10.1.1.

1.
$$\tilde{\rho}_{1}(0) = \frac{20/2}{20/2} \cdot \frac{1}{20/3} = \frac{20/3}{20/3} \cdot \frac{9/2}{20} \cdot \frac{1}{20/3} = \frac{20/3}{20/3} \cdot \frac{1}{20/3} = -\frac{1}{5}$$

$$\vec{\sigma}_{1}(-\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{4}) = |-\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{5}| e^{\frac{2i}{3}(2\pi/3)(-\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{4})} = |-\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{5}| e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{4}} = -\frac{1}{5}$$

$$\vec{\sigma}_{1}(-\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{4}) = \vec{\sigma}_{1}(-\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{4}) = \vec{\sigma}_{2}(\frac{1-(-\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{5})}{1+(-\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{5})}) = \frac{3\pi}{4}$$

10.1.2.

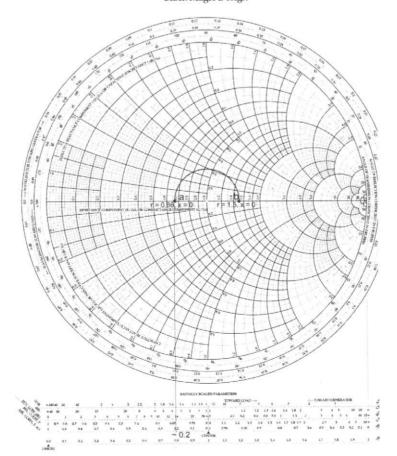
1.
$$\frac{2}{2}(0) = \frac{2}{9}, \frac{2}{2} = \frac{9}{3} \Rightarrow r = \frac{9}{3}, x = 0$$

2. $\beta_1(0) \simeq 0.2 = \frac{9}{5} \times 180 \text{ (point a)}$
3. $\hat{\beta_1}(-\frac{1}{4}) \simeq 1.5 = -\frac{9}{5} \times 180 \text{ (point b)}$

5.
$$\frac{2}{1}(-\lambda 1/4) = 1.5 \Rightarrow Z_1(-\lambda 1/4) = \frac{3}{4} Z_0$$

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$$10.2.1.$$

$$1.\tilde{\rho}_{0}^{o}(0) = \frac{2\sqrt{2}_{0}-1}{2\sqrt{2}_{0}-1} = \frac{2\sqrt{2}\cdot\sqrt{2}_{0}-1}{2\sqrt{2}\cdot\sqrt{2}_{0}+1} = -\sqrt{3}$$

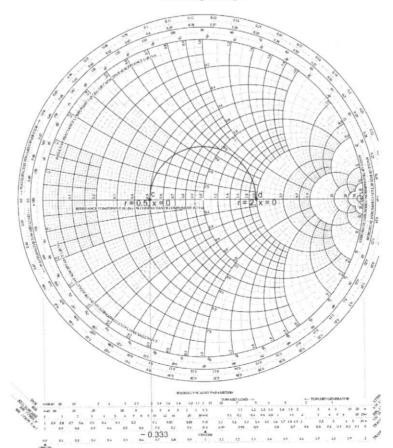
$$2.\tilde{\rho}_{1}^{o}(-\lambda/4) = 1-\sqrt{3}1e^{23}(2\sqrt{2}\lambda)(-\lambda/4) = 1-\sqrt{3}1e^{-3/2} = -\sqrt{3}$$

$$\frac{2}{20}(-\lambda/4) = \frac{2}{20}\left(\frac{1-\tilde{\rho}_{0}(-\lambda/4)}{1+\tilde{\rho}_{0}^{o}(-\lambda/4)}\right) = \frac{2}{20}\left(\frac{1-(-\sqrt{3})}{1+(-\sqrt{3})}\right) = 22_{0}$$

1.
$$\frac{2_1(0)}{Z_0} = \frac{Z_0}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{Z_0} = \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow r = \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow r = \frac{1}{2}$$

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10.3.1

1.
$$\tilde{\rho}_{1}(0) = \frac{2\gamma_{2_{1}}}{2J_{2_{1}}+1} = \frac{2\gamma_{3}}{2J_{2_{1}}+1} = \frac{2\gamma_{3}}{2J_{2_{1}}+1} = -\frac{1}{2J_{3}+1} = -\frac{1}{2J_{3}+1}$$

2. $\tilde{\rho}_{1}(-\lambda_{1}/2) = -\frac{1}{1}$ $e^{2j(-2\pi/2)(-\lambda_{1}/2)} = -\frac{1}{1}$ $e^{-j\frac{\pi}{2}} = \frac{1}{5}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}(-\lambda_{1}/2) = -\frac{1}{1}$ $\frac{1}{2}(-\lambda_{1}/2) = -\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}(-\lambda_{1}/2) = -\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}(-\lambda_{1}/2) = -\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}(-\lambda_{1}/2) = -\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}(-\lambda_{1}/2) = -\frac{1}{2}(-\lambda_{1}/2) =$

10.3.2.
1.
$$z_{32} = z_{3} \rightarrow r = 3/3$$
, $x = 0$
2. $\delta_{1}(0) \simeq 0.2 = \frac{1}{5} \approx 180$ (point e)
3. $\delta_{1}(-1.1/8) = 0.3; = \frac{1}{5}; \times 90$ (point f)
4. $r = 0.91$, $x = 0.38$
5. $z_{1}(-1.1/8) = \frac{1}{29/2}(0.91 + 0.38;) = (0.46 + 0.19;) \, \, z_{0}(0.46 + 0.19;) \, z_{0}(0$

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