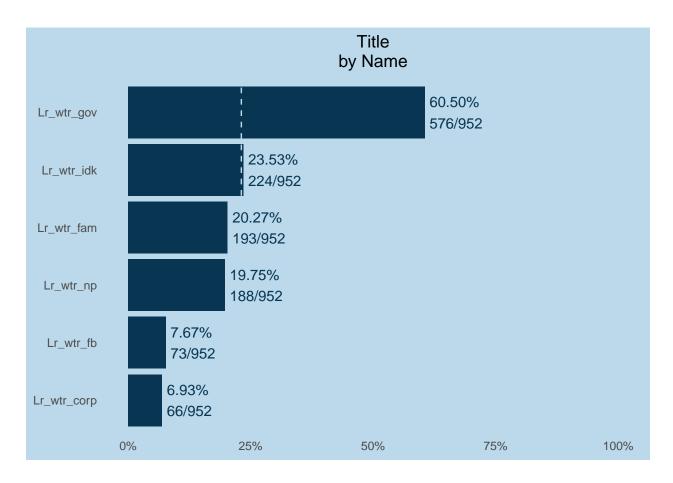
## ## [[3]]



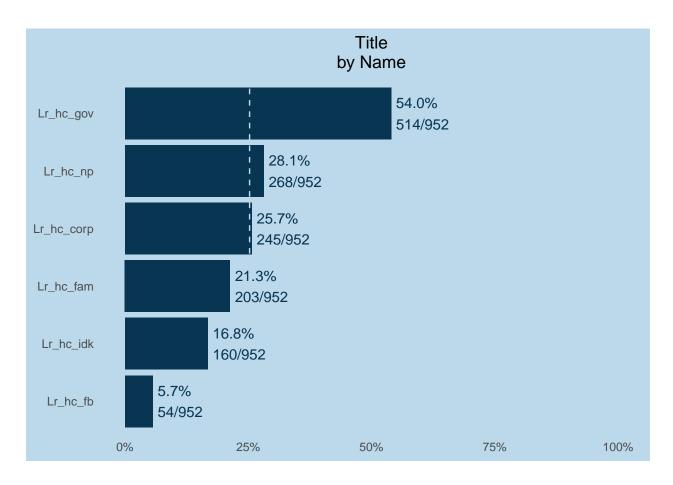
## [[4]]



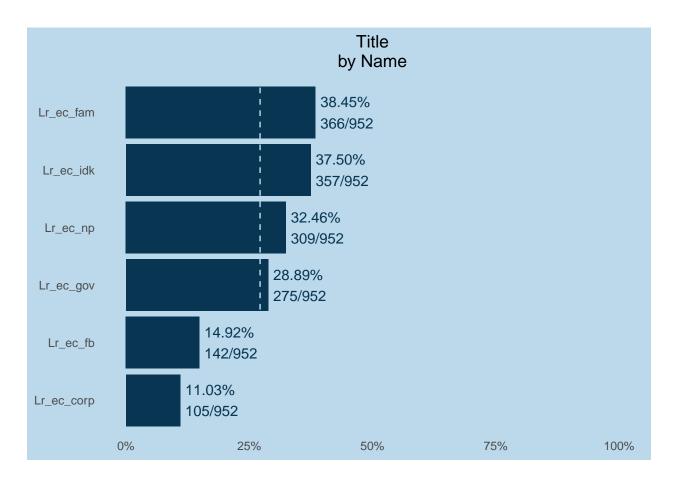
## [[5]]



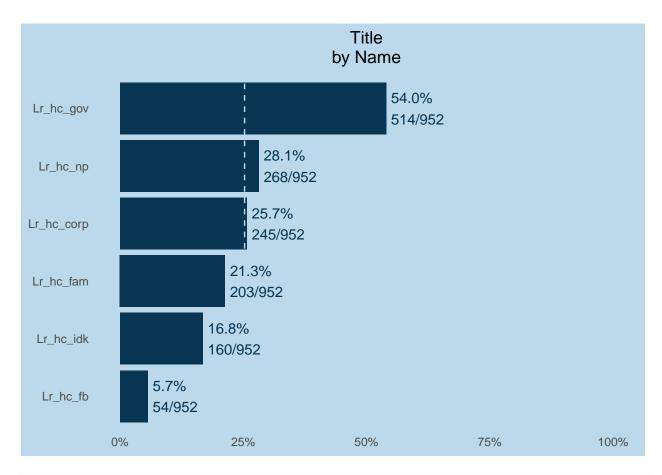
## ## [[6]]



## [[7]]



## [[8]]



```
wrangled %>% pivot_longer(cols = starts_with("lr_stress_")) %>%
group_by(name) %>% summarize(mean = mean(value, na.rm = TRUE))
```

## 6.3) Which mode of transportation most frequently used [23]

Run distribution over population Run distribution by sub-demographics (a-k) Compare and find gaps (test unequal proportions)

```
wrangled %>% count(trans)
```

```
## 1 1 [drive alone]
## 2 2 [public bus]
## 3 3 [carpool]
## 4 4 [bike]
## 5 5 [scooter]
## 6 6 [subway]
## 7 7 [walk]
## 8 8 [commuter rail]
## 9 10 [private bus, shuttle]
## 10 11 [ferry, commuter boat]
## 11 12 [taxi, ride hail, for-hire vehicle]
## 12 13 [other]
make_plots(wrangled, demographics, "trans")
## $borough
## NULL
##
## $decade
## NULL
##
## $gen
## NULL
##
## $race_census
## NULL
## $not_eng
## NULL
##
## $mar
## NULL
## $sch_level_cat
## NULL
##
## $hh_ch_0_17_bi
## NULL
##
## $hh_65_bi
## NULL
##
## $inc_dist
## NULL
##
## $emp_status_before
## NULL
## $emp_status_after
## NULL
##
```

## \$res\_cat
## NULL

185

177

7

34

2

371

223

23

2

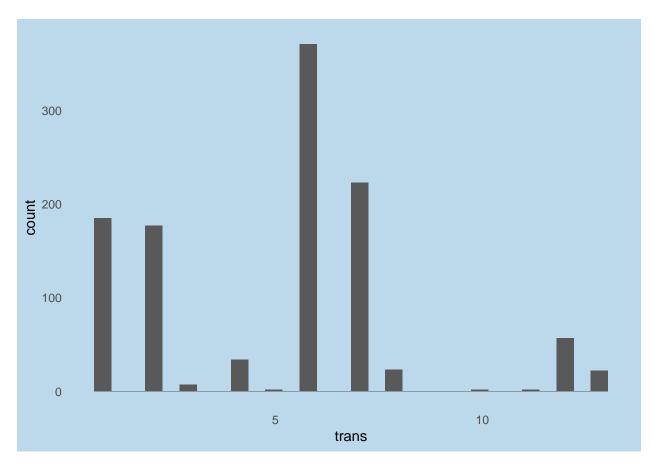
2

57

22

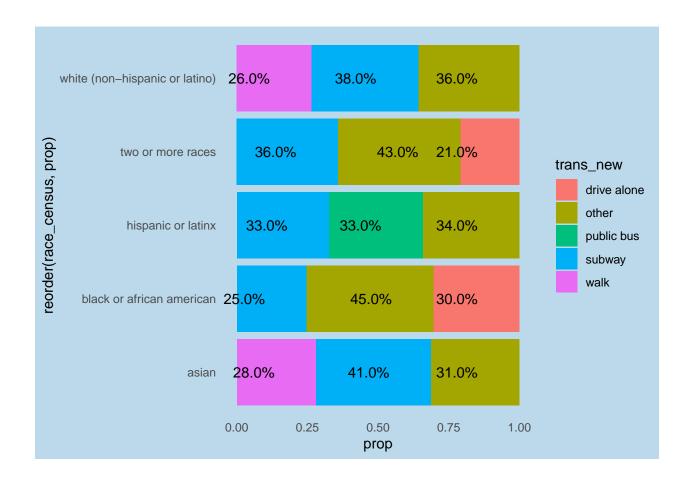
```
wrangled %>% ggplot(aes(x = trans)) + geom_histogram()
```

## Don't know how to automatically pick scale for object of type haven\_labelled/vctrs\_vctr/integer. Def
## 'stat\_bin()' using 'bins = 30'. Pick better value with 'binwidth'.



```
wrangled %>% group_by(race_census) %>% count(race_census, trans) %>% arrange(race_census, desc(n)) %>%
  mutate(trans_new = ifelse(row_number() < 3, to_character(trans), "other")) %>%
  group_by(race_census, trans_new) %>% summarize(n = sum(n)) %>%
  group_by(race_census) %>% mutate(denom = sum(n), prop = n/denom) %>%
  arrange(race_census, prop) %>%
  mutate(label = ifelse(row_number()<=2, scales::percent(prop), "")) %>%
  filter(denom > 1) %>% na.omit() %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = prop, y = reorder(race_census, prop), fill = trans_new)) + geom_col(position = "fill")
  geom_text(aes(label = scales::percent(signif(prop, 2))), position = "fill", hjust = 2)
```

## 'summarise()' has grouped output by 'race\_census'. You can override using the
## '.groups' argument.



# 6.5) People who experienced difficulty accessing transportation in the past year [20]

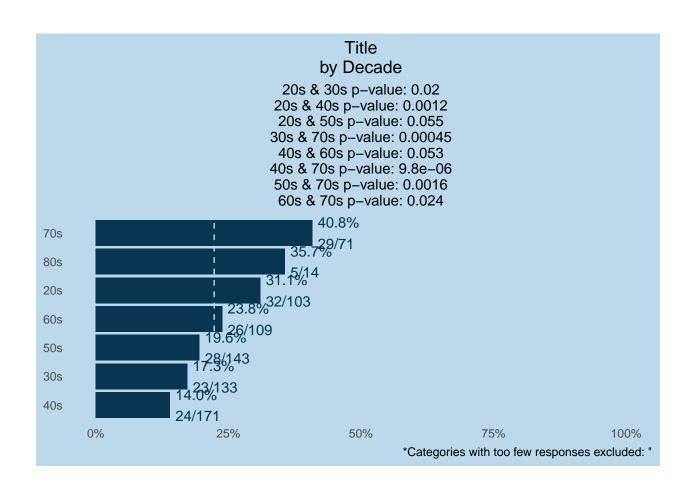
Run distribution over population Run distribution by sub-demographics (a-k) Compare and find gaps (test unequal proportions)

```
mean(wrangled$diff_trans, na.rm = TRUE)

## [1] 0.223262

make_plots(wrangled, demographics, "diff_trans")

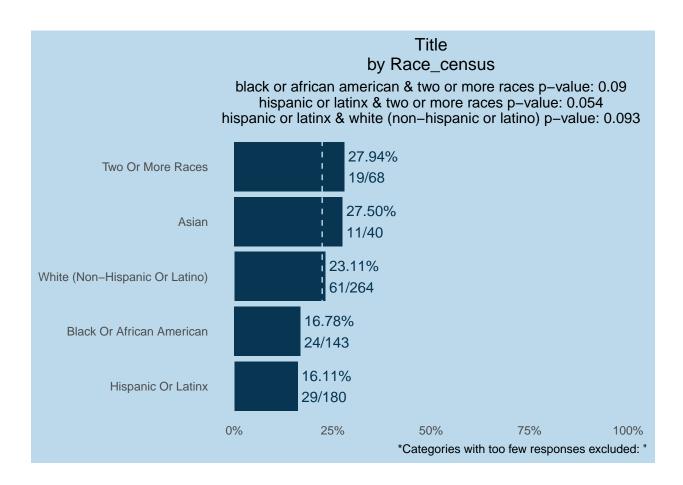
## $borough
## NULL
##
## $decade
```



## \$gen ## NULL

##

## \$race\_census

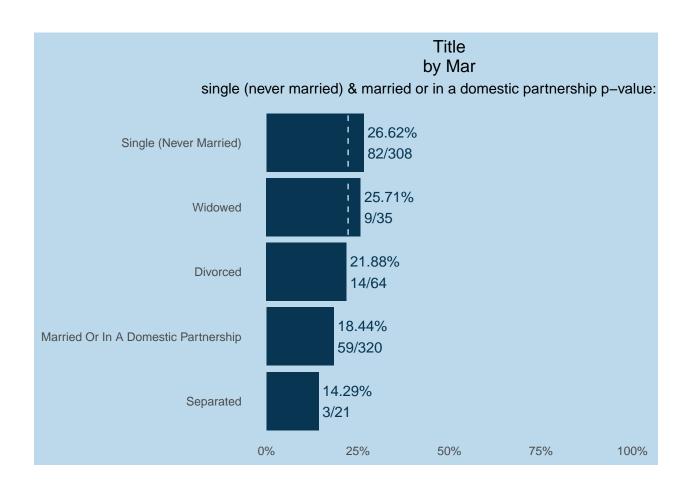


## \$not\_eng

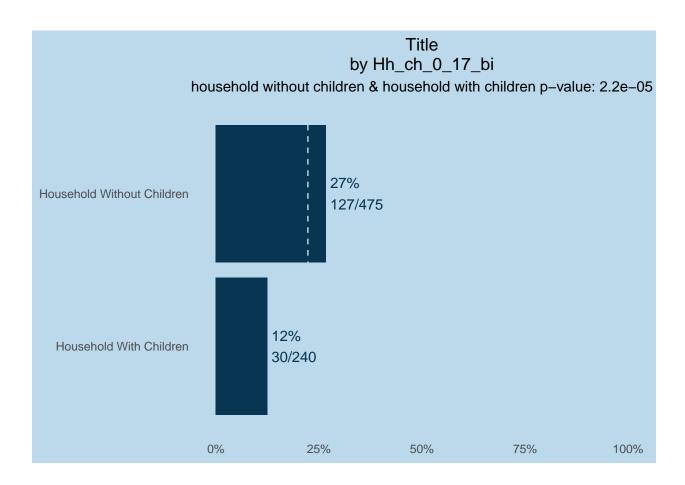
## NULL

##

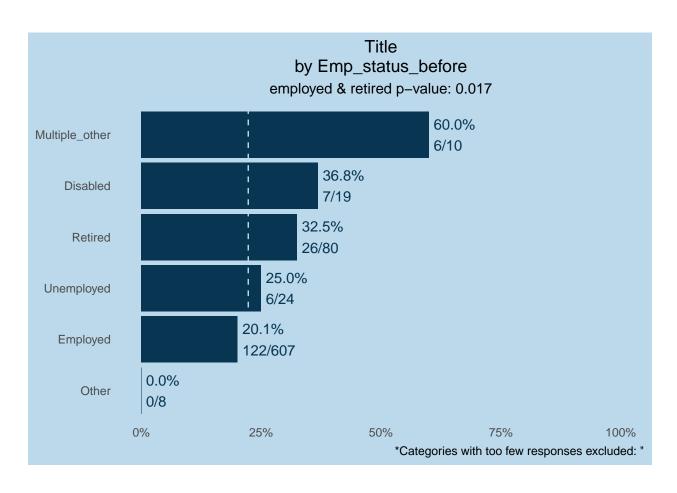
## \$mar



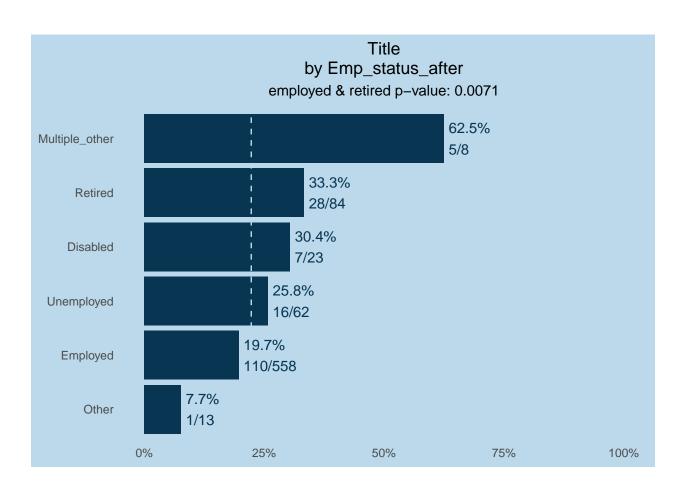
```
##
## $sch_level_cat
## NULL
##
## $hh_ch_0_17_bi
```



```
##
## $hh_65_bi
## NULL
##
## $inc_dist
## NULL
##
## $emp_status_before
```



##
## \$emp\_status\_after



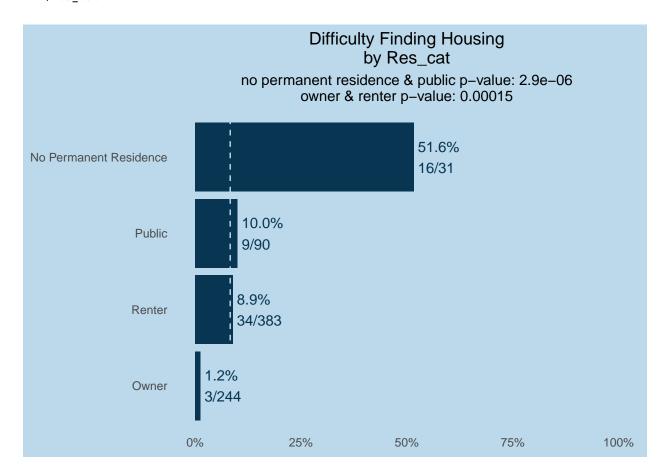
##
## \$res\_cat
## NULL

# 6.6) People who are renting public housing or with public assistance were more likely to experience difficulty finding housing in the past six year

Find respondents who are renters of public housing or rent with public assistance [19] Find proportion of subset who indicated difficulty finding housing in the past year [20] Find proportion not in subset who indicated difficulty finding housing in the past year and compare (test unequal proportions)

```
make_plots(wrangled, "res_cat", "diff_hous", title = "Difficulty finding housing")
```

#### ## \$res\_cat



# 6.7) Households below median income were more likely to have difficulty with transportation during the pandemic

Find three groups of population who are below median income in 2021 [13] Find the proportion of each subset of people who had difficulty with transportation [20] Compare and contrast the three groups on the basis of who faced the highest number of transportation issues and test unequal proportions

```
mean(wrangled$inc_be_med_before, na.rm = TRUE)

## [1] 0.4048913

wrangled %>% count(inc_dist, diff_trans) %>% mutate_if(is.labelled, to_character)

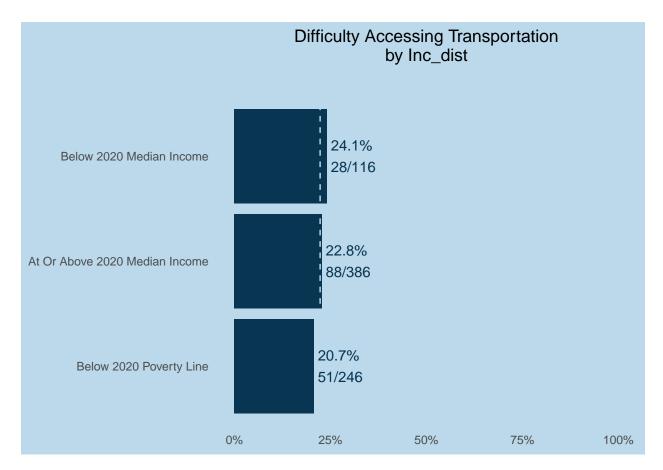
## # A tibble: 9 x 3

## inc_dist diff_trans n
```

```
##
     <chr>>
                                     <chr>
                                                                                <int>
                                    not difficulty accessing or using transp~
                                                                                  195
## 1 below 2020 poverty line
## 2 below 2020 poverty line
                                     difficulty accessing or using transporta~
                                                                                   51
                                                                                   43
## 3 below 2020 poverty line
                                     <NA>
## 4 below 2020 median income
                                    not difficulty accessing or using transp~
                                                                                   88
## 5 below 2020 median income
                                    difficulty accessing or using transporta~
                                                                                   28
## 6 below 2020 median income
                                                                                   42
                                                                                  298
## 7 at or above 2020 median income not difficulty accessing or using transp~
## 8 at or above 2020 median income difficulty accessing or using transporta~
                                                                                   88
## 9 at or above 2020 median income <NA>
                                                                                  272
```

make\_plots(wrangled, "inc\_dist", "diff\_trans", show = "yes", title = "Difficulty Accessing Transportati

## \$inc\_dist



## 6.8) People with limited or no internet access are more likely to use friends and family as resources

Find respondents who have limited internet access or no internet access [22] Find subset of respondents who are most likely to turn to friends/family for support [33] it's not "most likely" but did or did not list them Find proportion not in subset and compare (test unequal proportions)

note: our people with limited internet access will be highly limited

```
mean(wrangled$1r_fam, na.rm = TRUE)

## [1] 0.8413866

mean(wrangled$internet_acc, na.rm = TRUE)

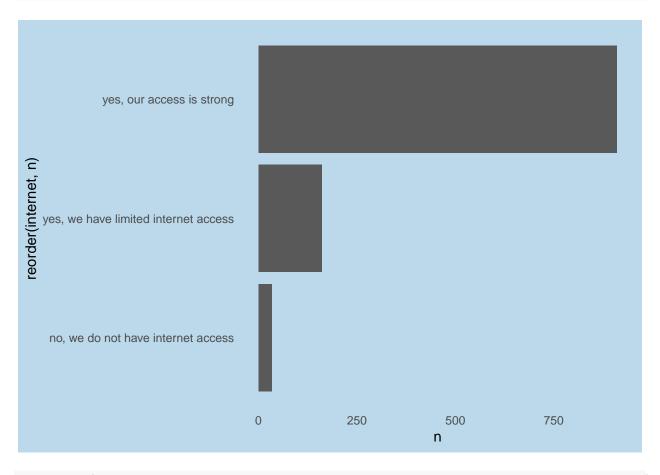
## [1] 0.8235294

mean(wrangled$internet_lim, na.rm = TRUE)

## [1] 0.1764706

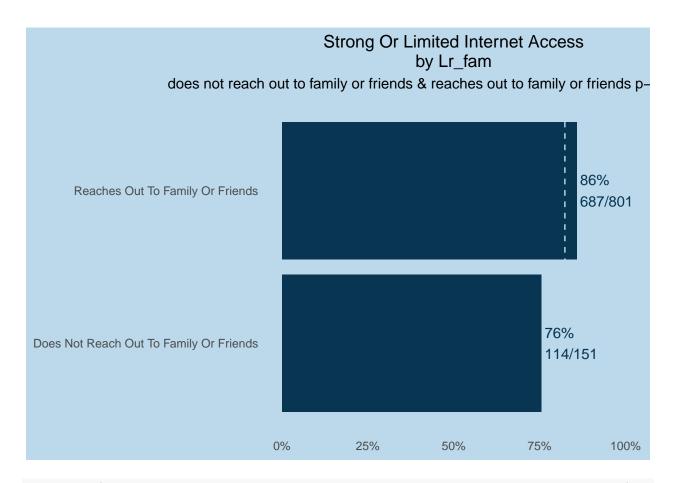
count(wrangled, internet) %>% mutate_if(is.labelled, to_character) %>%
```

 $ggplot(aes(x = n, y = reorder(internet, n))) + geom_col()$ 



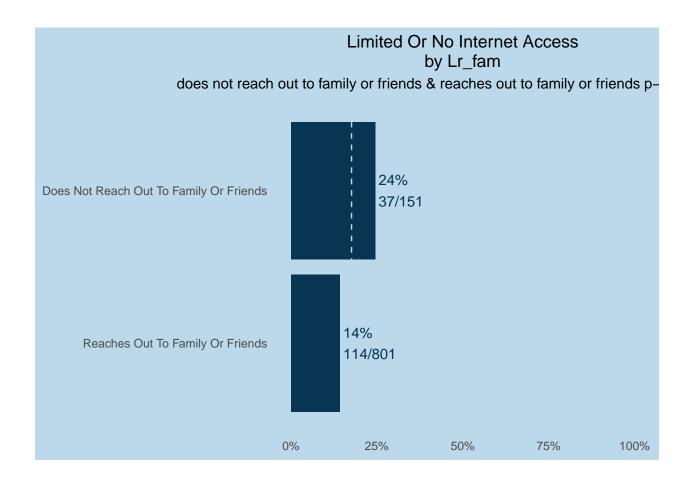
make\_plots(wrangled, "lr\_fam", "internet\_acc", title = "Strong or Limited Internet Access")

## \$1r\_fam



make\_plots(wrangled, "lr\_fam", "internet\_lim", title = "Limited or No Internet Access")

## \$lr\_fam

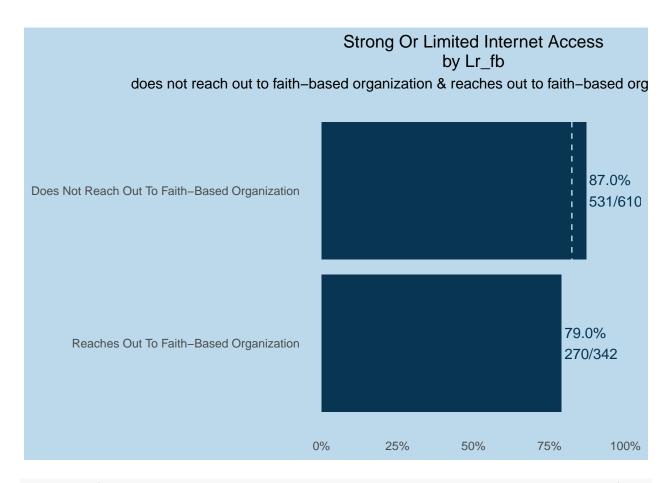


## 6.9) People with limited or no internet access are more likely to use faith-based resources

Find respondents who have limited internet access or no internet access [22] Find subset of respondents who are most likely to use faith-based resources [33] Find proportion not in subset and compare (test unequal proportions)

make\_plots(wrangled, "lr\_fb", "internet\_acc", title = "Strong or Limited Internet Access")

## \$lr\_fb



make\_plots(wrangled, "lr\_fb", "internet\_lim", title = "Limited or No Internet Access")

## \$lr\_fb

