# $microstegium\_elymus\_model\_disease\_parameters\_experiment$

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1	Set-up	
#	clear	

```
# clear
rm(list=ls())
# load libraries
library(tidyverse)
```

```
library(brms)
library(glmmTMB)
```

# 2 Annual plant parameters

#### 2.1 events

- 1. seeds germinate or don't
  a. germination depends on the amount of litter
- 2. seeds that don't germinate (i.e., dormant) must survive to the next spring (1 year)
- 3. germinants grow and produce more seeds a. growth depends on competition
- 4. newly produced seeds must survive to the next spring (overwinter)

# 2.2 annual germination in the absence of litter

Microstegium vimineum germination from 200 planted seeds and an estimated number of background seeds based on a neighboring subplot in plots with litter removed. Methods: field\_litter\_experiment\_2018.docx.

#### 2.3 reduced annual germination due to litter

Same experiment as above except also using plots with litter added

```
# select the no-litter values
beta.A_parms <- filter(A_germ_est, parm == "alpha_live")
beta.A_parms$Estimate</pre>
```

## [1] 1.027311

## [1] 0.6017131

#### 2.4 survival of dormant annual seeds

We used the survival data collected by Redwood et al. (2018) in November 2011 (buried for one year). Some of these seeds would have germinated had they been exposed to a germination test earlier in the year. Scroll down to seed viability for final survival value.

### 2.5 survival of annual seedlings

Survival is not clearly affected by density, so the raw data mean is used.

```
summer_surv <- read_csv("../../big-oaks-field-experiment-2018-2019/microstegium-bipolaris/intermediate-
## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
##
     site = col_character(),
##
     plot = col_double(),
     treatment = col_character(),
##
##
     ID = col_character(),
##
     focal = col double(),
##
    plant_type = col_character(),
##
     survival = col_double(),
##
     flag = col_character(),
##
     background = col_character(),
##
     background_sp = col_character(),
##
     background_density = col_double(),
     density_level = col_character()
##
## )
(h.A <- summer_surv %>%
    filter(plant_type == "Mv seedling" & treatment == "water") %>%
    summarise(h.A = mean(survival)))
## # A tibble: 1 x 1
##
       h.A
     <dbl>
##
## 1 0.948
```

# 2.6 growth of annual in the absence of competition

We oven-dried and weighed individual M. vimineum at the end of the growing season in 2019. Methods: field\_density\_experiment\_2018\_2019.docx

#### 2.7 reduction in annual growth due to competition

```
# subset data
A_alpha_dat <- filter(A_bio_est, treatment == "water" & parm_type == "alpha")
# print values
A_alpha_dat %>%
 select(parm, Estimate)
## # A tibble: 3 x 2
   parm
                    Estimate
##
     <chr>>
                        <dbl>
## 1 alpha_EvA_water
                       0.134
## 2 alpha_EvS_water
                       0.0779
## 3 alpha_MvS_water
                       0.0864
```

# 2.8 conversion from annual biomass to seed production

4966.1 5003.6 -2473.1 4946.1

##

303

```
##
## Random effects:
##
## Conditional model:
##
    Groups
                          Variance Std.Dev.
                          22019
                                   148.4
##
    site
             (Intercept)
                          418108
                                   646.6
    Residual
## Number of obs: 313, groups: site, 4
##
  Dispersion estimate for gaussian family (sigma^2): 4.18e+05
## Conditional model:
##
                                            Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                                             1740.685
                                                         272.588
                                                                   6.386 1.71e-10
## yearfYear 2
                                           -1984.794
                                                                  -6.945 3.80e-12
                                                         285.807
## fungicide
                                             149.993
                                                         388.925
                                                                   0.386
                                                                             0.700
## biomass_weight.g
                                              10.264
                                                          14.960
                                                                   0.686
                                                                             0.493
## yearfYear 2:fungicide
                                             -218.742
                                                         415.275
                                                                  -0.527
                                                                             0.598
## yearfYear 2:biomass_weight.g
                                              74.136
                                                          16.222
                                                                   4.570 4.87e-06
## fungicide:biomass weight.g
                                                4.905
                                                          23.030
                                                                   0.213
                                                                             0.831
                                             -12.440
## yearfYear 2:fungicide:biomass_weight.g
                                                          24.175
                                                                  -0.515
                                                                             0.607
## (Intercept)
                                           ***
## yearfYear 2
                                           ***
## fungicide
## biomass_weight.g
## yearfYear 2:fungicide
## yearfYear 2:biomass_weight.g
                                           ***
## fungicide:biomass_weight.g
## yearfYear 2:fungicide:biomass_weight.g
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
# manually add up relevant coefficients (biomass, year2:biomass)
(y.A0 \leftarrow 10.264 + 74.136)
```

annual seed viability

## [1] 84.4

2.9

Using Fig. 2A from Redwood et al. (2018), 40% of the seeds survive from December to April. Survival is the sum of germinated and viable non-germinated seeds. This parameter would only be applied to newly produced seeds (i.e., multiply y.A by w.A). Note that empirical values for seed bank survival include both viability and longer term survival. We divide by viability to get the new survival value because these will be effectively multiplied again in the model.

```
include_graphics("../data/lit_figures/Redwood_2018_Fig2A.jpg")
```

```
A 100 - Microstegium vimineum

Surviving seeds

Surviving seeds

Surviving seeds
```

```
w.A <- 0.4
(y.A <- y.A0 * w.A)

## [1] 33.76
(s.A <- s.A0 / w.A)

## surv
## 1 0.125</pre>
```

# 3 Annual litter parameters

treatment = col\_character(),

flag = col\_character(),
background = col\_character(),

processing\_notes = col\_character(),

background\_sp = col\_character(),

#### 3.1 events

##

## ##

##

##

- 1. newly formed biomass loses water and slightly decomposes over the winter
- 2. litter decomposes each year

#### 3.2 conversion from annual biomass to litter

We measured biomass from the same area in the same plots with adjacent samples in October 2018 and April 2019. Note: source code needs to be located, but I'm fairly confident this value is correct.

```
# import data
A_lit_dat <- read_csv("../../big-oaks-field-experiment-2018-2019/microstegium-bipolaris/intermediate-dat
## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
## .default = col_double(),
## entry = col_character(),
## sample_ID = col_character(),
## site = col_character(),</pre>
```

```
## density_level = col_character()
## )

## See spec(...) for full column specifications.

# take average of litter/biomass measurements
(a <- A_lit_dat %>%
    filter(treatment == "water") %>%
    summarise(a = mean(litter_conversion, na.rm = T)))

## # A tibble: 1 x 1
##    a
## <dbl>
## 1 1.11

# a gain in biomass does not make sense
a <- 1</pre>
```

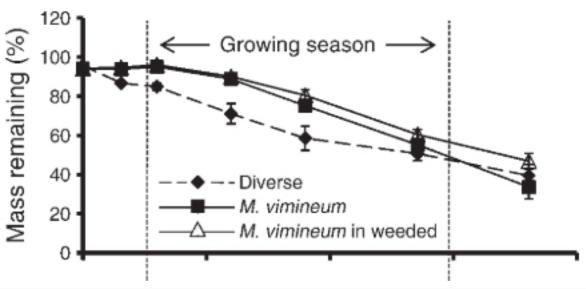
# 3.3 annual litter decomposition

We used the mass remaining in the litter bags from DeMeester and Richter (2010) after one year in the field.

```
# import data
dr10_3 <- read_csv("../data/DeMeester_2010_Fig3.csv")

## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
## days = col_double(),
## mass.prop = col_double()
## )

# figure
include_graphics("../data/lit_figures/DeMeester_2010_Fig3.jpg")</pre>
```



```
# extract parameters
(b <- 1 - filter(dr10_3, days == max(dr10_3$days)) %>% select(mass.prop)/100)
```

## mass.prop

# 4 Perennial plant parameters

#### 4.1 events

- seeds germinate or don't

   a. germination depends on the amount of litter

   seeds that don't germinate (i.e., dormant) must survive to the next spring (1 year)
   germinants grow and produce more seeds

   a. growth depends on competition

   newly produced seeds must survive to the next spring (overwinter)
   seedlings that survive to the next spring become adults (1 year)
- 4.2 perennial germination in the absence of litter

6. adults also produce seeds, which depends on competition

Elymus virginicus germination from 50 planted seeds in field plots with litter removed and in greenhouse pots. Methods: field litter experiment 2019.docx, REU 2018 manuscript.

```
# import data
S_field_germ_dat <- read_csv("../../big-oaks-field-experiment-2018-2019/microstegium-bipolaris/data/bot
## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
##
     date = col_double(),
##
     site = col_character(),
     flag_color = col_character(),
     treatment = col_character(),
##
##
     block = col_double(),
     ev_germ = col_double(),
##
##
     ev_infec = col_double(),
##
     mv_germ = col_double(),
##
     mv_infec = col_double()
## )
S_house_germ_dat <- read_csv("../../microstegium-litter-reu/output/ev_establishment_data.csv")
## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
##
     .default = col_double(),
##
     Treatment = col_character(),
     SpPresent = col_character(),
##
##
     Notes = col_character(),
    Date3 = col_date(format = ""),
##
     Shade = col_character(),
##
##
    Litter = col_character(),
##
     TrtID = col_character(),
```

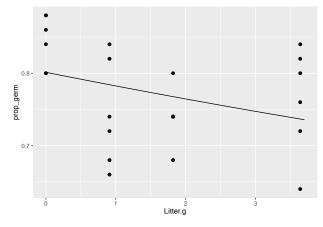
```
Litter.present = col_character(),
##
     `TrtID != "Mv.Med.yes.3"` = col_logical()
## )
## See spec(...) for full column specifications.
# estimate from field
g.S_field <- filter(S_field_germ_dat, treatment == "removal") %>%
  mutate(prop_germ = ev_germ/50) %>%
  summarise(g.S = mean cl boot(prop germ)$y,
            g.S_low = mean_cl_boot(prop_germ)$ymin,
            g.S_hi = mean_cl_boot(prop_germ)$ymax)
# estimate from greenhouse
g.S_house <- filter(S_house_germ_dat, Litter == "None" & SpPresent == "Ev") %>%
  mutate(prop_germ = NewGermEv/50) %>%
  summarise(g.S = mean_cl_boot(prop_germ)$y,
            g.S_low = mean_cl_boot(prop_germ) $ymin,
            g.S_hi = mean_cl_boot(prop_germ)$ymax)
g.S_field$g.S
## [1] 0.035
g.S_house$g.S
## [1] 0.8433333
(g.S <- mean(c(g.S_field$g.S, g.S_house$g.S)))
## [1] 0.4391667
```

# 4.3 reduced perennial germination due to litter

Same experiment as above except also using plots with litter added

```
# subset data
S_litter_dat <- filter(S_house_germ_dat, SpPresent == "Ev") %>%
 mutate(prop_germ = NewGermEv/50)
# fit non-linear curve
beta.S_mod <- nls(prop_germ ~ germ0 / (1 + beta * Litter.g),
               start = list(germ0 = g.S_house$g.S, beta = 1),
               data = S_litter_dat)
summary(beta.S_mod)
##
## Formula: prop_germ ~ germ0/(1 + beta * Litter.g)
##
## Parameters:
        Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## germ0 0.80132 0.02165 37.009 <2e-16 ***
        0.02408
                    0.01445 1.667
## beta
                                        0.11
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.06661 on 22 degrees of freedom
```

```
##
## Number of iterations to convergence: 7
## Achieved convergence tolerance: 2.194e-06
# look at fit
litter_S_germ_df <- tibble(Litter.g = seq(0, 3.7, length.out = 100))
litter_S_germ_df$prop_germ <- predict(beta.S_mod, newdata = litter_S_germ_df)
ggplot(S_litter_dat, aes(x = Litter.g, y = prop_germ)) +
    geom_point(size = 2) +
    geom_line(data = litter_S_germ_df)</pre>
```



```
# save beta
(beta.S <- coef(beta.S_mod)[2])</pre>
```

```
## beta
## 0.0240785
```

#### 4.4 survival of dormant perennial seeds

Garrison and Stier (2010) reported that 9% of seeds were viable (all germinated) after buried for one year.  $s.S0 \leftarrow 0.09$ 

# 4.5 perennial seed viability

Garrison and Stier (2010) reported that 83% of seeds were viable at the beginning of the study

```
w.S <- 0.83
(s.S <- s.S0/w.S)
## [1] 0.1084337
```

# 4.6 growth of perennial in the absence of competition

We oven-dried and weighed individual  $E.\ virginicus$  at the end of the growing season in 2019. Methods: field density experiment 2018 2019.docx

```
# import models
load("../../big-oaks-field-experiment-2018-2019/microstegium-bipolaris/output/ev_seedling_biomass_combis
load(".../../big-oaks-field-experiment-2018-2019/microstegium-bipolaris/output/ev_adult_biomass_combined
```

```
# extract fixed effects
S_bio_est <- fixef(evs_bio_mod) %>%
  as_tibble() %>%
  mutate(parm = c("max bio fungicide", "max bio water", "alpha EvA fungicide", "alpha EvA water", "alph
         treatment = rep(c("fungicide", "water"), 4),
         parm_type = c(rep("max_bio", 2), rep("alpha", 6)))
P bio est <- fixef(eva bio mod) %>%
  as tibble() %>%
  mutate(parm = c("max_bio_fungicide", "max_bio_water", "alpha_EvA_fungicide", "alpha_EvA_water", "alph
         treatment = rep(c("fungicide", "water"), 4),
         parm_type = c(rep("max_bio", 2), rep("alpha", 6)))
# select intercept with disease suppression
v.S_parms <- filter(S_bio_est, treatment == "water" & parm_type == "max_bio")
v.P_parms <- filter(P_bio_est, treatment == "water" & parm_type == "max_bio")
# check
v.S_parms$Estimate
## [1] 1.565186
v.P_parms$Estimate
## [1] 6.85058
```

### 4.7 reduction in perennial seedling growth due to competition

#### 4.8 reduction in perennial seedling growth due to competition

```
# subset data
P_alpha_dat <- filter(P_bio_est, treatment == "water" & parm_type == "alpha")
# print values
P_alpha_dat %>%
    select(parm, Estimate)
```

## # A tibble: 3 x 2

# 4.9 conversion from perennial biomass to seed production

```
# import model
load("../../big-oaks-field-experiment-2018-2019/microstegium-bipolaris/output/ev_seeds_per_biomass_mode
# look at coefficients
summary(ev_seed_bio_mod)
## Family: gaussian (identity)
## Formula:
                    seeds ~ age * fungicide * biomass_weight.g + (1 | site)
## Data: dat
##
##
        AIC
                BIC
                     logLik deviance df.resid
##
     2993.0 3030.6 -1486.5
                               2973.0
##
## Random effects:
## Conditional model:
## Groups
            Name
                        Variance Std.Dev.
                                  6.773
## site
             (Intercept)
                         45.88
                        637.73
                                 25.253
## Residual
## Number of obs: 319, groups: site, 4
##
## Dispersion estimate for gaussian family (sigma^2): 638
##
## Conditional model:
##
                                         Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                                         -15.8525
                                                      7.5221 -2.107 0.03508 *
## ageseedling
                                          19.0575
                                                      7.7738
                                                               2.452 0.01423 *
## fungicide
                                         -18.9954
                                                      9.0977 -2.088 0.03680 *
## biomass_weight.g
                                                      0.9348 19.910 < 2e-16 ***
                                          18.6107
## ageseedling:fungicide
                                          14.8740
                                                     10.8237
                                                               1.374 0.16938
## ageseedling:biomass weight.g
                                                     2.4212 -5.064 4.11e-07 ***
                                         -12.2603
## fungicide:biomass_weight.g
                                           3.6171
                                                      1.1824
                                                               3.059 0.00222 **
## ageseedling:fungicide:biomass_weight.g -2.3515
                                                      3.1313 -0.751 0.45267
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
# manually add up relevant coefficients (biomass, age:biomass)
(y.S0 <- 18.6107 - 12.2603)
## [1] 6.3504
(y.P0 \leftarrow 18.6107)
## [1] 18.6107
# multiply by viability
(y.S <- y.S0 * w.S)
```

```
## [1] 5.270832
(y.P <- y.P0 * w.S)
## [1] 15.44688
```

# 4.10 seedling and adult survival

Winter survival only includes those that survived the summer. Summer and winter survival are multiplied for a full year of survival.

```
winter_surv <- read_csv("../../big-oaks-field-experiment-2018-2019/microstegium-bipolaris/intermediate-
## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
     site = col_character(),
##
##
     plot = col_double(),
    treatment = col_character(),
##
##
     sp = col_character(),
##
     age = col_character(),
     ID = col_character(),
##
##
    focal = col_double(),
##
    plant_type = col_character(),
    Treatment = col_character(),
##
##
    fungicide = col_double(),
##
     survival = col_double()
## )
(h.S <- summer_surv %>%
   filter(plant_type == "Ev seedling" & treatment == "water") %>%
    summarise(summer = mean(survival)) %>%
   merge(winter_surv %>%
                filter(plant_type == "Ev seedling" & treatment == "water") %>%
                summarise(winter = mean(survival)), all = T) %>%
   mutate(yearly = summer * winter))
##
        summer
                  winter
                            yearly
## 1 0.8945312 0.8977273 0.8030451
(h.P <- summer_surv %>%
   filter(plant_type == "Ev adult" & treatment == "water") %>%
    summarise(summer = mean(survival)) %>%
   merge(winter surv %>%
                filter(plant_type == "Ev adult" & treatment == "water") %>%
                summarise(winter = mean(survival)), all = T) %>%
   mutate(yearly = summer * winter))
```

```
## summer winter yearly
## 1 0.8846154 0.978022 0.8651733
```