```
% Clears the screen
clc;
clear all;
1 = 8;
m = 2;
I = m*(l^2);
h=0.05;
                                                 % step size
t(1)=0;
tfinal = 30;
N=ceil(tfinal/h);
theta(1) = 0.0873;
theta_dot(1) = 0;
F_theta = @(t,theta,theta_dot) theta_dot;
F_{\text{theta\_dot}} = @(t, \text{theta\_theta\_dot}) \text{ m} \cdot 9.8 \cdot 1/I \cdot \sin(\text{theta});
for i=1:(N-1)
   t(i+1) = t(i) + h;
    k_1_theta = F_{theta}(t(i), theta(i), theta_dot(i));
   k_1_theta_dot = F_theta_dot(t(i),theta(i));
    k_2_{\text{theta}} = F_{\text{theta}}(t(i)+0.5*h, theta(i)+0.5*h*k_1_theta, theta_dot(i)
+0.5*h*k_1_theta_dot);
    k_3 theta = F theta(t(i)+0.5*h, theta(i)+0.5*h*k_2 theta, theta_dot(i)
+0.5*h*k 2 theta dot);
    k_3 theta_dot = F_theta_dot(t(i)+0.5*h,theta(i)+0.5*h*k_2_theta,theta_dot(i)
+0.5*h*k_2_theta_dot);
   +h*k_3_theta_dot);
   theta(i+1) = theta(i) + (1/6)*(k 1 theta + 2*k 2 theta + 2*k 3 theta +
k_4_theta)*h; % main equation
    theta dot(i+1) = theta dot(i) + (1/6)*(k 1 theta dot + 2*k 2 theta dot +
2*k_3_theta_dot + k_4_theta_dot)*h;
subplot(1,2,1);
plot(t,theta,'-');
xlabel('t');
ylabel('Theta (rad)');
subplot(1,2,2);
plot(t,theta_dot,'-');
xlabel('t');
ylabel('Theta Dot (rad/s)');
```