

$$6.4 \quad \nabla \times E = -\frac{\partial B}{\partial t}$$

$$\nabla \times E = \text{Re} [e^{-i\omega t} \nabla \times \tilde{E} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{r}}] = \text{Re} [e^{-i\omega t} (i k_y \tilde{E}_z e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{r}} - \tilde{E}_y (i k_z) e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{r}}) \hat{x}]$$

$$-\frac{\partial B}{\partial t} = -\text{Re} [\tilde{B}_x (-i\omega) e^{-i\omega t} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{r}}] \hat{x}$$

$$\nabla \times E = -\frac{\partial B}{\partial t} = \text{Re} [e^{-i\omega t} (i k_y \tilde{E}_z e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{r}} - \tilde{E}_y (i k_z) e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{r}}) \hat{x}] = -\text{Re} [\tilde{B}_x (-i\omega) e^{-i\omega t} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{r}} \hat{x}]$$

$$= \text{Re} [(i \tilde{E}_z k_y - \tilde{E}_y k_z) \hat{x}] = \tilde{B}_x(\omega) \hat{x}$$

$$= \text{Re} \left[\frac{\hat{\mathbf{k}} \times \tilde{\mathbf{E}}}{c} = \tilde{\mathbf{B}} \right]$$

$$\text{Re} \left[\frac{\hat{\mathbf{k}} \times \tilde{\mathbf{E}}}{c} = \tilde{\mathbf{B}} \right] \text{ and } \text{Im} \left[\frac{\hat{\mathbf{k}} \times \tilde{\mathbf{E}}}{c} = \tilde{\mathbf{B}} \right] \text{ are in phase}$$

so Re and Im are dropped

$$\mathbf{B} = \frac{1}{c} \hat{\mathbf{k}} \times \mathbf{E} \text{ and } \tilde{\mathbf{B}} = \frac{1}{c} \hat{\mathbf{k}} \times \tilde{\mathbf{E}}$$